



Instructions for Form IT-201

Full-Year Resident Income Tax Return

New York State • New York City • Yonkers • MCTMT

(including instructions for Forms IT-201-ATT and IT-201-D)



Before you prepare a paper return, consider filing electronically - for free

Nearly 90% of New York taxpayers can now electronically prepare and file their returns for free.

- Electronic preparation and filing is fast, easy, and secure.
- Electronic filers get their refunds up to twice as fast as paper filers.
- The user-friendly software ensures you file all the right forms and don't miss out on valuable credits.

Visit *www.tax.ny.gov* to file and learn more.

If you do file a paper return, you may need these additional forms, as well as credit claim forms.

Use Form:	to:
IT-2	report wages and NYS, NYC, or Yonkers tax withheld.
IT-201-V	make a payment by check or money order with your return.
IT-201-D	claim the New York itemized deduction.
IT-1099-R	report NYS, NYC, or Yonkers tax withheld from annuities, pensions, retirement pay, or IRA payments.
IT-201-ATT	report other NYS or NYC taxes or to claim credits other than those reported on Form IT-201.
IT-225	report NY addition and subtraction modifications not reported directly on Form IT-201.

Reminder: To claim a tax credit (with the exception of the household credit and NYC school tax credit) you **must** complete and attach the appropriate credit form.

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What's NEW for 2015?

General changes for 2015

Forms IT-2 and IT-1099-R now required

Starting this year, there are two new forms that you must use to report information from any federal Form(s) W-2 and certain Form(s) 1099-R that you receive. Instead of attaching those federal forms to your New York return, you must now copy the required information from them onto new Form IT-2, *Summary of W-2 Statements*, and new Form IT-1099-R, *Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements*. See page 12.

• Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax (MCTMT)

Beginning this year, individuals who are subject to the MCTMT are required to report and pay their MCTMT on their personal income tax return, Form IT-201 or Form IT-203. See page 24.

New York itemized deduction

The current 25% and 50% New York itemized deduction limitation for taxpayers with New York AGI over \$1 million has been extended through tax year 2017.

• Cost of living adjustment

The New York State standard deduction and tax rate schedules have been adjusted to reflect the cost of living adjustment required under the Tax Law.

• NYC School Tax Reduction (STAR) program rate reduction A recent Tax Law change eliminated the School Tax Reduction (STAR) Program rate reduction benefit for New York City residents with taxable income over \$500,000. See page 67.

Changes to existing credits

• Property tax freeze credit

For 2015, the credit will include increases in both school taxes and municipal taxes, including property taxes levied by counties, cities, towns, villages, and special districts. For more information about this credit (including eligibility), see our Web site.

• Family tax relief credit

For tax years 2015 and 2016, taxpayers will claim this credit when filing their tax return. Previously, the Department issued checks as an advanced payment. For more information about this credit (including eligibility), see the instructions for Form IT-114, *Claim for Family Tax Relief Credit.*

• Rehabilitation of historic properties credit

Beginning with tax year 2015, if any amount of this credit exceeds the amount of tax owed by a taxpayer, the excess will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded without interest. The credit is only refundable for qualified rehabilitation projects placed in service on or after January 1, 2015. For more information about this credit (including eligibility), see the instructions for Form IT-238, *Claim for Rehabilitation of Historic Properties Credit*.

• Empire State film production credit and Empire State film post-production credit

For tax years 2015 through 2019, taxpayers claiming this credit may be eligible for additional credit amounts based on 10% of wages paid to certain employees in certain counties in New York State. For more information about these credits (including eligibility), see the instructions for Form IT-248, *Claim for* *Empire State Film Production Credit*, and Form IT-261, *Claim for Empire State Film Post-Production Credit*.

• EZ and ZEA wage tax credit

Beginning with tax year 2015, the EZ and ZEA wage tax credits are combined onto Form IT-601, *Claim for EZ Wage Tax Credit Including the ZEA Wage Tax Credit*. Form IT-601.1, *Claim for ZEA Wage Tax Credit*, is discontinued. Both the ZEA and EZ wage tax credits have expired. For tax years beginning after June 13, 2004, you may only claim a ZEA wage tax credit carryover from previous years. For tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, you may only claim an EZ wage tax credit carryover from previous years.

• Youth tax credit program name change

The program, previously known as the *New York youth works tax credit program*, is now called the *Urban youth jobs program tax credit*. This credit is still claimed on Form IT-635, *Urban Youth Jobs Program Tax Credit*.

• General corporation tax credit (NYC)

This credit has been extended to July 1, 2019. See Form IT-222, *General Corporation Tax Credit For Full-Year New York City Resident Individuals, Estates, and Trusts*, for information about this credit.

• New York City enhanced real property tax credit This credit has been extended through 2019. See

Form NYC-208, *Claim for New York City Enhanced Real Property Tax Credit*, for information about this credit.

New credits

• MCTMT claim of right credit

A new credit is now available for individuals that have a claim of right credit on their federal return for income that was subject to MCTMT on a prior year's return. See Form IT-257, *Claim of Right Credit*.

• Musical and theatrical production credit

A new, refundable credit is available for production, promotion, performance, and transportation expenses for live, dramatic, stage shows on national tour. See Form IT-642, *Empire State Musical and Theatrical Production Credit*, and its instructions.

• Workers with disabilities credit

A new credit is available to a business for employing individuals with developmental disabilities. The credit may be claimed for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but before January 1, 2020. See Form IT-644, *Workers with Disabilities Tax Credit*, and its instructions.

• Claim for brownfield redevelopment tax credit

A new credit is available for the cleanup and redevelopment of a qualified brownfield site on or after July 1, 2015. See Form IT-611.2, *Claim for Brownfield Redevelopment Tax Credit for Qualified Sites Accepted into the Brownfield Cleanup Program on or After July 1, 2015*, and its instructions.

• Employee training incentive program credit

A new credit is available for employers who provide skills training or internship programs in advanced technology for their employees. See Form IT-646, *Employee Training Incentive Program Tax Credit*, and its instructions.

What's NEW for 2015? (continued)

New and revised income modifications

• Resident beneficiary accumulation distribution

A new addition modification must be made if, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, you are the beneficiary of a trust that, in any tax year, was not subject to tax because it met the conditions of Tax Law section 605(b)(3)(D) (except for an incomplete gift non-grantor trust). You must add to your federal AGI the amount determined under the first sentence of IRC section 677 for the tax year, to the extent not included in federal AGI. See TSB-M-14(3)I, *Important Information for Beneficiaries and Grantors of Exempt Resident Trusts*, and the instructions for Form IT-225, *New York State Modifications*.

New voluntary contributions

Homeless veterans assistance fund

Taxpayers may donate any whole dollar amount to be used to support homeless veterans. For more information, see page 27.

Mental illness anti-stigma fund

Taxpayers may donate any whole dollar amount to be used to support the elimination of the stigma of mental illness. For more information, see page 28.

• Women's cancers education and prevention fund

Taxpayers may donate any whole dollar amount to be used to support the education and prevention of women's cancers. For more information, see page 28.

E-file information

E-file your return

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Using software?

You must e-file if your software allows you to e-file your return. E-file is easy, safe, and allows you to get your refund faster. Most New Yorkers e-file.

You may also qualify for free electronic filing.

Pay a balance due by authorizing the Tax Department to withdraw the payment from your bank account. Authorize the payment when you e-file or after you file your return (using the Make a Return Payment online service on our Web site). You may also pay with a credit card or submit a check or money order with Form IT-201-V, *Payment Voucher for Income Tax Returns*.

Visit our Web site at www.tax.ny.gov for more information.

File a valid return

Forms that have a year under the New York State map can only be used for that tax year.

Important reminder to file a complete return

You must complete all required schedules and forms that make up your return, and include all pages of those forms and schedules when you file. Submit **only** those forms and schedules that apply to your return, and be sure that you have made all required entries. Returns that are missing required pages or that have pages with missing entries are considered incomplete and cannot be processed, and may subject taxpayers to penalty and interest.

Entering whole dollar amounts

When entering amounts on your return, including on any credit forms, schedules, or other forms submitted with your New York return, enter **whole dollar amounts only** (zeros have been preprinted).

Use the following rounding rules when entering your amounts; drop amounts below 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

Common words and phrases

To save space and enhance clarity, these instructions may use common abbreviations, including:

EIC =	earned income credit
federal AGI =	federal adjusted gross income
IRC =	Internal Revenue Code
IRS =	Internal Revenue Service
MCTMT =	Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax
New York AGI =	New York adjusted gross income
NYS =	New York State
NYC =	New York City

Online Services

New York State Tax Department **Online Services**

Create an Online Services account and log in to:

- file a personal income tax return
- make payments
- · view your filing and payment history
- get email notifications for refunds, bills, and notices
- · respond to bills and notices

Access is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

www.tax.ny.gov

How do I fill in the forms?

Please follow these guidelines.

Use black ink only (no red or other color ink or pencils) to print or type all entries.

If you show a loss, place a minus sign **immediately to the left** of the loss amount. Do not use [] brackets or parentheses.

Mark an \boldsymbol{X} to fill in boxes as appropriate. Do not use a check mark. Keep your Xs and numerals inside the boxes.

Do not write in dollar signs or commas when making entries.

Special symbols

Keep an eye out for the following icons or symbols. They will alert you to important new information and to areas where particular caution should be used.

NEW



New information

Caution

1099-G information

Need to know the amount of your 2014 New York State Tax refund?

We do not mail Form 1099-G, *Statement for Recipients of State Income Tax Refunds*. If you need this information to complete your federal return:

- check your paperwork
- go to Online Services at www.tax.ny.gov
- call (518) 457-5181

What you can find on our Web site

- The most up-to-date information
- · Income tax Web File program
- Free e-file options
- Forms and instructions
- · Publications and other guidance
- · Online services and account information
- · How to change your address
- Free tax return assistance information
- How to resolve an issue
- · Taxpayer rights information
- · Subscription service sign-up

Visit our site to see other services and information.

How to get New York City forms

If you need to get NYC tax forms and instructions or information about NYC business taxes, contact the NYC Department of Finance:

Online - Visit www.nyc.gov/finance

By phone - From any of the five boroughs in New York City, call 311. From outside New York City, call **(212) 639-9675**.

New York State full-year residents: Who must file?

You must file a New York State resident return if you meet any of the following conditions:

- · You have to file a federal return.
- You did not have to file a federal return but your federal adjusted gross income for 2015 plus New York additions (see page 16) was more than \$4,000 (\$3,100 if you are single and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return).
- You want to claim a refund of any New York State, New York City, or Yonkers income taxes withheld from your pay.
- You want to claim any of the refundable or carryover credits in the credit chart on pages 7 through 11.

Do not file Form IT-201 if you were a New York State resident for only part of the year. If you moved into New York State on any day other than January 1, or moved out of New York State on any day other than December 31, see *New York nonresidents and part-year residents*.

Additional notes to all filers:

- Do you have to submit other forms? If you need to pay other taxes, see Other forms you may have to file.
- To claim tax credits, see the credit charts on pages 7 through 11.

• Does your child have **investment income** over \$2,100? It would be to your advantage to file a New York return for your child to report your child's investment income, since there will be no New York tax on the first \$3,100 of that income. When you file your federal return, report your child's investment income on federal Form 8615 (instead of federal Form 8814). If you file Form 8814, the amount of your child's investment income over \$2,100 that was included in your federal gross income will be reported on your New York return and taxed at your rate.

New York nonresidents and part-year residents:

If you were a nonresident or a part-year resident of New York State and you received income from New York sources in 2015, you must file Form IT-203, *Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.*

Separate returns are required for some married taxpayers who file a joint federal return. If one of you was a New York State resident and the other was a nonresident or part-year resident, you must each file a separate New York return. The resident must use Form IT-201. The nonresident or part-year resident, if required to file a New York State return, must use Form IT-203. However, if you both choose to file a joint New York State return, use Form IT-201.

Filing information for same-sex married couples

Same-sex married couples have the same state tax benefits and requirements as different-sex married couples filing and paying New York State personal income tax. In addition, as a result of the Supreme Court's decision *United States v. Windsor*, and IRS Revenue Ruling 2013-17, for federal tax purposes the IRS will recognize a marriage between a same-sex couple that is a legal marriage under the laws of the jurisdiction (either domestic or foreign) where the marriage was performed. Therefore, you must determine your filing status using the general married filing status rules (see *Item A* on page 13).

The term *spouse* should be read as gender-neutral and includes a person in a marriage with a same-sex spouse. The term *marriage* includes a marriage between same-sex spouses.

Credits for individuals

Key: This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.O You may apply for this credit even if you don't have to file a tax return.

Credit	See Key above.	You may qualify for this credit if you:	Form
Accumulation distribution		are a beneficiary of a trust who received an accumulation distribution.	page 36*
Accumulation distribution (New York City)		are a beneficiary of a trust who received an accumulation distribution during the period you were a New York City resident.	page 36*
Alternative fuels		have unused credit for purchasing a new alternative-fuel vehicle or converting a vehicle to use alternative fuel, or have unused credit for investing in new clean-fuel vehicle refueling property.	IT-253
Alternative fuels and electric vehicle recharging property		placed in service alternative fuel vehicle refueling or electric vehicle recharging property in New York State.	IT-637
Child and dependent care (New York State)		are able to claim the federal child and dependent care credit.	IT-216
Child and dependent care (New York City)		are a New York City resident and are qualified to claim the New York State child and dependent care credit.	IT-216
Claim of right (New York State)		had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to New York State tax on a prior year's return.	IT-257
Claim of right (New York City)		had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to New York City tax on a prior year's return.	IT-257
Claim of right (Yonkers)		had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to Yonkers tax on a prior year's return.	IT-257
Claim of right NEW3 (MCTMT)		had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to MCTMT on a prior year's return.	IT-257
Clean heating fuel		purchased bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes.	IT-241
College tuition		are a full-year New York State resident paying college tuition expenses.	IT-272
Conservation easement		own land that is subject to a conservation easement held by a public or private conservation agency.	IT-242
Defibrillator		purchased an automated external defibrillator machine.	IT-250
Earned income (New York State)		are allowed an earned income credit (EIC) on your federal income tax return or are a noncustodial parent and have paid child support through a support collection unit.	IT-215 or IT-209
Earned income (New York City)		are a New York City resident allowed an EIC on your federal income tax return.	IT-215
Empire State child		claimed the federal child tax credit or additional child tax credit, or you have a qualifying child.	IT-213
Enhanced real property tax (New York City)	0 🛛	are a full-year New York City resident paying real property taxes or rent and your household gross income is less than \$200,000.	NYC-208
Family tax relief		have a dependent child under age 17, have a New York AGI between \$40,000 and \$300,000, and have a tax liability of zero or greater.	IT-114
Green building		have unused credit for expenses and purchases for a building meeting certain environmental and energy standards.	DTF-630
Historic homeownership rehabilitation		had qualified rehabilitation expenditures made with respect to a qualified historic home located in New York State.	IT-237

* See this page in the instructions. There is no form for this credit.

Credits	for	individuals	(continued))	Ke
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ey: D This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.
 O You may apply for this credit even if you don't have to file a tax return.

Credit	See Key above.	You may qualify for this credit if you:	Form
Household (New York State)		cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return and your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) is not over \$32,000 (\$28,000 if filing as single).	page 21*
Household (New York City)		cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return and your federal AGI is not over \$22,500 (\$12,500 if filing as single).	page 22*
Long-term care insurance		paid premiums during the tax year for a long-term care insurance policy.	IT-249
Lump-sum distribution		received a federal lump-sum distribution while a New York State resident that was taxed by a specified jurisdiction outside New York State.	IT-112.1
Nursing home assessment		paid an amount directly relating to the assessment imposed on a residential health care facility located in New York State.	IT-258
Property tax freeze	0 🗆	are a New York State homeowner (outside of New York City) who is eligible for the STAR property tax exemption.	See Note below.
Real property tax	0 🗆	are a full-year New York State resident paying real property taxes or rent.	IT-214
Residential fuel oil storage tank		have unused credit for replacing or installing a residential fuel oil storage tank.	page 36*
School tax (New York City)	0 🗆	are a full- or part-year New York City resident and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return. You do not have to file Form NYC-210 if you are claiming this credit on Form IT-201.	NYC-210
Solar energy system equipment		purchased or leased solar energy system equipment and installed it at your principal residence.	IT-255
Solar and wind energy		have unused credit for purchasing and installing a solar or wind energy system.	page 36*
Taxes paid to another state or jurisdiction		received income while a New York State resident from outside New York State that was taxed by a jurisdiction outside New York State.	IT-112-R
Taxes paid to Canada		received income while a New York State resident from Canada that was taxed by a province of Canada.	IT-112-C
Volunteer firefighter's and ambulance workers'		are a volunteer firefighter or ambulance worker for the entire year.	IT-245

* See this page in the instructions. There is no form for this credit.

Note: These were advance payments mailed in the fall of 2015. For more information, see our Web site.

556	Key: This credit may be refunded to you, even if you	owe no tax.
See <i>Key</i> above.	You may qualify for this credit if you or your business:	Form
i	have unused credit for purchasing a new alternative-fuel vehicle or converting a vehicle to use alternative fuel, or have unused credit for investing in new clean-fuel vehicle refueling property.	IT-253
	placed in service alternative fuel vehicle refueling or electric vehicle recharging property in New York State.	IT-637
	is a registered beer distributor that produced 60,000,000 or fewer gallons of beer in New York State in the tax year.	IT-636
	produced biofuel at a biofuel plant located in New York State.	IT-243
	was issued a certificate of completion by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) under the Brownfield Cleanup Program.	IT-611 IT-611.1 IT-611.2 IT-612 IT-613
	purchased bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes.	IT-241
	own land that is subject to a conservation easement held by a public or private conservation agency.	IT-242
	purchased an automated external defibrillator machine.	IT-250
,	was issued a certificate of eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) admitting you into the Economic Transformation and Facility Redevelopment Program.	IT-633
	had expenses for the production of certain qualified commercials.	IT-246
	had expenses for the production of certain qualified films and television shows.	IT-248
	had expenses for the post-production of certain qualified films and television shows.	IT-261
	was issued a certificate of eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) under the Jobs Retention Program.	IT-634
	made investments or contributions to an EZ business or project, or have an unused EZ capital tax credit from a prior year.	IT-602
	acquired, built, or erected property for which an EZ investment credit is allowed.	IT-603
	is EZ-certified and placed qualified property in service in an EZ.	IT-603
	has an unused credit from a prior year for wages paid to employees within an EZ or ZEA.	IT-601
	provided skills training or internship programs in advanced technology for your employees.	IT-646
	put property in service that qualified for the investment credit.	IT-212-AT
	employed persons with disabilities.	IT-251
	was issued a certificate of eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) under the Excelsior Jobs Program.	IT-607
	is in the farming business and paid school taxes on agricultural property in New York State.	IT-217
	is a financial services industry (FSI) business that was allowed an FSI EZ	IT-605
	See Key above.	You may qualify for this credit if you or your business: have unused credit for purchasing a new alternative-fuel vehicle or converting a vehicle to use alternative fuel, or have unused credit for investing in new clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. placed in service alternative fuel vehicle refueling or electric vehicle recharging property in New York State. is a registered beer distributor that produced 60,000,000 or fewer gallons of beer in New York State in the tax year. produced biofuel at a biofuel plant located in New York State. was issued a certificate of completion by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) under the Brownfield Cleanup Program. purchased bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes. own land that is subject to a conservation easement held by a public or private conservation agency. purchased an automated external defibrillator machine. was issued a certificate of eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) admitting you into the Economic Transformation and Facility Redevelopment Program. had expenses for the production of certain qualified films and television shows. had expenses for the post-production of certain qualified films and television shows. was issued a certificate of eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) under the Jobs Retention Program. was issued a certificate or eligibility by Empire State Development (ESD) under the Jobs Retention Program. is EZ-certified and placed quali

Cro	edits for busine	sses	S (continued) Key: D This credit may be refunded to you, even if you	owe no tax.
	Credit Se al	ee <i>Key</i> bove.	You may qualify for this credit if you or your business:	Form
	FSI EZ investment		is an FSI business that placed qualified property in service in an EZ.	IT-605
FS	l employment incentive		put property in service that qualified for the FSI investment tax credit.	IT-252-ATT
	FSI investment		is an FSI business that placed qualified property in service in New York State.	IT-252
	General corporation tax (GCT New York City)		is a shareholder (or the beneficiary of an estate or trust that is a shareholder) of a New York City business that paid New York City GCT.	IT-222
	Green building		had expenses for a building that meets certain environmental and energy standards.	DTF-630
NEW	Hire a veteran		hired and employed a qualified veteran on or after January 1, 2014.	IT-643
His	storic barn rehabilitation		paid or incurred expenses to restore a historic barn in New York State.	IT-212-ATT
	Investment		placed qualified property in service in New York State.	IT-212
Lo	ng-term care insurance		paid premiums during the tax year for a long-term care insurance policy.	IT-249
	Low-income housing		had construction or rehabilitation expenses for eligible rent-restricted housing.	DTF-624
	Manufacturer real property taxes		is a qualified New York manufacturer that paid eligible real property taxes.	IT-641
	Minimum wage reimbursement		paid wages at the New York State minimum wage rate to students who are 16 to 19 years old.	IT-639
ENEW S	Musical and theatrical production		had expenses for the production, promotion, performance, and transportation for live, dramatic, stage shows on national tour.	IT-642
	QETC capital		held investments in a qualified emerging technology company (QETC).	DTF-622
	QETC employment		is a QETC that paid wages to full-time employees.	DTF-621
Q	EZE real property taxes		is a qualified empire zone enterprise (QEZE) that paid eligible real property taxes.	IT-606
	QEZE tax reduction		is a QEZE that meets the employment requirements.	IT-604
	Rehabilitation of historic properties		had qualified expenses related to the rehabilitation of a certified historic structure located in New York State.	IT-238
	Security officer training		employed qualified security officers and received a certificate from the New York State Office of Homeland Security.	IT-631
	Special additional mortgage recording tax		paid the special additional mortgage recording tax.	IT-256
	START-UP NY telecommunication services excise tax		is an approved START-UP New York business operating in a tax-free NY area that paid an excise tax on telecommunication services.	IT-640
	START-UP NY tax elimination		is an approved START-UP New York business operating in a tax-free NY area.	IT-638
	Taxicabs and livery service vehicles accessible to persons with		have unused credit for upgrading a vehicle so that it is accessible to persons with disabilities. (For costs incurred before January 1, 2011.)had costs associated with the purchase or upgrading of a vehicle that is accessible	IT-239
	disabilities		to persons with disabilities. (For costs incurred on or after January 1, 2011.)	IT-236
	Temporary deferral nonrefundable payout		deferred certain nonrefundable credits in 2010, 2011, or 2012.	IT-501
	Temporary deferral refundable payout		deferred certain refundable credits in 2010, 2011, or 2012.	IT-502

Cred	Credits for businesses (continued) Key: This credit may be refunded to you, even if you			
	Credit	See <i>Key</i> above.	You may qualify for this credit if you or your business:	Form
	corporated busines (UBT New York City		is a New York City business that filed Form NYC-202 or NYC-202S and paid UBT; or was a partner in a New York City partnership that filed Form NYC-204 and paid UBT; or was a beneficiary of an estate or trust that filed Form NYC-202EIN and paid UBT.	IT-219
	Urban youth job	os 🛛	was issued a certificate of eligibility by New York State Department of Labor under the Urban Youth Jobs Program.	IT-635
SNEW S	Workers wit disabilitie		was issued a certificate of eligibility by New York State Department of Labor under the Workers with Disabilities Tax Credit Program.	IT-644

Other forms you may have to file

Form IT-2 Summary of W-2 Statements	To report wages and New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld. For more information, see the instructions on Form IT-2.
Form IT-201-ATT Other Tax Credits and Taxes, Attachment to Form IT-201	To report any other New York State or New York City taxes, or to claim credits other than those reported on Form IT-201. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-201-ATT.
Form IT-201-D Resident Itemized Deduction Schedule	To claim the New York itemized deduction. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-201-D.
Form IT-201-V Payment Voucher for Income Tax Returns	To make a payment by check or money order. For more information, see Form IT-201-V.
Form IT-203-A Business Allocation Schedule	To allocate business income or loss and net earnings from self-employment in and out of the MCTD. For more information, see the instructions on Form IT-203-A.
Form IT-225 New York State Modifications	To report New York State addition and subtraction modifications to federal AGI other than those specifically listed on Form IT-201. For more information, see page 16 and the instructions for Form IT-225.
Form IT-230 Separate Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions	To compute tax due if you used federal Form 4972 to compute your federal tax on a lump-sum distribution from a qualified retirement plan. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-230.
Form IT-360.1 Change of City Resident Status	To compute the tax due if you changed your New York City or Yonkers resident status during the year. You must pay the New York City income tax or Yonkers resident income tax surcharge for the part of the year that you lived in New York City or Yonkers. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-360.1.
Form IT-1099-R Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements	To report New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld from annuities, pensions, retirement pay, or IRA payments. For more information, see the instructions on Form IT-1099-R.
Form IT-2105 Estimated Tax Payment Voucher for Individuals	To pay estimated tax for 2016 if you expect to owe at least \$300 of New York State or New York City or Yonkers income tax after deducting tax withheld and credits you are entitled to claim, or owe any amount of MCTMT. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-2105.
Form Y-203 Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return	To compute the tax due if you were not a Yonkers resident for 2015 but you earned wages or had self-employment income from within Yonkers, and you have to file a New York State income tax return. For more information, see the instructions for Form Y-203.
Form IT-201-X Amended Resident Income Tax Return	To amend a previously filed New York State income tax return. Generally, an amended return claiming credit for, or a refund of, an overpayment must be filed within three years of the date that the original return was filed, or within two years of the date that the tax was paid, whichever is later. However, if you file an amended federal return, you must also file an amended New York State return within 90 days from the date you amend your federal return.
	You must also file an amended return to correct any error on your original state return and to report changes made on your federal return by the IRS. You must report such changes to the New York State Tax Department within 90 days from the date the IRS makes its final determination.
	In addition, you must use Form IT-201-X to file a protective claim or to report a net operating loss (NOL) carryback.
	For more information, see <i>Amending your return</i> on page 42 and the instructions for Form IT-201-X.

Step 1 – Complete the taxpayer information section

Name and address

Write the following in the spaces provided:

- Name: First name, middle initial, and last name for you, and, if you are filing a joint return, your spouse.
- Mailing address: PO box or street address, city, state, and ZIP code where you wish to receive your mail (refund and correspondence).

Foreign addresses

Enter the information in the following order: city, abbreviation for the province or state, postal code (follow the country's practice), and country. **Do not abbreviate the country name.**

Taxpayer's permanent home address

If your mailing address is different from your permanent home address (for instance, you use a PO box), enter your permanent home address. Your permanent home address is the address of the dwelling place in New York State where you actually live, whether you or your spouse own or rent it.

- If you use a paid preparer and you use the preparer's address as your mailing address, enter the address of your permanent home in the space provided.
- If you are a permanent resident of a nursing home, enter the nursing home address.
- If you are in the armed forces and your permanent home was in New York State when you entered the military, enter your New York permanent home address regardless of where you are stationed.
- If you are married and maintain separate New York State residences and are filing separate New York State returns, enter as your permanent home address the address of your own residence.
- If you moved after December 31, 2015, enter your permanent home address as of December 31, 2015, not your current home address. Enter your new home address in the mailing address area if you want your refund and other correspondence sent there.

Dates of birth and social security numbers

Enter your date(s) of birth and social security number(s) in the same order as your names.

New York State county of residence

Enter the county in New York State where you lived on December 31, 2015. If you live in New York City, use one of the following county names:

If you live in	use county
Bronx	Bronx
Brooklyn	Kings
Manhattan	New York
Queens	Queens
Staten Island	Richmond

School district name and code

Enter the correct code number and the name of your school district. This is the district where you were a resident on December 31, 2015. School districts and code numbers are on pages 43 through 46. If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.

You must enter your school district name and code number even if you were absent from the school district temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. Incorrect district names and code numbers may affect school aid.

Decedent information

If the taxpayer whose name is listed **first** on the return died after December 31, 2014, and before you filed your return, enter the date of death in the box labeled *Taxpayer's date of death*, in month, day, and year (4-digit) order. If the taxpayer whose name is listed **second** died after December 31, 2014, and before you filed your return, enter the date of death in the box labeled *Spouse's date of death*. See *Deceased taxpayers* on page 41.

In addition, you must make the appropriate entry at item G if you qualify for a 90-day extension of time to file your return because your spouse died within 30 days before the due date of your return (see page 14).

Step 2 – Select your filing status and complete items B through H

Item A

In nearly all cases you must use the same filing status that you used on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, use the filing status you would have used if you had filed.

The only exceptions to this rule apply to married individuals who file a joint federal return and:

- one spouse is a New York State resident and the other is a nonresident or part-year resident. In this case, you must either: (a) file separate New York returns using filing status ③; or (b) file jointly, as if you both were New York State residents, using filing status ②.
- 2) you are unable to file a joint New York return because the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown, you can demonstrate that reasonable efforts have been made to locate your spouse, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint

New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status ③.

3) your spouse refuses to sign a joint New York return, reasonable efforts have been made to have your spouse sign a joint return, there exists objective evidence of alienation from your spouse such as judicial order of protection, legal separation under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or living apart for the twelve months immediately preceding application to file a separate return or commencement of an action for divorce or commencement of certain family court proceedings, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status ③.

Item B

If you itemized your deductions on your 2015 federal income tax return, mark an **X** in the **Yes** box. If you claimed the standard deduction on your federal return, mark an **X** in the **No** box.

Item C

If you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you must mark an **X** in the **Yes** box. You must mark the **Yes** box even if the other taxpayer did not claim you as a dependent. For example, if another taxpayer was entitled to claim you as a dependent on his or her federal return, but chose not to so that you can claim the federal education credit, you must mark the **Yes** box.

Item D1

If you marked **Yes** on federal Schedule B, then mark an **X** in the **Yes** box.

Item D2 Yonkers residents and Yonkers part-year residents only:

If you received a check for the property tax freeze credit, you must mark an **X** in the **Yes** box and enter the amount you received. The payment was generally mailed in the fall of 2015. For more information, and to determine your amount, see our Web site.

Yonkers residents: Your Yonkers resident income tax surcharge could be overstated if you do not mark the D2 box and correctly fill in the Yonkers worksheet on page 25.

Item E

Leave item E blank if you are a full-year New York City resident. If you, or your spouse if married filing jointly, maintained or had use of an apartment or living quarters in New York City during any part of 2015 (whether or not you personally used those living quarters for any part of the year), you must mark an X in the Yes box on line E(1) and enter the number of days you were in New York City, even if on personal business, on line E(2). (Married filing jointly? If both spouses spent days in New York City, enter the higher number of days on line E(2).) Do not count days traveled through New York City to use a common carrier such as an airplane, train, or bus.

Living quarters include a house, apartment, co-op, or any other dwelling that is suitable for year-round use, that **you or your spouse maintain or pay for**, or that is **maintained for your primary use** by another person, family member, or employer. For example, if a company were to lease an apartment for the use of the company's president or chief executive officer, and the dwelling was principally available to that individual, the individual would be considered as maintaining living quarters in New York even though others might use the apartment on an occasional basis.

Note: If you marked the **Yes** box on line E(1) and you spent 184 days or more (any part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York City, you may be considered a resident for New York City income tax purposes. The determination of residency is based on the facts and circumstances of your own situation. See the definitions of *Resident, Nonresident,* and *Part-year resident* in these instructions, and the *Nonresident Audit Guidelines* available on our Web site. If you meet the definition, complete the New York City resident taxes and credits lines (47 through 53, and 64, 69, 70, and 70a) on Form IT-201. See the instructions on pages 22 through 24, and 28 through 30.

Item F

NYC residents and NYC part-year residents only:

Enter in the applicable box the number of months you and your spouse (if filing a joint return) lived in New York City during 2015. We need this information to verify your New York City school tax credit.

All other taxpayers should leave the boxes at item F blank.

Item G

If you qualify for one or more of the special conditions below, enter the specified 2-character code(s).

Code A6 Build America Bond (BAB) interest

Enter this code if you included BAB interest in your federal AGI. For additional information, see TSB-M-10(4)I, *Treatment of Interest Income from Build America Bonds*, available on our Web site.

Code C7 Combat zone

Enter this code if you qualify for an extension of time to file and pay your tax due under the combat zone or contingency operation relief provisions. See Publication 361, *New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans*.

Code D9 Death of spouse

Enter this code if you qualify for an automatic 90-day extension of time to file your return because your spouse died within 30 days before the due date of your return.

Code K2 Combat zone, killed in action (KIA)

Enter this code if you are filing a return on behalf of a member of the armed forces who died while serving in a combat zone. See Publication 361 for information on filing a claim for tax forgiveness.

Code E3 Out of the country

Enter this code if you qualify for an automatic two-month extension of time to file your federal return because you are out of the country. For additional information, see *When to file/Important dates* on the back cover.

Code E4 Nonresident aliens

Enter this code if you are a U.S. nonresident alien for federal income tax purposes and you qualify to file your federal income tax return on or before June 15, 2016. The filing deadline for your New York return is also June 15, 2016.

Code E5 Extension of time to file beyond six months

Enter this code if:

- You qualify for an extension of time to file beyond six months under section 157.3(b)(1)(i) of the personal income tax regulations because you are outside the United States and Puerto Rico. Also submit a copy of the letter you sent the IRS to request the additional time to file.
- 2) You received a federal extension to qualify for the federal foreign earned income exclusion and/or the foreign housing exclusion or deduction. Submit a copy of the approved federal Form 2350, *Application for Extension of Time to File U.S. Income Tax Return.*

Code 56 Losses from Ponzi-type fraudulent investment arrangements

Enter this code if you had a Ponzi-type fraudulent investment and are reporting a federal and New York State theft loss deduction (itemized deduction) using the federal safe harbor rules. Also submit a copy of your federal Form 4684, Casualties and Thefts, and a copy of the statement made in accordance with federal Revenue Procedure 2009-20.

Item H

Enter the required information for each dependent for whom you claimed an exemption on federal Form 1040 or 1040A. Also enter the required information for any dependent for whom you were entitled to claim an exemption on your federal return but chose not to (see Example below). If you did not have to file a federal return, enter the required information for each dependent 2015 Instructions for Form IT-201 [Step 2 and Step 3] 15

for whom an exemption would be allowed for federal income tax purposes.

Example: You were entitled to claim your daughter as a dependent on your federal return but chose not to in order to allow her to claim a federal education credit on her federal tax return; you may still claim her as a dependent on your New York State return.

If you have more than 7 dependents, submit a separate piece of paper marked Form IT-201- item H continued, and enter the required information for the additional dependents on that paper (be sure to include your name and social security number at the top of each sheet).

Note: If you are married filing a joint federal return but are required to file separate returns for New York State (see page 6). complete item H as if you had filed separate federal returns.

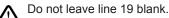
Step 3 – Enter your federal income and adjustments

Lines 1 through 19 – Federal income tax return information

The computation of your New York State (and New York City and Yonkers) income tax is based on information you reported on your federal income tax return, including your income and federal adjustments to income. If you did not file a federal return, you must report the same income and adjustments that you would have reported for federal income tax purposes if you had filed a federal return.

