

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance
Combined Instructions for

## Forms IT-150 and IT-201

## Full-Year Resident Income Tax Returns

New York State • New York City • Yonkers



## Fasy

All you need is a computer and Internet access!

Faster refunds than ever before! If you owe tax, several payment options are available. . . including File now/Pay later!

## Safe

Free
You may qualify for FREE e-filing of your New York State
income tax return! Check our Web site.

You can file your income tax return electronically (e-file) using your personal computer and one of the many commercially available software packages, or you can choose to have a tax professional e-file for you.

E-filing is the fastest way to receive your refund. The speed and accuracy of computers allow electronic returns to be processed faster than paper returns, and using tax preparation software greatly reduces the possibility of errors and delays. For more details, visit our e-filing Web site at: www.nystax.gov/elf

The following forms may be e-filed:

| IT-150 | IT-135 | IT-217 | IT-257 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IT-201 | IT-182 | IT-219 | IT-258 |
| IT-201-ATT | IT-209 | IT-220 | IT-272 |
| IT-203 | IT-212 | IT-230 | IT-280 |
| IT-203-ATT | IT-212-ATT | IT-240 | IT-360.1 |
| IT-203-B | IT-213 | IT-241 | IT-370 |
| IT-203-C | IT-213-ATT | IT-249 | IT-398 |
| IT-112-C | IT-214 | IT-250 | IT-399 |
| IT-112-R | IT-215 | IT-255 | IT-2105.9 |
| IT-112.1 | IT-216 | IT-256 | Y-203 |

## E-file your tax-due return

E-filed returns with a balance due may be paid by submitting a check or money order with Form IT-201-V, Payment Voucher for E-Filed Income Tax Returns, by credit card (see Form IT-150, page 32, or Form IT-201, page 104), or by authorizing the Tax Department to withdraw the payment from your bank account (electronic funds withdrawal).

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## What's new for 2006?

## - Some tax rates reduced

Certain rates within the New York State and New York City tax rate schedules have been reduced. See pages 55 and 64.

## - Standard deduction increased

Effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, the standard deduction for married filing joint return and qualifying widow(er) increased from \$14,600 to \$15,000, and the standard deduction for married filing separate return increased from $\$ 6,500$ to $\$ 7,500$. See page 24 or 92 .

## - New York State organized militia subtraction modification expanded

The subtraction modification has been expanded to include income received as a member of the New York State Organized Militia for performing active service in the state pursuant to federal active Guard duty orders, for service other than training, issued under Title 10 of the United States Code. See page 22 or 88.

## - Empire State film production credit extended

The Empire State film production credit has been extended to include calendar years 2006 through 2011. The cap on the aggregate amount of state tax credits has been increased from $\$ 25$ million to $\$ 60$ million for each calendar year. For additional information, see Form IT-248, Claim for Empire State Film Production Credit, and its instructions.

## - New York City school tax credit increased

The NYC school tax credit increased from \$125 to \$230 for married individuals filing a joint return and qualifying widow(ers). The credit for single individuals, heads of household, or married individuals filing separate returns increased from $\$ 62.50$ to $\$ 115$. See page 30 or 101.

## - Alternative fuels credit reinstated

The alternative fuels credit for investing in new alternative-fuel vehicle refueling property is reinstated for tax years beginning January 1 , 2006, and ending December 31, 2010. For additional information, see Form IT-253, Claim for Alternative Fuels Credit, and its instructions.

## - Brownfield tax credits definitions revised

The definition of environmental zones (EN-Zones) has been amended to include qualified sites that are the subject of a brownfield site cleanup agreement entered into prior to September 1, 2010.
The definition of qualified tangible property has been expanded to include a second set of criteria for purposes of the brownfield redevelopment tax credit. For additional information, see Form IT-611, Claim for Brownfield Redevelopment Tax Credit, and its instructions.

## - Farmers' school tax credit amended

This credit has been amended to provide for enhancements effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006. For additional information, see Form IT-217, Claim for Farmers' School Tax Credit, and its instructions.

## - New solar energy system equipment credit

For tax years beginning in and after 2006, a new credit is allowed, subject to certain limits, for expenditures incurred in 2006 and after for solar energy system equipment that utilizes solar radiation to provide heating, cooling, hot water, or electricity for use in an individual's principal residence. This new credit replaces the former solar electric generating equipment credit. For additional information, see Form IT-255, Claim for Solar Energy System Equipment Credit, and its instructions.

## - New biofuel production credit

For tax years beginning in and after 2006, a new refundable credit is available for the production of biofuel at a biofuel plant located in New York State. For additional information, see Form IT-243, Claim for Biofuel Production Credit, and its instructions.

## New security officer training tax credit

A new credit is available for qualified building owners who employ qualified security officers. Taxpayers must file an application with the New York State Office of Homeland Security to receive an allocation of the credit. For more information, visit the New York State Office of Homeland Security Web site at www.security.state.ny.us and see Form IT-631, Claim for Security Officer Training Tax Credit.

## New noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (EIC)

A new noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit may be available to a full-year resident individual who has attained the age of 18, is a parent of a minor child (or children) who do not reside with the individual, has an order requiring the individual to make child support payments that are payable through a support collection unit, and has paid an amount of child support due during the tax year for every order that requires the individual to make support payments. For additional information, see Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, and its instructions.

## - New home heating system credit

For tax years beginning in 2006 and 2007, a new credit is available for the costs incurred on or after July 1, 2006, and before July 1, 2007, that are directly associated with the replacement of an existing home heating system with a home heating system that qualifies for, and is labeled with, an Energy Star label. For additional information, see Form IT-240, Claim for Home Heating System Credit, its instructions, and TSB-M-06(4)C,(6)I.

## - New clean heating fuel credit

For tax years beginning in 2006 and 2007, a New York State personal income tax credit is allowed for the purchase of bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes within New York State. The credit applies to bioheat purchased on or after July 1, 2006, and before July 1, 2007. For additional information, see Form IT-241, Claim for Clean Heating Fuel Credit, its instructions, and TSB-M-06(4)C,(6)I.

## - New Empire State child credit

For tax years beginning in and after 2006, a new refundable credit is available to full-year New York State residents. The credit is equal to $33 \%$ of the federal child tax credits (child tax credit and additional child tax credit) for each child who qualifies for the federal child tax credit and is at least four years old; or the sum of $\$ 100$ for each child who qualifies for the federal child tax credit and is at least four years old, whichever amount is greater. For additional information, see Form IT-213, Claim for Empire State Child Credit, and its instructions.

## - New conservation easement tax credit

For tax years beginning in and after 2006, a new refundable credit is available for land that is subject to a conservation easement. For additional information, see Form IT-242, Claim for Conservation Easement Tax Credit, and its instructions.

## New handicapped-accessible taxicabs and livery service vehicles credit

A new credit is available effective January 1, 2006, through
December 31, 2008, to companies that provide a taxicab service as defined in Vehicle and Traffic Law section 148-A or a livery service as defined in Vehicle and Traffic Law section 121-E. The credit is equal to the cost incurred for upgrading a vehicle so that it is handicapped accessible. The credit cannot exceed $\$ 10,000$ for each vehicle. This credit is not refundable; however, any credit amount not used in the current year may be carried forward to the following year. For additional information, see Form IT-239, Claim for Handicapped-Accessible Taxicabs and Livery Service Vehicles Credit, and its instructions.

## How do I fill in the forms?

Please follow these guidelines.
Use black ink only (no red or other color ink or pencils) to print or type all entries.
Write your numbers and $\boldsymbol{X}$ marks like this:


Carefully enter your money amounts so that the dollar amount ends in the box immediately to the left of the decimal point and the cents amount starts in the box immediately to the right of the decimal point.
Do not write in dollar signs, commas, or decimal points when making entries.

You can round money entries to the nearest dollar (fifty cents or more is rounded up). If you do round numbers, you must be consistent and round all numbers.

If you make an entry on a line, always fill in the cents area. If rounding or using a whole dollar amount, enter 00 in the cents boxes. Do not make any entry in areas that do not apply to you unless these instructions specifically direct you to do so; treat blank lines as zeros.
Mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ to fill in boxes as appropriate. Do not use a check mark. Keep your Xs and numerals inside the boxes.

Example: If your total amount of Wages, salaries, tips, etc. for line 1 is $\$ 37,114.48$, your money field entry on line 1 should look like this:


If you are rounding all money items on your return to the nearest dollar, it should look like this:


## How do I use the instructions?

To help you decide whether you have to file a New York State return, and which of the two New York resident returns you should file, use the flow chart on page 5. Taxpayers who previously filed Form IT-201 may now be eligible to file Form IT-150.

Once you know which form to file, review the at-a-glance illustration for that form (on page 12 or page 74) that shows the form broken down into completion steps. Use the color-coded tabs to help you find specific instructions for any portion of the return.

Keep an eye out for the following icons or symbols. They will alert you to important new information, to areas where particular caution should be used, and to filing shortcuts.


New information


Caution


Time-saving tip

Finally, please use the checklist on page 36 or page 113 to avoid mistakes that might slow the processing of your return, and delay any refund you may be entitled to.

## Common words and phrases

To save space and enhance clarity, these instructions may use common abbreviations, including:

| EIC $=$ | earned income credit |
| :--- | :--- |
| federal $\mathbf{A G I ~ = ~}$ | federal adjusted gross income |
| IRC $=$ | Internal Revenue Code |
| IRS $=$ | Internal Revenue Service |
| New York AGI = | New York State adjusted gross income |
| NYS $=$ | New York State |
| NYC $=$ | New York City |

## New York State full-year residents: Who must file/which form to file?

## How to use this chart

Each box in the chart below contains a question that can be answered Yes or No.

Start in the upper-left corner and answer the question in that box. Then follow the arrow that matches your answer
to the next box. Answer each question that the arrows lead you to, until you reach a box that either tells you to file a New York return (on Form IT-150 or on Form IT-201), or tells you that you do not have to file a New York return.


## Additional notes to all filers:

- Do you have to attach other forms? If you need to pay other taxes, see Other forms you may have to file on pages 9 and 10.
- To claim tax credits, see the credit charts on pages 6 through 9 .
- Does your child have investment income over $\$ 1,700$ ? It would be to your advantage to file a New York return for your child to report your child's investment income, since there will be no New York tax on the first $\$ 3,000$ of that income. When you file your federal return, report your child's investment income on federal Form 8615 (instead of federal Form 8814). If you file Form 8814, the amount of your child's investment income over $\$ 1,700$ that was included in your federal gross income will be reported on your New York return and taxed at your rate.


## New York nonresidents and part-year residents:

If you were a nonresident or a part-year resident of New York State and you received income from New York sources in 2006, you must file Form IT-203, Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.
Separate returns are required for some married taxpayers who file a joint federal return. If one of you was a New York State resident and the other was a nonresident or part-year resident, you must each file a separate New York return. The resident must use Form IT-150 or Form IT-201. The nonresident or part-year resident, if required to file a New York State return, must use Form IT-203. However, if you both choose to file a joint New York State return, use Form IT-150 or IT-201.

