



# Instructions for Form DTF-622

## Claim for QETC Capital Tax Credit

Tax Law – Articles 9-A and 22

# DTF-622-I

### General information

The qualified emerging technology company (QETC) capital tax credit under section 210.12-F of Article 9-A and section 606(r) of Article 22 of the Tax Law was created to stimulate investment in a QETC. The credit is available to Article 9-A taxpayers or Article 22 taxpayers (individuals, including sole proprietors, partners in partnerships, shareholders of New York S corporations, estates and trusts, and beneficiaries of estates and trusts). For additional information about the credit see TSB-M-99(2.1)C, *Qualified Emerging Technology Company Tax Credits (Article 9-A taxpayers only)*, or TSB-M-00(2)I, *Qualified Emerging Technology Company Tax Credits (personal income tax)*.

### Eligibility

You may claim this credit if you are:

- a corporation that is subject to tax under Article 9-A;
- an individual that is subject to tax under Article 22 including:
  - a sole proprietor (including estates and trusts that are sole proprietors);
  - a partner in a partnership (including a member of a limited liability company (LLC) that is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes);
  - a shareholder of a New York S corporation; **or**
  - a beneficiary of an estate or trust where the estate or trust is a sole proprietor, partner in a partnership, or a shareholder of a New York S corporation;

and the corporation, sole proprietorship, partnership, or S corporation made a qualified investment in a certified QETC.

### Credit amount

The QETC capital tax credit is computed on each qualified investment made during the tax year in a certified QETC and is equal to the sum of:

- ten percent of qualified investments in certified QETCs, if the taxpayer certifies to the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance at the time the credit is claimed that the qualified investment will not be sold, transferred, traded, or disposed of within four years from the close of the tax year in which the QETC capital tax credit is first claimed; **and**
- twenty percent of qualified investments in certified QETCs, if the taxpayer certifies to the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance at the time the credit is claimed that the qualified investment will not be sold, transferred, traded, or disposed of within nine years from the close of the tax year in which the QETC capital tax credit is first claimed.

### Definitions

*Qualified investment* means:

- the contribution of property to a corporation in exchange for original issue capital stock or other ownership interest; **and**
- the contribution of property to a partnership in exchange for an interest in the partnership; **and**
- similar contributions to a business entity not in corporate or partnership form in exchange for an ownership interest in the entity.

Qualified investments **do not include** investments made by or on behalf of an owner of the QETC, including, but not limited to, a stockholder, partner, sole proprietor, or any related person (as defined in section 465(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC)).

An *owner of the qualified emerging technology company* means an entity that owns more than a 10% interest in a QETC. The percentage of ownership in a certified QETC is determined based upon the amount of the following:

- the number of shares of stock issued and outstanding; **or**
- the contribution of property to a partnership; **or**
- similar contributions in the case of a business entity not in corporate or partnership form.

A *qualified emerging technology company* is, pursuant to section 3102-e of the Public Authorities Law (PAL), a company located in New York State that has total annual product sales of \$10 million or less, and meets either of the following criteria:

- Its primary products or services are classified as emerging technologies under section 3102-e(1)(b) of the PAL; **or**
- It has research and development activities in New York State and its ratio of research and development funds to net sales equals or exceeds the average ratio for all surveyed companies classified (as determined by the National Science Foundation (NSF) in the most recently published results from its survey *Research and Development in Industry: 2004*, or a comparable successor survey as determined by the Tax Department). For more information see TSB-M-99(2.1)C or TSB-M-00(2)-I.

A *certified QETC* means a qualified emerging technology company which has filed Form DTF-620, *Application for Certification of a Qualified Emerging Technology Company*, and has been certified as a QETC by the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance.

## Credit limitations

Sections 210.12-F and 606(r) impose the following three limitations on the QETC capital tax credit:

- The credit and any carryover of the credit may not reduce the tax imposed by Article 9-A to less than the higher of the tax on minimum taxable income base or the fixed dollar minimum (computed before the addition of the MTA surcharge and without regard to any credits); and the credit may not exceed the tax due under Article 22.
- The total amount of credit allowable to a taxpayer for all years may not exceed \$150,000 for a credit computed at the rate of 10% of qualified investments, and \$300,000 for a credit computed at the rate of 20% of qualified investments.
- The credit and any carryover of the credit may not exceed 50% of the tax imposed by section 209 of Article 9-A and section 601 of Article 22 without regard to any credit.