Be sure to enter your total other income on line 16 and your total federal adjustments to income on line 18. Write each type of income and each adjustment and its amount in the Identify areas on lines 16 and 18. If you need more room, submit a list showing each type of income and each adjustment and its amount.

Enter only whole dollar amounts on your New York return (see page 5).



Step 4 – Calculate your New York additions and subtractions

Overview

The computation of your New York State income tax is based on your New York AGI, which is your federal AGI modified by certain New York adjustments (New York additions and New York subtractions).

New York State taxes certain items of income not taxed by the federal government. You must add these **New York additions** to your federal AGI.

Similarly, New York State does not tax certain items of income taxed by the federal government. You must subtract these **New York subtractions** from federal AGI. See below and Form IT-225, *New York State Modifications*, and its instructions.

Partners and S corporation shareholders

If you have income from a partnership or S corporation, include any New York adjustments that apply to that income. This information should be provided to you by the entity. For important information regarding these modifications, see the instructions for Form IT-225.

If you have either of the addition or subtraction modifications in the chart below relating to your partnership or S corporation income, include the amount on the applicable line of Form IT-201.

Modification code	Description	Line number
EA-113	Interest income on state and local bonds and obligations	20
ES-125	Interest income on U.S. government bonds	28

For all other additions and subtractions relating to your partnership and S corporation income, complete Form IT-225.

Beneficiaries (estates and trusts)

If you have income from an estate or trust, any New York adjustments that apply to that income, as well as any additions to or subtractions from federal itemized deductions, will be shown in your share of a single fiduciary adjustment. If the adjustment is a net addition, complete Form IT-225 and enter the amount and addition modification number *EA-901* on line 5 of Form IT-225. If the adjustment is a net subtraction, complete Form IT-225 and enter the amount and subtraction modification number *ES-901* on line 14 of Form IT-225. Complete Form IT-225 and transfer the amounts to Form IT-201 as instructed on that form.

If you filed federal Form 4970, *Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts*, the income you reported on line 1 of Form 4970 is not included on line 11 of Form IT-201 because the IRC considers the distribution part of federal gross income. You must therefore include on line 5 of your Form IT-225 the amount of **income you reported on Form 4970**, **line 1**, **less any interest income on state and local bonds and obligations of New York State and its local governments** (that was included on Form 4970, line 5). See addition modification number A-114 in the instructions for Form IT-225.

New York additions

Line 20 – Interest income on state and local bonds and obligations

Do you have interest income from state and local bonds and obligations from states other than New York State or its local governments? If **No**, go to line 21.

If **Yes**, enter any such interest income that you received or that was credited to you during 2015 that was **not** included in your federal AGI. This includes interest income on state and local bonds, interest and dividend income from tax-exempt bond mutual funds, and tax-exempt money market funds that invest in obligations of states other than New York.

If you purchased a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year, less the seller's accrued interest (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding your purchase to the date you purchased the bond). If you sold a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year plus the accrued interest amount (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding the date you sold the bond to the date you sold the bond). You should have received this information when you purchased or sold the bond.

Line 21 – Public employees 414(h) retirement contributions

Are you a public employee of NYS or its local governments? If **No**, go to line 22.

If **Yes**, enter the amount of 414(h) retirement contributions, if any, shown on your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W-2, if you are:

- a member of the NYS and Local Retirement Systems, which include the NYS Employees' Retirement System and the NYS Police and Fire Retirement System; or
- a member of the NYS Teachers' Retirement System; or
- an employee of the State or City University of New York who belongs to the Optional Retirement Program; or
- a member of the NYC Employees' Retirement System, the NYC Teachers' Retirement System, the NYC Board of Education Retirement System, the NYC Police Pension Fund or the NYC Fire Department Pension Fund; or
- a member of the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA) Pension Plan.

Do not enter contributions to a section 401(k) deferred arrangement, section 403(b) annuity or section 457 deferred compensation plan.

Line 22 – New York's 529 college savings program distributions

Did you make a withdrawal during 2015 from an account established under **New York's** 529 college savings program? If *No*, go to line 23.

If **Yes**, and the withdrawal was a nonqualified withdrawal, you must complete the worksheet on page 17.

A withdrawal is nonqualified if: 1) the withdrawal is actually disbursed in cash or in-kind from the college savings program

and the funds are not used for the higher education of the designated beneficiary (even if the amount withdrawn is reinvested in **New York's** 529 college savings program within the Internal Revenue Code 60-day rollover period); or 2) on or after January 1, 2003, the funds are transferred from **New York's** 529 college savings program to another state's program (whether for the same beneficiary or for the benefit of another family member). However, nonqualified withdrawals **do not** include any withdrawals made in 2015 as a result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary, regardless of how the funds are used.

Note: Transfers between accounts of family members not disbursed in cash or in-kind within New York's program are not considered distributions and are therefore not required to be added back as nonqualified withdrawals.

Include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts you own on lines 1 through 7 of the worksheet below. Do not include amounts applicable to accounts that were closed in a prior tax year. If you are filing a joint return, include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts owned by you and your spouse.

Please note: Before completing the worksheet below, you must first compute your Form IT-201, line 30, subtraction for **New York's** 529 college savings program for 2015.

Worksheet

1	Total current and prior years' nonqualified withdrawals from your account(s) 1
2	Total current and prior years' contributions to your account(s) 2
3	Total current year's subtraction modification (<i>from line 1 of</i> Worksheet <i>for line 30</i>) and prior years' subtraction modifications*
4	Subtract line 3 from line 2 4
5	Total prior years' addition modifications* 5
6	Add lines 4 and 5 6
7	Subtract line 6 from line 1. This is your current year addition modification. Enter this amount on Form IT-201, line 22
	If line 7 is 0 (zero) or less, there is no entry required on Form IT-201, line 22.
*	Be sure to include all prior years' addition and subtraction modifications.
Ke	eep this worksheet with your copy of your tax return.

Line 23 – Other additions

Use this line to report other additions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-201.

Enter on line 23 the amount from Form IT-225, line 9. Submit Form IT-225 with your return.

New York subtractions

Line 26 – Pensions of New York State and local governments and the federal government

Did you receive a pension or other distribution from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan? If No, go to line 27.

If **Yes**, and the pension or distribution amount was included in your federal AGI, enter any pension you received, or distributions made to you from a pension plan which represents a return

of contributions in a year prior to retirement, as an officer, employee, or beneficiary of an officer or employee of:

• NYS, including State and City University of New York and NYS Education Department employees who belong to the Optional Retirement Program.

Optional Retirement Program members may only subtract that portion attributable to employment with the State or City University of New York or the NYS Education Department.

- · Certain public authorities, including:
 - Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA) Police 20-Year Retirement Program;
 - Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA); and
 - Long Island Railroad Company.
- Local governments within the state (for more details, see Publication 36, *General Information for Senior Citizens and Retired Persons*).
- The United States, its territories, possessions (or political subdivisions thereof), or any agency or instrumentality of the United States (including the military), or the District of Columbia.

Also include distributions received from a New York State or local pension plan or from a federal government pension plan as a **nonemployee spouse** in accordance with a court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A) or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36.

You may **not** subtract (1) pension payments or return of contributions that were attributable to your employment by an employer other than a New York public employer, such as a private university, and any portion attributable to contributions you made to a supplemental annuity plan which was funded through a salary reduction program, or (2) periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans. However, these payments and distributions may qualify for the pension and annuity income exclusion described in the instructions for line 29.

Line 28 – Interest income on U.S. government bonds

Did you include interest income from U.S. government bonds or other U.S. government obligations on lines 2, 6, or 11? If **No**, go to line 29.

If **Yes**, enter the amount of interest income earned from bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government.

Dividends you received from a regulated investment company (mutual fund) that invests in obligations of the U.S. government and meet the 50% asset requirement each quarter qualify for this subtraction. The portion of such dividends that may be subtracted is based upon the portion of taxable income received by the mutual fund that is derived from federal obligations.

Contact the mutual fund for further information on meeting the 50% asset requirement and computing your allowable subtraction (if any).

If you include an amount on line 28 from more than one line on Form IT-201, submit a schedule showing the breakdown from each line.

Do not list the same interest more than once on lines 28 and 31; see the instructions for Form IT-225, subtraction modification numbers S-121 and S-123.

Line 29 – Pension and annuity income exclusion

Did you enter an amount on line 9 or 10 that was not from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan? If No, go to line 30.

If **Yes**, and you were 59½ before January 1, 2015, enter the qualifying pension and annuity income included in your 2015 federal AGI, **but not more than \$20,000.** If you became 59½ during 2015, enter only the amount received after you became 59½, **but not more than \$20,000.** If you received pension and annuity income and are married, or received pension and annuity income as a beneficiary, see below.

\$20,000 limit – You may **not** take a pension and annuity income exclusion that exceeds \$20,000, regardless of the source(s) of the income.

Qualifying pension and annuity income includes:

- periodic payments for services you performed as an employee before you retired;
- periodic and lump-sum payments from an IRA, but **not** payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans;
- periodic distributions from an annuity contract (IRC section 403(b)) purchased by an employer for an employee and the employer is a corporation, community chest, fund, foundation, or public school;
- periodic payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but not payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- lump-sum payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but only if federal Form 4972 is not used. Do **not** include that part of your payment that was derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions of benefits from a cafeteria plan (IRC section 125) or a qualified cash or deferred profit-sharing or stock bonus plan (IRC section 401(k)), but not distributions derived from contributions made after you retired.

Qualifying pension and annuity income **does not** include distributions received as a **nonemployee spouse** in accordance with a court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A) or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36.

Married taxpayers

If you both qualify, you and your spouse can each subtract up to \$20,000 of your own pension and annuity income. However, you cannot claim any unused part of your spouse's exclusion.

Example: Chris and Pat, both age 62, included total pension and annuity income of \$45,000 in their federal AGI on their joint federal tax return. Chris received qualifying pension and annuity payments totaling \$30,000 and Pat received qualifying payments totaling \$15,000. They are filing a joint New York State resident personal income tax return. Chris may claim the maximum pension and annuity income exclusion of \$20,000, and Pat may claim an exclusion of \$15,000, for a total pension and annuity income exclusion of \$35,000.

Beneficiaries

If you received a decedent's pension and annuity income, you may make this subtraction if the decedent would have been entitled to it, had the decedent continued to live, regardless of your age. If the decedent would have become $59\frac{1}{2}$ during 2015, enter only the amount received after the decedent would have become $59\frac{1}{2}$, but not more than \$20,000.

In addition, the pension and annuity income exclusion of the decedent that you are eligible to claim as a beneficiary must first be reduced by the amount subtracted on the decedent's New York State personal income tax return, if any. The total pension and annuity income exclusion claimed by the decedent and the decedent's beneficiaries cannot exceed \$20,000.

If the decedent has more than one beneficiary, the decedent's \$20,000 pension and annuity income exclusion must be allocated among the beneficiaries. Each beneficiary's share of the \$20,000 exclusion is determined by multiplying \$20,000 by a fraction whose numerator is the value of the pensions and annuities inherited by the beneficiary, and whose denominator is the total value inherited by all beneficiaries of the decedent's pensions and annuities.

Example: A taxpayer received pension and annuity income totaling \$6,000 as a beneficiary of a decedent who was 59½ before January 1, 2015. The decedent's total pension and annuity income was \$24,000, shared equally among four beneficiaries. Each beneficiary is entitled to one-quarter of the decedent's pension exclusion, or \$5,000 (\$20,000 divided by 4). The taxpayer also received a qualifying pension and annuity payment of \$14,000 in 2015. The taxpayer is entitled to claim a pension and annuity income exclusion of \$19,000 (\$14,000 attributable to the taxpayer's own pension and annuity payment, plus \$5,000 received as a beneficiary*).

* The total amount of the taxpayer's pension and annuity income exclusion that can be applied against the taxpayer's pension and annuity income received as a beneficiary is limited to the taxpayer's share of the decedent's pension and annuity income exclusion.

Disability income exclusion

If you are also claiming the disability income exclusion (Form IT-225, S-124), the total of your pension and annuity income exclusion and disability income exclusion cannot exceed \$20,000.

Line 30 – New York's 529 college savings program deduction/earnings distributions

Account owner

During 2015, did you, as an account owner, make contributions to or a withdrawal from one or more tuition savings accounts established under **New York's** 529 college savings program? If **No**, go to line 31.

If you, as an account owner, made contributions, enter the amount up to \$5,000 (\$10,000 for married taxpayers filing a joint return) on line 1 of the worksheet below.

If you, as an account owner, made a withdrawal and part of the withdrawal was included in your federal AGI, **then** enter that amount on line 2 of the worksheet below.

– Worksheet –

1	Amount of contributions you made in 2015 to an account established under New York's 529 college savings program (cannot exceed \$5,000 for an individual, head of household, married taxpayers filing separately, or qualifying widow(er), or \$10,000 for married taxpayers filing a joint return) 1
~	

- Note: Keep this worksheet for future-year computations of the line 22 worksheet.

Beneficiary

During 2015, did you, as a beneficiary, receive a withdrawal from one or more tuition savings accounts established under **New York's** 529 college savings program? If **No**, go to line 31.

If **Yes**, and part of the withdrawal was included in your federal AGI (and not included as an account owner on line 2 of the worksheet above), then enter that amount on line 30.

Line 31 – Other subtractions

Use this line to report other subtractions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-201.

Enter on line 31 the amount from Form IT-225, line 18. Submit Form IT-225 with your return.

Line 33 – New York adjusted gross income



Do not leave line 33 blank.

Step 5 – Enter your standard or itemized deduction and dependent exemption amounts

Line 34 – Standard or itemized deduction

Follow these steps to determine which deduction to use:

- If you took the standard deduction on your federal return, or if you did not have to file a federal return, you must take the New York standard deduction. Use the standard deduction table below to find the standard deduction amount for your filing status. Enter the amount on line 34, mark an X in the Standard box, and go to line 35.
- If you itemized deductions on your federal return, use Form IT-201-D, *Resident Itemized Deduction Schedule*, and its instructions beginning on page 37 to compute your New York itemized deduction. Compare the Form IT-201-D, line 16 amount to your New York standard deduction amount from the standard deduction table. For greater tax savings, enter the **larger** of these amounts on line 34 and mark an *X* in the appropriate box, *Standard* or *Itemized*.

Note: If you choose the itemized deduction, you must submit Form IT-201-D with your return.

New York State standard deduction table							
Filing status (see page 13)Standard deduction (enter on line 34)							
 Single and you marked item C Single and you marked item C Married filing joint return Married filing separate return . Head of household (with qualif Qualifying widow(er) with dependent 	No 7,900 15,850 7,900 ying person) 11,100						

If you are married and filing separate returns (filing status ③), both of you must take the standard deduction unless both of you itemized deductions on your federal returns and both of you elect to itemize deductions on your New York returns.

Note: If you paid qualified college tuition expenses, your New York itemized deduction may be increased to an amount greater than your New York standard deduction. You should complete Form IT-201-D to determine if your allowable New York itemized deduction is greater than your standard deduction.

Line 36 – Dependent exemptions

Unlike on your federal return, you may **not** take personal exemptions for yourself and for your spouse on your New York State return.

The value of each New York State **dependent** exemption is \$1,000.

Enter on line 36 the **number** of your dependent exemptions listed on Form IT-201, item H (and on *Form IT-201 - item H continued*, if needed).

Lines 37 and 38 – Taxable income

Subtract line 36 from line 35. The result is your taxable income. Enter this amount on both line 37 and line 38. If line 36 is more than line 35, leave line 37 and line 38 blank.

Step 6 – Compute your taxes

Line 39 – New York State tax

Is line 33 (your New York AGI) \$106,200 or less?

If **Yes**, find your New York State tax using the 2015 New York State Tax Table on pages 47 through 54, or if **line 38** is \$65,000 or more, use the New York State tax rate schedule on page 55. Enter the tax due on line 39.

If No, see Tax computation - New York AGI of more than \$106,200, beginning on page 56.

Line 40 – New York State household credit

If you marked the **Yes** box at item C on the front of Form IT-201, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 41. If you marked **No**, use the appropriate table (1, 2, or 3) and the notes on page 22 to determine the amount to enter on line 40.

- Filing status ① only (Single) Use New York State household credit table 1.
- Filing status ②, ④ and ⑤ Use New York State household credit table 2.
- Filing status ③ only (Married filing separate return) Use New York State household credit table 3.

New York State household credit table 1 – Filing status ① only (Single)

If your federal AGI (see <i>Note 1</i>) is over:	but not over	enter on Form IT-201, line 40:
\$ (see <i>Note 2</i>)	\$ 5,000	\$75
5,000		
6,000	7,000	
7,000	20,000	
20,000	25,000	
25,000		
28,000	No credit is allowe	d; do not make an entry on Form IT-201, line 40.

New York State household credit table 2

If your federal AGI (see	<i>Note 1</i>) is:		number e for you		-				item H, plus one for is:
Over	but not	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	over 7 (see <i>Note 3</i>)
	over	Enter o	n Form	IT-201,	line 40:	:			
\$ (see Note 2)	\$ 5,000	\$90	105	120	135	150	165	180	15
5,000		75	90	105	120	135	150	165	15
6,000	7,000	65	80	95	110	125	140	155	15
7,000		60	75	90	105	120	135	150	15
20,000	22,000	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	10
22,000		50	60	70	80	90	100	110	10
25,000		40	45	50	55	60	65	70	5
28,000		20	25	30	35	40	45	50	5
32.000		No credi	t is allow	ed: do r	not mak	e an er	ntrv on F	orm IT-	201, line 40.

		State house tus ③ only							
If your federal AGI (see No total from both returns is:								Form IT-201, spouse is: over 7	
Over	but not	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	(see Note 3)
	over	Enter or	Form I	Γ -201 , lin	e 40:				. ,
\$ (see Note 2)	\$ 5,000	\$45	53	60	68	75	83	90	8
5,000	6,000	38	45	53	60	68	75	83	8
6,000	7,000	33	40	48	55	63	70	78	8
7,000	20,000	30	38	45	53	60	68	75	8
20,000	22,000	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	5
22,000	25,000	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	5
25,000	28,000	20	23	25	28	30	33	35	3
	32,000	10	13	15	18	20	23	25	3
32,000		No credit	t is allow	ed; do no	ot make a	an entry	on Form	IT-201,	line 40.

Use these notes for New York State household credit tables 1 through 3

- Note 1 For most taxpayers, federal AGI is the amount from Form IT-201, line 19. However, if on Form IT-201 you entered special condition code *A6* (for Build America Bond (BAB) interest), your federal AGI is the line 19 amount minus any BAB interest that was included in the line 19 amount.
- Note 2 This amount could be 0 or a negative amount.
- **Note 3** For each exemption over 7, add the amount in this column to the column 7 amount.

Note 4 For most taxpayers, federal AGI is the amount from Form IT-201, line 19 (or Form IT-203, line 19, *Federal amount* column). However, if on your NYS return(s) you or your spouse entered special condition code *A6* (for Build America Bond (BAB) interest), federal AGI is the line 19 amount minus any BAB interest that was included in the line 19 amount. If your spouse was not required to file an NYS return, use your spouse's federal AGI as reported on his or her federal return (minus any BAB interest included in that amount).
 Note 5 The credit amounts have been required (see near 5).

Note 5 The credit amounts have been rounded (see page 5).

Line 41 – Resident credit

Did you have income from sources outside New York State and pay income tax to another state, a local government of another state, the District of Columbia, or to a province of Canada? If **No**, go to line 42.

If **Yes**, complete Form IT-112-R, *New York State Resident Credit*, and, if applicable, Form IT-112-C, *New York State Resident Credit for Taxes Paid to a Province of Canada*. Enter the total amount of resident credit on line 41 and submit either form or both forms with your return.

Line 42 – Other New York State nonrefundable credits

See the credit charts on pages 7 through 11 for a listing of nonrefundable credits. If you are claiming any nonrefundable

credits, complete the appropriate credit forms and Form IT-201-ATT. Transfer the amount of nonrefundable credits to line 42. You must submit the completed credit forms and Form IT-201-ATT with your return.

Line 45 – Net other New York State taxes

If you are subject to any other taxes, complete the appropriate forms and Part 2 of Form IT-201-ATT. Transfer the total amount of net other New York State taxes to line 45. You must submit the completed forms and Form IT-201-ATT with your return.

Line 47 – New York City resident tax (NYC residents only; part-year residents, see line 50) Is line 38 (your New York taxable income) less than \$65,000?

If Yes, find your New York City resident tax using the 2015 New York City Tax Table on pages 59 through 66. Enter the tax on line 47.

If No, find your New York City resident tax using the New York City tax rate schedule on page 67. Enter the tax on line 47.

If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2015, do not enter an amount here. See the instructions for line 51 on page 23.

Line 48 – New York City household credit (NYC residents only)

If you marked the **Yes** box at item C on the front of Form IT-201, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 49. If you marked **No**, use the appropriate table (4, 5, or 6) and the notes on page 23 to determine the amount to enter on line 48.

If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2015, do not enter an amount here. See the instructions for line 51 on page 23.

- Filing status ① only (Single) Use New York City household credit table 4.
- Filing status ②, ④ and ⑤ Use New York City household credit table 5.
- Filing status ③ only (Married filing separate return) Use New York City household credit table 6.

	 New York City household credit tak Filing status ① only (Single) 	ble 4				
If your federal AGI (see Note 1) is:	5					
Over	but not over	enter on Form IT-201, line 48:				
\$ (see <i>Note 2</i>)		\$15				
10,000						
12,500 No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-201, line 48.						

New	York City ho Filing st	ousehold o atus ②, ④		ble 5 -					
If your federal AGI (see Note 1) is: And the number of exemptions listed on Form IT-201, item H, plus o for you (and one for your spouse if Married filing joint return) is:									
Over	but not	1	2	•	4		6	7	over 7 (see <i>Note 3</i>)
	over	Enter	on Forn	n II-201	, line 4	8:			
\$ (see <i>Note 2</i>)	\$15,000	\$30	60	90	120	150	180	210	30
15,000	17,500	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	25
17,500	20,000	15	30	45	60	75	90	105	15
20,000	22,500	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	10
22,500 No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-201, line 48.									

New York City household credit table 6 (see *Note 5*) Filing status ③ only (Married filing separate return)

If your federal AGI (see Note 4) total from both returns is:									d on Form IT-201, your spouse is:
Over	but not over			3 1 17-201			6	7	over 7 (see <i>Note 3</i>)
\$ (see <i>Note 2</i>)	\$15,000	\$15	30	45	60	75	90	105	15
15,000	17,500	13	25	38	50	63	75	88	13
17,500	20,000	8	15	23	30	38	45	53	8
20,000	22,500	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	5
22,500		No cred	it is allov	ved; do r	not mak	e an ent	try on Fo	orm IT-2	201, line 48.

Use these notes for New York City household credit tables 4 through 6

(These notes are identical to the notes listed on the top of page 22. They are repeated here for the convenience of taxpayers claiming the NYC household credit.)

- Note 1 For most taxpayers, federal AGI is the amount from Form IT-201, line 19. However, if on Form IT-201 you entered special condition code *A6* (for Build America Bond (BAB) interest), your federal AGI is the line 19 amount minus any BAB interest that was included in the line 19 amount.
- Note 2 This amount could be 0 or a negative amount.
- Note 3 For each exemption over 7, add the amount in this column to the column 7 amount.
- Note 4 For most taxpayers, federal AGI is the amount from Form IT-201, line 19 (or Form IT-203, line 19, *Federal amount* column). However, if on your NYS return(s) you or your spouse entered special condition code *A6* (for Build America Bond (BAB) interest), federal AGI is the line 19 amount minus any BAB interest that was included in the line 19 amount. If your spouse was not required to file an NYS return, use your spouse's federal AGI as reported on his or her federal return (minus any BAB interest included in that amount).
- Note 5 The credit amounts have been rounded (see page 5).

Line 50 – Part-year New York City resident tax

If you were a New York City resident for only part of 2015, complete Form IT-360.1, *Change of City Resident Status*. Enter the tax amount on line 50 and submit Form IT-360.1 with your return. For more information see Form IT-360.1-I, *Instructions for Form IT-360.1*.

Line 51 – Other New York City taxes

Enter the total amount of other New York City taxes from Form IT-201-ATT, Part 3, line 34.

If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2015, compute on a separate sheet of paper the NYC resident tax on the New York State taxable income of the city resident as if you had filed separate federal returns reduced by the NYC household credit (if applicable). The spouse that was a part-year NYC resident in 2015 should compute his or her part-year NYC resident tax on Form IT-360.1. Transfer the combined tax amounts of both spouses from your separate sheet and your spouse's Form IT-360.1 to line 51. Be sure to write the name and social security number of the city resident and *Taxable income* of *New York City resident* on that paper. Submit it with your return.

If one spouse was a resident of New York City and the other a nonresident for all of 2015, compute on a separate sheet of paper the NYC resident tax on the New York State taxable income of the city resident as if you had filed separate federal returns reduced by the NYC household credit (if applicable). Transfer the amount from your separate sheet to line 51. Be sure to write the name and social security number of the city resident and **Taxable income of New York City resident** on that paper. Submit it with your return.

If you are self-employed and carry on a trade, business, or profession in New York City, you may also be required to file New York City's Form NYC-202, *Unincorporated Business Tax Return for Individuals and Single-Member LLCs,* or Form NYC-202S, *Unincorporated Business Tax Return for Individuals.* Since New York State does not administer the NYC unincorporated business tax, do not file your Form NYC-202 or NYC-202S with your state return.

Line 53 – New York City nonrefundable credits

Can you claim the NYC unincorporated business tax (UBT) credit, the general corporation tax (GCT) credit, the New York City accumulation distribution credit, or the part-year resident nonrefundable NYC child and dependent care credit? (See the charts on pages 7 through 11.) If **No**, go to line 54.

If **Yes**, complete Section C of Form IT-201-ATT and enter the amount from Form IT-201-ATT, **line 10**, on line 53.

Line 54a – Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax (MCTMT) net earnings base

Are you subject to the MCTMT?

If No, go to line 55.

If Yes, report your net earnings base on this line.

The MCTMT is imposed on self-employed individuals (including partners or members in partnerships, limited liability partnerships (LLPs) that are treated as partnerships, and limited liability companies (LLCs) that are treated as partnerships) engaging in business within the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District (MCTD). Hereafter, partners and members will be collectively referred to as partnerships, including LLPs and LLCs treated as partnerships, will be collectively referred to as partnerships.

The MCTD consists of New York City (the counties of New York (Manhattan), Bronx, Kings (Brooklyn), Queens, and Richmond (Staten Island)) as well as the counties of Rockland, Nassau, Suffolk, Orange, Putnam, Dutchess, and Westchester.

The MCTMT is imposed at a rate of .34% (.0034) of an individual's net earnings from self-employment allocated to the MCTD. MCTMT is imposed if your net earnings from self-employment allocated to the MCTD exceed \$50,000 for the year (computed on an individual basis, even if you file a joint income tax return).

You must calculate your MCTMT net earnings base separately for each source of self-employment income that has business activity in the MCTD. If you have more than one source, combine all the individual amounts on line 54a. This is done by taking your net earnings from self-employment (see definition below) from each source and multiplying them by the MCTD allocation percentage for each source (see *Determining the MCTD allocation percentage* below).

Note: If you are filing a joint return, you and your spouse must each calculate the \$50,000 threshold on an individual basis. If both spouses' individually calculated MCTMT base exceeds \$50,000, then enter the combined total on line 54a. If either spouse's calculated MCTMT base is \$50,000 or less, do not include that amount on line 54a.

Determining the MCTD allocation percentage for each source of self-employment income:

- START-UP NY approved business owners or partners of an approved business who have net earnings from self-employment allocated to the MCTD, must complete Form IT-6-SNY, *Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax (MCTMT) for START-UP NY*. If you have other sources of self-employment income allocated to the MCTD (other than the START-UP NY income), calculate those amounts as shown below. You must include all your net earnings from self-employment allocated to the MCTD on Form IT-6-SNY, line 1.
- Partners must allocate partnership income to the MCTD based on the partnership's allocation. Partners will receive their MCTD allocation percentage from their partnership on

Form IT-204-IP, *New York Partner's Schedule K-1*, line 29b. Multiply your net partnership income by this percentage to determine the amount to include on line 54a.

If you are a partner in more than one partnership, calculate the amount separately for each partnership.

 All others – if all of your net earnings from self-employment are from business activity carried on inside the MCTD, all of your net earnings from self-employment are allocated to the MCTD. Include the total net earnings from self-employment for that source on line 54a. If your net earnings from self-employment are from business activity both inside and outside the MCTD, you must complete Form IT-203-A, *Business Allocation Schedule*, to calculate the amount to include on line 54a. Note: For the definition of *business activity* inside and outside the MCTD, see Form IT-203-A.

Example: Pat is a partner in a partnership XYZ doing business in the MCTD. Pat also reports net earnings from self-employment from two Schedule C businesses. Business A carries on business both in and out of the MCTD. Business B carries on business only inside the MCTD. Pat would calculate the amount to enter on Line 54a as follows:

1)	Net partnership income \$80,000 multiplied by 65% (.65), the amount shown on Form IT-204-IP, line 29b	= \$52,000
2)	Business B's net earnings from self-employment of \$36,000	= \$36,000
3)	Business A's net earnings from self-employment of \$30,000. Since the business is carried on both in and out of the MCTD, use Form IT-203-A to calculate the amount to include: Net earnings of \$30,000 × 40% (Form IT-203-A, line 8)	= \$12,000

\$30,000 × 40% (Form IT-203-A, line 8)	= <u>\$12,000</u>
Total amount to be included on line 54a	= \$100,000

Net earnings from self-employment generally is the amount reported on federal Form 1040, Schedule SE, Section A, line 4 or Section B, line 6 (depending on which section you are required to complete) derived from the source of self-employment income.

Under IRC section 1402, income from certain employment is treated as income from a trade or business, and is reported on federal Schedule SE as net earnings from self-employment. Accordingly, the income is included in an individual's computation of net earnings from self-employment allocated to the MCTD and is subject to the MCTMT. Types of employment treated as a trade or business under IRC section 1402 include but are not limited to:

- services performed by a United States citizen employed by a foreign government, the United Nations, or other international organization;
- services performed by a church employee if the church or other qualified church-controlled organization has a certificate in effect electing an exemption from employer social security and Medicare taxes; and
- qualified services performed by a minister, a member of a religious order who has not taken a vow of poverty, or a Christian Science practitioner or reader.

If your net earnings from self-employment are not subject to federal self-employment tax (for example, nonresident aliens), use federal Schedule SE (Form 1040) to compute your net earnings from self-employment as if they were subject to the tax.

Line 54b – MCTMT

Multiply the amount on line 54a by .34% (.0034).

Line 55 – Yonkers resident income tax surcharge

Were you a resident of Yonkers and did you make an entry of more than **0** on line 46?

If No, go to line 56.

If **Yes**, complete the *Yonkers worksheet* below and enter the amount from line n on line 55.

	Yonkers worksheet	
а	Amount from line 46	a
	Amount from Form IT-213, <i>Claim for</i> <i>Empire State Child Credit</i> , line 16, or line 17 if an amount is entered on line 17	b
С	Amount from Form IT-214, <i>Claim for Real</i> <i>Property Tax Credit</i> , line 33	С
d	Amount from Form IT-216, <i>Claim for Child</i> and Dependent Care Credit, line 14 (New York filing status ③ taxpayers, see instructions for Form IT-216)	d
е	Amount from Form IT-215, <i>Claim for Earned Income Credit,</i> line 16 (New York filing status ③ taxpayers transfer the amount from Form IT-215, line 17)	e
f	Amount from Form IT-209, <i>Claim for</i> <i>Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned</i> <i>Income Credit,</i> line 32 or, if an amount is entered on line 42, the larger of line 32 or line 42	
g	If you elected to claim the college tuition credit, the amount from Form IT-272, <i>Claim</i> <i>for College Tuition Credit or Itemized</i> <i>Deduction</i> , line 5 or 7, whichever applies	g
h	Amount from Form IT-114, Claim for Family Tax Relief Credit, line 5	h
i	Amount of property tax freeze credit (<i>If you marked</i> Yes at <i>item D2(1)</i> , <i>enter the amount from D2(2)</i>)	. i
j	Amount from Form IT-201-ATT, Other Tax Credits and Taxes, line 13	j
k	Add lines b through j	k
I	Subtract line k from line a	
m	Yonkers resident tax rate (16.75%)	m .1675
n	Multiply line I by line m. Enter this amount on Form IT-201, line 55	n

If you are filing jointly (filing status ②) and only one spouse was a Yonkers resident for all of 2015, compute on a separate sheet of paper the Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on the New York State tax of the Yonkers resident as if you had filed separate federal returns. Enter the amount computed on line 55. Be sure to write the name and social security number of the Yonkers resident and **Yonkers resident** *income tax surcharge* on that paper, and submit it with your return.

Line 56 – Yonkers nonresident earnings tax

If you were not a resident of Yonkers, did you earn wages there?

If No, go to line 57.

If **Yes**, complete Form Y-203, *Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return*. Enter the amount of tax on line 56 and submit Form Y-203 with your return.

Line 57 – Part-year Yonkers resident income tax surcharge

If you were a resident of Yonkers for only part of 2015, complete Form IT-360.1, *Change of City Resident Status*. Enter the tax amount on line 57 and submit Form IT-360.1 with your return.

Line 59 – Sales or use tax

Report your sales or use tax liability on this line.

You owe sales or compensating use tax if you:

- purchased an item or service subject to tax that is delivered to you in New York State without payment of New York State and local tax to the seller; or
- purchased an item or service outside New York State that is subject to tax in New York State (and you were a resident of New York State at the time of purchase) with subsequent use in New York State.

Note: You may be entitled to a credit for sales tax paid to another state. See the exact calculation method in the instructions for Form ST-140, *Individual Purchaser's Annual Report of Sales and Use Tax.*

For sales and use tax purposes, a resident includes persons who have a permanent place of abode in the state. Accordingly, you may be a resident for sales tax purposes even though you may not be a resident for income tax purposes. See the instructions for Form ST-140 for more information.

You may not use this line to report:

- any sales and use tax on business purchases if the business is registered for sales and use tax purposes. You must report this tax on the business's sales tax return.
- any unpaid sales and use tax on motor vehicles, trailers, all-terrain vehicles, vessels, or snowmobiles. This tax is paid directly to the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV). If you will not be registering or titling it at the DMV, you should remit the tax directly to the Tax Department using Form ST-130, *Business Purchaser's Report of Sales and Use Tax*, or Form ST-140.

An unpaid sales or use tax liability commonly arises if you made purchases through the Internet, by catalog, from television shopping channels, or on an Indian reservation, or if you purchased items or services subject to tax in another state and brought them back to New York for use here.

Example 1: You purchased a computer over the Internet that was delivered to your house in Monroe County, New York, from an out-of-state company and did not pay sales tax to that company.

Example 2: You purchased a book on a trip to New Hampshire that you brought back to your residence in Nassau County, New York, for use there.