## Credits for individuals

## Credit

## See Key

below.
You may qualify for this credit if you:
Form

| Accumulation distribution | $\Delta$ | are a beneficiary of a trust who received an accumulation distribution. | page 109* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accumulation distribution (New York City) | $\Delta$ | are a beneficiary of a trust who received an accumulation distribution during the period you were a New York City resident. | page 110* |
| Alternative fuels | $\Delta$ | have unused credit for purchasing a new alternative-fuel vehicle or converting a vehicle to use alternative fuel, or have unused credit or a new credit for investing in new clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. | IT-253 |
| Child and dependent care | $\square$ | are able to claim the federal child and dependent care credit. | IT-216 |
| Claim of right (New York State) | $\Delta \square$ | had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to New York State tax on a prior year's return. | IT-257 |
| Claim of right (New York City) | $\Delta \square$ | had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to New York City tax on a prior year's return. | IT-257 |
| Claim of right (Yonkers) | $\Delta \square$ | had a claim of right credit on your federal return for income that was subject to Yonkers tax on a prior year's return. | IT-257 |
| Clean heating fuel | $\Delta \square$ | purchased bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes. | IT-241 |
| College tuition | $\square$ | are a full-year New York State resident paying college tuition expenses. | 1T-272 |
| NEW Conservation easement | $\Delta \square$ | own land that is subject to a conservation easement held by a public or private conservation agency. | IT-242 |
| Defibrillator | $\Delta$ | purchased an automated external defibrillator machine. | IT-250 |
| Earned income (New York State) | $\square$ | are allowed an earned income credit (EIC) on your federal income tax return or (new for 2006) are a noncustodial parent and have paid child support through a support collection unit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-215 or } \\ & \text { IT-209 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Earned income (New York City) | $\square$ | are a New York City resident allowed an EIC on your federal income tax return. | IT-215 |
| NEW Empire State child | $\square$ | claimed the federal child tax credit or you have a qualifying child. | IT-213 |
| Fuel cell electric generating equipment | $\Delta$ | purchased fuel cell electric generating equipment and installed it in New York State. | IT-259 |
| Green building | $\Delta$ | had expenses for a building meeting certain environmental and energy standards. | DTF-630 |
| Historic barn rehabilitation | $\Delta$ | paid or incurred expenses to restore a historic barn in New York State. | IT-212-ATT |
| NEW Home heating system | $\Delta \square$ | replaced an existing home heating system with an Energy Star labeled heating system. | IT-240 |
| Household (New York State) |  | cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return and your federal Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) is not over $\$ 32,000$ ( $\$ 28,000$ if filing as single). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { page 25* } \\ & \text { or } 95^{*} \end{aligned}$ |
| Household (New York City) |  | cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return and your federal AGI is not over $\$ 22,500$ ( $\$ 12,500$ if filing as single). | $\begin{gathered} \text { page 26* } \\ \text { or } 97^{*} \end{gathered}$ |

(continued on page 7)

Key: $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ You may not apply for this credit using short Form IT-150; you must use Form IT-201
$\square$ This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.
O You may apply for this credit even if you don't have to file a tax return.

* See this page in the instructions. There is no form for this credit.

Credits for individuals (continued)

| Credit | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { See Key } \\ \text { below. } \end{array} \end{array}$ | You may qualify for this credit if you: | Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Long-term care insurance | $\Delta$ | paid premiums during the tax year for a long-term care insurance policy. | IT-249 |
| Lump-sum distribution | $\Delta$ | received a federal lump-sum distribution while a New York State resident that was taxed by a specified jurisdiction outside New York State. | IT-112.1 |
| Nursing home assessment | $\Delta \square$ | paid an amount directly relating to the assessment imposed on a residential health care facility. | IT-258 |
| Real property tax | Oロ | are a full-year New York State resident paying real property taxes or rent. | IT-214 |
| Residential fuel oil storage tank | $\Delta$ | have unused credit for replacing or installing a residential fuel oil storage tank. | page 112* |
| School tax (New York City) | Oロ | are a full- or part-year New York City resident and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return. You do not have to file Form NYC-210 if you are claiming this credit on Form IT-150 or IT-201. | NYC-210 |
| NEW <br> Solar energy system equipment | $\Delta$ | purchased solar energy system equipment and installed it at your principal residence. | IT-255 |
| Solar and wind energy | $\Delta$ | have unused credit for purchasing and installing a solar or wind energy system. | page 112* |
| Taxes paid to another state or jurisdiction | $\Delta$ | received income while a New York State resident from outside New York State that was taxed by a jurisdiction outside New York State. | IT-112-R |
| Taxes paid to Canada | $\Delta$ | received income while a New York State resident from Canada that was taxed by a province of Canada. | IT-112-C |

Key: $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ You may not apply for this credit using short Form IT-150; you must use Form IT-201.
$\square$ This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.
O You may apply for this credit even if you don't have to file a tax return.

* See this page in the instructions. There is no form for this credit.

$\Longrightarrow$ For up-to-the-minute information on New York State tax matters, including matters that may affect your New York State personal income tax return, visit our Web site at


## Credits for businesses

| Credit | $\begin{gathered} \text { See Key } \\ \text { below. } \end{gathered}$ | You may qualify for this credit if you or your business: | Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternative fuels | $\Delta$ | have unused credit for purchasing a new alternative-fuel vehicle or converting a vehicle to use alternative fuel, or have unused credit or a new credit for investing in new clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. | IT-253 |
| N Biofuel production | $\Delta \square$ | produced biofuel at a biofuel plant located in New York State. | IT-243 |
| Brownfield credits | $\Delta \square$ | was issued a certificate of completion by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) under the Brownfield Cleanup Program. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-611 } \\ & \text { IT-612 } \\ & \text { IT-613 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Clean heating fuel | $\Delta \square$ | purchased bioheat that is used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes. | IT-241 |
| NEW Conservation | $\Delta \square$ | own land that is subject to a conservation easement held by a public or private conservation agency. | IT-242 |
| Defibrillator | $\Delta$ | purchased an automated external defibrillator machine. | IT-250 |
| Empire State film production | $\Delta \square$ | had expenses for the production of certain qualified film and television shows. | IT-248 |
| Empire zone (EZ) capital | $\Delta$ | made investments or contributions to an EZ business or project, or have an unused EZ capital tax credit from a prior year. | IT-602 |
| EZ employment incentive | $\Delta \square$ | acquired, built, or erected property for which an EZ investment credit is allowed. | IT-603 |
| EZ investment | $\Delta \square$ | is EZ-certified and placed qualified property in service in an EZ. | IT-603 |
| EZ wage | $\Delta \square$ | is EZ-certified and paid wages to employees within the EZ. | IT-601 |
| Employment incentive | $\Delta$ | put property in service that qualified for the investment credit. | IT-212-ATT |
| Employment of persons with disabilities | $\Delta$ | employed persons with disabilities. | IT-251 |
| Farmers' school tax | $\Delta \square$ | is in the farming business and paid school taxes on agricultural property in New York State. | IT-217 |
| Financial services industry EZ employment incentive | $\Delta \square$ | is a financial services industry (FSI) business that was allowed an FSI EZ investment credit. | IT-605 |
| Financial services industry EZ investment | $\Delta \square$ | is an FSI business that placed qualified property in service in an EZ. | IT-605 |
| Financial services industry employment incentive | $\Delta \square$ | put property in service that qualified for the FSI investment tax credit. | IT-252-ATT |
| Financial services industry investment | $\Delta \square$ | is an FSI business that placed qualified property in service in New York State. | IT-252 |
| Fuel cell electric generating equipment | $\Delta$ | purchased fuel cell electric generating equipment and installed it in New York State. | IT-259 |
| Green building | $\Delta$ | had expenses for a building that meets certain environmental and energy standards. | DTF-630 |
| NEW Handicappedaccessible taxicabs and livery service vehicles | $\Delta$ | upgraded a vehicle so that it is handicapped accessible. | IT-239 |
| Historic barn rehabilitation (continued on page 9) | $\Delta$ | paid or incurred expenses to restore a historic barn in New York State. | IT-212-ATT |

[^0]
## Credits for businesses (continued)

| Credit | See Key below. | You may qualify for this credit if you or your business: | Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IMB energy tax | $\Delta \square$ | is an industrial or manufacturing business (IMB) that paid taxes on energy in NYS. | DTF-623 |
| Investment | $\Delta \square$ | placed qualified property in service in New York State. | IT-212 |
| Long-term care insurance | $\Delta$ | paid premiums during the tax year for a long-term care insurance policy. | IT-249 |
| Low-income housing | $\Delta$ | had construction or rehabilitation expenses for eligible rent-restricted housing. | DTF-624 |
| QETC capital | $\Delta$ | held investments in a qualified emerging technology company (QETC). | DTF-622 |
| QETC employment | $\Delta \square$ | is a qualified emerging technology company that paid wages to full-time employees. | DTF-621 |
| QETC facilities, operations, and training | $\Delta \square$ | is a QETC that is an eligible taxpayer with qualified research and development property, research expenses, or high-technology training expenses. | DTF-619 |
| QEZE real property taxes | $\Delta \square$ | is a qualified empire zone enterprise (QEZE) that paid eligible real property taxes. | IT-606 |
| QEZE tax reduction | $\Delta$ | is a QEZE that meets the employment requirements. | IT-604 |
| Security officer training | $\Delta \square$ | employed qualified security officers and received a certificate from the New York State Office of Homeland Security. | IT-631 |
| Special additional mortgage recording tax | $\Delta \square$ | paid the special additional mortgage recording tax. | IT-256 |
| Unincorporated business tax (UBT New York City) | $\Delta$ | is a New York City business that filed Form NYC-202 and paid UBT; or was a partner in a New York City partnership that filed Form NYC-204 and paid UBT. | IT-219 |
| Zone equivalent area (ZEA) wage | $\Delta \square$ | has an unused credit from a prior year for wages paid to employees within a ZEA. | IT-601.1 |

Key: $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ You may not apply for this credit using short Form IT-150; you must use Form IT-201.
This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.

## Other forms you may have to file

## Form

Form IT-2, Summary of Federal Form W-2 Statements

Form IT-1099-R, Summary of
Federal Form 1099-R Statements

## Purpose

You must complete Form(s) IT-2 if you received any federal Form(s) W-2. You must complete Form(s) IT-2 even if your federal Form(s) W-2 do not show any New York State, New York City, or Yonkers wages or tax withheld. In addition, if you received foreign income but did not receive a federal Form W-2, you must complete Form IT-2. Attach Form(s) IT-2 to your New York return. Do not attach any federal Form(s) W-2 to your return; keep them for your records.

Married taxpayers filing jointly can report W-2 records for both spouses on one Form IT-2, but must mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box to indicate which spouse the information is for.