This credit is not refundable. However, any amount of credit or carryover of credit not deductible in the current tax year may be carried over and deducted from the tax in succeeding tax years.

## Recapture of credit

If a taxpayer sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of corporate stock, a partnership interest, or other ownership interest arising from the making of a qualified investment, or if an investment is recovered by the taxpayer that was the basis for the allowance of the QETC capital tax credit, and the disposal or recovery occurs during the tax year or within 48 months (for a credit at the rate of 10% of qualified investments), or 108 months (for a credit at the rate of 20% of qualified investments) from the close of the tax year when the credit was allowed, the taxpayer must add back to the tax in the tax year of the disposition or recovery, the required portion of the credit originally allowed. For more information, see Schedule C instructions.

**Combined filers** — A taxpayer filing as a member of a combined group is allowed to claim the credit. The credit is computed on a separate basis in Schedule A, Part 1 and Part 2, and applied against the combined tax.

## General instructions

### Instructions for corporations, fiduciaries, and self-employed individuals

If you are a corporation (other than a New York S corporation), a fiduciary, or an individual who is eligible for this credit and has no other QETC capital tax credit from pass-through entities (such as partnerships or S corporations), complete Form DTF-622 as follows:

1. Enter your name, taxpayer ID number, and filing period at the top of the form.
2. Complete Schedule A to compute the amount of the credit.
3. Complete Schedule B, Parts 1 and 2. Corporations must also complete Part 3. Fiduciaries and individuals do not complete Part 3.
4. If you are required to recapture any QETC credit, complete Schedule C and enter the total recapture amount on Schedule C, line 22 and also on Schedule D, line 26. If you are not required to recapture any QETC credit, do not complete Schedule C, go to Schedule D.

5. Complete Schedule D. Transfer the credit as instructed on line 29 of the form.

If you are a corporation (other than a New York S corporation), a fiduciary, or an individual who is eligible for this credit who also has a QETC capital tax credit from a pass-through entity, complete step 1 shown above. Complete line A (instructions are shown below in step 2 in the instructions for partners). Then continue with the instructions shown above (steps 2 through 5).

### Instructions for partners (including corporate partners), shareholders of New York S corporations, and beneficiaries of estates or trusts

If you received a pro rata share of a QETC capital tax credit passed through to you from a partnership, a New York S corporation, or an estate or trust, your share of the credit will be calculated by your partnership, New York S corporation, estate or trust. The entity will report your share of the credit to you. You will report your share of this credit on your own Form DTF-622, calculate the limitation and carryover that is applicable to you, and attach it to your tax return. Complete Form DTF-622 as follows:

1. Enter your name, taxpayer ID number, and filing period at the top of the form.
2. Complete Line A. Your partnership, New York S corporation, estate or trust will provide you with your pro rata share of the credit to be entered on Line A. In the box below Line A, enter the name and identification number of the business that passed through the credit to you. If you are claiming a credit from more than one partnership, New York S corporation, estate or trust, combine all amounts on Line A and attach a list of the names and identification numbers of all entities and the amounts of credit passed through to you.
3. Complete Schedule B, Parts 1 and 2. Corporations must also complete Schedule B, Part 3.
4. Do **not** complete Schedule C. If you are required to recapture any QETC capital tax credit, your pro rata share of recapture should be provided to you by your partnership, S corporation or fiduciary. Enter that amount on Schedule D, line 26.
5. Complete Schedule D. Transfer the credit as instructed on line 29 of the form.

### Instructions for New York S corporations and partnerships

If you are a New York S corporation or partnership, you will compute the credit in Schedule A and provide your shareholders or partners with their pro rata share of the credit. If you are required to recapture QETC credit, you will also complete Schedule C and provide your shareholders or partners with their pro rata share of the recapture amount. New York S corporations cannot take the credit against their New York State franchise tax. The credit is passed through to the shareholders and partners. Complete Form DTF-622 as follows:

1. Enter your name, taxpayer ID number, and filing period at the top of the form.
2. Complete Schedule A. Combine the totals on line 3 and line 6 and transfer the total as follows:

*(continued)*

- **New York S corporations** — Enter the combined total on Form CT-34-SH and provide your shareholders with their pro rata share of this amount.
  - **Partnerships** — Enter the combined total and code **622** on Form IT-204, line 147, and provide the partners with their pro rata share of this amount.
3. If you have a recapture of the QETC capital tax credit, complete Schedule C and transfer the amount on line 22 as follows:
- **New York S corporations** — Enter the line 22 amount on Form CT-34-SH and provide your shareholders with their pro rata share of the recapture.
  - **Partnerships** — Enter the line 22 amount and code **622** on Form IT-204, line 148, and provide the partners with their pro rata share of the recapture.