You may also owe an additional **local** tax if you use property or services in another locality in New York State, other than the locality to which you paid tax. You owe use tax to the second locality if you were a resident of that locality at the time of the purchase, and its rate of tax is higher than the rate of tax originally paid.

Failure to pay sales or use tax may result in the imposition of penalty and interest. The Tax Department conducts routine audits based on information received from third parties, including the U.S. Customs Service and other states.

If you owe sales or use tax, you may report the amount you owe on your personal income tax return rather than filing Form ST-140.

Using the sales and use tax chart below is an easy way to compute your liability for all your purchases of items or services costing less than \$1,000 each (excluding shipping and handling) that are not related to a business, rental real estate, or royalty activities.

You may use this chart for purchases of items or services

If you maintained a permanent place of abode in New York State for sales and use tax purposes for only part of the year, multiply the tax amount from the chart by the number of months you maintained the permanent place of abode in New York State and divide the result by 12. (Count any period you maintained the

costing less than \$1,000 each (excluding shipping and handling). You may not use this chart for purchases related to a business, rental real estate, or royalty activities,

abode for more than one-half month as one month.)

regardless of the amount.

Sales and use tax chart -

Enter on line 59:

If your federal adjusted gross income (line 19) is:

up to \$15,000* \$ 15,001 - \$ 30,000 30,001 - 50,000 50,001 - 75,000 75,001 - 100,000	10 19 32 48 64
100,001 - 150,000 150,001 - 200,000 200,001 and greater	85 102 .052% (.00052) of income, or \$250, whichever amount is smaller
 * This may be any amount up to \$15,000, including <i>0</i> or a negative amount. 	

You must use Form ST-140 to calculate your sales and use tax liability to be reported on this return if any of the following apply:

- You prefer to calculate the exact amount of sales and use tax due.
- You owe sales or use tax on an item or service costing \$1,000 or more (excluding shipping and handling).
- You owe sales or use tax for purchases related to a business not registered for sales tax purposes, rental real estate, or royalty activities.

Include the amount from Form ST-140, line 4, on Form IT-201, line 59. **Do not submit Form ST-140 with your return.**

If the amount reported on line 59 is \$1,700 or more, you must complete Form IT-135, *Sales and Use Tax Report for Purchases of Items and Services Costing \$25,000 or More*, and submit it with your return.

If you do not owe any sales or use tax, you must enter 0 on line 59. Do not leave line 59 blank.

For additional information on when you may owe sales or use tax to New York, see TB-ST-913, Use Tax for Individuals (including Estates and Trusts). For more information on taxable and exempt goods and services, see TB-ST-740, Quick Reference Guide for Taxable and Exempt Property and Services.

Access our Web site at www.tax.ny.gov

Step 7 – Add voluntary contributions

Line 60 (60a through 60m)

You may make voluntary contributions to the funds listed below. Enter the whole dollar amount (no cents, please) of your contribution(s) in the amount boxes (lines 60a through 60m). Enter the total amount of all your contributions combined on line 60.

Your contribution(s) will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount(s) you give after you file your return.

Return a Gift to Wildlife

Your contribution will benefit New York's fish, wildlife, and marine resources, and you can receive a free issue of *Conservationist* magazine. Call 1 800 678-6399 for your free sample issue. For more information about New York State's environmental conservation programs, go to *www.dec.ny.gov*. For information about *Conservationist*, go to *www.TheConservationist.org*.

Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse (MECC) Fund (Missing/Exploited Children Fund)

Each year over 20,000 children are reported missing in New York State. Your contribution will benefit the New York State MECC (part of the Missing Persons Clearinghouse). This organization works with police agencies and parents to locate missing children and to promote child safety through education. Contributions are used to distribute educational materials, disseminate missing child alerts, and conduct investigative training for police officers. For additional information about services and free safety publications visit *www.criminaljustice.ny.gov* or call 1 800 FIND-KID (346-3543).

Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund

(Breast Cancer Research Fund)

Your contribution will support ground-breaking research and education in New York State to prevent, treat, and cure breast cancer. Help make breast cancer a disease of the past. For more information, go to *www.wadsworth.org/extramural/breastcancer*. New York State will match your contribution to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.

Alzheimer's Disease Fund (Alzheimer's Fund)

Contributions to this fund support services provided by the Alzheimer's Disease Program administered by the New York State Department of Health. This program is designed to provide education, counseling, respite, support groups, and other supportive services to people with Alzheimer's disease, their families, caregivers, and health care professionals.

United States Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center (Olympic Fund)

Contributions to this fund help support the Olympic Training Center in Lake Placid. The \$16 million complex is one of just three U.S. Olympic training centers in the United States. The center is used primarily by U.S. athletes who are training to compete in future winter and summer Olympic and Paralympic sports. Individual contributions must be \$2. If you are married filing jointly and your spouse also wants to contribute, enter \$4.

Prostate and Testicular Cancer Research and Education Fund

Your contribution will advance prostate and testicular cancer research, support programs and education projects in New York State. New York State will match contributions to the Prostate and Testicular Cancer Research and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.

National September 11 Memorial & Museum at the World Trade Center (9/11 Memorial)

Your contribution will help sustain the National September 11 Memorial & Museum that commemorates and honors the thousands of people who died in the attacks of September 11, 2001, and February 26, 1993. The Memorial and Museum recognizes the endurance of those who survived, the courage of those who risked their lives to save others, and the compassion of all who supported us in our darkest hours. Help New York State, the nation, and the world remember by making a contribution. For more information, go to *www.911memorial.org*.

Volunteer Firefighting and Volunteer Emergency Services Recruitment and Retention Fund (Volunteer Firefighting & EMS Recruitment Fund)

Contributions to this fund will help recruit and retain the men and women who make up our volunteer fire and volunteer emergency medical services units. Volunteer firefighters and volunteer emergency medical services workers are crucial to the effective operation of a municipality and for the safety and well-being of the citizens of this state. Volunteer firefighters and volunteer emergency medical services workers provide invaluable benefits to their local communities. Despite their importance, the number of volunteer firefighters and volunteer emergency medical services workers has declined significantly over the past few years. For more information, go to *www.dhses.ny.gov/ofpc* or contact the State Office of Fire Prevention and Control at (518) 474-6746.

Teen Health Education Fund

(Teen Health Education)

Contributions to this fund will be used to supplement educational programs in schools for awareness of health issues facing teens today. These issues include health programs with an established curriculum providing instruction on alcohol, tobacco, and other drug abuse prevention, teen obesity, and teen endometriosis.

Veterans Remembrance and Cemetery Maintenance and Operation Fund (Veterans Remembrance)

Your contribution will help provide for the perpetual care of state veterans cemeteries. Contributions will be used for the purchase, leasing, and improvement of land for veterans cemeteries, the purchase and leasing of equipment and other materials needed for the maintenance of cemeteries, and other associated costs.

Homeless Veterans Assistance Fund

(Homeless Veterans)

Contributions to this fund will be used to assist in providing homeless veterans in New York with assistance and care with housing and housing-related expenses. The New York State Department of Veterans Affairs will oversee the collection and distribution of amounts in the fund.

Step 7 – Add voluntary contributions (continued)

Mental Illness Anti-Stigma Fund

Contributions to this fund will be used by the New York State Office of Mental Health to provide grants to organizations dedicated to eliminating the stigma of mental illness and helping people access care. In America, one in five adults, as well as one in five children age 13 to 18, live with a mental illness, yet many do not access the care they need. The stigma of mental illness is often cited as one of the largest barriers to treatment. For more information, go to *www.omh.ny.gov*.

Women's Cancers Education and Prevention Fund

Contributions to this fund will be used for grants for women's cancers education and prevention programs that have been approved by the New York State Department of Health. High risk women's cancers include cervical, endometrial, gestational trophoblastic tumors, ovarian, uterine sarcoma, vaginal, and vulvar cancers. Increased education and early detection can help women become more aware of symptoms and seek timely medical attention. For more information, go to *www.health.ny.gov/diseases/cancer/*.

Step 8 – Enter your payments and credits

Line 63 – Empire State child credit

Did you claim the **federal** child tax credit for 2015 or do you have a qualifying child (a *qualifying child* is a child who qualifies for the federal child tax credit and is at least four years of age)?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 64.

If **Yes**, review the instructions for Form IT-213 to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-213, *Claim for Empire State Child Credit*, and transfer the amount from Form IT-213 to Form IT-201, line 63. Submit Form IT-213 with your return.

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-213.

Line 63a - Family tax relief credit

Did you claim a dependent exemption for a child under 17 and was your NYAGI between \$40,000 and \$300,000?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 64.

If **Yes**, review the instructions for Form IT-114, *Claim for Family Tax Relief Credit*, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-114 and transfer the amount from Form IT-114, line 5, to Form IT-201, line 63a. Submit Form IT-114 with your return.

Line 64 – NYS/NYC child and dependent care credit

Did you qualify to claim the **federal** child and dependent care credit for 2015 (whether or not you actually claimed it)?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 65.

If **Yes**, complete Form IT-216, *Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit*, to determine your New York State child and dependent care credit.

If you are a **New York City** resident and your federal AGI* is **\$30,000 or less**, and you have a qualifying child **under four years of age** as of December 31, 2015, review the instructions for Form IT-216 to see if you qualify to claim the NYC child and dependent care credit.

* For most taxpayers, federal AGI is the amount from Form IT-201, line 19. However, if on Form IT-201 you entered special condition code **A6** (Build America Bond (BAB) interest), your federal AGI is the line 19 amount minus any BAB interest that was included in the line 19 amount.

Transfer the amount from Form IT-216 to Form IT-201, line 64. Submit Form IT-216 with your return.

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-216.

Line 65 – New York State earned income credit (NYS EIC)

Did you claim the **federal** earned income credit for 2015 on your federal income tax return?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 66.

If **Yes**, complete Form IT-215, *Claim for Earned Income Credit*, and transfer the amount from Form IT-215 to Form IT-201, line 65. Submit Form IT-215 with your return. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-215.

If you are a noncustodial parent and have paid child support through a support collection unit, you may be eligible for the noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (noncustodial EIC). However, you cannot claim both the NYS EIC and the noncustodial EIC. Review the instructions for Form IT-209, *Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit*, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209 to determine which credit offers the better tax savings. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 65, and submit Form IT-209 with your return (do not submit Form IT-215). If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, see line 66 instructions below.

If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write *EIC* in the box to the left of the money column, and leave the money column blank on line 65. You must complete Form IT-201, lines 67 through 75, but do not complete lines 76 through 80.

Complete Form IT-215, lines 1 through 9, and submit it with your return. The Tax Department will compute your New York State earned income credit and the resulting refund or amount due.

If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 18, 2016, whichever is later.

Line 66 – Noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (EIC)

Review the instructions for Form IT-209 to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209. If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, transfer the noncustodial EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 66. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, **line 65**. Submit Form IT-209 with your return (do not submit Form IT-215).

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-209.

Line 67 – Real property tax credit

Review the instructions for Form IT-214, *Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters*, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-214 and transfer the amount from Form IT-214 to Form IT-201, line 67. Submit Form IT-214 with your return.

Line 68 – College tuition credit

Did you or your spouse or your dependent(s) pay college tuition expenses during 2015?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 69.

If **Yes**, and you **did not** claim the college tuition deduction on Form IT-201-D, line 15 (see page 39), complete Form IT-272, *Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction*, and transfer the amount from Form IT-272 to Form IT-201, line 68. Submit Form IT-272 with your return.

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-272.

Line 69 – New York City school tax credit (NYC residents only)

If you are **not** a New York City resident or part-year resident, you do not qualify to claim this credit. Go to line 70.

If you are a New York City resident or part-year resident and marked the Yes box at item C on the front of Form IT-201 indicating that you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, **or** your income (see below) is more than \$250,000, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 70.

If you are a New York City resident or part-year resident and marked the *No* box at item C on the front of Form IT-201 indicating that you **cannot** be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return and you are filing status (D, (3), (4), or (5)) (and your income (see below) is \$250,000 or less), determine your credit using Table 1 below if you were a full-year resident or Table 2 below if you were a part-year city resident.

Special rules for married filing joint return (filing status 2)

- If both spouses are full-year city residents, determine your credit using Table 1, filing status ⁽²⁾.
- If both spouses are part-year city residents, determine your credit using Table 2, filing status ②. If you have different periods of city residence, determine your credit using the number of months for the spouse with the longer city resident period.

Example: You and your spouse are filing a joint NYS return (filing status ⁽²⁾). You were a 5-month New York City resident, and your spouse was an 8-month New York City resident. Your income was less than \$250,000, and you marked filing status ⁽²⁾, married filing joint return. You are entitled to a credit of \$83 (using the 8-month period from Table 2).

- If one spouse is a full-year city resident and one spouse is a full-year city nonresident, and you are computing your NYC tax as married filing separately, determine your credit for the full-year city resident spouse using Table 1, filing status ③. The full-year city nonresident spouse may not take a credit.
- If one spouse is a full-year city resident and one spouse is a full-year city nonresident, and you elect to compute your NYC tax as if both were full-year city residents, determine your credit using Table 1, filing status ②.
- If one spouse is a full-year city resident and one spouse is a part-year city resident, you must compute each credit separately and add them together. Determine the full-year city

resident spouse's credit using Table 1, filing status ③, and determine the part-year city resident spouse's credit using Table 2, filing status ③.

Example: You and your spouse are filing a joint New York State income tax return (filing status ⁽²⁾). You were a full-year New York City resident. Your spouse was a New York City resident for only 3 months during the year, and your income was less than \$250,000. Add your credit amount from Table 1, filing status ⁽³⁾ (\$63), and your spouse's credit amount from Table 2, filing status ⁽³⁾ (\$16), for a combined credit of \$79.

 If one spouse was a part-year city resident and the other spouse was a full-year city nonresident, determine your credit for the part-year city resident spouse using Table 2, filing status ③. The full-year city nonresident spouse may not take a credit.

Table 1 - Full-year New York City residents: -New York City school tax credit table

Filing status:	If your income (see below) is:	Your credit* is:		
 Single, filing status ①, or Married filing separate return, filing status ③, or Head of household, filing status ④ 	\$ 250,000 or less	\$ 63		
 Married filing joint return, filing status @, or Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, filing status (\$) 	\$ 250,000 or less	\$ 125		
* The statutory credit amounts have been rounded (see page 5).				

— Table 2 - Part-year New York City residents: — New York City school tax credit proration chart

Resident period	If your income (see below	v) is \$250,000 or less, and	
(number of months)	Your filing status is ①, ③ or ④, your credit* is:	Your filing status is ${}^{\oslash}$ or ${}^{\odot}$, your credit* is:	
1	\$5	\$ 10	
2	10	21	
3	16	31	
4	21	42	
5	26	52	
6	31	63	
7	36	73	
8	42	83	
9	47	94	
10	52	104	
11	57	115	
12	63	125	
* The statutory credit amounts have been rounded (see page 5).			

Income, for purposes of determining your New York City school tax credit, means your federal adjusted gross income (FAGI) from Form IT-201, line 19, minus distributions from an individual retirement account and an individual retirement annuity, from Form IT-201, line 9, if they were included in your FAGI.

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Line 70 – New York City earned income credit (NYC residents only)

Did you claim the **federal** earned income credit for 2015 on your federal return?

If No, you do not qualify to claim this credit. Go to line 70a.

If **Yes**, complete **either** Form IT-215, *Claim for Earned Income Credit*, or Form IT-209, *Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit*. Transfer the amount from Form IT-215 or the amount from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 70. Submit Form IT-215 or Form IT-209 with your return.

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-215 or Form IT-209.

If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write *EIC* in the box to the left of the money column, and leave the money column blank on line 70. You must complete Form IT-201, lines 70a through 75, but do not complete lines 76 through 80. The Tax Department will compute your New York City earned income credit and the resulting refund or amount due.

If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 18, 2016, whichever is later.

Line 70a – New York City enhanced real property tax credit

If you are **not** a New York City resident for the entire tax year, you do not qualify to claim this credit. Go to line 71. If you are a full-year New York City resident, review the instructions for Form NYC-208, *Claim for New York City Enhanced Real Property Tax Credit*, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form NYC-208, transfer the amount from Form NYC-208 to Form IT-201, line 70a, and submit Form NYC-208 with your return.

Line 71 – Other refundable credits

Enter the total amount of other refundable credits from Form IT-201-ATT, Part 1, Section D, line 18. See the credit charts on pages 7 through 11 for a listing of credits that can be refunded.

Lines 72, 73, and 74 – Total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld

If you received a federal Form W-2, *Wage and Tax Statement*, verify that your social security number on your federal Form W-2 is correct. If there is an error, contact your employer to issue you a corrected form (Form W-2c, *Corrected Wage and Tax Statement*). You must complete Form(s) IT-2, *Summary of W-2 Statements*, for any federal Form(s) W-2 (or W-2c) you received. You must complete a W-2 record even if your federal Form W-2 does not show any NYS, New York City (NYC), or Yonkers wages or tax withheld. In addition, if you received foreign income but did not receive a federal Form W-2, you must complete Form IT-2. If you had New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld from annuities, pensions, retirement pay, or IRA payments, you must complete Form(s) IT-1099-R, *Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements*.

Enter on the appropriate line your total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld from:

- · Form(s) IT-2, and
- Form(s) IT-1099-R, and
- Form 1099-G, Certain Government Payments, and

• Form W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings.

Submit Form(s) IT-2 and Form(s) IT-1099-R with your Form IT-201. In addition, submit any federal Forms 1099-G and W-2G that show any NYS, NYC, or Yonkers tax withheld. Do **not** submit federal Form W-2 or 1099-R with your return. Keep copies of those forms and the forms you submitted with your return for your records.

Check your withholding for 2016

If, after completing your 2015 tax return, you want to change the amount of NYS, NYC, or Yonkers tax withheld from your paycheck, complete Form IT-2104, *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate*, and give it to your employer.

Line 75 – Total estimated tax payments and amount paid with Form IT-370

Enter the total of:

- Your 2015 estimated tax payments for New York State, New York City, Yonkers, and MCTMT (include your last installment even if paid in 2016). If you marked filing status ⁽²⁾ but made separate 2015 estimated tax payments (Form IT-2105), enter your combined total estimated tax paid;
- Any amount of overpayment from your 2014 personal income tax and MCTMT returns that you applied to your 2015 estimated tax (if this amount was adjusted by the Tax Department, use the adjusted amount); and
- Any amount you paid with Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals (or Form IT-370-V, Payment Voucher for Form IT-370 Filed Online). If you marked filing status [®] but you and your spouse filed separate Forms IT-370, enter the total amount you and your spouse paid.

Do not include any amounts you paid for the **New York City** unincorporated business tax. File New York City's Form NYC-202 or NYC-202S directly with the New York City Department of Finance.

You can check your balance and reconcile your estimated tax account by going to our Web site or by writing us at:

NYS TAX DEPARTMENT ESTIMATED TAX UNIT W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS ALBANY NY 12227-0822

If you are a beneficiary of an estate or trust and are claiming your portion of any payment of estimated taxes allocated to you by the estate or trust, include your amount on line 75 and submit a copy of the notification issued by the estate or trust with your return. This notification must include the name and identifying number of the estate or trust and the amount allocated to you.

Step 9 – Calculate your refund or the amount you owe

Line 77 – Amount overpaid

If you have to pay an estimated tax penalty (see line 81 instructions), subtract the penalty from the overpayment and enter the net overpayment on line 77.

Your net overpayment can be:

- 1) refunded to you (enter amount on line 78);
- 2) applied to your 2016 estimated tax (enter on line 79); or
- 3) divided between options 1 and 2.

If your estimated tax penalty on line 81 is greater than your overpayment on line 77, enter the difference on line 80 (amount you owe).

Line 78 – Your refund

You must file a return to get a refund.

Enter the amount of overpayment you want refunded to you. You have three ways to receive your refund. You can choose **direct deposit** to have the funds deposited directly into your bank account, or you can choose to have a **debit card** or a **paper check** mailed to you. Mark an **X** in one box to indicate your choice.

Direct deposit

Direct deposit is the fastest and easiest way to get your refund.

If you choose direct deposit, enter your account information on line 83 for a fast and secure direct deposit of your refund (see line 83 instructions). Generally, the Tax Department will **not** notify you that your refund has been deposited. However, if the amount we deposit is different from the amount of refund you claimed, we will send you a written explanation of the adjustment within two weeks from the date your refund is deposited. If we cannot make the direct deposit for any reason (for example, you don't enter complete and correct account information at line 83), we will send your refund to the mailing address on your return.

Direct deposit of your refund is not available if the refund would go to an account outside the U.S. (see *Note* on page 33).

Debit cards

Your debit card(s) will be sent to the mailing address entered on your return. Debit cards are secure, easy to use, and flexible.

- Secure: We've designed the cards so that only you can activate your card. The cards offer fraud and theft protection.
- Easy to use: Use the card like any other debit card. Most banks and retail locations that accept credit cards will accept your refund debit card. You can call toll free or go online to check your balance. Once activated, your card remains valid for 18 months.
- Flexible: The debit card allows you to use your refund in several different ways:
 - Take it as a cash withdrawal from a bank even if you don't have a bank account. You will need to show identification.
 - Use it to make purchases from stores that accept Debit MasterCards.
 - Deposit it into your bank account (if you plan to do this, you should consider choosing to get your refund by *direct deposit* instead).
 - Make ATM withdrawals.

Joint returns – If you filed a joint return, separate debit cards will be mailed together in one envelope to you and your spouse. One

or both of you can activate your card(s) to access the refund. Once activated, either card can access the entire amount of the refund.

 $\ensuremath{\textit{Fees}}$ – In most instances, there's no charge to you for using the debit card.

- Cash withdrawal from a bank: no fee if you want to take the entire amount of your refund in cash at one time (\$1 fee for each later withdrawal). You don't need to have a bank account, but you must present ID to the teller.
- · Retail sales: never a fee
- **ATMs:** If you use the issuing bank's ATM network, there's no fee. Fees probably apply if you use another ATM network.

For more information about the debit card, visit this Web site: *www.bankofamerica.com/nyrefund*

Paper checks

The Tax Department will mail your refund check to the mailing address entered on your return. Paper checks for joint filers will be issued with both names and must be signed by both spouses. Paper checks take weeks to be processed, printed, and mailed.

If you don't have a bank account, you will likely be charged a fee to cash your check. You may want to consider a debit card refund instead; there are several ways to get or spend your money without fees (be sure to carefully read the fee schedule before using the card).

Collection of debts from your refund

We will keep all or part of your overpayment (refund) if you owe a New York State tax liability or a New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liability, or MCTMT liability, if you owe past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to a New York State agency, or to another state, if you defaulted on a governmental education, state university, or city university loan, or if you owe a New York City tax warrant judgment debt. We will refund any amount that exceeds your debt.

A New York State agency includes any state department, board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public benefit corporation, council, office, or other entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state or a social services district.

If you have questions about whether you owe a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to another state, or to a New York State agency, contact the IRS, the other state, or the New York State agency.

For New York State tax liabilities or New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liabilities, or MCTMT liabilities, call (518) 457-5434 or write to: NYS Tax Department, Civil Enforcement Division, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227-4000.

Disclaiming of spouse's debt

If you marked filing status ② and you do not want to apply your part of the overpayment to your spouse's debt because you are not liable for it, complete Form IT-280, *Nonobligated Spouse Allocation*, and submit it with your original return. We need the information on Form IT-280 to process your refund as quickly as possible. You cannot file an amended return to disclaim your spouse's debt after you have filed your original return.

We will notify you if we keep your overpayment because of a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS or a tax debt to

another state. You cannot use Form IT-280 to disclaim liability for a legally enforceable debt to the IRS or to disclaim a tax liability owed to another state. You must contact the IRS or the other state to resolve your responsibility for the asserted liability.

Line 79 – Estimated tax

Enter the amount of overpayment from line 77 that you want applied to your New York State, New York City, Yonkers, and MCTMT estimated tax for 2016. The total of lines 78 and 79 should equal the amount on line 77.

Line 80 – Amount you owe

Enter on line 80 the amount of tax you owe **plus any estimated tax penalty** you owe (see line 81 instructions) and **any other penalties and interest** you owe (see line 82 instructions).

If you choose to pay by electronic funds withdrawal, mark an X in the box, enter your account information on line 83, and enter your electronic funds withdrawal information on line 84.

To avoid other penalties and interest, pay any tax you owe by April 18, 2016.

For additional information on penalties and interest, visit our Web site.

Line 81 – Estimated tax penalty

Begin with these steps to determine if you may owe an estimated tax penalty.

- 1) Locate the amount of your 2014 New York AGI as shown on your 2014 return;
- 2) Locate the amount of your 2014 New York income tax; then
- Calculate the amount of your 2015 prepayments (the amount of withholding and estimated tax payments you have already made or have been paid on your behalf by a partnership or S corporation for 2015).

In general, you are not subject to a penalty if your 2015 prepayments equal at least 100% of your 2014 income tax based on a 12-month return;

However:

- If your 2014 New York AGI was more than \$150,000 (or \$75,000 if you are married filing separately for 2015) and you are not a farmer or a fisherman, your prepayments must equal at least 110% of your 2014 income tax based on a 12-month return;
- You may owe a penalty if line 80 is \$300 or more and represents more than 10% of the income tax shown on your 2015 return; and
- You may owe a penalty if you underpaid your estimated tax liability for any payment period.

For more information, see Form IT-2105.9, *Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries.*

If you owe an estimated tax penalty, enter the penalty amount on line 81. Also add the same amount to any tax due and enter the total on line 80. It is possible for you to owe an estimated tax penalty **and also** be due a refund. In that case, subtract the estimated tax penalty amount from the overpayment and enter the net result on line 77. **Do not include any other penalty or interest amounts on line 77.** Be sure to submit Form IT-2105.9 with your return.

Line 82 - Other penalties and interest

If you owe a late filing penalty, late payment penalty, or interest, enter the penalty and interest amount on line 82. Also add the same amount to any tax due and enter the total on line 80. You may compute the penalty and interest using the *Penalty and Interest Calculator* on our Web site.

Payment options

By automatic bank withdrawal

You may authorize the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account either by completing line 83, or on our Web site.

This payment option is not available if the funds for your payment would come from an account outside the U.S. (see *Note* on page 33).

File now/Pay later! You must specify a future payment date up to and including April 18, 2016. If you file before April 18, money will not be withdrawn from your account before the date you specify. To avoid interest and penalties, you must authorize a withdrawal on or before the filing deadline. If you designate a weekend or a bank holiday, the payment will be withdrawn the next business day. See line 83 instructions.

By check or money order

If you owe more than one dollar, include full payment with your return. Make check or money order payable in U.S. funds to *New York State Income Tax* and write your social security number and *2015 Income Tax* on it. **Do not send cash**.

You must submit Form IT-201-V if you are making a payment by check or money order. For additional information, see Form IT-201-V.

Fee for payments returned by banks

The law allows the Tax Department to charge a \$50 fee when a check, money order, or electronic payment is returned by a bank for nonpayment. However, if an electronic payment is returned as a result of an error by the bank or the department, the department won't charge the fee.

If your payment is returned, we will send a separate bill for \$50 for each return or other tax document associated with the returned payment.

By credit card

You can use your American Express®, Discover®/Novus®, MasterCard®, or Visa® credit card to pay the amount you owe on your New York State income tax return. You can pay your tax due by credit card through the Internet. You will be charged a convenience fee for each credit card payment you make to cover the cost of this service.

You can make your payment by credit card regardless of how you file your income tax return. For returns filed before the due date, you can make credit card payments any time up to the due date. For returns filed on or after the due date, you should make your credit card payment at the same time you file your return.

For additional information on the credit card payment program, go to our Web site.

You must have an Online Services account to make a payment by credit card. You will need the amount of the payment (**line 80 of Form IT-201**), the credit card number, and expiration date. Have a copy of your completed New York State income tax return available. You will be told the amount of the convenience fee that you will be charged to cover the cost of this service. At that point you may elect to accept or cancel the credit card transaction.

If you accept the credit card transaction you will be given a confirmation number. **Keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

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Unable to pay?

To avoid interest and penalty charges, you must file and pay the amount due by April 18, 2016.

If you cannot pay in full, you should file your return on time, and pay as much of the tax due as possible by automatic bank withdrawal, check, or money order. Also consider alternative payment methods such as a commercial or private loan or a credit card transaction to pay any remaining balance.

You will be billed for any unpaid tax plus interest (see *Amount you owe*). Pay the bill immediately if you can; if you cannot, call the number provided on the bill to make other arrangements. If you fail to pay the amount due, New York State may file a tax warrant, seize your assets, and/or garnishee your wages to ensure payment.

Line 83 – Account information

If you marked the box that indicates your payment (or refund) would come from (or go to) an account outside the U.S., **stop.** Do not complete lines 83a, 83b, or 83c (see *Note* below). **All others,** supply the information requested for lines 83a, 83b, and 83c.

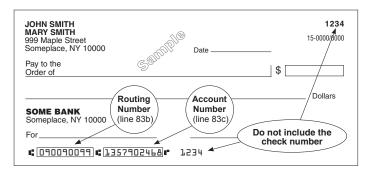
Note: Banking rules prohibit us from honoring requests for electronic funds withdrawal or direct deposit when the funds for your payment (or refund) would come from (or go to) an account outside the U.S. Therefore, if you marked this box, you must pay any amount you owe by check, money order, or credit card (see above); or if you are requesting a refund, we will send your refund to the mailing address on your return.

The following requirements apply to both direct deposit and electronic funds withdrawal:

On line 83a, mark an X in the box for the type of account:

- If you mark personal or business checking, enter the account number shown on your checks. (On the sample check below, the account number is 1357902468. Do not include the check number.)
- If you mark personal or business savings, you can get your savings account number from a preprinted savings account deposit slip, your passbook or other bank records, or from your bank.

Enter your bank's 9-digit routing number on line 83b. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32, the transaction will be rejected. On the sample check below, the routing number is *090090099*.



Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

If your check states that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account, **do not** use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on line 83b.

Enter your account number on line 83c. The number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens (-) but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right.

Contact your bank if you need to verify routing and account numbers or confirm that it will accept your direct deposit or process your electronic funds withdrawal.

If you encounter any problem with direct deposit to, or electronic withdrawal from, your account, call (518) 457-5181. Please allow six to eight weeks for processing your return.

Line 84 – Electronic funds withdrawal

Enter the date you want the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account and the amount from line 80 you want electronically withdrawn. Enter a date that is on or before the due date of your return. If we receive your return after the due date or you do not enter a date, we will withdraw the funds on the day we accept your return.

Your confirmation will be your bank statement that includes a NYS Tax Payment line item.

We will only withdraw the amount that you authorize. If we determine that the amount you owe is different from the amount claimed on your return, we will issue you a refund for any amount overpaid or send you a bill for any additional amount owed, which may include penalty and interest.

You may revoke your electronic funds withdrawal authorization only by contacting the Tax Department at least 5 business days before the payment date.

If you complete the entries for electronic funds withdrawal, **do not** send a check or money order for the same amount due unless you receive a notice.

Step 10 – Sign and date your return

Third-party designee

Do you want to authorize a friend, family member, return preparer, or any other individual (third-party designee) to discuss this tax return and questions arising from it with the New York State Tax Department?

If No, mark an X in the No box.

If **Yes**, mark an **X** in the Yes box. Print the designee's name, phone number, and any five numbers the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). If you want to authorize the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the Tax Department, print the preparer's name and phone number in the spaces for the designee's name and phone number (you do not have to provide a PIN).

If you mark the Yes box, you (and your spouse, if filing a joint return) are authorizing the Tax Department to discuss with the designee any questions related to this return. You are also authorizing the designee to give and receive confidential taxpayer information relating to:

- · this return, including missing information,
- any notices or bills arising from this filing that you share with the designee (they will not be sent to the designee),
- · any payments and collection activity arising from this filing, and
- the status of your return or refund.

This authorization will not expire but will only cover matters relating to this return. If you decide to revoke this designee's authority at any time, call us (see *Need help?*).

You are not authorizing the designee to receive your refund, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the Tax Department. If you want someone to represent you or perform services for you beyond the scope of the third-party designee, you must designate the person using another method such as Form DTF-280, *Tax Information Authorization*, or a power of attorney. For additional information on third-party designees and other types of authorizations, visit our Web site.

Paid preparer's signature

If you pay someone to prepare your return, the paid preparer must also sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.

Paid preparer's responsibilities – Under the law, all paid preparers must sign and complete the paid preparer section of the return. Paid preparers may be subject to civil and/or criminal sanctions if they fail to complete this section in full.

When completing this section, enter your New York tax preparer registration identification number (NYTPRIN) if you are required to have one. If you are not required to have a NYTPRIN, enter in the *NYTPRIN excl. code* box one of the specified 2-digit codes listed below that indicates why you are exempt from the registration requirement. You **must** enter a NYTPRIN **or** an exclusion code. Also, you must enter your federal preparer tax identification number (PTIN) if you have one; if not, you must enter your social security number.

Code	Exemption type	Code	Exemption type
01	Attorney	02	Employee of attorney
03	СРА	04	Employee of CPA
05	PA (Public Accountant)	06	Employee of PA
07	Enrolled agent	08	Employee of enrolled agent
09	Volunteer tax preparer	10	Employee of business preparing that business' return

See our Web site for more information about the tax preparer registration requirements.

Your signature(s)

In the spaces provided at the bottom of page 4, sign and date your **original** return and enter your occupation. If you are married and filing a joint return, also enter your spouse's occupation. Both spouses must sign a joint return; **we cannot process unsigned returns**. Keep your signature(s) within the space(s) provided.

If the return is for someone who died and there is no surviving spouse to sign it, print or type the name and address of the person signing it below the signature. For additional information about deceased taxpayers, see page 41.

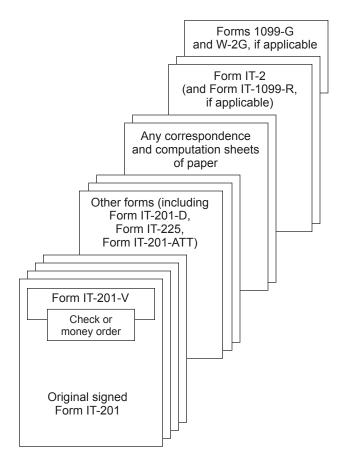
Daytime phone number

This entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your return.

Step 11 – Finish your return

Take a moment to go over your return to avoid errors that may delay your refund. Finish your return as shown below. **Do not staple any items to the return.**

- Make a copy of your return, and any other forms or papers you are submitting, for your records. You may be asked by the Tax Department to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax return.
- 2) Enclose the following in an envelope (see illustration):
 - your check or money order and Form IT-201-V if you owe tax and are not paying by another option
 - · your original, signed return
 - other forms, including Form IT-201-D, Form IT-201-ATT, and Form IT-225
 - · any correspondence and computation sheets of paper
 - Form IT-2 (and Forms IT-1099-R, 1099-G, and W-2G, if applicable)



- 3) Include the following on your envelope:
 - your return address
 - enough postage (some returns require additional postage)
 the appropriate mailing address (see below)
- 4) Mail your return by April 18, 2016.
 - If enclosing a payment (check or money order and Form IT-201-V), mail to: STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 15555 ALBANY NY 12212-5555
 - If not enclosing a payment, mail to: STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

Private delivery services

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to mail in your form and tax payment. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed or paid your tax, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service unless you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. (Currently designated delivery services are listed in Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*. See *Need help?* for information on obtaining forms and publications.) If you have used a designated private delivery service and need to establish the date you filed your form, contact that private delivery service for instructions on how to obtain written proof of the date your form was given to the delivery service for delivery. See Publication 55 for where to send the forms covered by these instructions.