[^1]
## Other forms you may have to file (continued)

Form IT-220, Minimum Income Tax

Form IT-221, Disability Income Exclusion

Form IT-230, Separate Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions

Form IT-360.1, Change of City Resident Status

Form IT-398, New York State Depreciation Schedule for IRC Section 168(k) Property

Form IT-399, New York State Depreciation Schedule

Form IT-2105, Estimated Income Tax Payment Voucher for Individuals

Form Y-203, Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return

## Form IT-201-X, Amended Resident Income Tax Return

To report New York State tax preference items totaling more than your specific deduction of $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 2,500$ if you are married and filing separately). For New York purposes, the federal preference items subject to New York minimum income tax are: (1) depreciation (pre-1987) (ACRS depreciation on recovery property placed in service in New York in 1985 and 1986, ACRS depreciation on all IRC section 280F recovery property placed in service prior to January 1, 1987); (2) intangible drilling costs; and (3) qualified small business stock (excluded under section 1202). Also include the amount of New York addition for restoration of net operating loss deduction. You may have to file Form IT-220 even if you are not required to file Federal Form 6251, Alternative Minimum Tax - Individuals. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-220.

To compute the amount of your disability income that may be excluded from income on Form IT-201. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-221.

To compute tax due if you used federal Form 4972 to compute your federal tax on a lump-sum distribution from a qualified retirement plan. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-230.

To compute the tax due if you changed your New York City or Yonkers resident status during the year. You must pay the New York City income tax or Yonkers resident income tax surcharge for the part of the year that you lived in New York City or Yonkers. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-360.1.

To compute your New York depreciation deduction for IRC section 168(k) property placed in service beginning on or after June 1, 2003 (except for resurgence zone property and New York liberty zone property described in IRC section 1400L(b)(2)). For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-398.

To compute your New York depreciation deduction for property placed in service during tax years beginning in 1981, 1982, 1983, and 1984.

For property placed in service outside New York State for tax years beginning after December 31, 1984, but before January 1, 1994, see addition A-15 for Form IT-201 on page 84. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-399.

To pay estimated tax for 2007 if you expect to owe at least $\$ 300$ of New York State or New York City or Yonkers income tax after deducting tax withheld and credits you are entitled to claim. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-2105 and Publication 94, Should You Be Paying Estimated Tax in 2007?

To compute the tax due if you were not a Yonkers resident for 2006 but you earned wages or had self-employment income from within Yonkers, and you have to file a New York State income tax return. For more information, see the instructions for Form Y-203.

To amend a previously filed New York State income tax return. Generally, an amended return claiming credit for, or a refund of, an overpayment must be filed within three years of the date that the original return was filed, or within two years of the date that the tax was paid, whichever is later. However, if you file an amended federal return, you must also file an amended New York State return within 90 days from the date you amend your federal return.
You must also file an amended return to correct any error on your original state return and to report changes made on your federal return by the IRS. You must report such changes to the New York State Tax Department within 90 days from the date the IRS makes its final determination. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-201-X.

## Electronic services

We invite you to visit our Web site at www.nystax.gov to learn about our growing list of electronic services.

- Learn how to e-file your income tax return.

- Determine if you are eligible for free e-filing with FreeFile.
- Determine which income tax form to file.
- Pay your income taxes by credit card or electronic funds withdrawal.
- Apply for an automatic extension of time to file your return.
- Check the status of your income tax refund.
- Review your estimated tax account balance.
- Visit our Taxpayer Answer Center to find answers to all your tax questions.
- View and pay open assessments.
- Use the penalty and interest calculator.
- Sign up for free e-mail notifications through our subscription service.


# Form IT-150 (short form) 

## After you have completed your federal tax return ...




## Step 1 - Completing the taxpayer information section



## Part A Name and address

If you received a tax packet by mail, your peel-off name-and-address label is under the flap on the inside front cover. After you complete your return, place the label in the box at the top of your return.
Check the label for accuracy. If the label is correct, go to Part B.
If any information is wrong, cross it out and make the corrections directly on the label. Space is limited so if your name contains more than 36 characters, and it is correct except for missing final characters, do not make a correction.
If you do not have a label, write the following in the spaces provided:

- Name: First name, middle initial, and last name for you, and, if you are filing a joint return, your spouse.
- Mailing address: PO box or street address, city, state, and ZIP code where you wish to receive your mail (refund and correspondence).

Foreign addresses - Enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and then country (all in the City, village, or post office box). Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

## Part B Permanent home address

If your mailing address is different from your permanent home address (for instance, you use a PO box), enter your permanent home address. Your permanent home address is the address of the dwelling place in New York State where you actually live, whether you or your spouse own or rent it.

- If you use a paid preparer and you use the preparer's address as your mailing address, enter the address of your permanent home in the space provided.
- If you are a permanent resident of a nursing home, enter the nursing home address.
- If you are in the armed forces and your permanent home was in New York State when you entered the military, enter your New York permanent home address regardless of where you are stationed.
- If you are married and maintain separate New York State residences and are filing separate New York State returns, enter as your permanent home address the address of your own residence.
- If you moved after December 31, 2006, enter your permanent home address as of December 31, 2006,
not your current home address. Enter your new home address in the mailing address area if you want your refund and other correspondence sent there.


## Part C Social security numbers

You must enter your social security number(s) whether or not you are using the peel-off label. Be sure your social security numbers are in the same order as your names.

## Part D New York State county of residence

If this information appears correctly on your label, go to Part E.

If you do not have a label, or the information is incorrect, enter the county in New York State where you lived on December 31, 2006. If you live in New York City, use one of the following county names:

| If you live in | use county |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bronx | Bronx |
| Brooklyn | Kings |
| Manhattan | New York |
| Queens | Queens |
| Staten Island | Richmond |

## Part E School district name and code

If you do not have a label or your school district code number is missing or incorrect:

- Enter the correct code number and the name of your school district. This is the district where you were a resident on December 31, 2006. School districts and code numbers are on pages 42 through 45 . If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.
- You must enter your school district name and code number even if you were absent from the school district temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. Incorrect district names and code numbers may affect school aid.


## Part F Decedent information

If the taxpayer whose name is listed first on the return died after December 31, 2005, enter the date of death in the boxes labeled Taxpayer's date of death, in month, day, and last two digits of year order. If the taxpayer whose name is listed second died after December 31, 2005, enter the date of death in the boxes labeled Spouse's date of death. See Deceased taxpayers on page 39.

## Step 2 - Filing status and items B through E

(A) Filing status mark an $X$ in one box:

## Staple check

Staple chek
or money ord
here
here
(C) Were you a New York City resident
C) for all of 2006? (Part-year residents must file Form IT-201; see page 16.)..
(D) Can you be claimed as a dependent

Can you be claimed's federal return? (see page 16)
(E) Enter your 2-digit special condition code Enumber if applicable (see page 16)

If applicable, also enter your second 2 -digit
special condition code number.
(B) If you do not need a NYS income tax forms packet mailed to you next year, mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box (see page 16) m

## Item (A)

In nearly all cases you must use the same filing status that you used on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, use the filing status you would have used if you had filed.
The only exceptions to this rule apply to married individuals who file a joint federal return and:
(1) one spouse is a New York State resident and the other is a nonresident or part-year resident. In this case, you must either: (a) file separate New York returns using filing status (3); or (b) file jointly, as if you both were New York State residents, using filing status (2).
(2) you are unable to file a joint New York return because the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown, you can demonstrate that reasonable efforts have been made to locate your spouse, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status (3).
(3) your spouse refuses to sign a joint New York return, reasonable efforts have been made to have your spouse sign a joint return, there exists objective evidence of alienation from your spouse such as judicial order of protection, legal separation under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or living apart for the twelve months immediately preceding application to file a separate return or commencement of an action for divorce or commencement of certain family court proceedings, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status (3).

## Item (B)

Please help us reduce waste and taxpayer-financed paper, printing, and mailing costs. Mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box if you do not need a New York State income tax packet next year.
Most taxpayers do not need a full tax packet with forms and instructions because they can download them from our Web site at www.nystax.gov, use our fax-on-demand system, or get them at some post offices, libraries, or community centers (see Need help? on the back cover). Other taxpayers e-file, use tax preparation software, or go to an accountant or tax preparer to have their returns completed. Please note that if you e-file, use software, or use a preparer, we will not send you a tax packet next year.

If we sent you a tax packet this year and you are using an original paper return (Form IT-150 or IT-201) from your
packet, we will automatically send you a tax packet next year unless you mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box (next year's forms will be available in January 2008). Consider your situation for next year and whether you will actually need these paper tax forms again. If not, mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box.

## Item (C)

If you were a resident of New York City for only part of 2006, stop; you must use Form IT-201 instead of Form IT-150.
Note: You may be considered a New York City resident if you spend 184 days or more (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York City. See the definition of Resident, nonresident and part-year resident on page 38. If you meet the definition, complete the New York City resident taxes and credits lines ( 30 through 32, and 44 and 45) on Form IT-150. See Step 6.

## Item (D)

If you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you must mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the Yes box. You must mark the Yes box even if the other taxpayer did not claim you as a dependent. For example, if another taxpayer was entitled to claim you as a dependent on his or her federal return, but chose not to so that you can claim the federal education credit, you must mark the Yes box.

## Item (E)

If you qualify for one or more of the three special conditions below, enter the specified 2-digit code(s).

## Code 01 Combat zone

Enter this code if you qualify for an extension of time to file and pay your tax due under the combat zone or contingency operation relief provisions. See Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

## Code 02 Combat zone, killed in action (KIA)

Enter this code if you are filing a return on behalf of a member of the armed forces who died while serving in a combat zone. See Publication 361 for information on filing a claim for tax forgiveness.

## Code 03 Out of the country

Enter this code if you qualify for an automatic two-month extension of time to file your federal return because you are out of the country. For additional information, see When to file/lmportant dates on the back cover.

## Step 3 - Federal income and adjustments



## Lines 1 through 11 Federal income tax return information

The computation of your New York State (and New York City and Yonkers) income tax is based on information you reported on your federal income tax return, including your income and federal adjustments to income. If you did not file a federal return, you must report the same income and adjustments that you would have reported for federal income tax purposes if you had filed a federal return.
Use the chart below to complete lines 1 through 11.
Be sure to enter your total federal adjustments to income on line 10. Write each adjustment and its amount in the shaded

Identify area of line 10 as shown in the example above. If you need more room, attach a list showing each adjustment and its amount.


- Do not enter a negative number on Form IT-150, line 4.
- Do not leave line 11 blank.
- If you have an entry on a line of your federal Form 1040 that is not included in the Form 1040 column in the chart below, do not file Form IT-150; you must file Form IT-201.

| To complete Form IT-150 line: | if you filed Form 1040EZ, transfer the amount from line: | or if you filed Form 1040A, transfer the amount from line: | or if you filed Form 1040, transfer the amount from line: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1............ | 1 | 7 | 7 |
| 2............... | 2 | 8a | 8a |
| 3............. |  | 9a | 9a |
| 4............... |  | 10 | 13 |
| $5 \ldots$ |  | 11b | 15b |
| 6.............. |  | 12b | 16b |
| 7. | 3 | 13 | 19 |
| 8............... |  | 14b | 20b |
| 9............... |  | 15 | 22 |
| 10.............. |  | 20 | 36 |
| $11 . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 4 | 22 | 38 |

# Step 4 - New York additions and subtractions 

## New York additions

New York State taxes certain items of income not taxed by the federal government. You must add these New York additions, lines 12, 13, and 14, to your federal AGI.