## Filling in your tax forms

For complete information on how to fill in New York State tax forms, see the instructions for your income or franchise tax return. Also see the instructions for your tax return for the *Privacy notification* or if you need help contacting the Tax Department.

## Line instructions

### Line A

**Partner** — Enter your share of the partnership's credit on Line A. Provide the name and identification number of the partnership.

**Shareholder** — Enter your share of the New York S corporation's credit on line A. Provide the name and identification number of the New York S corporation.

**Beneficiary** — Enter your share of the estate or trust credit on Line A. Provide the name and identification number of the estate or trust.

If you are claiming a credit from more than one partnership, New York S corporation, or trust, combine all amounts on Line A and attach a list showing a breakdown of the amounts and the name and identification number of each entity.

### Schedule B — Limitations of QETC capital tax credit

#### Part 1 — Fifty percent limitation

**Line 7** — Article 9-A taxpayers: enter the tax due before credits from Form CT-3 or Form CT-3-A. Article 22 taxpayers: if you file Form IT-201, enter the total of your tax from line 39 **and** Form IT-230-I, Worksheet A, line 1, reduced by any resident credit and accumulation distribution credit. If you file Form IT-203, enter the total of your tax from line 46 **and** Form IT-203-ATT, line 18, reduced by any resident credit and accumulation distribution credit. Resident filers of Form IT-205, enter the tax from line 8, reduced by any resident credit or accumulation distribution credit. Nonresident or part-year resident filers of Form IT-205, enter the tax from line 9, reduced by any resident credit or accumulation distribution credit.

#### Part 2 — \$150,000/\$300,000 limitation

**Line 10** — The total amount of credit allowable to a taxpayer for all years may not exceed \$150,000 for a credit computed at the rate of 10% of qualified investments, and \$300,000 for a credit computed at the rate of 20% of qualified investments. However, if a husband or wife is required to file a separate return, the \$150,000 limitation is reduced to \$75,000 and the \$300,000 limitation is reduced to \$150,000, unless the taxpayer's spouse has no credit allowable for the tax year which ends with or within the taxpayer's tax year.

In the case of an estate or trust, the \$150,000 limitation and \$300,000 limitation of the credit is reduced to an amount which bears the same ratio to \$150,000 and an amount which bears the same ratio to \$300,000 as the portion of the income of the estate or trust that is not allocated to beneficiaries bears to the total income of the estate or trust.

**Line 12** — Subtract line 11 from line 9, or, if it applies, from line 10. The result represents the amount of credit that may still be claimed in each category.

#### Line 13

**Column A** — Add the amount on line A attributable to qualified investments to be held 4 years, if any, to the amount on line 3. Enter the smaller of this total or the line 12, column A amount on line 13, column A.

**Column B** — Add the amount on line A attributable to qualified investments to be held 9 years, if any, to the amount on line 6. Enter the smaller of this total or the line 12, column B amount on line 13, column B.

#### Part 3 — Tax on minimum taxable income base and fixed dollar minimum limitation (Article 9-A only)

**Line 16** — Enter the total amount of any other credits used against the current year's tax. Certain credits must be applied before the QETC capital tax credit. Refer to your franchise tax return or Form CT-600, *Ordering of Corporation Tax Credits*, to determine the order of credits that apply.

### Schedule C — Recapture of credit

#### Part 1 — Recapture of credit for qualified investments to be held four years

If a taxpayer sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of corporate stock, a partnership interest, or other ownership interest arising from the making of a qualified investment, or if an investment is recovered by the taxpayer that was the basis for the allowance of the QETC capital tax credit, and the disposal or recovery occurs during the tax year or within 48 months from the close of the tax year when the credit was allowed, the taxpayer must add back to the tax in the tax year of the disposition or recovery, the required portion of the credit originally allowed.