Privacy notification

New York State Law requires all government agencies that maintain a system of records to provide notification of the legal authority for any request, the principal purpose(s) for which the information is to be collected, and where it will be maintained. To view this information, visit our Web site, or, if you do not have Internet access, call and request Publication 54, *Privacy Notification*. See *Need help?* for the Web address and telephone number.

Instructions for Form IT-201-ATT, Other Tax Credits and Taxes

Purpose of Form IT-201-ATT

You must complete Form IT-201-ATT and submit it with your Form IT-201 if:

- you are claiming other New York State, New York City, Yonkers, or MCTMT credits that are not entered directly on Form IT-201; or
- · you are subject to other New York State or New York City taxes.

Line instructions

Enter your name and social security number as they are listed on your Form IT-201. If you are filing a joint return, enter both names and the social security number of the taxpayer listed first on your Form IT-201.

Complete the appropriate form for each credit you are claiming (see the credit charts on pages 7 through 11 for a listing of credits) or to compute other taxes you may have to pay. Follow the form's instructions for how to enter the **money amount(s)** and **code number(s)** on Form IT-201-ATT. **You must submit all applicable credit forms and tax computations with your Form IT-201.**

See the specific instructions for lines 1, 6, 9, and 22 below.

Line A

If you (or an S corporation of which you are a shareholder, or partnership of which you are a partner) are convicted of an offense defined in New York State Penal Law Article 200 (*Bribery Involving Public Servants and Related Offenses*) or 496 (*Corrupting the Government*), or section 195.20 (*Defrauding the Government*), you must mark an **X** in the Yes box. If you marked Yes, you are not eligible for any tax credit allowed under Tax Law Article 9, 9-A, or 33, or any business tax credits allowed under Tax Law Article 22. A *business tax credit allowed under Article 22* is a tax credit allowed to taxpayers under Article 9-A.

Line 1

If you received an accumulation distribution as a beneficiary of a trust, you may be allowed an accumulation distribution credit for your share of:

- · New York State income taxes paid by the trust,* and
- any income tax imposed on the trust by another state, political subdivision within that state, or District of Columbia on income sourced to the other jurisdiction.* However, this credit cannot be more than the percent of tax due determined by dividing the portion of the income taxable to the trust in the other jurisdiction and taxable to the beneficiary in New York by the beneficiary's total New York Income.

The credit may not reduce your tax due to an amount less than would have been due if the accumulation distribution was excluded from your New York AGI. Submit a copy of the computation of your New York State accumulation distribution credit and enter the amount of the credit on line 1.

*These amounts should be provided to you by the trust.

Line 6 – Special instructions for residential fuel oil storage tank credit carryover and solar and wind energy credit carryover

Residential fuel oil storage tank credit carryover

There is no form for computing the residential fuel oil storage tank credit carryover. If you are using any unused credit from last year, you must submit a schedule showing how you computed the amount being used. Enter the amount and code **054** on a line between lines 6a-6n.

Solar and wind energy credit carryover

There is no form for computing the solar and wind energy credit carryover. If you are using any unused credit from last year, you must submit a schedule showing how you computed the amount being used. Enter the amount and code **052** on a line between lines 6a-6n.

Line 9

Compute your NYC accumulation distribution credit using the worksheet below. If you received an accumulation distribution as a beneficiary of a trust, you may be allowed an accumulation distribution credit for your share of:

- · NYC income taxes paid by the trust,* and
- any income tax imposed on the trust by another state, political subdivision within that state, or District of Columbia on income sourced to the other jurisdiction.* However, this credit cannot be more than the percentage of NYC tax due determined by dividing the portion of the income taxable to the trust in the other jurisdiction and taxable to the beneficiary in NYC by the beneficiary's total NYC Income.

The credit may not reduce your tax due to an amount less than would have been due if the accumulation distribution was excluded from your New York AGI. Submit a copy of the computation of your New York State accumulation distribution credit and enter the amount of the credit on line 9.

*These amounts should be provided to you by the trust.

	 NYC accumulation distribution cred 	it v	vorksheet ——
1	Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 49	1	
2	Enter the amount from Form IT-201-ATT, line 33	2	
3	Add lines 1 and 2	3	
4	Enter New York City accumulation distribution credit	4	
5	Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 here and on Form IT-201-ATT, line 9. This is your allowable New York City accumulation distribution credit	5	

Line 22

If the amount on Form IT-201, line 40, is **equal to or less than** the amount on Form IT-201, line 39, enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 43, on line 22.

If the amount on Form IT-201, line 40, is **more than** the amount on Form IT-201, line 39, complete the **Line 22 worksheet** below.

Line 22 worksheet				
1	Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 39	1		
2	Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 41	2		
3	Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 42	3		
4	Add lines 1, 2 and 3, and enter the total here and on line 22	4		

Instructions for Form IT-201-D, Resident Itemized Deduction Schedule

General information

The starting point in computing your New York itemized deduction amount is your federal itemized deductions from federal *Schedule A*. However, differences between federal and New York State tax laws make it necessary to make certain adjustments to your federal itemized deductions in computing your New York itemized deduction.

The subtraction adjustments on line 9 reflect the fact that New York does not allow certain federal itemized deductions such as the federal deduction for state and local income taxes (or general sales tax, if applicable). Because of limits on certain federal deductions, and the overall limit on federal itemized deductions applicable to higher income taxpayers, it may be necessary for you to complete one or more worksheets to determine the amount of the New York subtraction adjustment.

The addition adjustments on line 11 reflect the fact that New York allows certain deductions that are not allowed for federal purposes such as expenses related to income that is exempt from federal tax but subject to New York tax.

Also, further adjustments may be required if you are subject to the New York itemized deduction adjustment for higher income taxpayers (line 13), or if you elect to claim the New York itemized deduction for college tuition expenses (line 15).

Before you begin, locate your federal *Schedule A*, and, if you were required to complete it, the federal itemized deduction worksheet in the instructions for Form 1040.

Line instructions

Lines 1 through 8

Enter the amounts from the designated lines of your federal *Schedule A* (Form 1040).

Line 9 – Subtraction adjustments A through F

To compute your New York itemized deduction, you must subtract certain amounts deducted on your federal return that cannot be deducted on your state return. Follow these steps:

- Add the amounts of the adjustments described in items A through F below. If this total includes any of the adjustments described in items B through F, list them on a separate piece of paper marked *Itemized deduction schedule - subtraction adjustments*. Identify the amount of each adjustment by letter (B through F) and submit that paper with your Form IT-201-D.
 - A State, local, and foreign *income* taxes (or general sales tax, if applicable) from federal *Schedule A*, lines 5 and 8.
 - B Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred in connection with income, or property held for the production of income, which is exempt from New York income tax but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.
 - C Amortization of bond premium attributable to 2015 on any bond whose interest income is exempt from New York income tax, but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.
 - D Interest expense on money borrowed to purchase or carry bonds or securities whose interest is exempt from New York income tax, but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.
 - E If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that could elect but did not elect to be a New York

S corporation, any S corporation deductions included in your total federal itemized deductions. If an S corporation short year is involved, you must allocate those deductions.

F Premiums paid for long-term care insurance to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income (from line 5 of Worksheet 1 below).

	Worksheet 1 – Long-term care adjustment
1	Amount of long-term care premiums included on federal Schedule A, line 1 1
2	Amount from federal Schedule A, line 1 2
3	Divide line 1 by line 2 and round to the fourth decimal place 3
4	Amount from federal Schedule A, line 4 4
5	Multiply line 4 by line 3 5

Partners: Include on line 9 the subtractions described above that apply to your share of partnership deduction items. Obtain your share of partnership items from your Form IT-204-IP, lines 26a through 26f.

S corporation shareholders: If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that is a New York S corporation, or if you were not eligible to make the election to treat your corporation as a New York S corporation because the corporation is not subject to Article 9-A, general business corporation franchise tax, include on line 9 subtractions B, C, D, and F described above that apply to your pro rata share of S corporation items of income, loss or deduction. If the election to be a New York S corporation terminated during the tax year, you must allocate those items. Obtain your share of S corporation items from the S corporation.

If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that could, but did not, elect to be a New York S corporation, include subtraction E only.

- 2) If the amount on Form IT-201, line 19, is **equal to or less than** the applicable amount in Table 1 below based on your filing status, enter the total of your subtraction adjustments on line 9.
- 3) If the amount on Form IT-201, line 19, is **more than** the applicable amount in Table 1 below based on your filing status, you must complete Worksheet 2 below.

Table 1	
	pplicable amount
Single ①	\$ 258,250
Married filing joint return ②, or qualifying	
widow(er) (5) with a dependent child	309,900
Married filing separate return 3	154,950
Head of household \circledast (with qualifying person)	284,050

Instructions for Form IT-201-D (continued)

	Worksheet 2		
1	Enter amount from line 9 of the federal itemized deduction worksheet in the instructions for line 29 of federal Form 1040, Schedule A	1	
2	Enter amount from federal itemized deduction worksheet, line 3	2	
3	Divide line 1 by line 2 and round to the fourth decimal place	3	
4	Amount of subtraction adjustment A (described above)	4	
5	Amount of subtraction adjustments B and C described above that are included in total federal itemized deductions from federal Schedule A, line 29, before any federal disallowance. Also include that portion of the deductions under subtraction adjustment E that is included in lines 19, 27, and 28 of federal Schedule A (e.g., contributions)		
6	Add line 4 and line 5	6	
7	Multiply line 6 by line 3	7	
8	Subtract line 7 from line 6	8	
9	Enter the amount of subtraction adjustments D and E described above, excluding that portion of E included in line 5 above		
10	Enter the amount from Worksheet 1 , line 51	0	
11	Add lines 8, 9, and 10. Enter the total on Form IT-201-D, line 9.	1	

Line 10

Subtract line 9 from line 8 and enter the result. If you made no entry on line 9, enter the amount from line 8 on line 10.

Line 11 – Addition adjustments G, H, and I

In computing your New York itemized deduction, you may add certain amounts that you were not entitled to deduct on your federal return but that you may deduct on your New York State return.

List any of the addition adjustments below that apply to you on a separate piece of paper marked *Itemized deduction schedule* - *addition adjustments*. Identify the amount of each adjustment that applies to you by letter (G, H, and I). Add all of your addition adjustments and enter the total on line 11. Submit that paper with your Form IT-201-D.

- G Interest expense on money borrowed to purchase or carry bonds or securities whose interest is subject to New York income tax, but exempt from federal income tax, if this interest expense was not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.
- H Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during 2015 in connection with income, or property held for the production of income, which is subject to New York income tax but exempt from federal income tax, if these expenses were not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.
- I Amortization of bond premium attributable to 2015 on any bond whose interest income is subject to New York income

tax, but exempt from federal income tax, if this amortization was not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.

Partners: Include on line 11 additions G through I, described above that apply to your share of partnership deduction items. Obtain your share of partnership items from your Form IT-204-IP, lines 24a through 24f.

S corporation shareholders: If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that is a New York S corporation for the tax year, or if you were not eligible to make the election to treat your corporation as a New York S corporation because the corporation is not subject to Article 9-A, general business corporation franchise tax, include on line 11 additions G through I, described above that apply to your pro rata share of S corporation items of income, loss or deduction. If the election to be a New York S corporation terminated during the tax year, you must allocate those items. Obtain your share of S corporation items from the S corporation.

Line 12

Add lines 10 and 11 and enter the total on line 12. If you made no entry on line 11, enter the amount from line 10 on line 12.

Line 13 – Itemized deduction adjustment

Enter the amount of your itemized deduction adjustment. If Form IT-201, line 33 is:

- \$100,000 or less, leave line 13 blank and go to line 14;
- more than \$100,000 but not more than \$475,000, fill in Worksheet 3 below;
- more than \$475,000 but not more than \$525,000, fill in Worksheet 4 below;
- more than \$525,000 but not more than \$1,000,000, enter 50% (.50) of line 12 on line 13;
- more than \$1,000,000, but not more than \$10,000,000, fill in Worksheet 5 below; or
- more than \$10,000,000, fill in Worksheet 6 below.

	Worksheet 3	
1	New York adjusted gross income from Form IT-201, line 33	1
2	Filing status ① or ③ enter \$100,000 or filing status ④ enter \$150,000, or filing status ② or ⑤ enter \$200,000	2
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1. (If line 2 is more than line 1, leave line 13 blank. Do not continue	2
	with this worksheet.)	3
4	Enter the lesser of line 3 or \$50,000	4
5	Divide line 4 by \$50,000 and round to	
	the fourth decimal place	5
6	Enter 25% (.25) of line 12	6
7	Multiply line 5 by line 6	7
	Enter this amount on line 13.	

(continued)

Instructions for Form IT-201-D (continued)

	Worksheet 4		
1	Enter the excess of New York adjusted gross income over \$475,000 (cannot exceed \$50,000)		
2	Divide line 1 by \$50,000 and round to the fourth decimal place	2	
3	Enter 25% (.25) of line 12	3	
4	Multiply line 2 by line 3	4	
5	Add lines 3 and 4	5	
	Enter this amount on line 13.		

— Worksheet 5 –

	Enter this amount on line 13.
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1 3
2	Enter 50% (.50) of your gifts to charity (line 4) 2
1	Enter the amount from line 12 1

_ Worksheet 6 _

1	Enter the amount from line 12 1
2	Enter 25% (.25) of your gifts to charity (line 4) 2
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1 3
	Enter this amount on line 13.

Line 14

Subtract line 13 from line 12. If you made no entry on line 13, enter the amount from line 12 on line 14.

Line 15 – College tuition itemized deduction

Did you, your spouse, or your dependent(s) pay any college tuition expenses during 2015? If **No**, enter **0** and go to line 16.

If Yes, you may be eligible to claim either the college tuition itemized deduction or the college tuition credit. However, you cannot claim both.

Complete Form IT-272, *Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction*, to compute your college tuition itemized deduction. Submit Form IT-272 with your return.

Line 16

Compare the amount on line 16 to your New York standard deduction amount from the standard deduction table on page 20. For greater tax savings, enter the larger of these amounts on Form IT-201, line 34, and mark an *X* in the appropriate box, *Standard* or *Itemized*. If you choose the itemized deduction, you must submit Form IT-201-D with your return.

If you are married and filing separate returns (filing status ③), see the caution for line 34, on page 20.

Additional information

Definitions used to determine resident, nonresident, or part-year resident

You may have to pay income tax as a New York State resident even if you are not considered a resident for other purposes. For income tax purposes, your resident status depends on where you were domiciled and where you maintained a permanent place of abode during the taxable year.

Domicile

In general, your *domicile* is the place you intend to have as your permanent home. Your domicile is, in effect, where your permanent home is located. It is the place you intend to return to after being away (as on vacation abroad, business assignment, educational leave, or military assignment).

You can have only one domicile. Your New York domicile does not change until you can demonstrate that you have abandoned your New York domicile and established a new permanent domicile outside New York State.

A change of domicile must be *clear and convincing*. Easily controlled factors such as where you vote, where your driver's license and registration are issued, or where your will is located are not primary factors in establishing domicile. To determine whether you have, in fact, changed your domicile, you should compare (1) the size, value, and nature of use of your first residence to the size, value, and nature of use of your newly acquired residence; (2) your employment and/or business connections in both locations; (3) the amount of time spent in both locations; (4) the physical location of items that have significant sentimental value to you in both locations; and (5) your close family ties in both locations. A change of domicile is clear and convincing only when your primary ties are clearly greater in the new location. When weighing your primary ties, keep in mind that some may weigh more heavily than others, depending upon your overall lifestyle. If required by the Tax Department, it is the taxpayer's responsibility to produce documentation showing the necessary intention to effect a change of domicile.

If you move to a new location but intend to stay there only for a limited amount of time (no matter how long), your domicile does not change. For example, Mr. Green of ABC Electronics in Newburgh, New York, was temporarily assigned to the Atlanta, Georgia branch office for two years. After his stay in Atlanta, he returned to his job in New York. His domicile did not change during his stay in Georgia; it remained New York State.

If your domicile is in New York State and you go to a foreign country because of a business assignment by your employer, or for study, research or any other purpose, your domicile does not change unless you show that you definitely do not intend to return to New York.

Permanent place of abode

In general, a permanent place of abode is a residence (a building or structure where a person can live) that you permanently maintain, whether you own it or not, that is suitable for year-round use. A permanent place of abode usually includes a residence your spouse owns or leases. For additional information, visit our Web site.

However, a residence maintained by a full-time student enrolled at an institution of higher education in an undergraduate degree program leading to a baccalaureate degree and occupied by the student while attending the institution is not a permanent place of abode with respect to that student. For additional information, see TSB-M-09(15)I, *Amendment to the Definition of Permanent* Place of Abode in the Personal Income Tax Regulations Relating to Certain Undergraduate Students.

Note: Special rules apply to military personnel and their spouses; see Publication 361, *New York State Income Tax Information For Military Personnel and Veterans.*

Resident

You are a New York State resident for income tax purposes if:

• Your domicile is not New York State but you maintain a permanent place of abode in New York State for more than 11 months of the year and spend **184 days or more** (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the taxable year.

Note: If you maintain a permanent place of abode in New York State but are claiming to be a nonresident for tax purposes, you must be able to provide adequate records to substantiate that you did not spend more than 183 days of the tax year in New York State.

However, if you are a member of the armed forces, and your domicile is not New York State, you are not a resident under this definition. Also, if you are a military spouse domiciled in another state, but located in New York State solely to be with your spouse (who is a member of the armed services present in New York State in compliance with military orders), you are not considered a resident under this definition. For more information, see TSB-M-10(1)I, *Military Spouses Residency Relief Act;* **or**

 Your domicile is New York State. However, even if your domicile is New York, you are not a resident if you meet all three of the conditions in either Group A or Group B as follows:

Group A

- 1) You did not maintain any permanent place of abode in New York State during the taxable year; and
- 2) You maintained a permanent place of abode outside New York State during the entire taxable year; and
- 3) You spent **30 days or less** (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the taxable year.

Group B

- 1) You were in a foreign country for at least 450 days (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) during any period of 548 consecutive days; and
- You, your spouse (unless legally separated) and minor children spent **90 days or less** (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during this 548-day period; and
- 3) During the nonresident portion of the taxable year in which the 548-day period begins, and during the nonresident portion of the taxable year in which the 548-day period ends, you were present in New York State for no more than the number of days which bears the same ratio to 90 as the number of days in such portion of the taxable year bears to 548. The following formula illustrates this condition:

Number of days in the

 $\frac{\text{nonresident portion}}{548} \times 90 = \frac{\text{Maximum number of days}}{\text{allowed in New York State}}$

Nonresident

You are a New York State nonresident if you were not a resident of New York State for any part of the year.

Additional information (continued)

Part-year resident

You are a New York State part-year resident if you meet the definition of resident or nonresident for only part of the year.

New York City and Yonkers

For the definition of a **New York City** or **Yonkers** resident, nonresident, and part-year resident, see the definitions of a New York State resident, nonresident, and part-year resident beginning on page 40, and substitute *New York City* or *Yonkers* in place of *New York State*.

For more information on nonresidents and part-year residents, see the instructions for Form IT-203.

Special accruals

As a full-year New York State resident for 2015, or if you are a full-year New York City resident or New York City part-year resident for 2015, you may have to use special accrual rules (see below) to compute your New York State and New York City personal income tax for 2015.

If you are subject to the special accrual rules, see the instructions for Form IT-225, addition modification number A-115 and subtraction modification number S-129.

Full-year New York State residents

You are subject to the special accrual rules **only** if you have accrued income for 2015 (see below), **and**

- you were a nonresident of New York State on December 31, 2014; or
- you will be a New York State nonresident on January 1, 2016.

You have accrued income for 2015 if:

- you have an item of non-New York source income* that was fixed and determinable in a tax year prior to 2015, but you are reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in tax year 2015; or
- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in tax year 2015, but you will be reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in a tax year after 2015.

Full-year and part-year New York City residents

You are subject to the special accrual rules **only** if you have accrued income for 2015 (see below), **and**

- you were a nonresident of New York City on December 31, 2014, but you were a full-year New York City resident for tax year 2015; or
- you were a full-year New York City resident for 2015 but you will be a New York City nonresident on January 1, 2016; or
- you were a New York City part-year resident for tax year 2015.

You have accrued income for 2015 if:

- you have an item of non-New York source income* that was fixed and determinable in a tax year prior to 2015, but you are reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in tax year 2015; or
- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in tax year 2015, but you will be reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in a tax year after 2015; or

- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in your 2015 New York City resident period, but that income is not reportable for federal income tax purposes in your 2015 New York City resident period; or
- you have an item of non-New York source income (see footnote below) that was fixed and determinable in your 2015 New York City nonresident period, but that income is not reportable for federal income tax purposes in your 2015 New York City nonresident period.

Estates and trusts

Estates and trusts are subject to the New York State personal income tax. The fiduciary for an estate or trust must file Form IT-205, *Fiduciary Income Tax Return*. Each beneficiary of an estate or trust must include his or her share of the estate or trust income on Form IT-201. For more information on responsibilities of beneficiaries, see *Beneficiaries (estates and trusts)* on page 16.

Deceased taxpayers

If a taxpayer died after 2014 and before filing a return for 2015, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and **sign** a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If a taxpayer did not have to file a federal return but had New York State tax withheld, a New York return must be filed to get a refund. If a joint federal income tax return was filed for the deceased taxpayer and the surviving spouse, a joint New York State return can be filed. Write *Filing as surviving spouse* in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative for the deceased spouse, he or she must also sign the return. The person who files the return for the deceased taxpayer's date of death in the area indicated near the top of the return.

Partnerships/limited liability partnerships or companies

Partnerships, limited liability partnerships (LLPs) and limited liability companies (LLCs), limited liability investment companies (LLICs) and limited liability trust companies (LLTCs) that are treated as partnerships for federal purposes are not subject to the New York State personal income tax, but individual partners (members) of the partnerships are.

If your partnership has a partner who is a New York State resident, or if the partnership has any income from New York State sources, it must file Form IT-204, *Partnership Return*. If your partnership carried on a business in New York City, it may also have to file New York City's Form NYC-204, *Unincorporated Business Tax Return for Partnerships (including Limited Liability Companies)*. Since New York State does not administer the New York City unincorporated business tax, do not file your Form NYC-204 with your state return.

Net operating loss (NOL)

For New York State income tax purposes, your NOL deduction is limited to the lesser of your federal NOL deduction or your federal taxable income computed without the NOL deduction. For additional information, see the instructions for Form IT-225, addition modification number A-215, and Publication 145, *Net Operating Losses (NOLs) for New York State Resident Individuals, Estates, and Trusts.*

Non-New York source income is income that is not attributable to (1) a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in New York State, or (2) the ownership of any interest in real or tangible personal property in New York State.

Additional information (continued)

Innocent spouse relief

There are three forms of innocent spouse relief: innocent spouse, separation of liability, and equitable relief. You may qualify for relief from full or partial tax liability on a joint return as an innocent spouse if: (1) there is an understatement of tax on a joint return because of an omission or error involving income, deduction, credit, or basis; (2) you can show that when you signed the return you did not know and had no reason to know of the understatement; and (3) taking into account all the facts and circumstances, it would be unfair to hold you liable for the understated tax. You may also request a separation of liability for any understated tax on a joint return if you and your spouse or former spouse are no longer married, or are legally separated, or have lived apart at all times during the 12-month period prior to the date of filing for relief. If you do not qualify as an innocent spouse or for separation of liability, you may qualify for equitable relief if you can show that, taking into account all the facts and circumstances, you should not be held liable for any understatement or underpayment of tax. For more information, see Form IT-285, Request for Innocent Spouse Relief (and Separation of Liability and Equitable Relief). You may use Form IT-285 only for innocent spouse relief under the three circumstances stated above. Do not file Form IT-285 with your return.

If you want to disclaim your spouse's defaulted governmental education, state university, or city university loan or past-due support or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a New York State agency or a New York City tax warrant judgment debt because you do not want to apply your part of a joint refund or refundable credit to a debt owed solely by your spouse, use Form IT-280, *Nonobligated Spouse Allocation*. You must complete Form IT-280 and submit it with your original return when filed. (Also see *Disclaiming of spouse's debt* on page 31.)

Members of the armed forces

If you are a member of the military and a New York State resident, the amount of your military pay that is subject to federal income tax is also subject to New York income tax. However, see the instructions for Form IT-225, subtraction modification number S-118 for information on New York's tax treatment of certain combat pay.

For more information, see Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

Keep a copy of your tax records

Please remember to keep a copy of your completed income tax return. Also keep copies of any books, records, schedules, statements, or other related documents.

The Tax Department may ask you to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax returns.

You should retain copies of your return for at least seven years after you file your return.

Amending your return

File Form IT-201-X to amend a previously filed New York State income tax return. Use Form IT-203-X if you mistakenly filed Form IT-201, but you were a nonresident or part-year resident. See *Other forms you may have to file* on page 12.

Paid preparer information

For information relating to the Tax Preparer Registration Program, the signing of returns by a paid preparer (anyone you pay to prepare your return), e-file mandate for paid preparers, and other requirements relating to paid preparers, see Publication 58, *Information for Income Tax Return Preparers*, and our Web site.

School districts and code numbers

Albany – Erie

Use this list to find the name and code number of the public school district located in the county where you were a resident on December 31, 2015. (If you are a New York City resident, look for your individual county listing.) Enter the school district name and code number at the top of the front of your return in the boxes provided. If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.

Albany

Albany 005 Berne-Knox-Westerlo 050 Bethlehem 051 Cairo-Durham 076 Cohoes 122 Duanesburg 153 Green Island 236 Greenville 240 Guilderland 246 Menands 388 Middleburgh 393 Mohonasen 402 Niskayuna 439 North Colonie (including Maplewood) **443** Ravena-Coeymans-Selkirk 524 Schalmont 568 Schoharie 572 South Colonie 595 Voorheesville 660 Watervliet 674

Allegany

Alfred-Almond 010 Andover 017 Arkport 021 Belfast 044 Bolivar-Richburg **054** Canaseraga **083** Canisteo-Greenwood **086** Cuba-Rushford 138 Dalton-Nunda (Keshegua) 320 Fillmore 192 Friendship 209 Genesee Valley 018 Hinsdale 277 Letchworth 339 Pioneer 498 Portville 512 Scio 575 Wellsville 683 Whitesville 702

Bronx

Bronx 068

Brooklyn (see Kings)

Broome

Afton 003 Bainbridge-Guilford 031 Binghamton 053 Chenango Forks 107 Chenango Valley 108 Cincinnatus 113 Deposit 146 Greene 238 Harpursville 259 Johnson City 313 Maine-Endwell 364 Marathon 372 Newark Valley 432 South Mountain-Hickory 720 Susquehanna Valley 627 Union-Endicott 651 Vestal 658 Whitney Point 703 Windsor 710

Cattaraugus

Allegany-Limestone 011 Cattaraugus-Little Valley 094 Cuba-Rushford 138 Ellicottville 181 Forestville 198 Franklinville 205 Frewsburg 208 Gowanda 230 Hinsdale 277 Olean 462 Pine Valley 497 Pioneer 498 Portville 512 Randolph 522 Salamanca 556 Springville-Griffith Institute 244 Ten Broeck Academy and Franklinville 205 West Valley 690

Cayuga

Auburn 025 Cato-Meridian 092 Groton 245 Hannibal 257 Homer 281 Jordan-Elbridge 315 Moravia 407 Oswego 472 Port Byron 507 Red Creek 525 Skaneateles 588 Southern Cayuga 609 Union Springs 650 Weedsport 681

Chautauqua

Bemus Point 048 Brocton 067 Cassadaga Valley 091 Chautauqua Laké 104 Clymer 119 Dunkirk 155 Falconer 189 Forestville 198 Fredonia 206 Frewsburg 208 Gowanda 230 Jamestown 306 Panama 479 Pine Valley **497** Randolph **522** Ripley 536 Sherman 583 Silver Creek 587 Southwestern 611 Westfield Academy and Central 692

Chemung

Corning-Painted Post 132 Elmira 182 Elmira Heights 183 Horseheads 287 Newfield 436 Odessa-Montour 460 Spencer-Van Etten 613 Watkins Glen 675 Waverly 676 **Caution:** You must enter your school district and code number even if you were absent temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. School aid may be affected if your school district or code number is not correct.

Chenango

Afton 003 Bainbridge-Guilford 031 Brookfield 070 Chenango Forks 107 Cincinnatus 113 DeRuyter 141 Gilbertsville-Mount Upton 222 Greene 238 Harpursville 259 Norwich 455 Otselic Valley 606 Oxford Academy and Central 475 Sherburne-Earlville 582 Sidney 586 Unadilla Valley 422 Whitney Point 703

Clinton

AuSable Valley 026 Beekmantown 043 Chateaugay 102 Chazy 105 Northeastern Clinton 418 Northern Adirondack 453 Peru 492 Plattsburgh 503 Saranac 560 Saranac Lake 561

Columbia

Chatham 103 East Greenbush 158 Germantown 221 Hudson 289 Ichabod Crane 294 New Lebanon 426 Pine Plains 496 Red Hook 526 Schodack 571 Taconic Hills 632 Webutuck 680

Cortland

Cincinnatus 113 Cortland 134 DeRuyter 141 Dryden 152 Fabius-Pompey 187 Greene 238 Groton 245 Homer 281 Marathon 372 McGraw 385 Newark Valley 432 Tully 646 Whitney Point 703

Delaware Andes 016

Bainbridge-Guilford 031 Charlotte Valley 101 Delhi 144 Deposit 146 Downsville 150 Franklin 203 Gilboa-Conesville 223 Hancock 256 Delaware (continued) Jefferson 310 Livingston Manor 349 Margaretville 375 Oneonta 464 Roscoe 545 Roxbury 547 Sidney 586 South Kortright 601 Stamford 620 Sullivan West 143 Unatego 649 Walton 663 Worcester 711

Dutchess

Arlington 022 Beacon 040 Carmel 089 Dover 149 Haldane 249 Hyde Park 293 Millbrook 396 Pawling 483 Pine Plains 496 Poughkeepsie 514 Red Hook 526 Rhinebeck 531 Spackenkill 612 Taconic Hills 632 Wappingers 665 Webutuck 680 Erie Akron 004 Alden 007 Amherst 719 Attica 024 Buffalo 073 Cheektowaga 106 Cheektowaga-Sloan 589 Clarence 114 Cleveland Hill 115 Depew 145 East Aurora 156 Eden 171 Frontier 210 Gowanda 230 Grand Island 232 Hamburg 251 Holland 278 Iroquois 300 Kenmore-Town of Tonawanda 319 Lackawanna 326 Lake Shore 330 Lancaster 332 Maryvale 378 North Collins 442 Orchard Park 468 Pioneer 498 Silver Creek 587 Springville-Griffith Institute 244 Sweet Home 628 Tonawanda City 638 West Seneca 689 Williamsville 706

(Essex – Nassau)

Essex

AuSable Valley 026 Crown Point 137 Elizabethtown-Lewis 179 Keene 317 Lake Placid 328 Minerva 399 Moriah 408 Newcomb 434 Putnam 517 Saranac Lake 561 Schroon Lake 573 Ticonderoga 636 Westport 696 Willsboro 707

Franklin

AuSable Valley 026 Brasher Falls 058 Brushton-Moira 072 Chateaugay 102 Malone 365 Northern Adirondack 453 Salmon River 558 Saranac Lake 561 St. Regis Falls 619 Tupper Lake 647

(Fulton)

Amsterdam 015 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Dolgeville 148 Edinburg 173 Fonda-Fultonville 197 Fort Plain 201 Galway 212 Gloversville 227 Johnstown 314 Mayfield 383 Northville 454 Oppenheim-Ephratah-St. Johnsville 467 Wheelerville 698

(Genesee)

Akron 004 Albion 006 Alden 007 Alexander 008 Attica 024 Batavia 036 Brockport 066 Bvron-Bergen 075 Caledonia-Mumford 077 Elba 177 Iroquois 300 Le Roy 338 Medina 387 Oakfield-Alabama 458 Pavilion 482 Pembroke 487 Rovalton-Hartland 548 Wyoming 714

Greene

Cairo-Durham 076 Catskill 093 Coxsackie-Athens 135 Gilboa-Conesville 223 Greenville 240 Hunter-Tannersville 291 Margaretville 375 Onteora 466 Ravena-Coeymans-Selkirk 524 Windham-Ashland-Jewett 709 Hamilton Indian Lake 296 Inlet 298 Lake Pleasant 329 Long Lake 354 Northville 454 Piseco 499 Poland 506 Raquette Lake 523

Wells 682

Adirondack 002 Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Dolgeville 148 Fort Plain 201 Frankfort-Schuyler 202 Herkimer 268 Holland Patent 279 llion-Mohawk 295 Little Falls 346 Mount Markham 412 New Hartford 424 Oppenheim-Ephratah-St. Johnsville **467** Owen D. Young (Van Hornesville) 474 Poland 506 Remsen 528 Richfield Springs 533 Sauquoit Valley 564 Town of Webb 639 West Canada Valley 685 Whitesboro 701

Jefferson

Alexandria 009 Belleville Henderson 045 Carthage 090 Copenhagen 129 General Brown 217 Gouverneur 229 Hammond 253 Indian River 297 LaFargeville 324 Lyme 356 Sackets Harbor 288 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600 Thousand Islands 634 Watertown 672

Kings (Brooklyn)

Brooklyn 071

Lewis Adirondack 002 Beaver River 041 Camden 079 Carthage 090 Copenhagen 129 Harrisville 261 Lowville Academy and Central 355 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600 South Lewis 602

Livingston

Avon 029 Caledonia-Mumford 077 Canaseraga 083 Dalton-Nunda (Keshequa) 320 Dansville 140 Geneseo 218

Livingston (continued) Honeoye 282 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Le Roy 338 Livonia 350 Mount Morris 413 Naples 420 Paryilion 482 Perry 490 Wayland-Cohocton 677 Wheatland-Chili 697 York 716

Madison

Brookfield 070 Canastota 084 Cazenovia 095 Chittenango 111 DeRuyter **141** East Syracuse-Minoa 167 Edmeston 174 Fabius-Pompey 187 Fayetteville-Manlius 370 Hamilton 252 Madison 361 Morrisville-Eaton 411 Mount Markham 412 Oneida **463** Otselic Valley **606** Sherburne-Earlville 582 Stockbridge Valley 624 Unadilla Valley 422 Vernon-Verona-Sherrill 584 Waterville 673

Manhattan (see New York)

Monroe

Avon 029 Brighton 063 Brockport 066 Byron-Bergen 075 Caledonia-Mumford 077 Churchville-Chili 112 East Irondequoit 160 East Rochester 165 Fairport 188 Gates Chili 216 Greece 235 Hilton 276 Holley 280 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Kendal 318 Penfield 488 Pittsford 500 Rochester 538 Rush-Henrietta 549 Spencerport 614 Victor 659 Wayne 678 Webster 679 West Irondequoit 299 Wheatland-Chili 697

Montgomery

Amsterdam 015 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Canajoharie 081 Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Duanesburg 153 Fonda-Fultonville 197 Fort Plain 201

Montgomery (continued)

Galway 212 Johnstown 314 Oppenheim-Ephratah-St. Johnsville 467 Owen D. Young (Van Hornesville) 474 Schalmont 568 Schoharie 572 Scotia-Glenville 576 Sharon Springs 579

Nassau

Amityville 014 Baldwin 032 Bellmore 046 Bellmore-Merrick CHS* Bethpage 052 Carle Place 088 Cold Spring Harbor 123 East Meadow 162 East Rockaway **166** East Williston **168** Elmont 184 Farmingdale **191** Floral Park-Bellerose **195** Franklin Square 204 Freeport 207 Garden City 214 Glen Cove 224 Great Neck 234 Hempstead 265 Herricks 270 Hewlett-Woodmere 272 Hicksville 273 Island Park 302 Island Trees 303 Jericho 311 Lawrence 337 Levittown 340 Locust Valley 352 Long Beach 353 Lynbrook 357 Malverne 366 Manhasset 368 Massapequa 379 Merrick 389 Mineola 398 New Hyde Park-Garden City Park 425 North Bellmore 441 North Merrick 444 North Shore 448 Oceanside 459 Oyster Bay-East Norwich 476 Plainedge **501** Plainview-Old Bethpage **502** Port Washington 511 Rockville Centre 539 Roosevelt 544 Roslyn 546 Seaford 577 Sewanhaka CHS* Syosset 630 Uniondale 652 Valley Stream CHS* Valley Stream 13 655 Valley Stream 24 656 Valley Stream 30 657 Wantagh 664 Westbury 691 West Hempstead 687

Do not use a high school district (CHS) in Bellmore-Merrick, Sewanhaka, or Valley Stream. Use the code number for the elementary school district where you live.