## Line 12 Interest income on state and local bonds and obligations

Do you have interest income from state and local bonds and obligations from states other than New York State or its local governments? If No, go to line 13.
If Yes, enter any such interest income that you received or that was credited to you during 2006 that was not included in your federal AGI. This includes interest income on state and local bonds, interest and dividend income from tax-exempt bond mutual funds, and tax-exempt money market funds that invest in obligations of states other than New York.
If you purchased a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year, less the seller's accrued interest (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding your purchase to the date you purchased the bond). If you sold a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year plus the accrued interest amount (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding the date you sold the bond to the date you sold the bond). You should have received this information when you purchased or sold the bond.

## Line 13 Public employee 414(h) retirement contribution

Are you a public employee of New York State or its local governments? If No, go to line 14.
If Yes, enter the amount of 414(h) retirement contributions, if any, shown on your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W -2, if you are:

- a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, which include the NYS Employees' Retirement System and the NYS Police and Fire Retirement System; or
- a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the NYS Teachers' Retirement System; or
- an employee of the State or City University of New York who belongs to the Optional Retirement Program; or
- a member of any tier of the NYC Employees' Retirement System, the NYC Teachers' Retirement System, the NYC Board of Education Retirement System, the NYC Police Pension Fund or the NYC Fire Department Pension Fund; or
- a member of the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA) Pension Plan.
Do not enter contributions to a section 401(k) deferred arrangement, section 403(b) annuity or section 457 deferred compensation plan.


## Line 14 Other additions

Use this line to report the following additions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-150.
Write in the applicable item number(s) (A-1 through A-5) and the amount of each addition in the white Identify area. Enter the total amount of these other additions in the money column. If you have an addition that is not identified below, you must file Form IT-201 instead of Form IT-150.

## A-1 New York's 529 college savings program transfers

If you transferred funds from New York's 529 college savings program to another state's program (whether for the same beneficiary or for the benefit of another family member), then include the amount from line 7 of the worksheet on page 19.
Include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts you own on lines 1 through 7 of the worksheet on page 19. Do not include amounts applicable to accounts that were closed in a prior tax year. If you are filing a joint return, include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts owned by you and your spouse.
Please note: Before completing the worksheet on page 19, you must first compute your Form IT-150, line 19, subtraction for New York's 529 college savings program (S-2) for 2006. See page 21.

| 1. Total current and prior years' nonqualified withdrawals (see pg. 82) from your account(s) . 1 <br> 2. Total current and prior years' contributions to your account(s) $\qquad$ 2 $\qquad$ <br> 3. Total current year's (S-2) subtraction modification (see pg.21) and prior years' subtraction modifications* $\qquad$ 3 $\qquad$ <br> 4. Subtract line 3 from line 2. $\qquad$ 4 $\qquad$ <br> 5. Total prior years' addition modifications** ...... 5 $\qquad$ <br> 6. Add lines 4 and 5 . $\qquad$ 6 $\qquad$ <br> 7. Subtract line 6 from line 1 . This is your current year addition modification. Enter this amount on Form IT-150, line 14. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ If line $\mathbf{7}$ is $\mathbf{0}$ (zero) or less, there is no addback. <br> * These amounts are included in line 28 of your 1998, 1999, and 2000 Form IT-201 (S-26 subtraction modification); on Form IT-201-I, line 29 worksheet, line 1, for tax years 2001 through 2004; in line 19 of your 2005 Form IT-150 (S-2 subtraction modification); and on Form IT-201-I, line 30 worksheet, line 1, for tax year 2005. <br> ** These amounts are included in line 21 of your 1998, 1999 (A-23 addition modification), and 2000 (A-22 addition modification) Form IT-201; on line 21 of your 2001 through 2004 Form IT-201; in line 14 of your 2005 Form IT-150 (A-1 addition modification); and on line 22 of your 2005 Form IT-201. <br> Keep this worksheet with your copy of your tax return. |
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## A-2 Income from certain obligations of U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities

If, during 2006, you received or were credited with any interest or dividend income from any U.S. government authority, commission, or instrumentality that federal laws exempt from federal income tax but do not exempt from state income tax, then include that income. If you are uncertain whether a particular federal bond or obligation is subject to state income tax, contact the Tax Department (see Need help? on the back cover).

## A-3 New York City flexible benefits program (IRC 125)

$\triangle$Remember to include this addition modification on line 14 if applicable.
If your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W -2, show(s) that an amount was deducted or deferred from your salary under a flexible benefits program established by New York City or certain other New York City public employers on your behalf, then include this amount.
Certain other New York City public employers include:

- City University of New York;
- NYC Health and Hospitals Corporation;
- NYC Transit Authority;
- NYC Housing Authority;
- NYC Off-Track Betting Corporation;
- NYC Board of Education;
- NYC School Construction Authority;
- NYC Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation;
- Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority; and
- Staten Island Rapid Transit Authority


## A-4 Health insurance and the welfare benefit fund surcharge

If you were a career pension plan member of the NYC Employees' Retirement System or the NYC Board of Education Retirement System, and if your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W-2, show an amount that was deducted from your salary for health insurance and the welfare benefit fund surcharge, then include this amount.

## A-5 Sales or dispositions of assets acquired from decedents

Note: This addition is not required for property acquired from decedents who died on or after February 1, 2000.

Assets of decedents can sometimes have different bases for state and federal tax purposes. This requires adjustments in the gain or loss on the sale or disposition of those assets.

If, during the tax year, there was a sale or other disposition of any assets that had been inherited or sold or disposed of directly by the estate of a decedent, and if the estate of the decedent was not large enough to require a federal estate tax return, and if the executor or administrator of that estate had valued those assets for New York State income tax purposes at less than their value for federal income tax purposes, then include the difference between (a) the gain or loss on that sale or disposition that you included in your federal AGI for the tax year and (b) the gain or loss that would have resulted if the assets had been valued the same for New York State income tax purposes as for federal income tax purposes.

## New York subtractions

New York State does not tax certain items of income that are taxed by the federal government. You must deduct these New York subtractions (lines 16 through 19) from your federal AGI.

## Line 16 Pensions of New York State and local governments and the federal government

Did you receive a pension or other distribution from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan?
If No, go to line 17.
If Yes, and the pension or distribution amount was included in your federal AGI, enter any pension you received, or distributions made to you, from a pension plan which represents a return of contributions in a year prior to retirement, as an officer, employee, or beneficiary of an officer or employee of:

- NYS, including State and City University of New York and NYS Education Department employees who belong to the Optional Retirement Program.
Optional Retirement Program members may only subtract that portion attributable to employment with the State or City University of New York or the NYS Education Department.
- Certain public authorities, including:

Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA) Police 20-Year Retirement Program;
Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA); and
Long Island Railroad Company.

- Local governments within the state, including:

NYS Teachers' Retirement System;
NYC Teachers' Retirement System;
NYC Teachers' Retirement IRC 403(b) plan; and
NYC variable supplemental funds (VSF), including:
Transit Police Officers' VSF
Transit Police Superior Officers' VSF
Housing Police Officers' VSF
Housing Police Superior Officers' VSF
Police Officers' VSF
Police Superior Officers' VSF
Firefighters' VSF
Fire Officers' VSF
Corrections Officers' VSF
Corrections Captain and Above VSF.

- The United States, its territories, possessions (or political subdivisions thereof), or any agency or instrumentality of the United States (including the military), or the District of Columbia.
Also include distributions received from a New York State or local pension plan or from a federal government pension plan as a nonemployee spouse in accordance with a
court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A), or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36, General Information for Senior Citizens and Retired Persons.

You may not subtract (1) pension payments or return of contributions that were attributable to your employment by an employer other than a New York public employer, such as a private university, and any portion attributable to contributions you made to a supplemental annuity plan which was funded through a salary reduction program; or (2) periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans. However, these payments and distributions may qualify for the pension and annuity income exclusion described in the instructions for line 18 below.

## Line 18 Pension and annuity income exclusion

Did you enter an amount on line 5 or 6 that was not from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan?
If No, go to line 19.
If Yes, and you were 59 $1 / 2$ before January 1, 2006, enter the qualifying pension and annuity income included in your 2006 federal AGI, but not more than $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}$. If you became $591 / 2$ during 2006, enter only the amount received after you became $591 / 2$, but not more than $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}$. If you received pension and annuity income and are married, or received pension and annuity income as a beneficiary, see below.
$\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ limit - You may not take a pension and annuity income exclusion that exceeds $\$ 20,000$, regardless of the source(s) of the income.

## Qualifying pension and annuity income includes:

- periodic payments for services you performed as an employee before you retired;
- periodic and lump-sum payments from an IRA, but not payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans;
- periodic distributions from an annuity contract (IRC section 403(b)) purchased by an employer for an employee and the employer is a corporation, community chest, fund, foundation, or public school;
- periodic payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but not payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- lump-sum payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but only if federal Form 4972 is not used. Do not include that part of your payment that was derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions of benefits from a cafeteria plan (IRC section 125) or a qualified cash or deferred profit-sharing or stock bonus plan (IRC section 401(k)), but not distributions derived from contributions made after you retired.

Qualifying pension and annuity income does not include distributions received as a nonemployee spouse in accordance with a court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A), or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36, General Information for Senior Citizens and Retired Persons.

Married taxpayers - If you both qualify, you and your spouse can each subtract up to $\$ 20,000$ of your own pension and annuity income. However, you cannot claim any unused part of your spouse's exclusion.
Example: A husband and wife, both age 62, included total pension and annuity income of \$45,000 in their federal AGI on their 2006 joint federal tax return. The husband received qualifying pension and annuity payments totaling \$30,000 and the wife received qualifying payments totaling $\$ 15,000$. They are filing a joint 2006 New York State resident personal income tax return. The husband may claim the maximum pension and annuity income exclusion of \$20,000, and the wife may claim an exclusion of $\$ 15,000$, for a total pension and annuity income exclusion of $\$ 35,000$.

Beneficiaries - If you received a decedent's pension and annuity income, you may make this subtraction if the decedent would have been entitled to it, had the decedent continued to live, regardless of your age. If the decedent would have become $591 / 2$ during 2006, enter only the amount received after the decedent would have become $591 / 2$, but not more than $\$ 20,000$.

In addition, the pension and annuity income exclusion of the decedent that you are eligible to claim as a beneficiary must first be reduced by the amount subtracted on the decedent's New York State personal income tax return, if any. The total pension and annuity income exclusion claimed by the decedent and you cannot exceed $\$ 20,000$.

If the decedent has more than one beneficiary, the decedent's $\$ 20,000$ pension and annuity income exclusion must be allocated among the beneficiaries in the same ratio as the distribution, so that the total exclusion attributable to the decedent does not exceed \$20,000.
Example: A taxpayer received pension and annuity income totaling $\$ 6,000$ as a beneficiary of a decedent who was $591 / 2$ before January 1, 2006. The decedent's total pension and annuity income was $\$ 24,000$, shared equally among four beneficiaries. Each beneficiary is entitled to one-quarter of the decedent's pension exclusion, or $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 20,000$ divided by 4). The taxpayer also received a qualifying pension and annuity payment of $\$ 14,000$ in 2006. The taxpayer is entitled to claim a pension and annuity income exclusion of \$19,000 (\$14,000 attributable to the taxpayer's own pension and annuity payment, plus $\$ 5,000$ received as a beneficiary*).