**Column C** — For recapture purposes, the amount of the credit to be added back must be the portion of the credit attributable to the qualified investment disposed of, or the investment recovered, multiplied by the following percentage:

- 100%, if the disposition or recovery occurs within the tax year in which the credit is allowed, or within 12 months of the end of that tax year;
- 75%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 12 months, but not more than 24 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed;
- 50%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 24 months, but not more than 36 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed; or
- 25%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 36 months, but not more than 48 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed.

**Part 2 — Recapture of credit for qualified investments to be held nine years**

If a taxpayer sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of corporate stock, a partnership interest, or other ownership interest arising from the making of a qualified investment, or if an investment is recovered by the taxpayer that was the basis for the allowance of the QETC capital tax credit, and the disposal or recovery occurs during the tax year or within 108 months from the close of the tax year when the credit was allowed, the taxpayer must add back to the tax in the tax year of the disposition or recovery, the required portion of the credit originally allowed.

**Column C** — For recapture purposes, the amount of the credit to be added back must be the portion of the credit attributable to the qualified investment disposed of, or the investment recovered, multiplied by the following percentage:

- 100%, if the disposition or recovery occurs within the tax year in which the credit is allowed, or within 12 months of the end of that tax year;
- 80%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 12 months, but not more than 48 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed;
- 60%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 48 months, but not more than 72 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed;
- 40%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 72 months, but not more than 96 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed; or
- 20%, if the disposition or recovery occurs more than 96 months, but not more than 108 months, after the end of the tax year in which the credit was allowed.

**Line 22** — Add line 20, column D and line 21, column D and enter the amount on line 22. This is your total recaptured credit. Corporations and individuals: enter the line 22 amount on line 26. New York S corporations, partnerships and fiduciaries: provide shareholders, partners or beneficiaries with their share of the recaptured credit amount.

- **New York S corporations** — Enter the line 22 amount on Form CT-34-SH.
- **Partnerships** — Enter the line 22 amount and code **622** on Form IT-204, line 148.
- **Fiduciaries** — Enter the amount from line 22 not allocated to beneficiaries on line 26.

**Schedule D — Computation of QETC capital tax credit and carryover**

**Line 24** — Enter the amount of unused QETC capital tax credit carried forward (line 30 of your 2006 Form DTF-622), if any.

**Line 26** — New York C corporations enter the amount from line 22.

New York S corporation shareholders, partners in a partnership, and beneficiaries of an estate or trust, enter your share of the New York S corporation's, partnership's, or estate's or trust's recaptured credit. This information should be provided to you by the New York S corporation, the partnership, or the estate or trust. Provide the name and identification number of the entity.

Fiduciaries, enter your share of the estate's or trust's recaptured credit on line 26 (if any) that was not distributed to the beneficiaries. Self-employed individuals, enter your share of the recaptured credit on line 26.

**Line 27** — If line 25 is more than line 26, subtract line 26 from line 25. This is the amount of your tentative credit. Skip line 28 and continue with line 29. If line 26 is more than line 25, do not enter an amount on line 27; go to line 28.

**Line 28** — If line 26 is more than line 25, subtract line 25 from line 26. This is your QETC capital tax credit recapture.

- **Corporations** (except New York S corporations) — Show the net recapture amount on line 28 as a loss by placing a minus (-) sign in the box immediately to the left of the amount. Enter the line 28 amount as a negative number with a minus (-) sign in the appropriate box of the tax credits section of your franchise tax return.
- **New York S corporations** — Show the net recapture amount as a positive amount on line 28. Enter the line 28 amount on Form CT-34-SH.
- **Fiduciaries** — Show the net recapture amount as a positive amount on line 28. Include the line 28 amount on Form IT-205, line 12.
- **Individuals** — Show the net recapture amount as a positive amount on line 28. Enter the line 28 amount and code **622** on Form IT-201-ATT, line 20, or Form IT-203-ATT line 19.

**Do not** continue with lines 29 and 30.

**Line 30** — Subtract line 29 from line 27 to arrive at your QETC capital tax credit to be carried forward to future years. You will need to refer to this amount when calculating your 2008 credit.