New York (Manhattan) Manhattan 369 New York City (see individual counties)

Niagara

Akron **004** Barker **035** Lewiston-Porter **341** Lockport **351** Medina **387** Newfane **435** Niagara Falls **437** Niagara Wheatfield **438** North Tonawanda **450** Royalton-Hartland **548** Starpoint **621** Wilson **708**

Oneida

Adirondack 002 Brookfield 070 Camden 079 Central Square 098 Clinton 117 Holland Patent 279 Madison 361 Mount Markham 412 New Hartford 424 New York Mills 430 Oneida 463 Oriskany 469 Poland 506 Remsen 528 Rome 541 Sauquoit Valley 564 Stockbridge Valley 624 Town of Webb 639 Utica 653 Vernon-Verona-Sherrill **584** Waterville **673** West Canada Valley 685 Westmoreland 695 Whitesboro 701

Onondaga

Baldwinsville 033 Cato-Meridian 092 Cazenovia 095 Central Square 098 Chittenango 111 DeRuyter **141** East Syracuse-Minoa **167** Fabius-Pompey **187** Fayetteville-Manlius 370 Homer 281 Jamesville-Dewitt 307 Jordan-Elbridge 315 LaFayette 325 Liverpool 348 Lyncourt 358 Marcellus 373 Moravia 407 North Syracuse 449 Onondaga 465 Phoenix 494 Skaneateles 588 Solvay 593 Syracuse 631 Tully 646 West Genesee 686 Westhill 694

Ontario Bloomfield 157 Canandaigua 082 Geneva 219 Honeoye 282 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Livonia 350 Lyons 360 Manchester-Shortsville (Red Jacket) 527 Marcus Whitman 374 Naples 420 Newark 431 Palmyra-Macedon 478 Penn Yan **489** Phelps-Clifton Springs (Midlakes) 493 Pittsford 500 Victor 659 Wayland-Cohocton 677

Orange

Chester 110 Cornwall 133 Eldred 178 Florida 196 Goshen 228 Greenwood Lake 243 Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery 275 Kiryas Joel Village 725 Marlboro 377 Middletown 394 Minisink Valley 400 Monroe-Woodbury 403 Newburgh 433 North Rockland 445 Pine Bush 495 Port Jervis 510 Ramapo 626 Tuxedo 648 Valley 405 Wallkill 662 Warwick Valley 668 Washingtonville 669

Orleans

Albion 006 Barker 035 Brockport 066 Byron-Bergen 075 Holley 280 Kendall 318 Lyndonville 359 Medina 387 Oakfield-Alabama 458 Royalton-Hartland 548

Oswego

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown 012 Camden 079 Cato-Meridian 092 Central Square 098 Fulton 211 Hannibal 257 Mexico Academy and Central 390 Oswego 472 Phoenix 494 Pulaski Academy and Central 516 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600 2015 IT-201-I, School districts and code numbers 45

Otsego

Bainbridge-Guilford 031 Charlotte Valley 101 Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Cooperstown 128 Edmeston 174 Franklin 203 Gilbertsville-Mount Upton 222 Laurens 336 Milford 395 Morris 409 Mount Markham 412 Oneonta 464 Owen D. Young (Van Hornesville) **474** Richfield Springs 533 Schenevus 570 Sharon Springs 579 Sidney 586 Unadilla Valley 422 Unatego 649 Worcester 711

Putnam

Brewster 060 Carmel 089 Garrison 215 Haldane 249 Lakeland 331 Mahopac 363 North Salem 447 Pawling 483 Putnam Valley 518 Wappingers 665

Queens

Queens 519

Rensselaer

Averill Park 027 Berlin 049 Brunswick (Brittonkill) 064 Cambridge 078 East Greenbush 158 Hoosick Falls 285 Hoosic Valley 284 Ichabod Crane 294 Lansingburgh 334 Mechanicville 386 New Lebanon 426 North Greenbush (Williams) 704 Rensselaer 530 Schodack 571 Stillwater 623 Troy 642 Wynantskill 713

Richmond (Staten Island)

Staten Island 622

Rockland

Clarkstown 423 East Ramapo 615 Nanuet 419 North Rockland 445 Nyack 457 Pearl River 484 Ramapo 626 South Orangetown 605

New York – Staten Island

Saratoga Amsterdam 015 Ballston Spa 034 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Burnt Hills-Ballston Lake 074 Corinth 131 Edinburg **173** Galway **212** Hadley-Luzerne **247** Hudson Falls 290 Mechanicville 386 Niskayuna 439 Northville 454 Saratoga Springs 562 Schuylerville 574 Scotia-Glenville 576 Shenendehowa 581 South Glens Falls 597 Stillwater 623 Waterford-Halfmoon 670

Schenectady

Amsterdam 015 Burnt Hills-Ballston Lake 074 Duanesburg 153 Galway 212 Mohonasen 402 Niskayuna 439 Schalmont 568 Schoharie 572 Scotia-Glenville 576 South Colonie 595

Schoharie

Berne-Knox-Westerlo 050 Cairo-Durham 076 Canajoharie 081 Charlotte Valley 101 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Duanesburg 153 Fonda-Fultonville 197 Gilboa-Conesville 223 Greenville 240 Jefferson 310 Middleburgh 393 Schoharie 572 Sharon Springs 579 Stamford 620

Schuyler

Bradford **057** Corning-Painted Post Dundee **154** Hammondsport Horseheads Odessa-Montour South Seneca Spencer-Van Etten Trumansburg Watkins Glen

Seneca

Clyde-Savannah 118 Geneva 219 Lyons 360 Phelps-Clifton Springs (Midlakes) 493 Romulus 542 Seneca Falls 578 South Seneca 607 Trumansburg 643 Waterloo 671

Staten Island (see Richmond)

Steuben – Yates

Steuben

Addison 001 Alfred-Almond 010 Andover 017 Arkport 021 Avoca 028 Bath 037 Bradford 057 Campbell-Savona 080 Canaseraga 083 Canisteo-Greenwood **086** Corning-Painted Post **132** Dansville **140** Elmira 182 Hammondsport 254 Hornell **286** Jasper-Troupsburg **308** Naples 420 Penn Yan 489 Prattsburg 515 Wayland-Cohocton 677 Whitesville 702

St. Lawrence

Alexandria 009 Brasher Falls 058 Brushton-Moira 072 Canton 087 Clifton-Fine 116 Colton-Pierrepont 124 Edwards-Knox 724 Gouverneur 229 Hammond 253 Harrisville 261 Hermon-DeKalb 269 Heuvelton 271 Indian River 297 Lisbon 345 Madrid-Waddington 362 Massena 380 Morristown 410 Norwood-Norfolk 456 Ogdensburg **461** Parishville-Hopkinton **480** Potsdam 513 Salmon River 558 St. Regis Falls 619 Tupper Lake 647

Suffolk

Amagansett 013 Amityville 014 Babylon 030 Bayport-Blue Point 039 Bay Shore 038 Brentwood 059 Bridgehampton 062 Center Moriches 096 Central Islip 097 Cold Spring Harbor 123 Commack 125 Comsewogue 126 Connetquot 127 Copiague 130 Deer Park 142 East Hampton 159 East Islip 161 East Moriches 163 Eastport-South Manor 170 East Quogue 164 Elwood 186 Farmingdale 191 Fire Island 193 Fishers Island 194 Greenport 239 Half Hollow Hills 250 Hampton Bays 255

Suffolk (continued) Harborfields 258 Hauppauge 264 Huntington 292 Islip 304 Kings Park **321** Lindenhurst **344** Longwood 392 Mattituck-Cutchogue 382 Middle Country 391 Miller Place 397 Montauk 404 Mount Sinai 414 New Suffolk 429 North Babylon 440 Northport-East Northport 452 Oysterponds 477 Patchogue-Medford **481** Port Jefferson **509** Quogue 521 Remsenburg-Speonk 529 Riverhead 537 Rocky Point 540 Sachem 553 Sagaponack 555 Sag Harbor 554 Sayville 566 Shelter Island 580 Shoreham-Wading River 585 Smithtown 590 Southampton 608 South Country 596 South Huntington 599 Southold 610 Springs 617 Three Village 635 Tuckahoe Čommon 645 Wainscott 661 West Babylon 684 Westhampton Beach 693 West Islip 688 William Floyd 381 Wyandanch 712

Sullivan

Eldred 178 Ellenville 180 Fallsburg 190 Liberty 342 Livingston Manor 349 Minisink Valley 400 Monticello 406 Pine Bush 495 Port Jervis 510 Sullivan West 143 Roscoe 545 Tri-Valley 640

Tioga

Candor 085 Dryden 152 Ithaca 305 Maine-Endwell 364 Marathon 372 Newark Valley 432 Owego Apalachin 473 Spencer-Van Etten 613 Tioga 637 Union-Endicott 651 Vestal 658 Waverly 676 Whitney Point 703 Tompkins

Candor 085 Cortland 134 Dryden 152

Tompkins (continued) Groton 245 Homer 281 Ithaca 305 Lansing 333 Moravia 407 Newark Valley 432 Newfield 436 Odessa-Montour 460 Southern Cayuga 609 Spencer-Van Etten 613 Trumansburg 643

Ulster

Ellenville 180 Fallsburg 190 Highland 274 Kingston 322 Livingston Manor 349 Margaretville 375 Marlboro 377 New Paltz 427 Onteora 466 Pine Bush 495 Rondout Valley 543 Saugerties 563 Tri-Valley 640 Valley 405 Wallkill 662

Warren

Abraham Wing 226 Bolton 055 Corinth 131 Glens Falls 225 Hadley-Luzerne 247 Hudson Falls 290 Johnsburg 312 Lake George 327 Minerva 399 North Warren 451 Queensbury 520 Schroon Lake 573 Ticonderoga 636 Warrensburg 666

Washington

Argyle 020 Cambridge 078 Fort Ann 199 Fort Edward 200 Granville 233 Greenwich 241 Hartford 262 Hoosick Falls 285 Hoosic Valley 284 Hudson Falls 290 Lake George 327 Putnam 517 Salem 557 Schuylerville 574 Stillwater 623 Whitehall 700

Wayne

Cato-Meridian 092 Clyde-Savannah 118 Gananda 213 Lyons 360 Marion 376 North Rose-Wolcott 446 Newark 431 Palmyra-Macedon 478 Penfield 488 Phelps-Clifton Springs (Midlakes) 493 Port Byron 507

Wayne (continued) Red Creek 525 Sodus 592 Victor 659 Wayne 678

Webster 679 Williamson 705

Westchester

Ardsley 019 Bedford 042 Blind Brook 535 Briarcliff Manor 061 Bronxville 069 Byram Hills 023 Chappaqua 100 Croton-Harmon 136 Dobbs Ferry 147 Eastchester 169 Edgemont 172 Elmsford 185 Greenburgh Central 7 237 Harrison 260 Hastings-on-Hudson 263 Hendrick Hudson 267 Irvington 301 Katonah-Lewisboro 316 Lakeland 331 Mamaroneck **367** Mount Pleasant **417** Mount Vernon 416 New Rochelle 428 North Salem 447 Ossining 471 Peekskill 485 Pelham 486 Pleasantville 504 Pocantico Hills 505 Port Chester 508 Putnam Valley 518 Rye 551 Rye Neck 552 Scarsdale 567 Somers 594 Tarrytowns 633 Tuckahoe Union Free 644 Valhalla 654 White Plains 699 Yonkers 715 Yorktown 717

Wyoming

Alden 007 Alexander 008 Attica 024 Dalton-Nunda (Keshequa) 320 Fillmore 192 Holland 278 Iroquois 300 Letchworth 339 Pavilion 482 Perry 490 Pioneer 498 Warsaw 667 Wyoming 714 York 716

Yates

Dundee 154 Geneva 219 Marcus Whitman 374 Naples 420 Penn Yan 489 Prattsburg 515

And you are -

Married

filing

jointly ³

Your New York State tax is:

1,817 (1,820 1,823

1,826

Head

of a

household

1,962 1,966

1 969

1,972

lf your taxable

income is -

But

less

than

38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400 Single

or

Married

filing

separately

2,130 2,134 2,137 2,140

At

least

38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350

NYS

2015 New York State Tax Table

\$0 - \$5,999

If your New York adjusted gross income, Form IT-201, line 33 is more than \$106,200, you cannot use these tables. See *Tax computation - New York AGI of more than \$106,200* beginning on page 56 to compute your tax. Failure to follow these instructions may result in your having to pay interest and penalty if the income tax you report on your return is less than the correct amount.

In this **New York State** tax table, the *taxable income* column is the amount from Form IT-201, line 38. **Example:** *Mr.* and *Mrs.* Jones are filing a joint return on Form IT-201. Their taxable income on line 38 is \$38,275. First, they find the 38,250 - 38,300 income line. Next, they find the column for **Married filing jointly** and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$1,820. This is the tax amount they must write on line 39 of Form IT-201.

lf yo taxa incom				ble	A	nd you are	. –	lf yo taxa incom	ble	And you are –				
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
		Your Ne	w York Sta	te tax is:										
\$0 13	\$13 25	\$0 1	\$0 1	\$0 1	2,0	00	Your Ne	w York Sta	te tax is:	4,0	00	Your Ne	w York Sta	te tax is:
25 50 100 150	50 100 150 200	1 2 3 5 7	2 3 5 7	2 3 5 7	2,000 2,050 2,100 2,150	2,050 2,100 2,150 2,200	81 83 85 87	81 83 85 87	81 83 85 87	4,000 4,050 4,100 4,150	4,050 4,100 4,150 4,200	161 163 165 167	161 163 165 167	161 163 165 167
200	250	9	9	9	2,200	2,250	89	89	89	4,200	4,250	169	169	169
250	300	11	11	11	2,250	2,300	91	91	91	4,250	4,300	171	171	171
300	350	13	13	13	2,300	2,350	93	93	93	4,300	4,350	173	173	173
350	400	15	15	15	2,350	2,400	95	95	95	4,350	4,400	175	175	175
400	450	17	17	17	2,400	2,450	97	97	97	4,400	4,450	177	177	177
450	500	19	19	19	2,450	2,500	99	99	99	4,450	4,500	179	179	179
500	550	21	21	21	2,500	2,550	101	101	101	4,500	4,550	181	181	181
550	600	23	23	23	2,550	2,600	103	103	103	4,550	4,600	183	183	183
600	650	25	25	25	2,600	2,650	105	105	105	4,600	4,650	185	185	185
650	700	27	27	27	2,650	2,700	107	107	107	4,650	4,700	187	187	187
700	750	29	29	29	2,700	2,750	109	109	109	4,700	4,750	189	189	189
750	800	31	31	31	2,750	2,800	111	111	111	4,750	4,800	191	191	191
800	850	33	33	33	2,800	2,850	113	113	113	4,800	4,850	193	193	193
850	900	35	35	35	2,850	2,900	115	115	115	4,850	4,900	195	195	195
900	950	37	37	37	2,900	2,950	117	117	117	4,900	4,950	197	197	197
950	1,000	39	39	39	2,950	3,000	119	119	119	4,950	5,000	199	199	199
1,0	00	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	3,0	00	Your Nev	our New York State tax is:)0	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:
1,000	1,050	41	41	41	3,000	3,050	121	121	121	5,000	5,050	201	201	201
1,050	1,100	43	43	43	3,050	3,100	123	123	123	5,050	5,100	203	203	203
1,100	1,150	45	45	45	3,100	3,150	125	125	125	5,100	5,150	205	205	205
1,150	1,200	47	47	47	3,150	3,200	127	127	127	5,150	5,200	207	207	207
1,200	1,250	49	49	49	3,200	3,250	129	129	129	5,200	5,250	209	209	209
1,250	1,300	51	51	51	3,250	3,300	131	131	131	5,250	5,300	211	211	211
1,300	1,350	53	53	53	3,300	3,350	133	133	133	5,300	5,350	213	213	213
1,350	1,400	55	55	55	3,350	3,400	135	135	135	5,350	5,400	215	215	215
1,400	1,450	57	57	57	3,400	3,450	137	137	137	5,400	5,450	217	217	217
1,450	1,500	59	59	59	3,450	3,500	139	139	139	5,450	5,500	219	219	219
1,500	1,550	61	61	61	3,500	3,550	141	141	141	5,500	5,550	221	221	221
1,550	1,600	63	63	63	3,550	3,600	143	143	143	5,550	5,600	223	223	223
1,600	1,650	65	65	65	3,600	3,650	145	145	145	5,600	5,650	225	225	225
1,650	1,700	67	67	67	3,650	3,700	147	147	147	5,650	5,700	227	227	227
1,700	1,750	69	69	69	3,700	3,750	149	149	149	5,700	5,750	229	229	229
1,750	1,800	71	71	71	3,750	3,800	151	151	151	5,750	5,800	231	231	231
1,800	1,850	73	73	73	3,800	3,850	153	153	153	5,800	5,850	233	233	233
1,850	1,900	75	75	75	3,850	3,900	155	155	155	5,850	5,900	235	235	235
1,900	1,950	77	77	77	3,900	3,950	157	157	157	5,900	5,950	237	237	237
1,950	2,000	79	79	79	3,950	4,000	159	159	159	5,950	6,000	239	239	239

\$6,000 - \$14,999

2015 New York **State** Tax Table

NYS

If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are) –	If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are	9 —	If yo taxa incom	able	An	d you are) —
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
6,0	00	Your New York State		te tax is:	9,0	9,000		w York Stat	te tax is:	12,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
6,000	6,050	241	241	241	9,000	9,050	364	361	361	12,000	12,050	502	481	481
6,050	6,100	243	243	243	9,050	9,100	366	363	363	12,050	12,100	505	483	483
6,100	6,150	245	245	245	9,100	9,150	369	365	365	12,100	12,150	508	485	485
6,150	6,200	247	247	247	9,150	9,200	371	367	367	12,150	12,200	510	487	487
6,200	6,250	249	249	249	9,200	9,250	373	369	369	12,200	12,250	513	489	489
6,250	6,300	251	251	251	9,250	9,300	375	371	371	12,250	12,300	515	491	491
6,300	6,350	253	253	253	9,300	9,350	378	373	373	12,300	12,350	518	493	493
6,350	6,400	255	255	255	9,350	9,400	380	375	375	12,350	12,400	521	495	495
6,400	6,450	257	257	257	9,400	9,450	382	377	377	12,400	12,450	523	497	497
6,450	6,500	259	259	259	9,450	9,500	384	379	379	12,450	12,500	526	499	499
6,500	6,550	261	261	261	9,500	9,550	387	381	381	12,500	12,550	529	501	501
6,550	6,600	263	263	263	9,550	9,600	389	383	383	12,550	12,600	531	503	503
6,600	6,650	265	265	265	9,600	9,650	391	385	385	12,600	12,650	534	505	505
6,650	6,700	267	267	267	9,650	9,700	393	387	387	12,650	12,700	536	507	507
6,700	6,750	269	269	269	9,700	9,750	396	389	389	12,700	12,750	539	509	509
6,750	6,800	271	271	271	9,750	9,800	398	391	391	12,750	12,800	542	511	511
6,800	6,850	273	273	273	9,800	9,850	400	393	393	12,800	12,850	544	513	514
6,850	6,900	275	275	275	9,850	9,900	402	395	395	12,850	12,900	547	515	516
6,900	6,950	277	277	277	9,900	9,950	405	397	397	12,900	12,950	550	517	518
6,950	7,000	279	279	279	9,950	10,000	407	399	399	12,950	13,000	552	519	520
7,0	00	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	10,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	13,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200	281 283 285 287	281 283 285 287	281 283 285 287	10,000 10,050 10,100 10,150	10,050 10,100 10,150 10,200	409 411 414 416	401 403 405 407	401 403 405 407	13,050 13,100	13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200	555 557 560 563	521 523 525 527	523 525 527 529
7,200	7,250	289	289	289	10,200	10,250	418	409	409	13,200	13,250	565	529	532
7,250	7,300	291	291	291	10,250	10,300	420	411	411	13,250	13,300	568	531	534
7,300	7,350	293	293	293	10,300	10,350	423	413	413	13,300	13,350	571	533	536
7,350	7,400	295	295	295	10,350	10,400	425	415	415	13,350	13,400	573	535	538
7,400	7,450	297	297	297	10,400	10,450	427	417	417	13,400	13,450	576	537	541
7,450	7,500	299	299	299	10,450	10,500	429	419	419	13,450	13,500	578	539	543
7,500	7,550	301	301	301	10,500	10,550	432	421	421	13,500	13,550	581	541	545
7,550	7,600	303	303	303	10,550	10,600	434	423	423	13,550	13,600	584	543	547
7,600	7,650	305	305	305	10,600	10,650	436	425	425	13,600	13,650	586	545	550
7,650	7,700	307	307	307	10,650	10,700	438	427	427	13,650	13,700	589	547	552
7,700	7,750	309	309	309	10,700	10,750	441	429	429	13,700	13,750	592	549	554
7,750	7,800	311	311	311	10,750	10,800	443	431	431	13,750	13,800	594	551	556
7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950	7,850 7,900 7,950 8,000	313 315 317 319	313 315 317 319	313 315 317 319	10,800 10,850 10,900 10,950	10,950	445 447 450 452	433 435 437 439	433 435 437 439	13,800 13,850 13,900 13,950	13,900 13,950	597 600 603 606	553 555 557 559	559 561 563 565
8,0	00	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	11,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	14,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
8,000 8,050 8,100 8,150	8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200	321 323 325 327	321 323 325 327	321 323 325 327	11,000 11,050 11,100 11,150	11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200	454 456 459 461	441 443 445 447	441 443 445 447	14,100	14,100 14,150	609 612 615 618	561 563 565 567	568 570 572 574
8,200	8,250	329	329	329	11,200	11,250	463	449	449	14,200	14,250	621	569	577
8,250	8,300	331	331	331	11,250	11,300	465	451	451	14,250	14,300	624	571	579
8,300	8,350	333	333	333	11,300	11,350	468	453	453	14,300	14,350	627	573	581
8,350	8,400	335	335	335	11,350	11,400	470	455	455	14,350	14,400	630	575	583
8,400 8,450 8,500 8,550	8,450 8,500 8,550 8,600	337 339 342 344	337 339 341 343	337 339 341 343	11,400 11,450 11,500 11,550	11,450 11,500 11,550 11,600	472 474 477 479	457 459 461 463	457 459 461 463	14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550	14,500 14,550	633 636 639 642	577 579 581 583	586 588 590 592
8,600	8,650	346	345	345	11,600	11,650	481	465	465	14,600	14,650	645	585	595
8,650	8,700	348	347	347	11,650	11,700	484	467	467	14,650	14,700	648	587	597
8,700	8,750	351	349	349	11,700	11,750	487	469	469	14,700	14,750	651	589	599
8,750	8,800	353	351	351	11,750	11,800	489	471	471	14,750	14,800	653	591	601
8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950	8,850 8,900 8,950 9,000	355 357 360 362	353 355 357 359	353 355 357 359	11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950	11,850 11,900 11,950 12,000	492 494 497 500	473 475 477 479	473 475 477 479		14,900 14,950	656 659 662 665	593 595 597 599	604 606 608 610

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2015 New York **State** Tax Table

\$15,000 - \$23,999

If yo taxa	able	A	nd you are) —	If ye taxa	able	А	nd you are		taxa	our able	Aı	nd you are) —
incom At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	incom At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	incom At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
15,	15,000 Your New York State tax		te tax is:	18,	000	Your New York State ta		e tax is:	21,0	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:	
15,000	15,050	668	601	613	18,000	18,050	845	726	752	21,000	21,050	1,022	861	912
15,050	15,100	671	603	615	18,050	18,100	848	729	755	21,050	21,100	1,025	864	915
15,100	15,150	674	605	617	18,100	18,150	851	731	757	21,100	21,150	1,028	866	918
15,150	15,200	677	607	619	18,150	18,200	854	733	760	21,150	21,200	1,031	868	921
15,200	15,250	680	609	622	18,200	18,250	857	735	763	21,200	21,250	1,034	870	924
15,250	15,300	683	611	624	18,250	18,300	860	738	765	21,250	21,300	1,037	873	927
15,300	15,350	686	613	626	18,300	18,350	863	740	768	21,300	21,350	1,040	875	930
15,350	15,400	689	615	628	18,350	18,400	866	742	771	21,350	21,400	1,044	877	933
15,400	15,450	692	617	631	18,400	18,450	869	744	773	21,400	21,450	1,047	879	936
15,450	15,500	695	619	633	18,450	18,500	872	747	776	21,450	21,500	1,050	882	939
15,500	15,550	698	621	635	18,500	18,550	875	749	778	21,500	21,550	1,053	884	942
15,550	15,600	701	623	637	18,550	18,600	878	751	781	21,550	21,600	1,056	886	945
15,600	15,650	704	625	640	18,600	18,650	881	753	784	21,600	21,650	1,060	888	948
15,650	15,700	707	627	642	18,650	18,700	884	756	786	21,650	21,700	1,063	891	950
15,700	15,750	710	629	644	18,700	18,750	887	758	789	21,700	21,750	1,066	893	953
15,750	15,800	712	631	646	18,750	18,800	889	760	792	21,750	21,800	1,069	895	956
15,800	15,850	715	633	649	18,800	18,850	892	762	794	21,800	21,850	1,073	897	959
15,850	15,900	718	635	651	18,850	18,900	895	765	797	21,850	21,900	1,076	900	962
15,900	15,950	721	637	653	18,900	18,950	898	767	799	21,900	21,950	1,079	902	965
15,950	16,000	724	639	655	18,950	19,000	901	769	802	21,950	22,000	1,082	904	968
16,	000	Your New	v York Stat	te tax is:	19,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	22,0	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:
16,000	16,050	727	641	658	19,000	19,050	904	771	805	22,000	22,050	1,085	906	971
16,050	16,100	730	643	660	19,050	19,100	907	774	807	22,050	22,100	1,089	909	974
16,100	16,150	733	645	662	19,100	19,150	910	776	810	22,100	22,150	1,092	911	977
16,150	16,200	736	647	664	19,150	19,200	913	778	813	22,150	22,200	1,095	913	980
16,200	16,250	739	649	667	19,200	19,250	916	780	815	22,200	22,250	1,098	915	983
16,250	16,300	742	651	669	19,250	19,300	919	783	818	22,250	22,300	1,102	918	986
16,300	16,350	745	653	671	19,300	19,350	922	785	820	22,300	22,350	1,105	920	989
16,350	16,400	748	655	673	19,350	19,400	925	787	823	22,350	22,400	1,108	922	992
16,400	16,450	751	657	676	19,400	19,450	928	789	826	22,400	22,450	1,111	924	995
16,450	16,500	754	659	678	19,450	19,500	931	792	828	22,450	22,500	1,114	927	998
16,500	16,550	757	661	680	19,500	19,550	934	794	831	22,500	22,550	1,118	929	1,001
16,550	16,600	760	663	682	19,550	19,600	937	796	834	22,550	22,600	1,121	931	1,004
16,600	16,650	763	665	685	19,600	19,650	940	798	836	22,600	22,650	1,124	933	1,007
16,650	16,700	766	667	687	19,650	19,700	943	801	839	22,650	22,700	1,127	936	1,009
16,700	16,750	769	669	689	19,700	19,750	946	803	841	22,700	22,750	1,131	938	1,012
16,750	16,800	771	671	691	19,750	19,800	948	805	844	22,750	22,800	1,134	940	1,015
16,850	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000	774 777 780 783	673 675 677 679	694 696 698 700	19,850 19,900	19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	951 954 957 960	807 810 812 814	847 849 852 855	22,800 22,850 22,900 22,950	22,950	1,137 1,140 1,143 1,147	942 945 947 949	1,018 1,021 1,024 1,027
17,	000	Your New	v York Stat	e tax is:		000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	23,0		Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:
17,000 17,050 17,100 17,150	17,100	786 789 792 795	681 684 686 688	703 705 707 709	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,100 20,150	963 966 969 972	816 819 821 823	857 860 862 865	23,000 23,050 23,100 23,150	23,100 23,150	1,150 1,153 1,156 1,160	951 954 956 958	1,030 1,033 1,036 1,039
17,250	17,250	798	690	712	20,200	20,250	975	825	868	23,200	23,250	1,163	960	1,042
	17,300	801	693	714	20,250	20,300	978	828	870	23,250	23,300	1,166	963	1,045
	17,350	804	695	716	20,300	20,350	981	830	873	23,300	23,350	1,169	965	1,048
	17,400	807	697	718	20,350	20,400	984	832	876	23,350	23,400	1,173	968	1,051
17,400	17,450	810	699	721	20,400	20,450	987	834	878	23,400	23,450	1,176	971	1,054
17,450	17,500	813	702	723	20,450	20,500	990	837	881	23,450	23,500	1,179	973	1,057
17,500	17,550	816	704	726	20,500	20,550	993	839	883	23,500	23,550	1,182	976	1,060
17,550	17,600	819	706	729	20,550	20,600	996	841	886	23,550	23,600	1,185	978	1,063
	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	822 825 828 830	708 711 713 715	731 734 736 739	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750		999 1,002 1,005 1,007	843 846 848 850	889 891 894 897	23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	1,189 1,192 1,195 1,198	981 984 986 989	1,066 1,068 1,071 1,074
17,850	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000	833 836 839 842	717 720 722 724	742 744 747 750	20,800 20,850 20,900 20,950	20,900 20,950	1,010 1,013 1,016 1,019	852 855 857 859	900 903 906 909	23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950		1,202 1,205 1,208 1,211	992 994 997 999	1,077 1,080 1,083 1,086