[^2]Disability income exclusion - If you are also claiming the disability income exclusion, the total of your pension and annuity income exclusion and disability income exclusion cannot exceed \$20,000.

## Line 19 Other subtractions

Use this line to report the following subtractions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-150. Write in the applicable item number(s) (S-1 through S-15) and the amount of each subtraction in the white area. Enter the total amount of these other subtractions in the money column. If you have a subtraction that is not identified below, you should file Form IT-201 instead of Form IT-150.

## S-1 Interest income on U.S. government bonds

Include the amount of interest income from U.S. government bonds or other U.S. government obligations that you reported on line 2. (This may be all or part of the line 2 amount, or it may be zero.)
Dividends you received from a regulated investment company (mutual fund) that invests in obligations of the U.S. government and meet the $50 \%$ asset requirement each quarter qualify for this subtraction. The portion of such dividends that may be subtracted is based upon the portion of taxable income received by the mutual fund that is derived from federal obligations.
Contact the mutual fund for further information on meeting the $50 \%$ asset requirement and computing your allowable subtraction (if any).

## S-2 New York's 529 college savings program

If during 2006 you made contributions to one or more tuition savings accounts established under New York's 529 college savings program, then include the amount of your contributions, up to $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 10,000$ for married taxpayers filing a joint return).

## S-3 Certain investment income from U.S. government agencies

Include any interest or dividend income on bonds or securities of any United States authority, commission or instrumentality that is exempt from state income taxes under federal laws (but that you included in your federal AGI).

## S-4 <br> Certain railroad retirement income and railroad unemployment insurance benefits

Include supplemental annuity or Tier 2 benefits received under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or benefits received under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act that are exempt from state income taxes under federal law (but that you included in your federal AGI).

## S-5 Certain investment income exempted by other New York State laws

Include any interest or dividend income from any obligations or securities authorized to be issued, and exempt from state taxation, under the laws of New York State. (For example, income received from bonds, mortgages, and income debenture certificates of limited dividend housing corporations organized under the Private Housing Finance Law.)

## S-6 Disability income exclusion

Complete Form IT-221, Disability Income Exclusion, to compute your disability income exclusion if you were not yet 65 when your tax year ended and you retired on disability and were permanently and totally disabled when you retired.

## S-7 Long-term residential care deduction

If you were a resident in a continuing-care retirement community that was issued a certificate of authority by the NYS Department of Health, then include the portion of the fees you paid during the year that were attributable to the cost of providing long-term care benefits to you under a continuing care contract. However, do not enter more than the premium limitation shown for your age in the Limitation table below. If you and your spouse both qualify, you may each take the subtraction. However, you cannot claim any unused part of your spouse's subtraction.

## Limitation

If your age at the end of 2006 was:

40 or younger
You cannot claim more than: \$ 280
at least 41 but not older than 50 530
at least 51 but not older than 60 ............ 1,060
at least 61 but not older than 70 ............ 2,830
71 or older 3,530

## S-8 New York State organized militia income

Include income that you received as a member of the New York State organized militia for performing active service within NYS due to either state active duty orders issued in accordance with Military Law section 6.1 or federal active duty orders, for service other than training, issued in accordance with Title 10 of the United States Code that was included in your federal AGI. Do not include any income you receive for regular duties in the organized militia (for example, pay received for the annual two-week training program). Members of the NYS organized militia include the New York Army National Guard, the New York Air National Guard, the New York Naval Militia, and the New York Guard.

## Professional service corporation shareholders

If, in a taxable year ending after 1969 and beginning before 1988, you were required to add to your federal AGI deductions made by a plan acquired through membership in a professional service corporation (PSC), then include the portion of those deductions that can be allocated to pension, annuity, or other income you received from the plan, and were included in your 2006 federal AGI.

## S-10 Loss from the sale or disposition of property that would have been realized if a federal estate tax return had been required

Note: This subtraction cannot be made for property acquired from decedents who died on or after February 1, 2000.

If you acquired a decedent's property and, as valued by the executor, the estate was insufficient to require a federal estate tax return, and if a loss on the sale would have been realized if a federal estate tax return had been required, then include the amount of the loss.

## S-11 Accelerated death benefits received that were includable in federal adjusted gross income

Include any amount you included in your federal AGI that was received by any person as (a) an accelerated payment or payments of part or all of the death benefit or special surrender value under a life insurance policy, or (b) a viatical settlement, as a result of a terminal illness (life expectancy of 12 months or less), or of a medical condition requiring extraordinary medical treatment, regardless of life expectancy.

## S-12 Contributions for Executive Mansion, natural and historical resources, not deducted elsewhere

Line 21 New York adjusted gross income


Do not leave line 21 blank.

## S-13 Distributions made to a victim of Nazi persecution

Include amounts you included in your federal AGI from an eligible settlement fund or grantor trust as defined by section 13 of the Tax Law (because you were persecuted or targeted for persecution by the Nazi regime), or distributions received because of your status as a victim of Nazi persecution, or as a spouse or heir of the victim (successors or assignees, if payment is from an eligible settlement fund or grantor trust).

## S-14 Items of income related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of Nazi persecution

Include items of income you included in your federal AGI attributable to, derived from, or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of Nazi persecution immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including but not limited to interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of Nazi persecution by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II, or as a spouse or heir of such victim.
However, do not include income attributable to assets acquired with assets as described above or with the proceeds from the sale of any asset described above. Also, do not include any income if you were not the first recipient of the asset, or if you are not a victim of Nazi persecution, or a spouse or descendent of a victim.

## S-15 Income earned before 1960 and previously reported to New York State

Include any income (including annuity income) or gain you included in your 2006 federal AGI that you (or the decedent or estate or trust from whom you acquired the income or gain) properly reported to NYS prior to 1960 (or during a fiscal year ending in 1960).

## Step 5 - Standard deduction, dependent exemptions, and taxable income


Be sure to use the dependent exemption worksheet to determine the amount of your dependent exemption(s).

Line 22 New York standard deduction
Enter your standard deduction from the table below.


## Line 23 Dependent exemptions

Unlike on your federal return, you may not take personal exemptions for yourself and for your spouse on your New York State return.

Enter the number of your dependent exemptions from the Dependent exemption worksheet, line e, below.

If you do not have to file a federal return, enter on lines a, b , and d of the worksheet the number of exemptions that would be allowed for federal income tax purposes.

Check only one box:
If you filed federal Form 1040EZ, enter $\boldsymbol{O}$ on line 23.
$\square$ If you filed federal Form 1040A or 1040, complete this worksheet.
a. Enter the number of exemptions claimed on federal Form 1040A or 1040, line 6d.
a. $\qquad$
b. See Line b instructions below.............................. b. $\qquad$
c. Add lines $a$ and $b$
c. $\qquad$
d. Enter the total number of boxes checked on federal Form 1040A or 1040, line $6 a$ and line 6b ... $\qquad$
e. Subtract line $d$ from line $c$. This is the number of your dependent exemptions to enter in the box(es) on Form IT-150, line 23 (see Example below) ..... e. $\qquad$
Line b instructions - If on your federal return you were entitled to claim a dependent as an exemption but chose not to, include that dependent on line b.

Example: If you were entitled to claim a dependent on your federal return but chose not to in order to allow your dependent to claim the federal education credit on his or her federal tax return, you may still claim him or her as a dependent on your New York return.

The value of each dependent exemption is $\$ 1,000$. Therefore, if the entry on line e of the worksheet above was 2, the entry on line 23 would look like this:

$\ldots$| 23. |  |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Lines 25 and 26 Taxable income

Subtract line 24 from line 21. The result is your taxable income. Enter this amount on line 25 and also on line 26. If line 24 is more than line 21, leave lines 25 and 26 blank.

## Step 6 - Tax computation



## Line 27 New York State tax

Is line 21 (your New York AGI) \$100,000 or less?
If Yes, find your New York State tax using the New York State Tax Table on pages 46 through 53, or if line 26 is $\$ 65,000$ or more, use the New York State Tax Rate Schedule on page 55. Enter the tax on line 27.

## If No, see Tax Computation - New York AGI of more than $\$ 100,000$, on page 54.

## Line 28 New York State household credit

If you marked the Yes box at item (D) on the front of Form IT-150, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 29. If you marked No, use the appropriate table (1, 2, or 3) below or on page 26 to determine the amount to enter on line 28.

Filing status ${ }^{1}$ only (Single) - Use Household credit table 1 below.
Filing status (2), (4) and (5) - Use Household credit table 2 below.
Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table 3 on page 26.

## New York State Household credit table 1 Filing status © only (Single)

```
\$
``` \(\qquad\)
```

* This may be any amount up to $\$ 5,000$, including $\mathbf{0}$ or a negative amount.

```
but not
\$ 5,000*
\[
\ldots
\] 6,000 \(\qquad\)\$75
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
20,000 ...................................................................................... 45
25,000 ............................................................................... 40
28,000 ......................................................... 20

No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-150, line 28.



\section*{Line 30 New York City resident tax (NYC residents only)}

Is line 26 (your New York taxable income) less than \$65,000?

If Yes, find your New York City resident tax using the New York City Tax Table on pages 56 through 63. Enter the tax on line 30.

If No, find your New York City resident tax using the New York City Tax Rate Schedule on page 64. Enter the tax on line 30.

\(\triangle\)
If one spouse was a resident of New York City for all of 2006 and the other was a nonresident for all of 2006, see Special instructions for Form IT-150, line 30, on page 39 for information on how to compute your New York City resident tax.

\section*{Line 31 New York City household credit (NYC residents only)}

If you marked the Yes box at item (D) on the front of Form IT-150, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 32 . If you marked No, use the appropriate table (4,5, or 6) below or on page 27 to determine the amount to enter on line 31.

Filing status (1) only (Single) - Use Household credit table 4 below.
Filing status (2), (4) and (5)-Use Household credit table 5 below.
Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table 6 on page 27.

\section*{New York City Household credit table 4 \\ Filing status \({ }^{(1)}\) only (Single)}

If Form IT-150, line 11 is:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Over & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{but not over} & enter on Form IT-150, line 31: \\
\hline \$ & \$ 10,000* & & \$ 15 \\
\hline 10,000 & 12,500 & & 10 \\
\hline 12,500 & & & No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-150, line 31. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* This may be any amount up to \(\$ 10,000\), including \(\mathbf{O}\) or a negative amount.

\section*{New York City Household credit table 5 \\ Filing status (2), (4) and (5)}

\section*{If Form IT-150,}
line 11 is:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Over & but not over \\
\hline \$ ...... & \$ 15,000* \\
\hline 15,000 & 17,500 \\
\hline 17,500 & 20,000 \\
\hline 20,000 & 22,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* This may be any amount up to \(\$ 15,000\), including \(\boldsymbol{O}\) or a negative amount.
** For each exemption over 7 , add amount in this column to column 7 amount.


