



CT-249

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

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Claim for Long-Term Care Insurance Credit

Tax Law — Article 9, Article 9-A, Article 32, and Article 33

All filers must enter tax period:

beginning [] ending []

Legal name of corporation	Employer identification number
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File this form with Form(s) CT-183, CT-184, CT-185, CT-186, CT-186-E, CT-186-EZ, CT-186-P, CT-3, CT-3-A, CT-3-S, CT-32, CT-32-A, CT-32-S, CT-33, CT-33-A, or CT-33-NL

Computation of available long-term care insurance credit

1 Qualified long-term care insurance premiums paid during the current tax year.....	•	1.	
2 Multiply line 1 by 20% (.2).....	•	2.	
3 Long-term care insurance credit from partnership(s) (from line 13; see instructions).....	•	3.	
4 Unused long-term care insurance credit from preceding period.....	•	4.	
5 Total available long-term care insurance credit (add lines 2, 3, and 4).....	•	5.	

Computation of long-term care insurance credit limitation

6 Tax due before credits (see instructions)	6.		
7 Enter other credits claimed before the long-term care insurance credit (see instructions)	• 7.		
8 Net tax (subtract line 7 from line 6)	8.		
9 Minimum tax limitation (see instructions)	9.		
10 Long-term care insurance credit limitation (subtract line 9 from line 8; if line 9 is greater than line 8, enter 0)	• 10.		

Computation of long-term care insurance credit used and available for carryforward

11 Long-term care insurance credit to be used for the current tax year (see instructions)	•	11.	
12 Long-term care insurance credit to be carried forward (subtract line 11 from line 5)	•	12.	

Partnership information (see the instructions for line 3 on page 2; attach additional sheets if necessary)

Name of partnership	Identifying number	Amount of credit
Total from additional sheet(s), if any.....		
13 Total credit amount allocated from partnership(s) (enter here and on line 3)		13.

Instructions

Temporary deferral of certain tax credits

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and before January 1, 2013, if the total amount of certain credits that you may use to reduce your tax or have refunded to you is greater than \$2 million, the excess over \$2 million must be deferred to, and used or refunded in, tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. For more information about the credit deferral, see Form CT-500, *Corporation Tax Credit Deferral*.

If you are subject to the credit deferral, you must complete all credit forms without regard to the deferral. However, the credit amount that is transferred to your tax return to be applied against your tax due or to be refunded to you may be reduced. Follow the instructions for Form CT-500 to determine the amounts to enter on your tax return.

General information

Corporate taxpayers who pay premiums for qualifying long-term care insurance policies may claim a credit against the taxes imposed by Article 9, sections 183, 184, 185, 186, 186-a, and 186-e and Articles 9-A, 32, and 33. The credit is equal to 20% of the premiums paid during the tax year for the purchase of, or for continuing coverage under, a long-term care insurance policy that qualifies for the credit pursuant to Insurance Law section 1117. (For tax years beginning before January 1, 2004, the credit is equal to 10% of these premiums.) Individuals use Form IT-249, *Claim for Long-Term Care Insurance Credit*, to claim the credit.

A qualifying long-term care insurance policy is one that is

- approved by the New York State Superintendent of Insurance pursuant to Insurance Law section 1117(g); **or**
- a group contract delivered or issued for delivery outside of New York State that is a qualified long-term care insurance contract as defined in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 7702B. (Note: IRC section 7702B relates to policies for which a federal itemized deduction is allowed.)

This credit is not refundable. However, any portion of the credit that cannot be applied to the tax for the current tax year may be carried forward indefinitely to the following tax year or years.

The credit may not reduce the tax to less than the following:

- the applicable minimum tax fixed by Article 9, section 183, 185, or 186
- the higher of the tax on minimum taxable income base or fixed dollar minimum under Article 9-A
- \$250 under Article 32 or Article 33

Under Article 9, the credit must first be deducted from the taxes imposed by section 183, 185, or 186. Any credit remaining must then be deducted from the taxes imposed by section 184.

The credit is not allowed against the metropolitan transportation business tax (MTA surcharge) under Article 9, 9-A, 32, or 33.

Line instructions

New York S corporations: Complete only lines 1 through 5, and transfer the line 5 amount to the applicable line of Form CT-34-SH, *New York S Corporation Shareholders' Information Schedule*.

Line 3 — If you are a corporate partner receiving a long-term care insurance credit from a partnership, include on line 3 your pro rata share of the long-term care insurance credit passed through to you from the partnership.

Enter in the *Partnership information* area on page 1 the name, identifying number, and credit amount for each partnership that passed the credit through to you.

Lines 6 and 9 entries table

Section 1		
Franchise tax return filed	Enter on line 6 any net recaptured tax credits plus the amount from	Enter on line 9 the amount below
Forms CT-183 and CT-184	Form CT-183, line 4 plus Form CT-184, line 3 or 4	75
Form CT-185	Line 6	10
Form CT-186	Line 5	125
Form CT-3	Line 78	Line 81 amount
Form CT-3-A	Line 77	Line 80 amount
Form CT-32	Line 5	250
Form CT-32-A	Line 5	250
Form CT-33	Line 11	250
Form CT-33-A	Line 15	Line 4 plus line 12
Form CT-33-NL	Line 5	250
Section 2		
Tax return filed	Enter on line 6 any net recaptured tax credits plus the amount from	Enter on line 9 the amount below
Form CT-186-E	Line 39 plus line 88	0
Form CT-186-EZ	Line 24	0
Form CT-186-P	Line 4	0

Line 6 — Enter your tax before credits using the *Lines 6 and 9 entries table* above. The long-term care insurance credit can be applied to taxes as computed on the forms listed in the table above. However, the credit cannot be applied against both a franchise tax return listed in Section 1 and a tax return listed in Section 2.

Line 7 — If you are claiming more than one tax credit for this year, enter the amount of credits claimed before applying this credit. Otherwise enter **0**. You must apply certain credits before the long-term care insurance credit. Refer to the instructions of your franchise tax return to determine the order of credits that applies.

Article 9-A filers: Refer to Form CT-600-I, *Instructions for Form CT-600*, for the order of credits.

If you are included in a combined return, include any amount of tax credits being claimed by other members of the combined group, including the long-term care insurance credit, that you wish to apply before your long-term care insurance credit.

Life insurance corporations: Do not enter on this line any amount of empire zone (EZ) wage tax credits, zone equivalent area (ZEA) wage tax credits, or EZ capital tax credits you may be claiming. If you are included in a combined return, do not include any amount of these tax credit(s) being claimed by other members of the combined group.

Line 9 — Enter the amount using the *Lines 6 and 9 entries table* above.

Line 11 — Enter the lesser of line 5 or line 10. If your total credits from all sources are **\$2 million or less**, enter the amount from line 11 on your franchise tax return.

If your total credits from all sources are **more than \$2 million**, you may be subject to the temporary credit deferral. Complete line 11 but do not enter the amount from line 11 on your franchise tax return. See Form CT-500 to determine the proper amounts to enter on your franchise tax return.

Need help? and Privacy notification

See Form CT-1, *Supplement to Corporation Tax Instructions*.