\$24,000 - \$32,999

2015 New York **State** Tax Table

NYS

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If yet taxa incom	able	A	nd you are	9 -	If y taxa incom		A	nd you are) -	taxa	our able ne is –	An	d you are) -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	
24,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	27,	000	Your Nev	w York Sta t	t e tax is:	30,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	
24,000 24,050 24,100 24,150	24,100 24,150	1,214 1,218 1,221 1,224	1,002 1,005 1,007 1,010	1,089 1,092 1,095 1,098	27,000 27,050 27,100 27,150	27,050 27,100 27,150 27,200	1,408 1,411 1,414 1,418	1,160 1,162 1,165 1,167	1,266 1,269 1,272 1,275	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200	1,601 1,605 1,608 1,611	1,333 1,336 1,339 1,342	1,443 1,446 1,449 1,452	
24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	24,250 24,300 24,350 24,400	1,227 1,231 1,234 1,237	1,013 1,015 1,018 1,020	1,101 1,104 1,107 1,110	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350 27,400	1,421 1,424 1,427 1,431	1,170 1,173 1,175 1,178	1,278 1,281 1,284 1,287	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	1,614 1,618 1,621 1,624	1,345 1,348 1,351 1,354	1,455 1,458 1,461 1,464	
	24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	1,240 1,243 1,247 1,250	1,023 1,026 1,028 1,031	1,113 1,116 1,119 1,122	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	1,434 1,437 1,440 1,443	1,181 1,183 1,186 1,188	1,290 1,293 1,296 1,299	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	1,627 1,630 1,634 1,637	1,357 1,360 1,363 1,365	1,467 1,470 1,473 1,476	
	24,650 24,700 24,750 24,800	1,253 1,256 1,260 1,263	1,034 1,036 1,039 1,041	1,125 1,127 1,130 1,133	27,600 27,650 27,700 27,750	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	1,447 1,450 1,453 1,456	1,191 1,194 1,197 1,200	1,302 1,304 1,307 1,310	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700 30,750 30,800	1,640 1,643 1,647 1,650	1,368 1,371 1,374 1,377	1,479 1,481 1,484 1,487	
	24,850 24,900 24,950 25,000	1,266 1,269 1,272 1,276	1,044 1,047 1,049 1,052	1,136 1,139 1,142 1,145	27,800 27,850 27,900 27,950	27,850 27,900 27,950 28,000	1,460 1,463 1,466 1,469	1,203 1,206 1,209 1,212	1,313 1,316 1,319 1,322	30,800 30,850 30,900 30,950	30,850 30,900 30,950 31,000	1,653 1,656 1,659 1,663	1,380 1,383 1,386 1,389	1,490 1,493 1,496 1,499	
25,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	28,	000	Your Nev	w York Sta t	t e tax is:	31,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	
25,000 25,050 25,100 25,150	25,050 25,100 25,150 25,200	1,279 1,282 1,285 1,289	1,055 1,057 1,060 1,062	1,148 1,151 1,154 1,157	28,000 28,050 28,100 28,150	28,050 28,100 28,150 28,200	1,472 1,476 1,479 1,482	1,215 1,218 1,221 1,224	1,325 1,328 1,331 1,334	31,000 31,050 31,100 31,150	31,050 31,100 31,150 31,200	1,666 1,669 1,672 1,676	1,392 1,395 1,398 1,401	1,502 1,505 1,508 1,511	
25,200 25,250 25,300 25,350	25,250 25,300 25,350 25,400	1,292 1,295 1,298 1,302	1,065 1,068 1,070 1,073	1,160 1,163 1,166 1,169	28,200 28,250 28,300 28,350	28,250 28,300 28,350 28,400	1,485 1,489 1,492 1,495	1,227 1,230 1,233 1,236	1,337 1,340 1,343 1,346	31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350	31,250 31,300 31,350 31,400	1,679 1,682 1,685 1,689	1,404 1,407 1,410 1,413	1,514 1,517 1,520 1,523	
25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550	25,450 25,500 25,550 25,600	1,305 1,308 1,311 1,314	1,076 1,078 1,081 1,083	1,172 1,175 1,178 1,181	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,450 28,500 28,550 28,600	1,498 1,501 1,505 1,508	1,239 1,242 1,245 1,247	1,349 1,352 1,355 1,358	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	1,692 1,695 1,698 1,701	1,416 1,419 1,422 1,424	1,526 1,529 1,532 1,535	
25,600 25,650 25,700 25,750	25,650 25,700 25,750 25,800	1,318 1,321 1,324 1,327	1,086 1,089 1,091 1,094	1,184 1,186 1,189 1,192	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750	28,650 28,700 28,750 28,800	1,511 1,514 1,518 1,521	1,250 1,253 1,256 1,259	1,361 1,363 1,366 1,369	31,600 31,650 31,700 31,750	31,650 31,700 31,750 31,800	1,705 1,708 1,711 1,714	1,427 1,430 1,433 1,436	1,538 1,540 1,543 1,546	
25,850 25,900	25,850 25,900 25,950 26,000	1,331 1,334 1,337 1,340	1,097 1,099 1,102 1,104	1,195 1,198 1,201 1,204	28,800 28,850 28,900 28,950	28,900 28,950	1,524 1,527 1,530 1,534	1,262 1,265 1,268 1,271	1,372 1,375 1,378 1,381		31,850 31,900 31,950 32,000	1,718 1,721 1,724 1,727	1,439 1,442 1,445 1,448	1,550 1,553 1,556 1,559	
26,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	29,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:	32,		Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	
26,050 26,100	26,050 26,100 26,150 26,200	1,343 1,347 1,350 1,353	1,107 1,110 1,112 1,115	1,207 1,210 1,213 1,216	29,000 29,050 29,100 29,150	29,050 29,100 29,150 29,200	1,537 1,540 1,543 1,547	1,274 1,277 1,280 1,283	1,384 1,387 1,390 1,393	32,050 32,100	32,050 32,100 32,150 32,200	1,730 1,734 1,737 1,740	1,451 1,454 1,457 1,460	1,563 1,566 1,569 1,572	
26,200 26,250 26,300 26,350	26,250 26,300 26,350 26,400	1,356 1,360 1,363 1,366	1,118 1,120 1,123 1,125	1,219 1,222 1,225 1,228	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400	1,550 1,553 1,556 1,560	1,286 1,289 1,292 1,295	1,396 1,399 1,402 1,405	32,200 32,250 32,300 32,350	32,300 32,350 32,400	1,743 1,747 1,750 1,753	1,463 1,466 1,469 1,472	1,575 1,579 1,582 1,585	
26,550	26,500 26,550 26,600	1,369 1,372 1,376 1,379	1,128 1,131 1,133 1,136	1,231 1,234 1,237 1,240	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600	1,563 1,566 1,569 1,572	1,298 1,301 1,304 1,306	1,408 1,411 1,414 1,417	32,400 32,450 32,500 32,550	32,550 32,600	1,756 1,759 1,763 1,766	1,475 1,478 1,481 1,483	1,588 1,592 1,595 1,598	
26,650 26,700 26,750	26,750 26,800	1,382 1,385 1,389 1,392	1,139 1,141 1,144 1,146	1,243 1,245 1,248 1,251	29,600 29,650 29,700 29,750	29,650 29,700 29,750 29,800	1,576 1,579 1,582 1,585	1,309 1,312 1,315 1,318	1,420 1,422 1,425 1,428	32,600 32,650 32,700 32,750		1,769 1,772 1,776 1,779	1,486 1,489 1,492 1,495	1,601 1,604 1,608 1,611	
26,850 26,900	26,850 26,900 26,950 27,000	1,395 1,398 1,401 1,405	1,149 1,152 1,154 1,157	1,254 1,257 1,260 1,263	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,850 29,900 29,950 30,000	1,589 1,592 1,595 1,598	1,321 1,324 1,327 1,330	1,431 1,434 1,437 1,440	32,800 32,850 32,900 32,950	32,850 32,900 32,950 33,000	1,782 1,785 1,788 1,792	1,498 1,501 1,504 1,507	1,614 1,617 1,621 1,624	

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2015 New York **State** Tax Table

\$33,000 - \$41,999

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If yo taxa incom	able	А	nd you are) —	lf y taxa incom		A	nd you are	-	lf y taxa incom	able	A	nd you are) —
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
33,	33,000 Your New York State tax is:		te tax is:	36,	000	Your New York State tax is:			39,0	000	Your New York State		te tax is:	
33,000 33,050 33,100 33,150	33,050 33,100 33,150 33,200	1,795 1,798 1,801 1,805	1,510 1,513 1,516 1,519	1,627 1,630 1,633 1,637	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,050 36,100 36,150 36,200	1,988 1,992 1,995 1,998	1,687 1,690 1,693 1,696	1,821 1,824 1,827 1,830	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,050 39,100 39,150 39,200	2,182 2,185 2,188 2,192	1,864 1,867 1,870 1,873	2,014 2,017 2,020 2,024
33,200 33,250 33,300 33,350	33,250 33,300 33,350 33,400	1,808 1,811 1,814 1,818	1,522 1,525 1,528 1,531	1,640 1,643 1,646 1,650	36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350	36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400	2,001 2,005 2,008 2,011	1,699 1,702 1,705 1,708	1,833 1,837 1,840 1,843	39,200 39,250 39,300 39,350	39,250 39,300 39,350 39,400	2,195 2,198 2,201 2,205	1,876 1,879 1,882 1,885	2,027 2,030 2,033 2,037
33,400 33,450 33,500 33,550	33,450 33,500 33,550 33,600	1,821 1,824 1,827 1,830	1,534 1,537 1,540 1,542	1,653 1,656 1,659 1,662	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	2,014 2,017 2,021 2,024	1,711 1,714 1,717 1,719	1,846 1,850 1,853 1,856	39,400 39,450 39,500 39,550	39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	2,208 2,211 2,214 2,217	1,888 1,891 1,894 1,896	2,040 2,043 2,046 2,049
33,600 33,650 33,700 33,750	33,650 33,700 33,750 33,800	1,834 1,837 1,840 1,843	1,545 1,548 1,551 1,554	1,666 1,669 1,672 1,675	36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750	36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800	2,027 2,030 2,034 2,037	1,722 1,725 1,728 1,731	1,859 1,862 1,866 1,869	39,600 39,650 39,700 39,750	39,650 39,700 39,750 39,800	2,221 2,224 2,227 2,230	1,899 1,902 1,905 1,908	2,053 2,056 2,059 2,062
33,800 33,850 33,900 33,950	33,850 33,900 33,950 34,000	1,847 1,850 1,853 1,856	1,557 1,560 1,563 1,566	1,679 1,682 1,685 1,688	36,800 36,850 36,900 36,950	36,850 36,900 36,950 37,000	2,040 2,043 2,046 2,050	1,734 1,737 1,740 1,743	1,872 1,875 1,879 1,882	39,800 39,850 39,900 39,950	39,850 39,900 39,950 40,000	2,234 2,237 2,240 2,243	1,911 1,914 1,917 1,920	2,066 2,069 2,072 2,075
34,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	37,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	40,0	000	Your Nev	v York Sta t	te tax is:
34,000 34,050 34,100 34,150	34,050 34,100 34,150 34,200	1,859 1,863 1,866 1,869	1,569 1,572 1,575 1,578	1,692 1,695 1,698 1,701	37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150	37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200	2,053 2,056 2,059 2,063	1,746 1,749 1,752 1,755	1,885 1,888 1,891 1,895	40,000 40,050 40,100 40,150	40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200	2,246 2,250 2,253 2,256	1,923 1,926 1,929 1,932	2,079 2,082 2,085 2,088
34,200 34,250 34,300 34,350	34,250 34,300 34,350 34,400	1,872 1,876 1,879 1,882	1,581 1,584 1,587 1,590	1,704 1,708 1,711 1,714	37,200 37,250 37,300 37,350	37,250 37,300 37,350 37,400	2,066 2,069 2,072 2,076	1,758 1,761 1,764 1,767	1,898 1,901 1,904 1,908	40,200 40,250 40,300 40,350	40,250 40,300 40,350 40,400	2,259 2,263 2,266 2,269	1,935 1,938 1,941 1,944	2,091 2,095 2,098 2,101
34,400 34,450 34,500 34,550	34,450 34,500 34,550 34,600	1,885 1,888 1,892 1,895	1,593 1,596 1,599 1,601	1,717 1,721 1,724 1,727	37,400 37,450 37,500 37,550	37,450 37,500 37,550 37,600	2,079 2,082 2,085 2,088	1,770 1,773 1,776 1,778	1,911 1,914 1,917 1,920	40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550	40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600	2,272 2,275 2,279 2,282	1,947 1,950 1,953 1,955	2,104 2,108 2,111 2,114
34,600 34,650 34,700 34,750	34,650 34,700 34,750 34,800	1,898 1,901 1,905 1,908	1,604 1,607 1,610 1,613	1,730 1,733 1,737 1,740	37,600 37,650 37,700 37,750	37,650 37,700 37,750 37,800	2,092 2,095 2,098 2,101	1,781 1,784 1,787 1,790	1,924 1,927 1,930 1,933	40,600 40,650 40,700 40,750	40,650 40,700 40,750 40,800	2,285 2,288 2,292 2,295	1,958 1,961 1,964 1,967	2,117 2,120 2,124 2,127
34,850 34,900	34,850 34,900 34,950 35,000	1,911 1,914 1,917 1,921	1,616 1,619 1,622 1,625	1,743 1,746 1,750 1,753	37,800 37,850 37,900 37,950	37,900 37,950	2,105 2,108 2,111 2,114	1,793 1,796 1,799 1,802	1,937 1,940 1,943 1,946	40,800 40,850 40,900 40,950	40,900 40,950	2,298 2,301 2,304 2,308	1,970 1,973 1,976 1,979	2,130 2,133 2,137 2,140
35,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	38,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	41,0		Your Nev	v York Sta	te tax is:
35,000 35,050 35,100 35,150	35,150 35,200	1,924 1,927 1,930 1,934	1,628 1,631 1,634 1,637	1,756 1,759 1,762 1,766	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	2,117 2,121 2,124 2,127	1,805 1,808 1,811 1,814	1,950 1,953 1,956 1,959	41,000 41,050 41,100 41,150	41,100 41,150	2,311 2,314 2,317 2,321	1,982 1,985 1,988 1,991	2,143 2,146 2,149 2,153
35,200 35,250 35,300 35,350	35,400	1,937 1,940 1,943 1,947	1,640 1,643 1,646 1,649	1,769 1,772 1,775 1,779	38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	2,130 2,134 2,137 2,140	1,817 1,820 1,823 1,826	1,962 1,966 1,969 1,972	41,200 41,250 41,300 41,350	41,300 41,350	2,324 2,327 2,330 2,334	1,994 1,997 2,000 2,003	2,156 2,159 2,162 2,166
35,400 35,450 35,500 35,550		1,950 1,953 1,956 1,959	1,652 1,655 1,658 1,660	1,782 1,785 1,788 1,791	38,400 38,450 38,500 38,550	38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600	2,143 2,146 2,150 2,153	1,829 1,832 1,835 1,837	1,975 1,979 1,982 1,985		41,500 41,550	2,337 2,340 2,343 2,346	2,006 2,009 2,012 2,014	2,169 2,172 2,175 2,178
35,600 35,650 35,700 35,750		1,963 1,966 1,969 1,972	1,663 1,666 1,669 1,672	1,795 1,798 1,801 1,804	38,600 38,650 38,700 38,750	38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800	2,156 2,159 2,163 2,166	1,840 1,843 1,846 1,849	1,988 1,991 1,995 1,998		41,700 41,750	2,350 2,353 2,356 2,359	2,017 2,020 2,023 2,026	2,182 2,185 2,188 2,191
35,800 35,850 35,900 35,950	35,850 35,900 35,950 36,000	1,976 1,979 1,982 1,985	1,675 1,678 1,681 1,684	1,808 1,811 1,814 1,817	38,800 38,850 38,900 38,950	38,850 38,900 38,950 39,000	2,169 2,172 2,175 2,179	1,852 1,855 1,858 1,861	2,001 2,004 2,008 2,011	41,800 41,850 41,900 41,950	41,900 41,950	2,363 2,366 2,369 2,372	2,029 2,032 2,035 2,038	2,195 2,198 2,201 2,204

\$42,000 - \$50,999

2015 New York **State** Tax Table

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If your		If your				lfv	our						
ible ie is –	А	nd you are	-	taxa	able	A	nd you are	ə —	taxa	able	An	d you are	ə —
But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	45,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	te tax is:	48,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:
42,050 42,100 42,150 42,200	2,375 2,379 2,382 2,385	2,041 2,044 2,047 2,050	2,208 2,211 2,214 2,217	45,000 45,050 45,100 45,150	45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200	2,569 2,572 2,575 2,575 2,579	2,232 2,235 2,239 2,242	2,401 2,404 2,407 2,411	48,000 48,050 48,100 48,150	48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200	2,762 2,766 2,769 2,772	2,426 2,429 2,432 2,435	2,595 2,598 2,601 2,604
42,250 42,300 42,350 42,400	2,388 2,392 2,395 2,398	2,053 2,056 2,059 2,062	2,220 2,224 2,227 2,230	45,200 45,250 45,300 45,350	45,250 45,300 45,350 45,400	2,582 2,585 2,588 2,588 2,592	2,245 2,248 2,251 2,255	2,414 2,417 2,420 2,424	48,200 48,250 48,300 48,350	48,250 48,300 48,350 48,400	2,775 2,779 2,782 2,785	2,438 2,442 2,445 2,448	2,607 2,611 2,614 2,617
42,450 42,500 42,550 42,600	2,401 2,404 2,408 2,411	2,065 2,068 2,071 2,074	2,233 2,237 2,240 2,243	45,400 45,450 45,500 45,550	45,450 45,500 45,550 45,600	2,595 2,598 2,601 2,604	2,258 2,261 2,264 2,268	2,427 2,430 2,433 2,436	48,400 48,450 48,500 48,550	48,450 48,500 48,550 48,600	2,788 2,791 2,795 2,798	2,451 2,455 2,458 2,461	2,620 2,624 2,627 2,630
42,650 42,700 42,750 42,800	2,414 2,417 2,421 2,424	2,077 2,081 2,084 2,087	2,246 2,249 2,253 2,256	45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	45,650 45,700 45,750 45,800	2,608 2,611 2,614 2,617	2,271 2,274 2,277 2,280	2,440 2,443 2,446 2,449	48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	48,650 48,700 48,750 48,800	2,801 2,804 2,808 2,811	2,464 2,468 2,471 2,474	2,633 2,636 2,640 2,643
42,850 42,900 42,950 43,000	2,427 2,430 2,433 2,437	2,090 2,093 2,097 2,100	2,259 2,262 2,266 2,269	45,800 45,850 45,900 45,950	45,850 45,900 45,950 46,000	2,621 2,624 2,627 2,630	2,284 2,287 2,290 2,293	2,453 2,456 2,459 2,462	48,800 48,850 48,900 48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	2,814 2,817 2,820 2,824	2,477 2,480 2,484 2,487	2,646 2,649 2,653 2,656
000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	46,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:	49,	000	Your New	York Sta	te tax is:
43,050 43,100 43,150 43,200	2,440 2,443 2,446 2,450	2,103 2,106 2,110 2,113	2,272 2,275 2,278 2,282	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150	46,050 46,100 46,150 46,200	2,633 2,637 2,640 2,643	2,297 2,300 2,303 2,306	2,466 2,469 2,472 2,475	49,000 49,050 49,100 49,150	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	2,827 2,830 2,833 2,837	2,490 2,493 2,497 2,500	2,659 2,662 2,665 2,669
43,250 43,300 43,350 43,400	2,453 2,456 2,459 2,463	2,116 2,119 2,122 2,126	2,285 2,288 2,291 2,295	46,200 46,250 46,300 46,350	46,250 46,300 46,350 46,400	2,646 2,650 2,653 2,656	2,309 2,313 2,316 2,319	2,478 2,482 2,485 2,488	49,200 49,250 49,300 49,350	49,250 49,300 49,350 49,400	2,840 2,843 2,846 2,850	2,503 2,506 2,509 2,513	2,672 2,675 2,678 2,682
43,450 43,500 43,550 43,600	2,466 2,469 2,472 2,475	2,129 2,132 2,135 2,139	2,298 2,301 2,304 2,307	46,400 46,450 46,500 46,550	46,450 46,500 46,550 46,600	2,659 2,662 2,666 2,669	2,322 2,326 2,329 2,332	2,491 2,495 2,498 2,501	49,400 49,450 49,500 49,550	49,450 49,500 49,550 49,600	2,853 2,856 2,859 2,862	2,516 2,519 2,522 2,526	2,685 2,688 2,691 2,694
43,650 43,700 43,750 43,800	2,479 2,482 2,485 2,488	2,142 2,145 2,148 2,151	2,311 2,314 2,317 2,320	46,600 46,650 46,700 46,750	46,650 46,700 46,750 46,800	2,672 2,675 2,679 2,682	2,335 2,339 2,342 2,345	2,504 2,507 2,511 2,514	49,600 49,650 49,700 49,750	49,650 49,700 49,750 49,800	2,866 2,869 2,872 2,875	2,529 2,532 2,535 2,538	2,698 2,701 2,704 2,707
43,850 43,900 43,950 44,000	2,492 2,495 2,498 2,501	2,155 2,158 2,161 2,164	2,324 2,327 2,330 2,333	46,850 46,900	46,900 46,950	2,685 2,688 2,691 2,695	2,348 2,351 2,355 2,358	2,517 2,520 2,524 2,527	49,850 49,900	49,900 49,950	2,879 2,882 2,885 2,888	2,542 2,545 2,548 2,551	2,711 2,714 2,717 2,720
000		1	1					1			<u>г г</u>		
44,050 44,100 44,150 44,200	2,504 2,508 2,511 2,514	2,168 2,171 2,174 2,177	2,337 2,340 2,343 2,346	47,050 47,100	47,100 47,150	2,698 2,701 2,704 2,708	2,361 2,364 2,368 2,371	2,530 2,533 2,536 2,540	50,050 50,100	50,100 50,150	2,891 2,895 2,898 2,901	2,555 2,558 2,561 2,564	2,724 2,727 2,730 2,733
44,250 44,300 44,350 44,400	2,517 2,521 2,524 2,527	2,180 2,184 2,187 2,190	2,349 2,353 2,356 2,359		47,400	2,711 2,714 2,717 2,721	2,374 2,377 2,380 2,384	2,543 2,546 2,549 2,553	50,200 50,250 50,300 50,350		2,904 2,908 2,911 2,914	2,567 2,571 2,574 2,577	2,736 2,740 2,743 2,746
44,450 44,500 44,550 44,600	2,530 2,533 2,537 2,540	2,193 2,197 2,200 2,203	2,362 2,366 2,369 2,372			2,724 2,727 2,730 2,733	2,387 2,390 2,393 2,397	2,556 2,559 2,562 2,565	50,400 50,450 50,500 50,550	50,450 50,500 50,550 50,600	2,917 2,920 2,924 2,927	2,580 2,584 2,587 2,590	2,749 2,753 2,756 2,759
44,650 44,700 44,750 44,800	2,543 2,546 2,550 2,553	2,206 2,210 2,213 2,216	2,375 2,378 2,382 2,385		47,800	2,737 2,740 2,743 2,746	2,400 2,403 2,406 2,409	2,569 2,572 2,575 2,578			2,930 2,933 2,937 2,940	2,593 2,597 2,600 2,603	2,762 2,765 2,769 2,772
44,850 44,900 44,950 45,000	2,556 2,559 2,562 2,566	2,219 2,222 2,226 2,229	2,388 2,391 2,395 2,398			2,750 2,753 2,756 2,759	2,413 2,416 2,419 2,422	2,582 2,585 2,588 2,591	50,850 50,900	50,900 50,950	2,943 2,946 2,949 2,953	2,606 2,609 2,613 2,616	2,775 2,778 2,782 2,785
	ble e is - But less than 000 42,050 42,100 42,150 42,200 42,250 42,400 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,450 42,550 42,650 42,700 42,850 42,900 43,050 43,050 43,050 43,050 43,3500 43,3500 43,450 43,500 43,500 43,500 43,500 43,850 43,650 43,650 43,850 44,000 44,550 44,600 44,550 44,650 44,650 44,650 44,650	ble e is - A But less Single or But less Single or Married filing separately D00 Your Nev 42,050 42,050 2,375 42,050 2,375 42,050 2,375 42,050 2,375 42,050 2,375 42,050 2,382 42,050 2,382 42,400 2,392 42,450 2,401 42,550 2,401 42,500 2,411 42,650 2,414 42,700 2,421 42,800 2,421 42,800 2,421 42,800 2,424 42,800 2,421 42,800 2,424 42,800 2,424 42,800 2,440 43,100 2,446 43,050 2,446 43,350 2,445 43,350 2,446 43,500 2,445 43,650 2,44	ble e is - Ant you are filles But less than Single Married filling separately Married filling jointly* D00 Your New York Stat 42,050 2,375 2,041 42,050 2,379 2,044 42,150 2,382 2,047 42,000 2,385 2,050 42,250 2,388 2,053 42,300 2,392 2,056 42,450 2,401 2,062 42,450 2,401 2,065 42,500 2,404 2,065 42,450 2,401 2,065 42,450 2,401 2,065 42,500 2,414 2,071 42,600 2,414 2,071 42,600 2,414 2,071 42,800 2,427 2,090 42,900 2,433 2,097 42,800 2,424 2,087 42,800 2,443 2,100 42,950 2,433 2,097 43,050 2,445	ble e is – Art you are – But less than Single or Married filing separately Married pointly* (pointly* pointly* Head of a household 200 Your New York State tax is: 42,050 2,375 2,044 2,211 42,100 2,375 2,044 2,211 42,100 2,385 2,050 2,217 42,250 2,388 2,056 2,224 42,300 2,395 2,056 2,224 42,300 2,404 2,068 2,237 42,550 2,404 2,068 2,237 42,500 2,414 2,071 2,240 42,600 2,411 2,074 2,249 42,600 2,414 2,077 2,240 42,700 2,427 2,093 2,262 42,800 2,427 2,093 2,266 42,800 2,443 2,100 2,279 42,800 2,443 2,103 2,272 43,000 2,443 2,106 2,275 43,300 <td< td=""><td>ble e is - And you are - incorr taxa incorr But less than Single Married filing separately Married filing jointly* Head of a household At least 2000 Your New York State tax is: 45, 000 45, 000 45, 000 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 42,150 2,382 2,047 2,214 45,050 42,250 2,388 2,053 2,220 45,250 42,300 2,395 2,056 2,227 45,350 42,450 2,401 2,068 2,233 45,400 42,500 2,404 2,068 2,237 45,450 42,650 2,414 2,077 2,246 45,650 42,650 2,414 2,077 2,246 45,650 42,750 2,424 2,087 2,256 45,750 42,800 2,427 2,080 2,255 46,000 42,900 2,433 2,097 2,266 45,750 42,850 2,427</td><td>ble e is - Art you are -/ income is - taxabir income is - But less than Single Married filing separately Married jointly* Head household At least But least 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 45,000 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 45,100 42,150 2,382 2,050 2,217 45,100 45,250 42,300 2,385 2,050 2,217 45,100 45,250 42,300 2,392 2,056 2,224 45,250 45,300 42,450 2,401 2,065 2,233 45,400 45,650 42,450 2,411 2,071 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,550 2,411 2,077 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,550 2,413 2,087 2,255 45,800 45,850 42,500 2,417 2,081 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,500 2,413 2,097 2,256</td><td>ble e is - e is - e is - And you are - income is - taxable income is - bit Anaried income is - income is - Anaried income is - income is - Anaried insome is - income is - bit Single or Married ing separately Single infing iseparately Single or Anaried Single or Married Single or Married 2000 Your New York State tax is: 45.000 45.000 45.000 2.569 42.050 2.379 2.044 2.210 45.000 45.000 45.000 2.572 42.250 2.385 2.050 2.217 45.150 45.200 2.585 42.350 2.385 2.058 2.2230 45.350 45.500 2.585 42.450 2.401 2.065 2.2337 45.400 45.550 2.601 42.550 2.404 2.071 2.240 45.550 45.600 2.601 42.650 2.411 2.071 2.240 45.550 2.601 42.650 2.417 2.081 2.249 45.550 45.600 2.611 42.650 2.417 2.081</td><td>bie e is - Arri you are - taxble income is - Arr you are income is - But than fing separately Married pointly* Head household At least household But least than Single or married separately Married filling jointly* 42.050 2.375 2.041 2.208 45.000 45.050 2.569 2.232 42.100 2.375 2.041 2.208 45.000 2.572 2.232 42.200 2.385 2.050 2.217 45.100 2.575 2.242 42.200 2.385 2.050 2.224 45.200 45.200 2.585 2.244 42.300 2.395 2.058 2.234 45.500 45.600 2.661 2.261 42.400 2.404 2.068 2.233 45.400 45.500 2.661 2.264 42.500 2.414 2.077 2.246 45.500 45.600 2.661 2.271 42.400 2.433 2.097 2.266 45.900 45.600 2.611 2.274</td><td>bie e is – And you are – taxable isome isome isome</td><td>bie e is - Faxable Itaxable income is - Itaxable income is - Itaxable income is -</td><td>bite es Arrived sparadely Married or ling (or filing separadely Married of a (or filing separadely Married of a (or filing separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Head filing or separadely At solo At solo But less 000 Your New York State tax is: 2.206 42.000 2.307 2.375 2.204 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.200 48.200 48.200 48.400 48.400 48.000 48.000 <</td><td>bite e is Charabonis - taxable provide <thtaxable provide taxable provide<td>bit Income is Inc</td></thtaxable </td></td<>	ble e is - And you are - incorr taxa incorr But less than Single Married filing separately Married filing jointly* Head of a household At least 2000 Your New York State tax is: 45, 000 45, 000 45, 000 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 42,150 2,382 2,047 2,214 45,050 42,250 2,388 2,053 2,220 45,250 42,300 2,395 2,056 2,227 45,350 42,450 2,401 2,068 2,233 45,400 42,500 2,404 2,068 2,237 45,450 42,650 2,414 2,077 2,246 45,650 42,650 2,414 2,077 2,246 45,650 42,750 2,424 2,087 2,256 45,750 42,800 2,427 2,080 2,255 46,000 42,900 2,433 2,097 2,266 45,750 42,850 2,427	ble e is - Art you are -/ income is - taxabir income is - But less than Single Married filing separately Married jointly* Head household At least But least 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 45,000 42,050 2,375 2,041 2,208 45,000 45,100 42,150 2,382 2,050 2,217 45,100 45,250 42,300 2,385 2,050 2,217 45,100 45,250 42,300 2,392 2,056 2,224 45,250 45,300 42,450 2,401 2,065 2,233 45,400 45,650 42,450 2,411 2,071 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,550 2,411 2,077 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,550 2,413 2,087 2,255 45,800 45,850 42,500 2,417 2,081 2,246 45,650 45,700 42,500 2,413 2,097 2,256	ble e is - e is - e is - And you are - income is - taxable income is - bit Anaried income is - income is - Anaried income is - income is - Anaried insome is - income is - bit Single or Married ing separately Single infing iseparately Single or Anaried Single or Married Single or Married 2000 Your New York State tax is: 45.000 45.000 45.000 2.569 42.050 2.379 2.044 2.210 45.000 45.000 45.000 2.572 42.250 2.385 2.050 2.217 45.150 45.200 2.585 42.350 2.385 2.058 2.2230 45.350 45.500 2.585 42.450 2.401 2.065 2.2337 45.400 45.550 2.601 42.550 2.404 2.071 2.240 45.550 45.600 2.601 42.650 2.411 2.071 2.240 45.550 2.601 42.650 2.417 2.081 2.249 45.550 45.600 2.611 42.650 2.417 2.081	bie e is - Arri you are - taxble income is - Arr you are income is - But than fing separately Married pointly* Head household At least household But least than Single or married separately Married filling jointly* 42.050 2.375 2.041 2.208 45.000 45.050 2.569 2.232 42.100 2.375 2.041 2.208 45.000 2.572 2.232 42.200 2.385 2.050 2.217 45.100 2.575 2.242 42.200 2.385 2.050 2.224 45.200 45.200 2.585 2.244 42.300 2.395 2.058 2.234 45.500 45.600 2.661 2.261 42.400 2.404 2.068 2.233 45.400 45.500 2.661 2.264 42.500 2.414 2.077 2.246 45.500 45.600 2.661 2.271 42.400 2.433 2.097 2.266 45.900 45.600 2.611 2.274	bie e is – And you are – taxable isome isome	bie e is - Faxable Itaxable income is - Itaxable income is - Itaxable income is -	bite es Arrived sparadely Married or ling (or filing separadely Married of a (or filing separadely Married of a (or filing separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Married or separadely Head filing or separadely At solo At solo But less 000 Your New York State tax is: 2.206 42.000 2.307 2.375 2.204 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.000 48.200 48.200 48.200 48.400 48.400 48.000 48.000 <	bite e is Charabonis - 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2015 New York **State** Tax Table

\$51,000 - \$59,999

If yet taxa incom	able	А	nd you are	-	If yet taxa	able	A	nd you are) —	taxa	our able ne is –	A	nd you are	9 -
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
51,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	54,	000	Your Nev	w York Stat	e tax is:	57,0	000	Your Nev	v York Sta t	te tax is:
51,000 51,050 51,100 51,150	51,050 51,100 51,150 51,200	2,956 2,959 2,962 2,966	2,619 2,622 2,626 2,629	2,788 2,791 2,794 2,798	54,000 54,050 54,100 54,150	54,050 54,100 54,150 54,200	3,149 3,153 3,156 3,159	2,813 2,816 2,819 2,822	2,982 2,985 2,988 2,991	57,000 57,050 57,100 57,150	57,050 57,100 57,150 57,200	3,343 3,346 3,349 3,353	3,006 3,009 3,013 3,016	3,175 3,178 3,181 3,185
51,200 51,250 51,300 51,350	51,250 51,300 51,350 51,400	2,969 2,972 2,975 2,979	2,632 2,635 2,638 2,642	2,801 2,804 2,807 2,811	54,200 54,250 54,300 54,350	54,250 54,300 54,350 54,400	3,162 3,166 3,169 3,172	2,825 2,829 2,832 2,835	2,994 2,998 3,001 3,004	57,200 57,250 57,300 57,350	57,250 57,300 57,350 57,400	3,356 3,359 3,362 3,366	3,019 3,022 3,025 3,029	3,188 3,191 3,194 3,198
51,400 51,450 51,500 51,550	51,450 51,500 51,550 51,600	2,982 2,985 2,988 2,991	2,645 2,648 2,651 2,655	2,814 2,817 2,820 2,823	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	54,450 54,500 54,550 54,600	3,175 3,178 3,182 3,185	2,838 2,842 2,845 2,848	3,007 3,011 3,014 3,017	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	57,450 57,500 57,550 57,600	3,369 3,372 3,375 3,378	3,032 3,035 3,038 3,042	3,201 3,204 3,207 3,210
51,600 51,650 51,700 51,750	51,650 51,700 51,750 51,800	2,995 2,998 3,001 3,004	2,658 2,661 2,664 2,667	2,827 2,830 2,833 2,836	54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700 54,750 54,800	3,188 3,191 3,195 3,198	2,851 2,855 2,858 2,861	3,020 3,023 3,027 3,030	57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700 57,750 57,800	3,382 3,385 3,388 3,391	3,045 3,048 3,051 3,054	3,214 3,217 3,220 3,223
51,800 51,850 51,900 51,950	51,850 51,900 51,950 52,000	3,008 3,011 3,014 3,017	2,671 2,674 2,677 2,680	2,840 2,843 2,846 2,849	54,800 54,850 54,900 54,950	54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	3,201 3,204 3,207 3,211	2,864 2,867 2,871 2,874	3,033 3,036 3,040 3,043	57,800 57,850 57,900 57,950	57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	3,395 3,398 3,401 3,404	3,058 3,061 3,064 3,067	3,227 3,230 3,233 3,236
52,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	55,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	58,0	000	Your Nev	v York Sta	te tax is:
52,000 52,050 52,100 52,150		3,020 3,024 3,027 3,030	2,684 2,687 2,690 2,693	2,853 2,856 2,859 2,862	55,000 55,050 55,100 55,150	55,050 55,100 55,150 55,200	3,214 3,217 3,220 3,224	2,877 2,880 2,884 2,887	3,046 3,049 3,052 3,056	58,000 58,050 58,100 58,150	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,200	3,407 3,411 3,414 3,417	3,071 3,074 3,077 3,080	3,240 3,243 3,246 3,249
52,200 52,250 52,300 52,350	52,250 52,300 52,350 52,400	3,033 3,037 3,040 3,043	2,696 2,700 2,703 2,706	2,865 2,869 2,872 2,875	55,200 55,250 55,300 55,350	55,250 55,300 55,350 55,400	3,227 3,230 3,233 3,237	2,890 2,893 2,896 2,900	3,059 3,062 3,065 3,069	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350	58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400	3,420 3,424 3,427 3,430	3,083 3,087 3,090 3,093	3,252 3,256 3,259 3,262
52,400 52,450 52,500 52,550	52,450 52,500 52,550 52,600	3,046 3,049 3,053 3,056	2,709 2,713 2,716 2,719	2,878 2,882 2,885 2,888	55,400 55,450 55,500 55,550	55,450 55,500 55,550 55,600	3,240 3,243 3,246 3,249	2,903 2,906 2,909 2,913	3,072 3,075 3,078 3,081	58,400 58,450 58,500 58,550	58,450 58,500 58,550 58,600	3,433 3,436 3,440 3,443	3,096 3,100 3,103 3,106	3,265 3,269 3,272 3,275
52,600 52,650 52,700 52,750	52,650 52,700 52,750 52,800	3,059 3,062 3,066 3,069	2,722 2,726 2,729 2,732	2,891 2,894 2,898 2,901	55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750	55,650 55,700 55,750 55,800	3,253 3,256 3,259 3,262	2,916 2,919 2,922 2,925	3,085 3,088 3,091 3,094	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	3,446 3,449 3,453 3,456	3,109 3,113 3,116 3,119	3,278 3,281 3,285 3,288
52,850 52,900	52,850 52,900 52,950 53,000	3,072 3,075 3,078 3,082	2,735 2,738 2,742 2,745	2,904 2,907 2,911 2,914	55,800 55,850 55,900 55,950	55,900 55,950	3,266 3,269 3,272 3,275	2,929 2,932 2,935 2,938	3,098 3,101 3,104 3,107	58,850 58,900	58,850 58,900 58,950 59,000	3,459 3,462 3,465 3,469	3,122 3,125 3,129 3,132	3,291 3,294 3,298 3,301
53,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	56,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	e tax is:	59,0	000	Your Nev	v York Sta t	te tax is:
53,050 53,100	53,050 53,100 53,150 53,200	3,085 3,088 3,091 3,095	2,748 2,751 2,755 2,758	2,917 2,920 2,923 2,927	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150	56,050 56,100 56,150 56,200	3,278 3,282 3,285 3,288	2,942 2,945 2,948 2,951	3,111 3,114 3,117 3,120		59,050 59,100 59,150 59,200	3,472 3,475 3,478 3,482	3,135 3,138 3,142 3,145	3,304 3,307 3,310 3,314
53,250 53,300	53,250 53,300 53,350 53,400	3,098 3,101 3,104 3,108	2,761 2,764 2,767 2,771	2,930 2,933 2,936 2,940	56,200 56,250 56,300 56,350	56,250 56,300 56,350 56,400	3,291 3,295 3,298 3,301	2,954 2,958 2,961 2,964	3,123 3,127 3,130 3,133	59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,250 59,300 59,350 59,400	3,485 3,488 3,491 3,495	3,148 3,151 3,154 3,158	3,317 3,320 3,323 3,327
53,450 53,500	53,450 53,500 53,550 53,600	3,111 3,114 3,117 3,120	2,774 2,777 2,780 2,784	2,943 2,946 2,949 2,952	56,400 56,450 56,500 56,550	56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600	3,304 3,307 3,311 3,314	2,967 2,971 2,974 2,977	3,136 3,140 3,143 3,146	59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550	59,450 59,500 59,550 59,600	3,498 3,501 3,504 3,507	3,161 3,164 3,167 3,171	3,330 3,333 3,336 3,339
53,650 53,700	53,650 53,700 53,750 53,800	3,124 3,127 3,130 3,133	2,787 2,790 2,793 2,796	2,956 2,959 2,962 2,965	56,600 56,650 56,700 56,750	56,650 56,700 56,750 56,800	3,317 3,320 3,324 3,327	2,980 2,984 2,987 2,990	3,149 3,152 3,156 3,159	59,600 59,650 59,700 59,750	59,650 59,700 59,750 59,800	3,511 3,514 3,517 3,520	3,174 3,177 3,180 3,183	3,343 3,346 3,349 3,352
53,850 53,900	53,850 53,900 53,950 54,000	3,137 3,140 3,143 3,146	2,800 2,803 2,806 2,809	2,969 2,972 2,975 2,978	56,800 56,850 56,900 56,950	56,850 56,900 56,950 57,000	3,330 3,333 3,336 3,340	2,993 2,996 3,000 3,003	3,162 3,165 3,169 3,172	59,800 59,850 59,900 59,950	59,850 59,900 59,950 60,000	3,524 3,527 3,530 3,533	3,187 3,190 3,193 3,196	3,356 3,359 3,362 3,365