No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on
Form IT-150, line 31.

\section*{New York City Household credit table 6 Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return)}

If Form IT-150, line \(11^{\text {*** }}\) total from both returns is:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Over & but not over \\
\hline \$ & \$ 15,000* \\
\hline 15,000 & 17,500 \\
\hline 17,500 & 20,000 \\
\hline 20,000 & 22,500 \\
\hline 22,500 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

And the number of exemptions from both Dependent exemption worksheets, line c, page 24 is:
\begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c} 
1 & 2 & \(\mathbf{3}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{5}\) & \(\mathbf{6}\) & \(\mathbf{7}\) & over \\
7**
\end{tabular}
Enter on Form IT-150, line 31:
\$15
12.50
7.50

No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-150, line 31.
* This may be any amount up to \(\$ 15,000\), including \(\mathbf{0}\) or a negative amount.
** For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.
*** If spouse is filing Form IT-203, use the amount from the Federal amount column, line 18.

\section*{Line 33 Yonkers resident income tax surcharge}

Were you a resident of Yonkers and did you make an entry of more than 0 on line 27 ?

If No, go to line 34.
If Yes, complete the Yonkers Worksheet below and enter the amount from line \(k\) on line 33.


If one spouse was a resident of Yonkers for all of 2006 and the other was a nonresident for all of 2006, see Special instructions for Form IT-150, line 33, on page 39 for information on how to compute your Yonkers resident income tax surcharge.

\section*{Yonkers worksheet}
a. Amount from line 29 \(\qquad\) a. \(\qquad\)
b. Amount from new Form IT-213, Claim for Empire State Child Credit, line 16, or line 17 if an amount is entered on line 17. \(\qquad\) b. \(\qquad\)
c. Amount from Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit, line 33 \(\qquad\) c. \(\qquad\)
d. Amount from Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit, line 14 (New York filing status (3) taxpayers, see instructions for Form IT-216) \(\qquad\) d. \(\qquad\)
e. Amount from Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, line 16 (New York filing status (3) taxpayers transfer the amount from Form IT-215, line 17) . e. \(\qquad\)
f. Amount from new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, line 32 or, if an amount is entered on line 42, the larger of line 32 or line 42 \(\qquad\) f. \(\qquad\)
g. If you elected to claim the college tuition credit, the amount from Form IT-272, Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction, line 5 or 7 , whichever applies g. \(\qquad\)
h. Add lines b through g...................................... h. \(\qquad\)
i. Subtract line h from line a ............................... i. \(\qquad\)
j. Yonkers resident tax rate ( \(10 \%\) )
j \(\square\)
k. Multiply line i by line j. Enter this amount on Form IT-150, line 33
k.

\section*{Line 34 Yonkers nonresident earnings tax}

If you were not a resident of Yonkers, did you earn wages there?
If \(N o\), go to line 35.
If Yes, complete Form Y-203, Yonkers Nonresident Earning Tax Return. Enter the amount of tax and attach Form Y-203 to your return.

\section*{Line 35 Sales or use tax}

See pages 66 through 72 for information on New York State and local sales or use tax, and how to calculate sales or use tax due.

If you don't owe any New York State or local sales or use tax, you must enter 0 on line 35. Do not leave line 35 blank. Then continue with the instructions for line 36.

\section*{Step 7 - Voluntary contributions}


\section*{Line 36 ( \(\mathbf{3 6 a}\) through \(\mathbf{3 6 g}\) )}

You may make voluntary contributions to the funds listed below. Enter the whole dollar amount (no cents, please) of your contribution(s) in the amount boxes (lines 36a through 36 g ). Enter the total amount of all your contributions combined on line 36.
Your contribution(s) will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount(s) you give after you file your return.

\section*{- Return a Gift to Wildlife}

Your contribution will benefit New York's fish, wildlife, and marine resources, and you will receive a free issue of Conservationist magazine. For more information about New York State's environmental conservation programs, go to www.dec.state.ny.us. For information about Conservationist, go to www.TheConservationist.org.
- Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse (MECC) Fund
(Missing/Exploited Children Fund)
Each year over 20,000 children are reported missing in New York State. Your contribution will benefit the New York State Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse. This organization works with police agencies and parents to locate missing children and to promote child safety through education. Contributions are used to distribute educational materials, disseminate missing child alerts, and conduct investigative training for police officers. For additional information about services and free safety publications visit www.criminaljustice.state.ny.us or call 1800 FIND-KID (346-3543). Also see Publication 40, Missing Children and Young Adults.
- Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund (Breast Cancer Research Fund)
Your contributions to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund have supported ground-breaking research projects in New York State. More dollars will support more studies that bring us closer to the cures and prevention of breast cancer. Help make breast cancer a disease of the past. Your contribution will be used to fund important biomedical research studies and education projects. New York State will match your contribution to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.
- Prostate Cancer Research, Detection, and Education Fund
(Prostate Cancer Research Fund)
Your contribution will benefit the New York State Coalition to Cure Prostate Cancer. The coalition coordinates and manages prostate cancer research, detection, and education efforts in our state. New York State will match your contribution to the Prostate Cancer Research, Detection, and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.

\section*{- Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Fund} (Alzheimer's Fund)
Contributions to this fund support services provided by the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Program administered by the New York State Department of Health. This program is designed to provide education, counseling, respite, support groups, and other supportive services to people with Alzheimer's disease, their families, caregivers, and health care professionals.

\section*{- United States Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center (Olympic Fund)}

Contributions to this fund help support the Olympic Training Center in Lake Placid. The \(\$ 16\) million complex is one of just three U.S. Olympic training centers in the United States. The center is used primarily by U.S. athletes who are training to compete in the future winter Olympic sports of bobsled, biathlon, luge, speed skating, figure skating, ice hockey, and skiing. In addition to these winter sports, athletes use the facilities for certain summer Olympic sports that include mountain biking, volleyball, handball, canoe/kayak, rhythmic gymnastics, boxing, and certain paralympic sports. Individual contributions must be \(\$ 2\). If you are married filing jointly and your spouse also wants to contribute, enter \$4.
- World Trade Center Memorial Foundation Fund (WTC Memorial Fund)
Your contribution this year to the World Trade Center Memorial Foundation Fund will help build the Memorial and Memorial Museum which will commemorate and honor the thousands of people who died in the attacks of September 11, 2001, and February 26, 1993. The Memorial will recognize the endurance of those who survived, the courage of those who risked their lives to save others, and the compassion of all who supported us in our darkest hours. Help New York State, the nation, and the world remember by making a contribution. For more information go to www.buildthememorial.org.

\title{
Step 8 - Payments and credits
}

\section*{Line 38 Empire State child credit}

Did you claim the federal child tax credit for 2006 or do you have a qualifying child (a qualifying child is a child who qualifies for the federal child tax credit and is at least four years of age)?
If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 39.
If Yes, review the instructions for new Form IT-213 to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-213 and transfer the amount from Form IT-213 to Form IT-150, line 38. Attach Form IT-213 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-213.

\section*{Line 39 New York State child and dependent care credit}

Did you qualify to claim the federal child and dependent care credit for 2006 (whether or not you actually claimed it)?
If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 40.
If Yes, complete Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit, and transfer the amount from Form IT-216 to Form IT-150, line 38. Attach Form IT-216 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-216.

\section*{Line 40 New York State earned income credit (NYS EIC)}

Did you claim the federal earned income credit for 2006 on your federal income tax return?
If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 41.
If Yes, complete Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, and transfer the amount from Form IT-215 to Form IT-150, line 40. Attach Form IT-215 to your return. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-215.
\(\triangle\) If you are a noncustodial parent and have paid child support through a support collection unit, you may be eligible for the noncustodial parent

New York State earned income credit (noncustodial EIC). However, you cannot claim both the NYS EIC and the noncustodial EIC. Review the instructions for new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209 to determine which credit offers the better tax savings. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-150, line 40, and attach Form IT-209 to your return (do not attach Form IT-215). If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, see line 41 instructions below.

If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write EIC in the white area to the left of the money column, and leave the money column blank on line 40 . You must complete Form IT-150, lines 42 through 49, but do not complete lines 50 through 54.
Complete Form IT-215, lines 1 through 9, and attach it to your return. The Tax Department will compute your New York State earned income credit (and the resulting refund or amount due).
If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA), whichever is later.

\section*{Line 41 Noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (EIC)}

Review the instructions for new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209. If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, transfer the noncustodial EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-150, line 41. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-150, line 40. Attach Form IT-209 to your return (do not attach Form IT-215).
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-209.

\section*{Line 42 Real property tax credit}

Review the instructions for Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-214 and transfer the amount from Form IT-214 to Form IT-150, line 42. Attach Form IT-214 to your return.

\section*{Line 43 College tuition credit}

Did you or your spouse or your dependent(s) pay college tuition expenses during 2006?

If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 44.
If Yes, complete Form IT-272, Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction, and transfer the amount from Form IT-272 to Form IT-150, line 43. Attach Form IT-272 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-272.

\section*{Line 44 New York City school tax credit (NYC residents only)}

If you marked the Yes box at item D on the front of Form IT-150, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 45.
If you marked No, find your credit using the table below.
New York City school tax credit table
Filing status:
Your credit is:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
— Single, filing status (1) \\
- Married filing separate return, filing status (3) \\
- Head of household, filing status (4)
\end{tabular} & \$ 115 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
- Married filing joint return, filing status (2) \\
- Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, filing status (5)
\end{tabular} & \$ 230 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Line 45 New York City earned income credit (NYC residents only)}

Did you claim the federal earned income credit for 2006 on your federal return?

If No, you do not qualify to claim this credit. Go to line 46.
If Yes, complete either Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, or new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit. Transfer the amount from Form IT-215 or the amount from Form IT-209 to Form IT-150, line 45. Attach Form IT-215 or Form IT-209 to your return.
If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write EIC in the white area to the left of the money column and leave the money column blank on line 45 . You must complete Form IT-150, lines 46 through 49, but do not complete lines 50 through 54. The Tax Department will compute your New York City earned income credit and the resulting refund or amount due.
If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by

April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA), whichever is later.

\section*{Lines 46, 47, and 48 \\ Total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld}

If you received any federal Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, you must complete Form(s) IT-2, Summary of Federal Form W-2 Statements. In addition, if you received foreign income but did not receive a federal Form W-2, you must complete Form IT-2. If you had New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld from annuities, pensions, retirement pay or IRA payments, you must complete Form(s) IT-1099-R, Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements.
Enter on the appropriate line your total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld from:
- Form(s) IT-2, and
- Form(s) IT-1099-R.

Attach Form(s) IT-2 and Form(s) IT-1099-R to the back of

\(\triangle\)your Form IT-150. Do not attach federal Form W-2 or Form 1099-R to your return. Keep copies of your Form(s) IT-2, IT-1099-R, and W-2 for your records.

\section*{Check your withholding for 2007}

If, after completing your 2006 tax return, you want to change the amount of tax withheld from your paycheck, complete Form IT-2104, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer.

\section*{Line 49 Total estimated tax payments and amount paid with Form IT-370}

Enter the total of:
- Your 2006 estimated income tax payments for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers (include your last installment even if paid in 2007). If you marked filing status (2) but made separate 2006 estimated income tax payments (Form IT-2105), enter your combined total estimated income tax paid;
- Any amount of overpayment from your 2005 return that you applied to your 2006 estimated income tax (if this amount was adjusted by the Tax Department, use the adjusted amount); and
- Any amount you paid with Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals. If you marked filing status (2) but you and your spouse filed separate Forms IT-370, enter the total amount you and your spouse paid.
Do not include any amounts you paid for the New York City unincorporated business tax. File New York City's Form NYC-202, Unincorporated Business Tax Return, directly with the New York City Department of Finance.

You can check your balance and reconcile your estimated income tax account by going to www.nystax.gov and clicking on Electronic Services, or by writing us at:

NYS TAX DEPARTMENT
ESTIMATED TAX UNIT
W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS
ALBANY NY 12227

\section*{Step 9 - Calculate your refund or the amount you owe}


\section*{Line 51 Amount overpaid}

If you have to pay an estimated income tax penalty (see line 55 instructions on page 32), subtract the penalty from the overpayment and enter the net overpayment on line 51.
Your net overpayment can be:
1 refunded to you (enter amount on line 52);
2 deposited directly into your bank account (enter amount on line 52 and see the instructions for line 56 on page 33);
3 applied to your 2007 estimated income tax (enter on line 53); or
4 divided between options 1 and 3 , or 2 and 3.
If your estimated income tax penalty on line 55 is greater than your overpayment on line 51, enter the difference on line 54.

\section*{Line 52 Your refund}

Enter the amount of overpayment that you want refunded to you. If you want a fast direct deposit, you must supply the information requested on line 56.
You must file a return to get a refund. The Tax Department will not refund an amount of one dollar or less unless you attach a signed request to your return.
Collection of debts from your refund - We will keep all or part of your overpayment (refund) if you owe a New York State tax liability or a New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liability, if you owe past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to a New York State agency, or to another state, if you defaulted on a guaranteed student, state university, or city university loan, or if you owe a New York City tax warrant judgment debt. We will refund any amount that exceeds your debt.
A New York State agency includes any state department, board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public benefit corporation, council, office, or other entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state or a social services district.
If you have questions about whether you owe a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to another state, or to a New York State agency, contact the IRS, the other state, or the New York State agency.

For New York State tax liabilities or New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liabilities, call 1800 835-3554 (from areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800) or write to: NYS Tax Department, Tax Compliance Division, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227.
For information relating to a New York City tax warrant judgment debt, call (212) 232-3550.

\section*{Disclaiming of spouse's debt}

If you marked filing status (2) and you do not want to apply your part of the overpayment to your spouse's debt because you are not liable for it, complete Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation, and attach it to your original return. We need the information on Form IT-280 to process your refund as quickly as possible. You cannot file an amended return to disclaim your spouse's debt after you have filed your original return.
We will notify you if we keep your overpayment because of a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS. You cannot use Form IT-280 to disclaim liability for a legally enforceable debt to the IRS. Instead, you must file federal Form 8379, Injured Spouse Claim and Allocation, with the IRS. Also, you cannot use Form IT-280 to disclaim liability for a joint tax liability owed to another state where your refund is subject to an agreement between states for mutual offset of tax refunds and tax liabilities. You must contact the other state to resolve your responsibility for the asserted liability.

\section*{Line 53 Estimated tax}

Enter the amount of overpayment from line 51 that you want applied to your New York State, New York City, and Yonkers estimated income tax for 2007. The total of lines 52 and 53 should equal the amount on line 51.
If you choose to apply all or part of your overpayment to your 2007 estimated income tax, you generally cannot change that decision after April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).
(continued)

\section*{Line 54 Amount you owe}

Enter on line 54 the amount of tax you owe plus any estimated income tax penalty you owe (see line 55 instructions).
To avoid other penalties and interest, pay any tax you owe by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).
For additional information on penalties and interest, see Publication 80, General Income Tax Information for New York State Residents.

\section*{Line 55 Estimated tax penalty}

Begin with these steps to determine if you may owe an estimated income tax penalty.
(1) Locate the amount of your 2005 New York AGI as shown on your 2005 return;
(2) Locate the amount of your 2005 New York income tax; then
(3) Calculate the amount of your 2006 prepayments (the amount of withholding and estimated tax payments you have already made for 2006).
In general, you are not subject to a penalty if your 2006 prepayments equal at least \(100 \%\) of your 2005 income tax. However:
- If your 2005 New York AGI was more than \(\$ 150,000\) (or \$75,000 if you are married filing separately) and you are not a farmer or a fisherman, your prepayments must equal at least 110\% of your 2005 income tax based on a 12 month return;
- You may owe a penalty if line 54 is \(\$ 300\) or more and represents more than \(10 \%\) of the income tax shown on your 2006 return; and
- You may owe a penalty if you underpaid your estimated income tax liability for any payment period.
For more information, see Form IT-2105.9, Underpayment
of Estimated Income Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries.
If you owe an estimated income tax penalty, enter the penalty amount on line 55 . Also add the same amount to any tax due and enter the total on line 54. It is possible for you to owe an estimated income tax penalty and also be due a refund. In that case, subtract the estimated income tax penalty amount from the overpayment and enter the net result on line 51. Do not include any other penalty or interest amounts on line 51 . Be sure to attach Form IT-2105.9 to your return.

\section*{Payment options}

\section*{- By check or money order}

If you owe more than one dollar, include full payment with your return. Make check or money order payable to New York State Income Tax and write your social security number and 2006 Income Tax on it. Do not send cash.
- By credit card

You can use your American Express Cards®, Discover®/ Novus®, MasterCard \({ }^{\circledR}\), or Visa \({ }^{\circledR}\) to pay the amount you owe on your 2006 New York State income tax return. You can pay your income taxes due with your return by credit card using a touch-tone phone or through the Internet. The credit card service provider will charge you
a convenience fee to cover the cost of this service, and you will be told the amount before you confirm the credit card payment. Please note that the convenience fee, terms, and conditions may vary between the credit card service providers. These are the same credit card service providers that have agreements with the IRS to process income tax payments.
You can make your payment by credit card regardless of how you file your income tax return. For returns filed before the due date, you can make credit card payments any time up to the due date. For returns filed on or after the due date, you should make your credit card payment at the same time you file your return. Credit cards cannot be used to pay any tax due on an amended return.
You can pay your income taxes due with your return using either of the two credit card service providers listed below.


You can also connect to either of these Web sites by going to the Tax Department's Web site at www.nystax.gov and clicking on Electronic Services.

Whether paying by telephone or through the Internet, follow the simple instructions to enter personal identifying information, the credit card number and expiration date, and the amount of the payment (line 54 of Form IT-150). Have a copy of your completed New York State income tax return available. You will be told the amount of the convenience fee that the credit card service provider will charge you to cover the cost of this service. At this point you may elect to accept or cancel the credit card transaction.

If you accept the credit card transaction you will be given a confirmation number. Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.
For additional information go to www.nystax.gov and click on Electronic Services.

\section*{- By automatic bank withdrawal}

You may authorize the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account.

File now/Pay later! You must specify a future payment date up to and including April 17, 2007. If you file before April 17, money will not be withdrawn from your account before the date you specify. To avoid interest and penalties, you must authorize a withdrawal on or before the filing deadline. If you designate a weekend or a bank holiday, the payment will be withdrawn the next business day. See line 56 instructions on page 33.

\section*{Unable to pay?}

To avoid interest and penalty charges, you must file and pay the amount due by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your return at the IRS Service center in Andover, MA).

If you cannot pay in full, you should file your return on time, and pay as much of the tax due as possible by check, money order, or automatic bank withdrawal. Also consider alternative payment methods such as a commercial or private loan or a credit card transaction to pay any remaining balance.

You will be billed for any unpaid tax plus interest (see Amount you owe on page 32). Pay the bill immediately if you can; if you cannot, call the number provided on the bill to make other arrangements. If you fail to pay the amount due, New York State may file a tax warrant, seize your assets, and/or garnishee your wages to ensure payment.

\section*{Line 56 Account information}

Are you requesting direct deposit of your refund to, or automatic withdrawal of your taxes from, your bank account? If No, go to Step 10.
If Yes, you must mark the appropriate box at line 56 and supply the information requested for lines 56a, b, and c.

\section*{The following requirements apply to both direct deposit and electronic funds withdrawal:}

Enter your bank's 9 -digit routing number on line 56a. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32, the transaction will be rejected. On the sample check below, the routing number is 090090099.
If your check states that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on line 56a.
Enter your account number on line 56b. The number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens (-) but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank.
On line 56c, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box for the type of account, checking or savings.
- If you mark Checking, enter the account number shown on your checks. (On the sample check below, the account number is 1357902468. Do not include the check number.)
- If you mark Savings, you can get your savings account number from a preprinted savings account deposit slip, your passbook or other bank records, or from your bank.
If you encounter any problem with direct deposit to, or electronic withdrawal from, your account, call toll free 1800 225-5829. Please allow six to eight weeks for processing your return.

\section*{Refund - Direct deposit}

Mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box for Refund on line 56.
The Tax Department will not notify you that your refund has been deposited. However, if the amount we deposit is different from the amount of refund you claimed, we will send you a written explanation of the adjustment within two weeks from the date your refund is deposited.
We will make every effort to comply with your request for direct deposit. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses a direct deposit. Some banks, for example, do not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. You can contact your bank to confirm routing and account numbers and to make sure that it will accept your deposit. If we cannot make the direct deposit for any reason, we will send a check to the mailing address on your return.

\section*{Owe - Electronic funds withdrawal}

Mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box for Owe on line 56 and enter the date you want the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account.

The Tax Department will only use electronic funds withdrawal for the one tax payment you have authorized. Your confirmation will be your bank statement that includes a NYS Tax Payment line item. If we determine that the amount you owe is different from the amount claimed on your return, we will only withdraw less than or equal to the amount you have claimed. We will send you a bill for any additional amount owed, which may include penalty and interest.

If your bank returns your electronic funds withdrawal (due to insufficient funds, incorrect bank account information, closed accounts, etc.), the Tax Department will send a notification letter to the mailing address on your return. You will need to submit a check or money order to the address on the notification, or you may elect to pay by credit card (see page 32).

We will make every effort to comply with your request for electronic funds withdrawal. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses an electronic funds withdrawal. You can contact your bank to confirm routing and account numbers and to make sure that it will accept the withdrawal.

If for any reason we cannot comply with your request for electronic funds withdrawal, we will send a notice to the mailing address on your return.
\(\triangle\) If you complete the entries for electronic funds withdrawal, do not send a check or money order for the same amount due unless you receive a notice.


\section*{Step 10 - Sign and date your return}


\section*{Part A Third-party designee}

Do you want to authorize a friend, family member, or any other person (third-party designee) to discuss your 2006 tax return with the New York State Tax Department?