\$60,000 +

2015 New York **State** Tax Table

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lf yo taxa incom	ıble	А	nd you are) -	If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are) —	If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are) —
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
60,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:	62,	000	Your New York State tax is:		64,000		Your New York State t		te tax is:	
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150	60,050 60,100 60,150 60,200	3,536 3,540 3,543 3,546	3,200 3,203 3,206 3,209	3,369 3,372 3,375 3,378	62,000 62,050 62,100 62,150	62,050 62,100 62,150 62,200	3,665 3,669 3,672 3,675	3,329 3,332 3,335 3,338	3,498 3,501 3,504 3,507	64,000 64,050 64,100 64,150	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,200	3,794 3,798 3,801 3,804	3,458 3,461 3,464 3,467	3,627 3,630 3,633 3,636
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,250 60,300 60,350 60,400	3,549 3,553 3,556 3,559	3,212 3,216 3,219 3,222	3,381 3,385 3,388 3,391	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	3,678 3,682 3,685 3,688	3,341 3,345 3,348 3,351	3,510 3,514 3,517 3,520	64,200 64,250 64,300 64,350	64,250 64,300 64,350 64,400	3,807 3,811 3,814 3,817	3,470 3,474 3,477 3,480	3,639 3,643 3,646 3,649
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,450 60,500 60,550 60,600	3,562 3,565 3,569 3,572	3,225 3,229 3,232 3,235	3,394 3,398 3,401 3,404	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	3,691 3,694 3,698 3,701	3,354 3,358 3,361 3,364	3,523 3,527 3,530 3,533	64,400 64,450 64,500 64,550	64,450 64,500 64,550 64,600	3,820 3,823 3,827 3,830	3,483 3,487 3,490 3,493	3,652 3,656 3,659 3,662
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,650 60,700 60,750 60,800	3,575 3,578 3,582 3,585	3,238 3,242 3,245 3,248	3,407 3,410 3,414 3,417		62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	3,704 3,707 3,711 3,714	3,367 3,371 3,374 3,377	3,536 3,539 3,543 3,546	64,600 64,650 64,700 64,750	64,650 64,700 64,750 64,800	3,833 3,836 3,840 3,843	3,496 3,500 3,503 3,506	3,665 3,668 3,672 3,675
60,800 60,850 60,900 60,950	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000	3,588 3,591 3,594 3,598	3,251 3,254 3,258 3,261	3,420 3,423 3,427 3,430	62,850 62,900	62,850 62,900 62,950 63,000	3,717 3,720 3,723 3,727	3,380 3,383 3,387 3,390	3,549 3,552 3,556 3,559		64,850 64,900 64,950 65,000	3,846 3,849 3,852 3,856	3,509 3,512 3,516 3,519	3,678 3,681 3,685 3,688
61,	000	Your Nev	v York Stat	te tax is:	63,	000	Your New	v York Stat	te tax is:	65,0	00 or m	nore:		
	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	3,601 3,604 3,607 3,611	3,264 3,267 3,271 3,274	3,433 3,436 3,439 3,443	63,000 63,050 63,100 63,150	63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200	3,730 3,733 3,736 3,740	3,393 3,396 3,400 3,403	3,562 3,565 3,568 3,572					
61,200 61,250 61,300 61,350	61,250 61,300 61,350 61,400	3,614 3,617 3,620 3,624	3,277 3,280 3,283 3,287	3,446 3,449 3,452 3,456	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	3,743 3,746 3,749 3,753	3,406 3,409 3,412 3,416	3,575 3,578 3,581 3,585		New Y	or more – c ork State ta	x using the	e
61,400 61,450 61,500 61,550	61,450 61,500 61,550 61,600	3,627 3,630 3,633 3,636	3,290 3,293 3,296 3,300	3,459 3,462 3,465 3,468	63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	3,756 3,759 3,762 3,765	3,419 3,422 3,425 3,429	3,588 3,591 3,594 3,597		New Yoı	rk State tax on page 5		ıle
61,600 61,650 61,700 61,750	61,650 61,700 61,750 61,800	3,640 3,643 3,646 3,649	3,303 3,306 3,309 3,312	3,472 3,475 3,478 3,481	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	3,769 3,772 3,775 3,778	3,432 3,435 3,438 3,441	3,601 3,604 3,607 3,610					
61,800 61,850 61,900 61,950	61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	3,653 3,656 3,659 3,662	3,316 3,319 3,322 3,325	3,485 3,488 3,491 3,494	63,800 63,850 63,900 63,950	63,850 63,900 63,950 64,000	3,782 3,785 3,788 3,791	3,445 3,448 3,451 3,454	3,614 3,617 3,620 3,623		line 33	amount or 3, is more age 56.		

New York State tax rate schedule

If your New York AGI amount on Form IT-201, line 33, is more than \$106,200, see pages 56, 57, and 58 to compute your New York State tax.

Ma	arried filin	g joi	ntly and qua	lifyi	ng wido	w(er) -	· filing sta	ntus ②	and	5		
lf I	ine 38 is:											
o	ver	b	ut not over	1	The tax i	s:						
\$	0	\$	16,950				4%	of li	ne 3	8		
	16,950		23,300	\$	678	plus	4.5%	of th	e ex	cess	over	\$16,950
	23,300		27,550		964	plus	5.25%	"	"	"	"	23,300
	27,550		42,450		1,187	plus	5.9%	"	"	"	"	27,550
	42,450		159,350		2,066	plus	6.45%	"	"	"	"	42,450
	159,350		318,750		9,606	plus	6.65%	"	"	"	"	159,350
	318,750	2	,125,450		20,206	plus	6.85%	"	"	"	"	318,750
2,	,125,450			1	43,965	plus	8.82%	"	"	"	"	2,125,450

lf I	ine 38 is:											
C	over	b	ut not over	•	The tax i	s:						
\$	0	\$	8,400				4%	of li	ne 3	8		
	8,400		11,600	\$	336	plus	4.5%	of th	e ex	cess	over	\$ 8,400
	11,600		13,750		480	plus	5.25%	"	"	"	"	11,600
	13,750		21,150		593	plus	5.9%	"	"	"	"	13,750
	21,150		79,600		1,029	plus	6.45%	"	"	"	"	21,150
	79,600		212,500		4,800	plus	6.65%	"	"	"	"	79,600
	212,500	1	,062,650		13,637	plus	6.85%	"	"	"	"	212,500
1	,062,650				71,873	plus	8.82%	"	"	"	"	1,062,650

lf line	38 is:											
over		bı	ut not over	ר	he tax i	s:						
\$	0	\$	12,700				4%	of li	ne 3	8		
12	2,700		17,450	\$	508	plus	4.5%	of th	e ex	cess	over	\$12,700
17	7,450		20,650		722	plus	5.25%	"	"	"	"	17,450
20),650		31,800		890	plus	5.9%	"	"	"	"	20,650
31	,800		106,200		1,548	plus	6.45%	"	"	"	"	31,800
106	6,200		265,600		6,346	plus	6.65%	"	"	"	"	106,200
265	5,600	1	,594,050		16,947	plus	6.85%	"	"	"	"	265,600
1,594	I,050			1	07,945	plus	8.82%	"	"	"	"	1,594,050

Tax computation – New York AGI of more than \$106,200

New York State tax

Find your New York State tax by using the correct tax computation worksheet within your filing status (see below and pages 57 and 58).

	———— Tax computation worksheet 1 —		
mc \$1	our New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$106,20 ore than \$2,125,450, and your taxable income (lin 59,350 or less, then you must compute your tax u rksheet.	e 3	88) is
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33	1	
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38	2	
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.45% (.0645) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$156,200 or more, skip lines 4 through 8 and enter the line 3 amount on line 9)	3	
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$106,200	6	
7	Divide line 6 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place	7	
8	Multiply line 5 by line 7	8	
9	Add lines 4 and 8 Enter here and on line 39.	9	

Tax computation worksheet 2

mo tha	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$159, ore than \$2,125,450, and your taxable income an \$159,350 but not more than \$318,750, ther mpute your tax using this worksheet.	(line 3	8) is more
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33	1	
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38	2	
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.65% (.0665) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$209,350 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11)	3	
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the New York State tax rate schedule on page 55	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6	Enter \$672 on line 6	6	672
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5	7	
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$159,350	8	
9	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place	9	
10	Multiply line 7 by line 9	10	
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 10 Enter here and on line 39.	11	

	Tax computation worksheet 3
mo	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$318,750, but not ore than \$2,125,450, and your taxable income (line 38) is ore than \$318,750, then you must compute your tax using this orksheet.
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$368,750 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11)
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the New York State tax rate schedule on page 55
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 5
6	Enter \$991 on line 6
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5 7
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$318,750 8
9	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place
10	Multiply line 7 by line 910
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 10 11 Enter here and on line 39.

	Tax computation worksheet 4
	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$2,125,450 , then you ust compute your tax using this worksheet.
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2
3	Multiply line 2 by 8.82% (.0882) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$2,175,450 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) 3
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 5
6	If line 2 is \$159,350 or less , enter \$672 on line 6. If line 2 is more than \$159,350 but not more than \$318,750 , enter \$991 on line 6. If line 2 is more than \$318,750 , enter \$1628 on line 6
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5 7
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$2,125,450 8
9	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place
10	Multiply line 7 by line 9 10
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 10

Tax computation – New York AGI of more than \$106,200 (continued)

Single and married filing separately

	Tax computation worksheet 5
m \$2	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$106,200, but not ore than \$1,062,650, and your taxable income (line 38) is 12,500 or less, then you must compute your tax using this orksheet.
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.65% (.0665) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$156,200 or more, skip lines 4 through 8 and enter the line 3 amount on line 9)
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 5
6	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$106,200 6
7	Divide line 6 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place
8	Multiply line 5 by line 7 8
9	Add lines 4 and 8 9 9
	Tax computation worksheet 6
m	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$212,500, but not ore than \$1,062,650, and your taxable income (line 38) is ore than \$212,500, then you must compute your tax using this orksheet.
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2

2	Enter your taxable income from line 38	2	
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$262,500 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11)	3	
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6	Enter \$494 on line 6	6	494
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5	7	
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$212,500	8	
9	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place	9	
10	Multiply line 7 by line 9	10	
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 10 Enter here and on line 39.	11	

	Tax computation worksheet 7	
	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$1,062,650 ust compute your tax using this worksheet.	, then you
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1	
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2	
3	Multiply line 2 by 8.82% (.0882) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$1,112,650 or more , skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) 3	
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 5	
6	If line 2 is \$212,500 or less , enter \$494 on line 6. If line 2 is more than \$212,500 , enter \$919 on line 6	
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5 7	
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$1,062,650 8	
9	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place	
10	Multiply line 7 by line 910	
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 1011 Enter here and on line 39.	

Tax computation – New York AGI of more than \$106,200 (continued)

Head of household

	———— Tax computation worksheet 8 —		
m \$2	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$106,200 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line 265,600 or less, then you must compute your tax us orksheet.	e 38) is	6
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33	1	
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38	2	
3	Multiply line 2 by 6.65% (.0665) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$156,200 or more , skip lines 4 through 8 and enter the line 3 amount on line 9)	3	
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$106,200	6	
7	Divide line 6 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place	7	
8	to the fourth decimal place Multiply line 5 by line 7	8	
9	Add lines 4 and 8	9	
	Enter here and on line 39.		
	Tax computation worksheet 9		
m	Tax computation worksheet 9 your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet.	, but n 38) is x using	o t this
m	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta	, but n 38) is x using	o t this
m m w	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet.	, but n 38) is x using 1	ot this
mo mo wo	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33	, but n 38) is x using 1 2	ot this
m m w 1	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33 Enter your taxable income from line 38 Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$315,600 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter	, but n 38) is x using 1 2 3	ot this
m m w 1 2 3	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33 Enter your taxable income from line 38 Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$315,600 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i>	 , but n 38) is x using 1 2 3 4 	not g this
mo mo wc 1 2 3	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33 Enter your taxable income from line 38 Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$315,600 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55	, but n 38) is x using 1 2 3 3 4 5	not g this
mic mic wc 1 2 3 4 5	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33 Enter your taxable income from line 38 Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$315,600 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55 Subtract line 4 from line 3	, but n 38) is x using 1 2 3 3 4 5 6	ot 9 this 716
m m w c 1 2 3 4 5 6	your New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$265,600 ore than \$1,594,050, and your taxable income (line ore than \$265,600, then you must compute your ta orksheet. Enter your New York AGI from line 33 Enter your taxable income from line 38 Multiply line 2 by 6.85% (.0685) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$315,600 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11) Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55 Subtract line 4 from line 3 Enter \$716 on line 6	, but n 38) is x using 1 2 3 3 4 5 6	ot 9 this 716

 10
 Multiply line 7 by line 9
 10
 10

 11
 Add lines 4, 6, and 10
 11
 11

Enter here and on line 39.

	our New York AGI (line 33) is more than \$1,594,050 , then you st compute your tax using this worksheet.
1	Enter your New York AGI from line 33 1
2	Enter your taxable income from line 38 2
3	Multiply line 2 by 8.82% (.0882) (Stop: If the line 1 amount is \$1,644,050 or more, skip lines 4 through 10 and enter the line 3 amount on line 11)
4	Enter your New York State tax on the line 2 amount from the <i>New York State tax rate</i> <i>schedule</i> on page 55
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 5
6	If line 2 is \$265,600 or less , enter \$716 on line 6. If line 2 is more than \$265,600 , enter \$1247 on line 6
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5 7
8	Enter the excess of line 1 over \$1,594,050 8
	Divide line 8 by \$50,000 and round the result to the fourth decimal place
10	Multiply line 7 by line 910
11	Add lines 4, 6, and 10 11 Enter here and on line 39.

Tax computation worksheet 10 —

2015 New York City Tax Table

\$0 - \$5,999

In this **New York City** tax table, the *taxable income* column is the amount from Form IT-201, line 38.

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Jones are filing a joint return on Form IT-201. Their taxable income on line 38 is \$38,275. First, they find the 38,250 - 38,300 income line. Next, they find the column for **Married filing jointly** and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$1,217. This is the tax amount they must write on line 47 of Form IT-201.

lf yo taxa incom	ble	And you are –							
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household					
		Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:					
38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	1,283 1,285 1,287 1,288	1,216 (1,217) 1,219 1,221	1,265 1,267 1,269 1,271					

lf yo taxa incom	able	A	nd you are) —	lf your taxable income is –		And you are –			If your taxable income is –		And you are –		
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
			ew York Cit											
\$0 18	\$18 25	5 1 1 1		2,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	4,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	
25	50	1	1	1	2,000	2,050	59	59	59	4,000	4,050	117	117	117
50	100	2	2	2	2,050	2,100	60	60	60	4,050	4,100	118	118	118
100	150	4	4	4	2,100	2,150	62	62	62	4,100	4,150	120	120	120
150	200	5	5	5	2,150	2,200	63	63	63	4,150	4,200	121	121	121
200	250	7	7	7	2,200	2,250	65	65	65	4,200	4,250	123	123	123
250	300	8	8	8	2,250	2,300	66	66	66	4,250	4,300	124	124	124
300	350	9	9	9	2,300	2,350	68	68	68	4,300	4,350	126	126	126
350	400	11	11	11	2,350	2,400	69	69	69	4,350	4,400	127	127	127
400	450	12	12	12	2,400	2,450	70	70	70	4,400	4,450	129	129	129
450	500	14	14	14	2,450	2,500	72	72	72	4,450	4,500	130	130	130
500	550	15	15	15	2,500	2,550	73	73	73	4,500	4,550	132	132	132
550	600	17	17	17	2,550	2,600	75	75	75	4,550	4,600	133	133	133
600	650	18	18	18	2,600	2,650	76	76	76	4,600	4,650	134	134	134
650	700	20	20	20	2,650	2,700	78	78	78	4,650	4,700	136	136	136
700	750	21	21	21	2,700	2,750	79	79	79	4,700	4,750	137	137	137
750	800	23	23	23	2,750	2,800	81	81	81	4,750	4,800	139	139	139
800	850	24	24	24	2,800	2,850	82	82	82	4,800	4,850	140	140	140
850	900	25	25	25	2,850	2,900	84	84	84	4,850	4,900	142	142	142
900	950	27	27	27	2,900	2,950	85	85	85	4,900	4,950	143	143	143
950	1,000	28	28	28	2,950	3,000	86	86	86	4,950	5,000	145	145	145
1,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	3,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	5,0	00	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
1,000	1,050	30	30	30	3,000	3,050	88	88	88	5,000	5,050	146	146	146
1,050	1,100	31	31	31	3,050	3,100	89	89	89	5,050	5,100	148	148	148
1,100	1,150	33	33	33	3,100	3,150	91	91	91	5,100	5,150	149	149	149
1,150	1,200	34	34	34	3,150	3,200	92	92	92	5,150	5,200	150	150	150
1,200	1,250	36	36	36	3,200	3,250	94	94	94	5,200	5,250	152	152	152
1,250	1,300	37	37	37	3,250	3,300	95	95	95	5,250	5,300	153	153	153
1,300	1,350	39	39	39	3,300	3,350	97	97	97	5,300	5,350	155	155	155
1,350	1,400	40	40	40	3,350	3,400	98	98	98	5,350	5,400	156	156	156
1,400	1,450	41	41	41	3,400	3,450	100	100	100	5,400	5,450	158	158	158
1,450	1,500	43	43	43	3,450	3,500	101	101	101	5,450	5,500	159	159	159
1,500	1,550	44	44	44	3,500	3,550	102	102	102	5,500	5,550	161	161	161
1,550	1,600	46	46	46	3,550	3,600	104	104	104	5,550	5,600	162	162	162
1,600	1,650	47	47	47	3,600	3,650	105	105	105	5,600	5,650	164	164	164
1,650	1,700	49	49	49	3,650	3,700	107	107	107	5,650	5,700	165	165	165
1,700	1,750	50	50	50	3,700	3,750	108	108	108	5,700	5,750	166	166	166
1,750	1,800	52	52	52	3,750	3,800	110	110	110	5,750	5,800	168	168	168
1,800	1,850	53	53	53	3,800	3,850	111	111	111	5,800	5,850	169	169	169
1,850	1,900	55	55	55	3,850	3,900	113	113	113	5,850	5,900	171	171	171
1,900	1,950	56	56	56	3,900	3,950	114	114	114	5,900	5,950	172	172	172
1,950	2,000	57	57	57	3,950	4,000	116	116	116	5,950	6,000	174	174	174

\$6,000 - \$14,999

2015 New York **City** Tax Table

NYC

-	our able 1e is –	А	nd you are) —	If yo taxa incom	ıble	A	nd you are	9 -	taxa	our able ne is –	A	nd you are	9 -
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
6,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	9,0	00	Your New York City tax is:		12,0	000	Your New York City		y tax is:	
6,000 6,050 6,100 6,150	6,050 6,100 6,150 6,200	175 177 178 180	175 177 178 180	175 177 178 180	9,000 9,050 9,100 9,150	9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200	262 264 265 267	262 264 265 267	262 264 265 267	12,000 12,050 12,100 12,150	12,050 12,100 12,150 12,200	350 352 353 355	350 351 352 354	350 351 352 354
6,200 6,250 6,300 6,350	6,250 6,300 6,350 6,400	181 182 184 185	181 182 184 185	181 182 184 185	9,200 9,250 9,300 9,350	9,250 9,300 9,350 9,400	268 270 271 273	268 270 271 273	268 270 271 273	12,200 12,250 12,300 12,350	12,250 12,300 12,350 12,400	357 359 360 362	355 357 358 360	355 357 358 360
6,400 6,450 6,500 6,550	6,450 6,500 6,550 6,600	187 188 190 191	187 188 190 191	187 188 190 191	9,400 9,450 9,500 9,550	9,450 9,500 9,550 9,600	274 275 277 278	274 275 277 278	274 275 277 278	12,400 12,450 12,500 12,550	12,450 12,500 12,550 12,600	364 366 368 369	361 363 364 366	361 363 364 366
6,600 6,650 6,700 6,750	6,650 6,700 6,750 6,800	193 194 195 197	193 194 195 197	193 194 195 197	9,600 9,650 9,700 9,750	9,650 9,700 9,750 9,800	280 281 283 284	280 281 283 284	280 281 283 284	12,600 12,650 12,700 12,750	12,650 12,700 12,750 12,800	371 373 375 376	367 368 370 371	367 368 370 371
6,800 6,850 6,900 6,950	6,850 6,900 6,950 7,000	198 200 201 203	198 200 201 203	198 200 201 203	9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950	9,850 9,900 9,950 10,000	286 287 289 290	286 287 289 290	286 287 289 290	12,800 12,850 12,900 12,950	12,850 12,900 12,950 13,000	378 380 382 383	373 374 376 377	373 374 376 377
7,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	10,000		Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:			Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200	204 206 207 209	204 206 207 209	204 206 207 209	10,000 10,050 10,100 10,150	10,050 10,100 10,150 10,200	291 293 294 296	291 293 294 296	291 293 294 296	13,000 13,050 13,100 13,150	13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200	385 387 389 391	379 380 382 383	379 380 382 383
7,200 7,250 7,300 7,350	7,250 7,300 7,350 7,400	210 211 213 214	210 211 213 214	210 211 213 214	10,200 10,250 10,300 10,350	10,250 10,300 10,350 10,400	297 299 300 302	297 299 300 302	297 299 300 302	13,200 13,250 13,300 13,350	13,250 13,300 13,350 13,400	392 394 396 398	384 386 387 389	384 386 387 389
7,400 7,450 7,500 7,550	7,450 7,500 7,550 7,600	216 217 219 220	216 217 219 220	216 217 219 220	10,400 10,450 10,500 10,550	10,450 10,500 10,550 10,600	303 305 306 307	303 305 306 307	303 305 306 307	13,400 13,450 13,500 13,550	13,450 13,500 13,550 13,600	399 401 403 405	390 392 393 395	390 392 393 395
7,600 7,650 7,700 7,750	7,650 7,700 7,750 7,800	222 223 225 226	222 223 225 226	222 223 225 226	10,600 10,650 10,700 10,750	,	309 310 312 313	309 310 312 313	309 310 312 313		13,650 13,700 13,750 13,800	406 408 410 412	396 398 399 400	396 398 399 400
7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950	7,850 7,900 7,950 8,000	227 229 230 232	227 229 230 232	227 229 230 232		10,850 10,900 10,950 11,000	315 316 318 319	315 316 318 319	315 316 318 319	13,850	13,950	413 415 417 419	402 403 405 406	402 403 405 406
8,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	11,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	14,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:
8,000 8,050 8,100 8,150	8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200	233 235 236 238	233 235 236 238	233 235 236 238	11,000 11,050 11,100 11,150	11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200	320 322 323 325	320 322 323 325	320 322 323 325	14,050 14,100	14,050 14,100 14,150 14,200	421 422 424 426	408 409 411 412	408 409 411 412
8,200 8,250 8,300 8,350	8,250 8,300 8,350 8,400	239 241 242 243	239 241 242 243	239 241 242 243	11,200 11,250 11,300 11,350	11,250 11,300 11,350 11,400	326 328 329 331	326 328 329 331	326 328 329 331	14,200 14,250 14,300 14,350	14,250 14,300 14,350 14,400	428 429 431 433	414 415 416 418	414 415 416 418
8,400 8,450 8,500 8,550	8,450 8,500 8,550 8,600	245 246 248 249	245 246 248 249	245 246 248 249	11,400 11,450 11,500 11,550	11,450 11,500 11,550 11,600	332 334 335 336	332 334 335 336	332 334 335 336	14,400 14,450 14,500	14,450 14,500 14,550 14,600	435 436 438 440	419 421 422 424	420 422 423 425
8,600 8,650 8,700 8,750	8,650 8,700 8,750 8,800	251 252 254 255	251 252 254 255	251 252 254 255	11,600 11,650 11,700 11,750	11,650 11,700 11,750 11,800	338 339 341 342	338 339 341 342	338 339 341 342	14,600 14,650 14,700	14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800	442 444 445 447	425 427 428 430	427 429 430 432
8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950	8,850 8,900 8,950 9,000	257 258 259 261	257 258 259 261	257 258 259 261	11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950	11,850 11,900 11,950 12,000	344 345 347 348	344 345 347 348	344 345 347 348	14,800 14,850 14,900	14,850 14,900 14,950 15,000	449 451 452 454	431 432 434 435	434 436 438 439

NYC

2015 New York **City** Tax Table

\$15,000 - \$23,999

lf y	our				lf y		_			lf v	our		,	Ψ20,000
taxa incom	able	A	nd you are	• —	taxa	ıble	A	nd you are) —	tax	able ne is –	Ar	nd you are	-
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
15,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	18,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	21,	000	Your Nev	w York City	tax is:
15,000 15,050 15,100 15,150	15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200	456 458 459 461	437 438 440 441	441 443 445 446	18,000 18,050 18,100 18,150	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200	562 564 565 567	524 525 527 528	547 549 551 552	21,050 21,100	21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200	668 670 671 673	611 613 614 616	653 655 657 658
15,200 15,250 15,300 15,350	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	463 465 467 468	443 444 445 447	448 450 452 453	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	569 571 573 574	530 531 533 534	554 556 558 559	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,300	675 677 679 680	617 618 620 621	660 662 664 665
15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	470 472 474 475	448 450 451 453	455 457 459 461	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	576 578 580 581	536 537 539 540	561 563 565 567			682 684 686 687	623 624 626 627	667 669 671 673
15,600 15,650 15,700 15,750	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	477 479 481 482	454 456 457 459	462 464 466 468	18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	583 585 587 588	541 543 544 546	568 570 572 574	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750	21,700 21,750 21,800	689 691 693 694	629 631 632 634	674 676 678 680
15,800 15,850 15,900 15,950	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000	484 486 488 489	460 461 463 464	469 471 473 475	18,800 18,850 18,900 18,950	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	590 592 594 595	547 549 550 552	575 577 579 581		21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	696 698 700 702	636 638 639 641	681 683 685 687
16,	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	19,	000	Your New York City tax is:		22,	000	Your Nev	w York City	/ tax is:	
16,050 16,100	16,050 16,100 16,150 16,200	491 493 495 497	466 467 469 470	476 478 480 482	19,000 19,050 19,100 19,150	19,050 19,100 19,150 19,200	597 599 601 603	553 555 556 557	582 584 586 588	22.050	22,150	703 705 707 709	643 645 647 648	688 690 692 694
16,200 16,250 16,300 16,350	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	498 500 502 504	472 473 475 476	483 485 487 489	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	604 606 608 610	559 560 562 563	590 591 593 595	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,300 22,350	710 712 714 716	650 652 654 655	696 697 699 701
16,400 16,450 16,500 16,550	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	505 507 509 511	477 479 480 482	491 492 494 496	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	611 613 615 617	565 566 568 569	597 598 600 602	22,450	22,550	717 719 721 723	657 659 661 662	703 704 706 708
16,600 16,650 16,700 16,750	16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800	512 514 516 518	483 485 486 488	498 499 501 503	19,600 19,650 19,700 19,750	'	618 620 622 624	570 572 573 575	604 605 607 609		22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800	724 726 728 730	664 666 668 670	710 711 713 715
16,800 16,850 16,900 16,950	16,900 16,950	520 521 523 525	489 491 492 493	505 506 508 510	19,800 19,850 19,900 19,950	19,900 19,950	626 627 629 631	576 578 579 581	611 612 614 616	22,850 22,900	22,850 22,900 22,950 23,000	732 733 735 737	671 673 675 677	717 719 720 722
17,	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	20,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	23,	000	Your Nev	w York City	/ tax is:
17,000 17,050 17,100 17,150	17,100 17,150	527 528 530 532	495 496 498 499	512 514 515 517	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,100	633 634 636 638	582 584 585 586	618 620 621 623	23,050 23,100 23,150	23,050 23,100 23,150 23,200	739 740 742 744	678 680 682 684	724 726 727 729
17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	17,300 17,350	534 535 537 539	501 502 504 505	519 521 522 524	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	640 641 643 645	588 589 591 592	625 627 628 630	23,250 23,300	23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	746 747 749 751	685 687 689 691	731 733 734 736
17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,500 17,550	541 542 544 546	507 508 509 511	526 528 529 531	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	647 649 650 652	594 595 597 598	632 634 635 637	23,450	23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	753 755 756 758	692 694 696 698	738 740 741 743
17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	17,700 17,750	548 550 551 553	512 514 515 517	533 535 537 538	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	654 656 657 659	600 601 602 604	639 641 643 644	23,650 23,700	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	760 762 763 765	700 701 703 705	745 747 749 750
17,800 17,850 17,900 17,950	17,900 17,950	555 557 558 560	518 520 521 523	540 542 544 545	20,800 20,850 20,900 20,950		661 663 664 666	605 607 608 610	646 648 650 651	23,850 23,900	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	767 769 770 772	707 708 710 712	752 754 756 757

\$24,000 - \$32,999

2015 New York **City** Tax Table

NYC

If y taxa incom		А	nd you are	-	taxa	our able 1e is –	A	nd you are) –	taxa	our able 1e is –	A	nd you are	9 -
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
24,	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	27,	000	Your New York City tax i		y tax is:	30,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
24,000 24,050 24,100 24,150	24,050 24,100 24,150 24,200	774 776 777 779	714 715 717 719	759 761 763 764	27,000 27,050 27,100 27,150	27,050 27,100 27,150 27,200	881 883 884 886	820 821 823 825	865 867 869 870	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200	988 990 992 994	926 928 929 931	971 973 974 976
24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	24,250 24,300 24,350 24,400	781 783 785 786	721 723 724 726	766 768 770 772	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350 27,400	888 890 891 893	827 829 830 832	872 874 876 878	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	996 997 999 1,001	933 935 936 938	978 980 982 983
24,400 24,450 24,500 24,550	24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	788 790 792 793	728 730 731 733	773 775 777 779	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	895 897 899 900	834 836 837 839	879 881 883 885	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	1,003 1,005 1,006 1,008	940 942 943 945	985 987 989 991
24,600 24,650 24,700 24,750	24,650 24,700 24,750 24,800	795 797 799 800	735 737 738 740	780 782 784 786	27,600 27,650 27,700 27,750	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	902 904 906 908	841 843 844 846	886 888 890 892	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700 30,750 30,800	1,010 1,012 1,014 1,015	947 949 950 952	992 994 996 998
24,800 24,850 24,900 24,950		802 804 806 808	742 744 746 747	787 789 791 793	27,800 27,850 27,900 27,950		909 911 913 915	848 850 852 853	893 895 897 899	30,800 30,850 30,900 30,950	30,850 30,900 30,950 31,000	1,017 1,019 1,021 1,023	954 956 958 959	1,000 1,001 1,003 1,005
25,	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	28,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	31,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
	25,100 25,150	809 811 812 814	749 751 753 754	794 796 798 800	28,050 28,100	28,050 28,100 28,150 28,200	917 918 920 922	855 857 859 860	901 902 904 906	31,000 31,050 31,100 31,150	31,050 31,100 31,150 31,200	1,024 1,026 1,028 1,030	961 963 965 966	1,007 1,009 1,010 1,012
25,200 25,250 25,300 25,350	25,250 25,300 25,350 25,400	816 818 820 821	756 758 760 761	802 803 805 807	28,200 28,250 28,300 28,350	28,250 28,300 28,350 28,400	924 926 927 929	862 864 866 867	908 909 911 913	31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350	31,250 31,300 31,350 31,400	1,032 1,033 1,035 1,037	968 970 972 973	1,014 1,016 1,018 1,019
25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550	25,450 25,500 25,550 25,600	823 825 827 829	763 765 767 768	809 810 812 814	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,450 28,500 28,550 28,600	931 933 935 936	869 871 873 874	915 916 918 920	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	1,039 1,041 1,042 1,044	975 977 979 981	1,021 1,023 1,025 1,027
25,600 25,650 25,700 25,750	25,650 25,700 25,750 25,800	830 832 834 836	770 772 774 776	816 817 819 821	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750	28,650 28,700 28,750 28,800	938 940 942 944	876 878 880 882	922 923 925 927		31,650 31,700 31,750 31,800	1,046 1,048 1,049 1,051	982 984 986 988	1,028 1,030 1,032 1,034
25,800 25,850 25,900 25,950	25,900 25,950	838 839 841 843	777 779 781 783	823 825 826 828	28,850	28,950	945 947 949 951	883 885 887 889	929 931 932 934	31,850 31,900	31,850 31,900 31,950 32,000	1,053 1,055 1,057 1,058	989 991 993 995	1,036 1,037 1,039 1,041
	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	· · · · ·	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	32,		Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
26,000 26,050 26,100 26,150	26,100 26,150	845 847 848 850	784 786 788 790	830 832 833 835	29,000 29,050 29,100 29,150	29,100 29,150	953 954 956 958	890 892 894 896	936 938 939 941	32,050 32,100	32,050 32,100 32,150 32,200	1,060 1,062 1,064 1,066	996 998 1,000 1,002	1,043 1,045 1,046 1,048
26,200 26,250 26,300 26,350	26,300 26,350	852 854 856 857	791 793 795 797	837 839 840 842	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	29,300 29,350	960 962 963 965	897 899 901 903	943 945 946 948	32,200 32,250 32,300 32,350	32,350	1,067 1,069 1,071 1,073	1,003 1,005 1,007 1,009	1,050 1,052 1,053 1,055
26,400 26,450 26,500 26,550	26,500 26,550	859 861 863 865	799 800 802 804	844 846 847 849	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,500 29,550	967 969 970 972	905 906 908 910	950 952 954 955	32,400 32,450 32,500 32,550	32,500 32,550	1,075 1,076 1,078 1,080	1,011 1,012 1,014 1,016	1,057 1,059 1,061 1,062
26,600 26,650 26,700 26,750	26,700 26,750	866 868 870 872	806 807 809 811	851 853 855 856	29,600 29,650 29,700 29,750	29,700 29,750	974 976 978 979	912 913 915 917	957 959 961 962	32,600 32,650 32,700 32,750	32,700	1,082 1,084 1,085 1,087	1,018 1,019 1,021 1,023	1,064 1,066 1,068 1,070
26,800 26,850 26,900 26,950	26,900 26,950	874 875 877 879	813 814 816 818	858 860 862 863	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,900 29,950	981 983 985 987	919 920 922 924	964 966 968 969	32,900	32,850 32,900 32,950 33,000	1,089 1,091 1,093 1,094	1,025 1,026 1,028 1,030	1,071 1,073 1,075 1,077

NYC

2015 New York City Tax Table

\$33,000 - \$41,999

					2010				Table	_		Ψ	55,000 -	- \$41,999
If yo taxa incom	able	А	nd you are) —	If y taxa incom	able	A	nd you are	9 -	taxa	our able 1e is –	А	nd you are	9 -
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household
33,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	36,	000	Your New York City tax		y tax is:	39,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:
33,000 33,050 33,100 33,150	33,100 33,150	1,096 1,098 1,100 1,102	1,032 1,034 1,035 1,037	1,079 1,080 1,082 1,084	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,050 36,100 36,150 36,200	1,204 1,206 1,207 1,209	1,138 1,140 1,141 1,143	1,186 1,188 1,190 1,192	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,150 39,200	1,312 1,313 1,315 1,317	1,244 1,246 1,247 1,249	1,294 1,296 1,298 1,299
33,200 33,250 33,300 33,350		1,103 1,105 1,107 1,109	1,039 1,041 1,042 1,044	1,086 1,088 1,089 1,091	36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350	36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400	1,211 1,213 1,215 1,216	1,145 1,147 1,148 1,150	1,194 1,195 1,197 1,199	39,200 39,250 39,300 39,350	39,250 39,300 39,350 39,400	1,319 1,321 1,322 1,324	1,251 1,253 1,254 1,256	1,301 1,303 1,305 1,307
33,400 33,450 33,500 33,550		1,111 1,112 1,114 1,116	1,046 1,048 1,049 1,051	1,093 1,095 1,097 1,098	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	1,218 1,220 1,222 1,224	1,152 1,154 1,155 1,157	1,201 1,203 1,204 1,206		39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	1,326 1,328 1,330 1,331	1,258 1,260 1,261 1,263	1,308 1,310 1,312 1,314
33,600 33,650 33,700 33,750		1,118 1,120 1,121 1,123	1,053 1,055 1,056 1,058	1,100 1,102 1,104 1,106	36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750	36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800	1,225 1,227 1,229 1,231	1,159 1,161 1,163 1,164	1,208 1,210 1,211 1,213	39,600 39,650 39,700 39,750	39,650 39,700 39,750 39,800	1,333 1,335 1,337 1,339	1,265 1,267 1,269 1,270	1,316 1,317 1,319 1,321
33,800 33,850 33,900 33,950	33,850 33,900 33,950 34,000	1,125 1,127 1,128 1,130	1,060 1,062 1,064 1,065	1,107 1,109 1,111 1,113	36,800 36,850 36,900 36,950	36,850 36,900 36,950 37,000	1,233 1,234 1,236 1,238	1,166 1,168 1,170 1,171	1,215 1,217 1,219 1,220	39,800 39,850 39,900 39,950	39,850 39,900 39,950 40,000	1,340 1,342 1,344 1,346	1,272 1,274 1,276 1,277	1,323 1,325 1,326 1,328
34,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	tax is:	37,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	40,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:
34,000 34,050 34,100 34,150	34,050 34,100 34,150 34,200	1,132 1,134 1,136 1,137	1,067 1,069 1,071 1,072	1,115 1,116 1,118 1,120	37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150	37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200	1,240 1,242 1,243 1,245	1,173 1,175 1,177 1,178	1,222 1,224 1,226 1,228	40,000 40,050 40,100 40,150	40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200	1,348 1,349 1,351 1,353	1,279 1,281 1,283 1,284	1,330 1,332 1,334 1,335
34,200 34,250 34,300 34,350	34,250 34,300 34,350 34,400	1,139 1,141 1,143 1,145	1,074 1,076 1,078 1,079	1,122 1,124 1,125 1,127	37,200 37,250 37,300 37,350	37,250 37,300 37,350 37,400	1,247 1,249 1,251 1,252	1,180 1,182 1,184 1,185	1,229 1,231 1,233 1,235	40,250	40,250 40,300 40,350 40,400	1,355 1,357 1,358 1,360	1,286 1,288 1,290 1,292	1,337 1,339 1,341 1,343
34,400 34,450 34,500 34,550	34,450 34,500 34,550 34,600	1,146 1,148 1,150 1,152	1,081 1,083 1,085 1,087	1,129 1,131 1,132 1,134	37,400 37,450 37,500 37,550	37,450 37,500 37,550 37,600	1,254 1,256 1,258 1,260	1,187 1,189 1,191 1,193	1,237 1,238 1,240 1,242	40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550	40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600	1,362 1,364 1,366 1,367	1,293 1,295 1,297 1,299	1,344 1,346 1,348 1,350
34,600 34,650 34,700 34,750	34,650 34,700 34,750 34,800	1,154 1,155 1,157 1,159	1,088 1,090 1,092 1,094	1,136 1,138 1,140 1,141	37,600 37,650 37,700 37,750	37,650 37,700 37,750 37,800	1,261 1,263 1,265 1,267	1,194 1,196 1,198 1,200	1,244 1,246 1,247 1,249	40,650 40,700	40,650 40,700 40,750 40,800	1,369 1,371 1,373 1,374	1,300 1,302 1,304 1,306	1,352 1,353 1,355 1,357
34,850 34,900	34,850 34,900 34,950 35,000	1,161 1,163 1,164 1,166	1,095 1,097 1,099 1,101	1,143 1,145 1,147 1,149	37,850 37,900	37,850 37,900 37,950 38,000	1,269 1,270 1,272 1,274	1,201 1,203 1,205 1,207	1,251 1,253 1,255 1,256	40,900	40,900	1,376 1,378 1,380 1,382	1,307 1,309 1,311 1,313	1,359 1,361 1,362 1,364
35,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	38,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	41,0		Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:
35,050 35,100 35,150	35,050 35,100 35,150 35,200	1,168 1,170 1,172 1,173	1,102 1,104 1,106 1,108	1,150 1,152 1,154 1,156	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	1,276 1,278 1,279 1,281	1,208 1,210 1,212 1,214	1,258 1,260 1,262 1,264	41,100 41,150	41,100 41,150	1,383 1,385 1,387 1,389	1,314 1,316 1,318 1,320	1,366 1,368 1,369 1,371
35,200 35,250 35,300 35,350	35,250 35,300 35,350 35,400	1,175 1,177 1,179 1,181	1,110 1,111 1,113 1,115	1,158 1,159 1,161 1,163	38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	1,283 1,285 1,287 1,288	1,216 1,217 1,219 1,221	1,265 1,267 1,269 1,271			1,391 1,392 1,394 1,396	1,322 1,323 1,325 1,327	1,373 1,375 1,377 1,378
	35,450 35,500 35,550 35,600	1,182 1,184 1,186 1,188	1,117 1,118 1,120 1,122	1,165 1,167 1,168 1,170	38,400 38,450 38,500 38,550	38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600	1,290 1,292 1,294 1,295	1,223 1,224 1,226 1,228	1,273 1,274 1,276 1,278	41,400 41,450 41,500 41,550	41,450 41,500 41,550 41,600	1,398 1,400 1,401 1,403	1,329 1,330 1,332 1,334	1,380 1,382 1,384 1,386
35,600 35,650 35,700 35,750	35,650 35,700 35,750 35,800	1,190 1,191 1,193 1,195	1,124 1,125 1,127 1,129	1,172 1,174 1,176 1,177	38,600 38,650 38,700 38,750	38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800	1,297 1,299 1,301 1,303	1,230 1,231 1,233 1,235	1,280 1,282 1,283 1,285	41,600 41,650 41,700 41,750	41,650 41,700 41,750 41,800	1,405 1,407 1,409 1,410	1,336 1,337 1,339 1,341	1,387 1,389 1,391 1,393
35,800 35,850 35,900 35,950	35,850 35,900 35,950 36,000	1,197 1,199 1,200 1,202	1,131 1,132 1,134 1,136	1,179 1,181 1,183 1,185	38,800 38,850 38,900 38,950	38,850 38,900 38,950 39,000	1,304 1,306 1,308 1,310	1,237 1,238 1,240 1,242	1,287 1,289 1,290 1,292	41,800 41,850 41,900 41,950		1,412 1,414 1,416 1,418	1,343 1,345 1,346 1,348	1,395 1,396 1,398 1,400

\$42,000 - \$50,999

2015 New York **City** Tax Table

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If yo taxa incom	able	А	nd you are	. –	taxa	our able ne is –	А	nd you are) –	taxa	our able 1e is –	And you are –			
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	
42,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	45,	000	Your New York City tax is:		y tax is:	48,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	
42,000 42,050 42,100 42,150	42,050 42,100 42,150 42,200	1,419 1,421 1,423 1,425	1,350 1,352 1,353 1,355	1,402 1,404 1,405 1,407	45,000 45,050 45,100 45,150	45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200	1,527 1,529 1,531 1,532	1,456 1,458 1,459 1,461	1,510 1,511 1,513 1,515	48,000 48,050 48,100 48,150	48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200	1,635 1,637 1,638 1,640	1,564 1,565 1,567 1,569	1,617 1,619 1,621 1,623	
42,200 42,250 42,300 42,350	42,250 42,300 42,350 42,400	1,427 1,428 1,430 1,432	1,357 1,359 1,360 1,362	1,409 1,411 1,413 1,414	45,200 45,250 45,300 45,350	45,250 45,300 45,350 45,400	1,534 1,536 1,538 1,540	1,463 1,465 1,467 1,468	1,517 1,519 1,520 1,522	48,200 48,250 48,300 48,350	48,250 48,300 48,350 48,400	1,642 1,644 1,646 1,647	1,571 1,573 1,574 1,576	1,624 1,626 1,628 1,630	
42,400 42,450 42,500 42,550	42,450 42,500 42,550 42,600	1,434 1,436 1,437 1,439	1,364 1,366 1,367 1,369	1,416 1,418 1,420 1,422	45,400 45,450 45,500 45,550	45,450 45,500 45,550 45,600	1,541 1,543 1,545 1,547	1,470 1,472 1,474 1,476	1,524 1,526 1,528 1,529	48,400 48,450 48,500 48,550	48,450 48,500 48,550 48,600	1,649 1,651 1,653 1,655	1,578 1,580 1,582 1,583	1,632 1,633 1,635 1,637	
42,600 42,650 42,700 42,750	42,650 42,700 42,750 42,800	1,441 1,443 1,445 1,446	1,371 1,373 1,375 1,376	1,423 1,425 1,427 1,429	45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	45,650 45,700 45,750 45,800	1,549 1,550 1,552 1,554	1,477 1,479 1,481 1,483	1,531 1,533 1,535 1,536	48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	48,650 48,700 48,750 48,800	1,656 1,658 1,660 1,662	1,585 1,587 1,589 1,591	1,639 1,641 1,642 1,644	
42,800 42,850 42,900 42,950	42,850 42,900 42,950 43,000	1,448 1,450 1,452 1,453	1,378 1,380 1,382 1,383	1,431 1,432 1,434 1,436	45,800 45,850 45,900 45,950	45,850 45,900 45,950 46,000	1,556 1,558 1,559 1,561	1,485 1,486 1,488 1,490	1,538 1,540 1,542 1,544	48,800 48,850 48,900 48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	1,664 1,665 1,667 1,669	1,592 1,594 1,596 1,598	1,646 1,648 1,650 1,651	
43,	000	Your Ne	w York City	/ tax is:	46,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	49,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	
43,050 43,100	43,050 43,100 43,150 43,200	1,455 1,457 1,459 1,461	1,385 1,387 1,389 1,390	1,438 1,440 1,441 1,443	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150	46,050 46,100 46,150 46,200	1,563 1,565 1,567 1,568	1,492 1,494 1,495 1,497	1,545 1,547 1,549 1,551	49,000 49,050 49,100 49,150	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	1,671 1,673 1,674 1,676	1,600 1,601 1,603 1,605	1,653 1,655 1,657 1,659	
43,200 43,250 43,300 43,350	43,250 43,300 43,350 43,400	1,462 1,464 1,466 1,468	1,392 1,394 1,396 1,398	1,445 1,447 1,449 1,450	46,200 46,250 46,300 46,350	46,250 46,300 46,350 46,400	1,570 1,572 1,574 1,576	1,499 1,501 1,503 1,504	1,553 1,554 1,556 1,558	49,200 49,250 49,300 49,350	49,250 49,300 49,350 49,400	1,678 1,680 1,682 1,683	1,607 1,609 1,610 1,612	1,660 1,662 1,664 1,666	
43,400 43,450 43,500 43,550	43,450 43,500 43,550 43,600	1,470 1,471 1,473 1,475	1,399 1,401 1,403 1,405	1,452 1,454 1,456 1,457	46,400 46,450 46,500 46,550	46,450 46,500 46,550 46,600	1,577 1,579 1,581 1,583	1,506 1,508 1,510 1,512	1,560 1,562 1,563 1,565	49,400 49,450 49,500 49,550	49,450 49,500 49,550 49,600	1,685 1,687 1,689 1,690	1,614 1,616 1,617 1,619	1,668 1,669 1,671 1,673	
43,600 43,650 43,700 43,750	43,650 43,700 43,750 43,800	1,477 1,479 1,480 1,482	1,406 1,408 1,410 1,412	1,459 1,461 1,463 1,465	46,600 46,650 46,700 46,750	46,650 46,700 46,750 46,800	1,585 1,586 1,588 1,590	1,513 1,515 1,517 1,519	1,567 1,569 1,571 1,572	49,600 49,650 49,700 49,750	49,650 49,700 49,750 49,800	1,692 1,694 1,696 1,698	1,621 1,623 1,625 1,626	1,675 1,677 1,678 1,680	
43,800 43,850 43,900 43,950	43,950	1,484 1,486 1,488 1,489	1,413 1,415 1,417 1,419	1,466 1,468 1,470 1,472	46,850 46,900	46,850 46,900 46,950 47,000	1,592 1,594 1,595 1,597	1,521 1,522 1,524 1,526	1,574 1,576 1,578 1,580	49,850 49,900	49,850 49,900 49,950 50,000	1,699 1,701 1,703 1,705	1,628 1,630 1,632 1,634	1,682 1,684 1,686 1,687	
44,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	47,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	50,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	
44,000 44,050 44,100 44,150	44,150	1,491 1,493 1,495 1,497	1,420 1,422 1,424 1,426	1,474 1,475 1,477 1,479	47,100	47,100	1,599 1,601 1,603 1,604	1,528 1,530 1,531 1,533	1,581 1,583 1,585 1,587	50,050 50,100	50,050 50,100 50,150 50,200	1,707 1,709 1,711 1,712	1,635 1,637 1,639 1,641	1,689 1,691 1,693 1,694	
44,200 44,250 44,300 44,350	44,300 44,350	1,498 1,500 1,502 1,504	1,428 1,429 1,431 1,433	1,481 1,483 1,484 1,486	47,200 47,250 47,300 47,350	47,250 47,300 47,350 47,400	1,606 1,608 1,610 1,611	1,535 1,537 1,538 1,540	1,589 1,590 1,592 1,594	50,250 50,300	50,250 50,300 50,350 50,400	1,714 1,716 1,718 1,720	1,643 1,644 1,646 1,648	1,696 1,698 1,700 1,702	
44,400 44,450 44,500 44,550	44,500 44,550	1,506 1,507 1,509 1,511	1,435 1,436 1,438 1,440	1,488 1,490 1,492 1,493	47,400 47,450 47,500 47,550	47,450 47,500 47,550 47,600	1,613 1,615 1,617 1,619	1,542 1,544 1,546 1,547	1,596 1,598 1,599 1,601	50,400 50,450 50,500 50,550	50,500	1,722 1,723 1,725 1,727	1,650 1,652 1,653 1,655	1,703 1,705 1,707 1,709	
44,600 44,650 44,700 44,750	44,700 44,750 44,800	1,513 1,515 1,516 1,518	1,442 1,443 1,445 1,447	1,495 1,497 1,499 1,501	47,600 47,650 47,700 47,750	47,650 47,700 47,750 47,800	1,620 1,622 1,624 1,626	1,549 1,551 1,553 1,555	1,603 1,605 1,607 1,608	50,600 50,650 50,700 50,750		1,729 1,731 1,732 1,734	1,657 1,659 1,661 1,662	1,711 1,712 1,714 1,716	
44,800 44,850 44,900 44,950	44,900	1,520 1,522 1,524 1,525	1,449 1,451 1,452 1,454	1,502 1,504 1,506 1,508	47,800 47,850 47,900 47,950	47,850 47,900 47,950 48,000	1,628 1,629 1,631 1,633	1,556 1,558 1,560 1,562	1,610 1,612 1,614 1,615	50,800 50,850 50,900 50,950	50,850 50,900 50,950 51,000	1,736 1,738 1,740 1,742	1,664 1,666 1,668 1,670	1,718 1,720 1,721 1,723	

NYC

2015 New York City Tax Table

\$51,000 - \$59,999

							Table			\$51,000 - \$59,999				
If y taxa incom	able	A	nd you are) —	If y taxa incom	able	A	nd you are	9 -	taxa	our able ne is –	A	nd you are	9 —
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a household
51,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	54,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	57,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
51,050 51,100	51,050 51,100 51,150 51,200	1,743 1,745 1,747 1,749	1,671 1,673 1,675 1,677	1,725 1,727 1,729 1,730	54,000 54,050 54,100 54,150	54,050 54,100 54,150 54,200	1,853 1,855 1,856 1,858	1,779 1,781 1,783 1,784	1,833 1,835 1,836 1,838	57,000 57,050 57,100 57,150	57,050 57,100 57,150 57,200	1,962 1,964 1,966 1,968	1,887 1,889 1,890 1,892	1,940 1,942 1,944 1,946
	51,250 51,300 51,350 51,400	1,751 1,753 1,754 1,756	1,679 1,680 1,682 1,684	1,732 1,734 1,736 1,738	54,200 54,250 54,300 54,350	54,250 54,300 54,350 54,400	1,860 1,862 1,864 1,866	1,786 1,788 1,790 1,792	1,840 1,842 1,844 1,845	57,200 57,250 57,300 57,350	57,250 57,300 57,350 57,400	1,970 1,971 1,973 1,975	1,894 1,896 1,898 1,899	1,948 1,949 1,951 1,953
51,400 51,450 51,500 51,550	51,450 51,500 51,550 51,600	1,758 1,760 1,762 1,763	1,686 1,688 1,689 1,691	1,739 1,741 1,743 1,745	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	54,450 54,500 54,550 54,600	1,867 1,869 1,871 1,873	1,793 1,795 1,797 1,799	1,847 1,849 1,851 1,852	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	57,450 57,500 57,550 57,600	1,977 1,979 1,981 1,982	1,901 1,903 1,905 1,907	1,955 1,957 1,958 1,960
51,600 51,650 51,700 51,750	51,650 51,700 51,750 51,800	1,765 1,767 1,769 1,771	1,693 1,695 1,696 1,698	1,747 1,748 1,750 1,752	54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700 54,750 54,800	1,875 1,877 1,878 1,880	1,801 1,802 1,804 1,806	1,854 1,856 1,858 1,860	57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700 57,750 57,800	1,984 1,986 1,988 1,990	1,908 1,910 1,912 1,914	1,962 1,964 1,966 1,967
	51,850 51,900 51,950 52,000	1,773 1,774 1,776 1,778	1,700 1,702 1,704 1,705	1,754 1,756 1,757 1,759		54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	1,882 1,884 1,886 1,887	1,808 1,810 1,811 1,813	1,861 1,863 1,865 1,867		57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	1,991 1,993 1,995 1,997	1,916 1,917 1,919 1,921	1,969 1,971 1,973 1,975
52,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	tax is:	55,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	58,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
52,050	52,050 52,100 52,150 52,200	1,780 1,782 1,784 1,785	1,707 1,709 1,711 1,713	1,761 1,763 1,765 1,766	55,000 55,050 55,100 55,150	55,050 55,100 55,150 55,200	1,889 1,891 1,893 1,895	1,815 1,817 1,819 1,820	1,869 1,870 1,872 1,874	58,000 58,050 58,100 58,150	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,200	1,999 2,001 2,002 2,004	1,923 1,925 1,926 1,928	1,976 1,978 1,980 1,982
52,200 52,250 52,300 52,350	52,250 52,300 52,350 52,400	1,787 1,789 1,791 1,793	1,714 1,716 1,718 1,720	1,768 1,770 1,772 1,773	55,200 55,250 55,300 55,350	55,250 55,300 55,350 55,400	1,897 1,898 1,900 1,902	1,822 1,824 1,826 1,828	1,876 1,878 1,879 1,881	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350	58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400	2,006 2,008 2,010 2,012	1,930 1,932 1,934 1,935	1,984 1,985 1,987 1,989
52,400 52,450 52,500 52,550	52,450 52,500 52,550 52,600	1,794 1,796 1,798 1,800	1,722 1,723 1,725 1,727	1,775 1,777 1,779 1,781	55,400 55,450 55,500 55,550	55,450 55,500 55,550 55,600	1,904 1,906 1,908 1,909	1,829 1,831 1,833 1,835	1,883 1,885 1,887 1,888	58,400 58,450 58,500 58,550	58,450 58,500 58,550 58,600	2,013 2,015 2,017 2,019	1,937 1,939 1,941 1,942	1,991 1,993 1,994 1,996
	52,650 52,700 52,750 52,800	1,802 1,804 1,805 1,807	1,729 1,731 1,732 1,734	1,782 1,784 1,786 1,788	55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750	55,650 55,700 55,750 55,800	1,911 1,913 1,915 1,917	1,837 1,838 1,840 1,842	1,890 1,892 1,894 1,896	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	2,021 2,022 2,024 2,026	1,944 1,946 1,948 1,950	1,998 2,000 2,002 2,003
52,850 52,900	52,850 52,900 52,950 53,000	1,809 1,811 1,813 1,815	1,736 1,738 1,740 1,741	1,790 1,791 1,793 1,795	55,850 55,900	55,850 55,900 55,950 56,000	1,918 1,920 1,922 1,924	1,844 1,846 1,847 1,849	1,897 1,899 1,901 1,903	58,900	58,900	2,028 2,030 2,032 2,033	1,951 1,953 1,955 1,957	2,005 2,007 2,009 2,010
53,	000	Your Ne	w York City	tax is:	56,	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	59,0	000	Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:
53,050 53,100	53,050 53,100 53,150 53,200	1,816 1,818 1,820 1,822	1,743 1,745 1,747 1,749	1,797 1,799 1,800 1,802	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150	56,050 56,100 56,150 56,200	1,926 1,928 1,929 1,931	1,851 1,853 1,854 1,856	1,905 1,906 1,908 1,910	59,100	59,100 59,150	2,035 2,037 2,039 2,041	1,959 1,960 1,962 1,964	2,012 2,014 2,016 2,018
53,300	53,250 53,300 53,350 53,400	1,824 1,825 1,827 1,829	1,750 1,752 1,754 1,756	1,804 1,806 1,808 1,809	56,200 56,250 56,300 56,350	56,250 56,300 56,350 56,400	1,933 1,935 1,937 1,939	1,858 1,860 1,862 1,863	1,912 1,914 1,915 1,917	59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,250 59,300 59,350 59,400	2,043 2,044 2,046 2,048	1,966 1,968 1,969 1,971	2,019 2,021 2,023 2,025
53,500	53,450 53,500 53,550 53,600	1,831 1,833 1,835 1,836	1,758 1,759 1,761 1,763	1,811 1,813 1,815 1,817	56,400 56,450 56,500 56,550	56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600	1,940 1,942 1,944 1,946	1,865 1,867 1,869 1,871	1,919 1,921 1,923 1,924	59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550	59,450 59,500 59,550 59,600	2,050 2,052 2,053 2,055	1,973 1,975 1,977 1,978	2,027 2,028 2,030 2,032
53,700	53,650 53,700 53,750 53,800	1,838 1,840 1,842 1,844	1,765 1,767 1,768 1,770	1,818 1,820 1,822 1,824	56,600 56,650 56,700 56,750	56,650 56,700 56,750 56,800	1,948 1,950 1,951 1,953	1,872 1,874 1,876 1,878	1,926 1,928 1,930 1,931	59,600 59,650 59,700 59,750	59,650 59,700 59,750 59,800	2,057 2,059 2,061 2,063	1,980 1,982 1,984 1,986	2,034 2,036 2,037 2,039
53,900	53,850 53,900 53,950 54,000	1,846 1,847 1,849 1,851	1,772 1,774 1,775 1,777	1,826 1,827 1,829 1,831	56,800 56,850 56,900 56,950	56,850 56,900 56,950 57,000	1,955 1,957 1,959 1,960	1,880 1,881 1,883 1,885	1,933 1,935 1,937 1,939	59,800 59,850 59,900 59,950		2,064 2,066 2,068 2,070	1,987 1,989 1,991 1,993	2,041 2,043 2,045 2,046

\$60,000 +

2015 New York **City** Tax Table

NYC

If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are) –	If yo taxa incom	ble	А	nd you are	9 –	If yo taxa incom	ble	A	nd you are	9 -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly*	Head of a household	
60,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is: 62,000		Your Ne	w York City	y tax is:	64,0	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:		
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150	60,050 60,100 60,150 60,200	2,072 2,074 2,075 2,077	1,995 1,996 1,998 2,000	2,048 2,050 2,052 2,053	62,000 62,050 62,100 62,150	62,050 62,100 62,150 62,200	2,145 2,146 2,148 2,150	2,066 2,068 2,070 2,072	2,121 2,123 2,125 2,126	64,000 64,050 64,100 64,150	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,200	2,218 2,219 2,221 2,223	2,138 2,140 2,142 2,144	2,194 2,196 2,197 2,199	
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,250 60,300 60,350 60,400	2,079 2,081 2,083 2,084	2,002 2,004 2,005 2,007	2,055 2,057 2,059 2,061	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	2,152 2,154 2,156 2,157	2,074 2,075 2,077 2,079	2,128 2,130 2,132 2,134	64,200 64,250 64,300 64,350	64,250 64,300 64,350 64,400	2,225 2,227 2,229 2,230	2,145 2,147 2,149 2,151	2,201 2,203 2,205 2,207	
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,450 60,500 60,550 60,600	2,086 2,088 2,090 2,092	2,009 2,011 2,013 2,014	2,063 2,064 2,066 2,068	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	2,159 2,161 2,163 2,165	2,081 2,083 2,084 2,086	2,135 2,137 2,139 2,141	64,400 64,450 64,500 64,550	64,450 64,500 64,550 64,600	2,232 2,234 2,236 2,238	2,153 2,154 2,156 2,158	2,208 2,210 2,212 2,214	
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,650 60,700 60,750 60,800	2,094 2,095 2,097 2,099	2,016 2,018 2,020 2,021	2,070 2,072 2,073 2,075	62,600 62,650 62,700 62,750	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	2,167 2,168 2,170 2,172	2,088 2,090 2,092 2,093	2,143 2,145 2,146 2,148	64,600 64,650 64,700 64,750	64,650 64,700 64,750 64,800	2,240 2,241 2,243 2,245	2,160 2,162 2,163 2,163 2,165	2,216 2,218 2,219 2,221	
60,800 60,850 60,900 60,950	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000	2,101 2,103 2,105 2,106	2,023 2,025 2,027 2,029	2,077 2,079 2,081 2,083	62,800 62,850 62,900 62,950	62,850 62,900 62,950 63,000	2,174 2,176 2,178 2,179	2,095 2,097 2,099 2,100	2,150 2,152 2,154 2,156	64,800 64,850 64,900 64,950	64,850 64,900 64,950 65,000	2,247 2,249 2,250 2,252	2,167 2,169 2,171 2,172	2,223 2,225 2,227 2,228	
61,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	63,	000	Your Ne	w York Cit	y tax is:	65,0	000 or m	nore:			
61,000 61,050 61,100 61,150	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	2,108 2,110 2,112 2,114	2,030 2,032 2,034 2,036	2,084 2,086 2,088 2,090	63,000 63,050 63,100 63,150	63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200	2,181 2,183 2,185 2,187	2,102 2,104 2,106 2,108	2,157 2,159 2,161 2,163						
61,200 61,250 61,300 61,350	61,250 61,300 61,350 61,400	2,115 2,117 2,119 2,121	2,038 2,039 2,041 2,043	2,092 2,094 2,095 2,097	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	2,188 2,190 2,192 2,194	2,109 2,111 2,113 2,115	2,165 2,166 2,168 2,170		\$	65,000 or compute		$\overline{}$	
61,400 61,450 61,500 61,550	61,450 61,500 61,550 61,600	2,123 2,125 2,126 2,128	2,045 2,047 2,048 2,050	2,099 2,101 2,103 2,104	63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	2,196 2,198 2,199 2,201	2,117 2,118 2,120 2,122	2,172 2,174 2,176 2,177	New York City tax using the New York City tax rate schedule on page 67.					
61,600 61,650 61,700 61,750	61,650 61,700 61,750 61,800	2,130 2,132 2,134 2,136	2,052 2,054 2,056 2,057	2,106 2,108 2,110 2,112	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	2,203 2,205 2,207 2,209	2,124 2,126 2,127 2,129	2,179 2,181 2,183 2,185						
61,800 61,850 61,900 61,950	61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	2,137 2,139 2,141 2,143	2,059 2,061 2,063 2,065	2,114 2,115 2,117 2,119	63,800 63,850 63,900 63,950	63,850 63,900 63,950 64,000	2,210 2,212 2,214 2,216	2,131 2,133 2,135 2,136	2,187 2,188 2,190 2,192						

New York City tax rate schedule

Marri	Married filing jointly and qualifying widow(er) – filing status ${\mathbb Q}$ and ${\mathbb S}$												
If line	38 is:												
over but not over				e tax i	s:								
\$	0	\$ 21,600				2.907%	of lir	ne 38					
21	,600	45,000	\$	628	plus	3.534%	of the	e exc	ess c	over	\$	21,600	
45	,000	90,000		1,455	plus	3.591%	"	"	"	"		45,000	
90	,000	500,000		3,071	plus	3.648%	"	"	"	"		90,000	
500,000			19	,155*	plus	3.876%	"	"	"	"		500,000	

Sin	Single and married filing separately – filing status ${\mathbb O}$ and ${\mathbb 3}$											
lf li	ne 38 is	:										
over but not over				ne tax is	s:							
\$	0 12,000	\$ 12,000 25,000	\$	349	plus	2.907% 3.534%	• • • • • •	ne 38 e exce		over	\$ 12,0	000
	25,000	50,000		808	plus	3.591%	"	"	"		25,0	
	50,000	500,000		1,706	plus	3.648%	"	"		"	50,0	000
500,000			1	9,255*	plus	3.876%	"	"	"	"	500,0	000

Head of	fhou	seho	ld – filing sta	atus	(4)								
If line 3	8 is:												
over but not over				Т	he tax is	S:							
\$	0	\$	14,400				2.907%	of lin	ie 38				
14,4	00		30,000	\$	419	plus	3.534%	of the	exc	ess c	over	\$	14,400
30,0	00		60,000		970	plus	3.591%	"	"	"	"		30,000
60,0	00	4	500,000		2,047	plus	3.648%	"	"	"	"		60,000
500,000			1	9,230*	plus	3.876%	"	"	"	"	4	500,000	

* These amounts include an additional amount to recapture the School Tax Reduction (STAR) Program rate reduction benefit for tax rates on taxable income below \$500,000.

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- Notes -

- Notes -

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Department of Taxation and Finance

Full-Year Resident Instructions



When to file/Important dates

April 18, 2016 Date by which you must file your 2015 New York State income tax return and pay any amounts you owe without interest or penalty. If you cannot file by this date, you can get an automatic 6-month extension of time to file (to October 17, 2016) by filing IT-370, *Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals* (see *Need help?* below).

June 15, 2016

IT-201-I

Instructions

Date by which you must file your 2015 New York State income tax return if you qualify to file your federal income tax return on June 15, 2016, because:

- 1) you are a U.S. citizen or resident alien and live outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico, or
- 2) you are in the military service outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico when your 2015 return is due. The time to pay your New York State, New York City and Yonkers income tax, and any New York State or local sales or use tax is similarly automatically extended.

Military Personnel — For more information on extensions of time to file, see Publication 361, *New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.*

October 17, 2016 Date by which you must file your 2015 income tax return to avoid penalties and interest computed from the original due date if you filed IT-370, *Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals*, and paid any tax you owed.

April 18, 2016 June 15, 2016 September 15, 2016 January 17, 2017 These are the due dates for 2016 estimated tax payments. Generally, you must pay estimated tax if you expect to owe at least \$300 of New York State or New York City or Yonkers income tax after deducting tax withheld and credits you are entitled to claim, or any amount of MCTMT.

Statute of limitations

Generally, you must file a claim for a credit or refund of an overpayment of income tax within the later of three years from the time you filed the return or two years from the time you paid the tax. If you did not file a return, you must file the claim for a credit or refund within two years from the time you paid the tax.



Where to file

If enclosing a payment (check or money order with Form IT-201-V), mail your return to:

STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 15555 ALBANY NY 12212-5555

If not enclosing a payment, mail your return to:

STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

If you choose to use a private delivery service instead of the U.S. Postal Service to file your return, see page 35 for additional information.