If No, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the No box and go to Part B.
If \(\boldsymbol{Y e s}\), mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the Yes box. Enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five numbers the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). If you want to authorize the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the Tax Department, just enter Preparer and the preparer's phone number in the spaces for the designee's name and phone number (you do not have to provide a PIN).
If you mark the Yes box, you (and your spouse, if filing a joint return) are authorizing the Tax Department to discuss with the designee any questions that arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:
- give the Tax Department any information that is missing from your return;
- call the Tax Department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s); and
- respond to certain Tax Department notices that you share with the designee about math errors, offsets, and return preparation. We will not send notices to the designee.
You are not authorizing the designee to receive your refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the Tax Department. If you want the designee to perform those services for you, you must file Form POA-1, Power of Attorney. Copies of statutory tax notices or documents (such as a Notice of Deficiency) will only be sent to your designee if you file Form POA-1.

A third-party designee authorization cannot be revoked. However, the authorization will end automatically on the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2007 tax return. For most taxpayers, the due date will be April 15, 2008.

\section*{Part B Paid preparer's signature}

Did you pay someone to prepare your return?
If No, go to Part C.
If Yes, the paid preparer must also sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.
Note to paid preparers - When signing a taxpayer's New York State income tax return, you must enter the same identification number that you used on the taxpayer's federal income tax return. If you did not prepare a federal income tax return for the taxpayer, you must use your PTIN if you have one; otherwise, use your social security number. For additional information, see Publication 58, Information for Income Tax Return Preparers.

\section*{Part C Your signature(s)}

In the spaces provided at the bottom of the back page, sign and date your original return and enter your occupation. If you are married and filing a joint return, also enter your spouse's occupation. Both spouses must sign a joint return; we cannot process unsigned returns. Keep your signature(s) within the space(s) provided.
If the return is for someone who died and there is no surviving spouse to sign it, print or type the name and address of the person signing it below the signature. For additional information about deceased taxpayers, see page 39.

\section*{Daytime phone number}

This entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your return.

\section*{Step 11 - Finish your return}


Take a moment to go over the checklist on page 36 to avoid common errors that may delay your refund. Then finish your return as shown below in Parts 1 through 7.
Part 1 Once you have completed and reviewed the return, attach your peel-off name and address label, if you have one, making any necessary corrections to the information. See Step 1 if you have a question.

Part 2 Staple payments, if any, to the front of your Form IT-150 where indicated.

Part 3 Staple Form(s) IT-2 (and IT-1099-R if applicable) to the back of your Form IT-150.

Part 4 Staple any other forms and any correspondence and computation sheets of paper behind your Form(s) IT-2 or IT-1099-R, face up.

Part 5 Two-dimensional (2D) barcode cover sheet. If your software package or preparer prints a 2D barcode cover sheet as page one of your Form IT-150, place the cover sheet face up, on the top of the front page of Form IT-150, and staple the entire return at the top of the cover sheet. Staple payments, if any, to the front of the 2D barcode cover sheet where indicated. If you need to change and reprint your return, also be sure to reprint the 2D barcode cover sheet.
Please note: Do not write, print, or photocopy anything on the back of the 2D barcode cover sheet.

Part 6 Make a copy of your return and any other attached forms or papers for your records. You may be asked by the Tax Department to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax return.
Part 7 Use the envelope provided or address an envelope to send your original return to the following address:

\section*{STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001}

Mail your return by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return (see page 41).

\section*{Important reminder to file a complete return}

You must complete all required schedules and forms that make up your return, and include all pages of those forms and schedules when you file. Attach only those forms and schedules that apply to your return, and be sure that you have made all required entries. Returns that are missing required pages or that have pages with missing entries are considered incomplete and cannot be processed, and may subject taxpayers to penalty and interest.

\section*{Checklist for Form IT-150}

\section*{Did you . . .}
(1) \(\square\) use a 2006 form?

2 \(\square\) attach your peel-off label or write in your name(s) and address? (Enter your permanent home address if different from your mailing address.)
(3) \(\square\) enter your social security number(s)?

(4) \(\square\)enter your county, school district name, and school district code if you did not have a label or your label was incorrect?
(5) mark your filing status?
(6) \(\square\) mark the box at item (B) if you do not need a NYS tax packet mailed to you next year?
(7) \(\square\) complete items (C), (D), and (E)?
(8) \(\square\) double-check your math?
(9) \(\square\) enter any public employee 414(h) retirement contributions?
(10) \(\square\) include any New York City IRC 125 flexible benefits program amounts?
(11) \(\square\) enter the correct standard deduction for your filing status?
(12) \(\square\) enter your dependent exemption(s)?

\section*{Checklist for Form IT-150 (continued)}

\section*{Did you . . .}
(13) \(\square\) use the correct New York State or New York City tax table?
(14) \(\square\) report any sales or use tax you owe? (Do not leave line 35 blank.)
(15) \(\square\) take all the tax credits for which you qualify, and attach all appropriate credit forms?
(16) \(\square\) enter your refund or amount you owe?
(17) \(\square\) enter the amount, if any, you want applied to your 2007 estimated tax?
make your check payable to New York State Income Tax, and write your social security number and 2006 Income Tax on it?
or
use either of the two providers listed on page 32, if paying by credit card?
(19) \(\square\) mark Yes if you designated another person to discuss your return with the Tax Department?
\(20 \square\) sign your return? (Both husband and wife must sign a joint return.)
\(21 \square\) staple your Form(s) IT-2 here (and attach Form(s) IT-1099-R if applicable, and Form IT-280 if you are a nonobligated spouse, and any other applicable forms)?

\section*{Additional information}

\section*{The information on pages 38 through 72 is for use in completing either the short Form IT-150 or the long Form IT-201.}

\section*{Definitions used to determine resident, nonresident, or part-year resident}

You may have to pay income tax as a New York State resident even if you are not considered a resident for other purposes. For income tax purposes, your resident status depends on where you were domiciled and where you maintained a permanent place of abode during the taxable year.

\section*{Domicile}

In general, your domicile is the place you intend to have as your permanent home. Your domicile is, in effect, where your permanent home is located. It is the place you intend to return to after being away (as on vacation abroad, business assignment, educational leave, or military assignment).
You can have only one domicile. Your New York domicile does not change until you can demonstrate that you have abandoned your New York domicile and established a new permanent domicile outside New York State.

A change of domicile must be clear and convincing. Easily controlled factors such as where you vote, where your driver's license and registration are issued, or where your will is located are not primary factors in establishing domicile. To determine whether you have, in fact, changed your domicile, you should compare (1) the size, value, and nature of use of your first residence to the size, value, and nature of use of your newly acquired residence; (2) your employment and/or business connections in both locations; (3) the amount of time spent in both locations; (4) the physical location of items that have significant sentimental value to you in both locations; and (5) your close family ties in both locations. A change of domicile is clear and convincing only when your primary ties are clearly greater in the new location. When weighing your primary ties, keep in mind that some may weigh more heavily than others, depending upon your overall lifestyle. If required by the Tax Department, it is the taxpayer's responsibility to produce documentation showing the necessary intention to effect a change of domicile.
If you move to a new location but intend to stay there only for a limited amount of time (no matter how long), your domicile does not change. For example, Mr. Green of ABC Electronics in Newburgh, New York, was temporarily assigned to the Atlanta, Georgia branch office for two years. After his stay in Atlanta, he returned to his job in New York. His domicile did not change during his stay in Georgia; it remained New York State.
If your domicile is in New York State and you go to a foreign country because of a business assignment by your employer, or for study, research or any other purpose, your domicile does not change unless you show that you definitely do not intend to return to New York.

\section*{Permanent place of abode}

A permanent place of abode is a residence (a building or structure where a person can live) that you permanently maintain, whether you own it or not, and usually includes a residence your husband or wife owns or leases. A place of abode is not permanent if you maintain it only during a temporary or limited period of time for a particular purpose.

\section*{Resident}

You are a New York State resident for income tax purposes if:
a) Your domicile is not New York State but you maintain a permanent place of abode in New York State for more than 11 months of the year and spend 184 days or more (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the taxable year.
However, if you are a member of the armed forces, and your domicile is not New York State, you are not a resident under this definition; or
b) Your domicile is New York State. However, even if your domicile is New York, you are not a resident if you meet all three of the conditions in either Group A or Group B as follows:

\section*{Group A}
1) You did not maintain any permanent place of abode in New York State during the taxable year; and
2) You maintained a permanent place of abode outside New York State during the entire taxable year; and
3) You spent \(\mathbf{3 0}\) days or less (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the taxable year.

\section*{Group B}
1) You were in a foreign country for at least 450 days during any period of 548 consecutive days; and
2) You spent 90 days or less (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during this 548-day period, and your spouse (unless legally separated) or minor children spent 90 days or less (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York during this 548-day period in a permanent place of abode maintained by you; and
3) During the nonresident portion of the taxable year in which the 548-day period begins, and during the nonresident portion of the taxable year in which the 548-day period ends, you were present in New York State for no more than the number of days which bears the same ratio to 90 as the number of days in such portion of the taxable year bears to 548. The following formula illustrates this condition:

\section*{Number of days in the \(\frac{\text { nonresident portion }}{548} \times 90=\begin{aligned} & \text { Maximum number of days } \\ & \text { allowed in New York State }\end{aligned}\)}

\section*{Nonresident}

You are a New York State nonresident if you were not a resident of New York State for any part of the year.

\section*{Part-year resident}

You are a New York State part-year resident if you meet the definition of resident or nonresident for only part of the year.

\section*{New York City and Yonkers}

For the definition of a New York City or Yonkers resident, nonresident, and part-year resident, see the definitions of a New York State resident, nonresident, and part-year resident above, and substitute New York City or Yonkers in place of New York State.
For more information on nonresidents and part-year residents, see the instructions for Form IT-203.

\section*{Additional information (continued)}

\section*{Special accruals}

As a full-year New York State resident for 2006, or if you are a full-year New York City resident or New York City part-year resident for 2006, you may have to use special accrual rules (see below) to compute your New York State and New York City personal income tax for 2006.
If you are subject to the special accrual rules, you must file Form IT-201. You cannot file Form IT-150. In addition, you will need to obtain Publication 210, Change of Resident Status Special Accruals (For tax year 2006), to assist you in computing your 2006 tax (see Need help? on the back cover).

\section*{Full-year New York State residents -}

You are subject to the special accrual rules only if you have accrued income for 2006 (see below), and
- you were a nonresident of New York State on December 31, 2005; or
- you will be a New York State nonresident on January 1, 2007.

You have accrued income for 2006 if:
- you have an item of non-New York source income* that was fixed and determinable in a tax year prior to 2006, but you are reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in tax year 2006; or
- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in tax year 2006, but you will be reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in a tax year after 2006.
Full-year and part-year New York City residents -
You are subject to the special accrual rules only if you have accrued income for 2006 (see below), and
- you were a nonresident of New York City on December 31, 2005, but you were a full-year New York City resident for tax year 2006; or
- you were a full-year New York City resident for 2006 but you will be a New York City nonresident on January 1, 2007; or
- you were a New York City part-year resident for tax year 2006.

You have accrued income for 2006 if:
- you have an item of non-New York source income* that was fixed and determinable in a tax year prior to 2006, but you are reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in tax year 2006; or
- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in tax year 2006, but you will be reporting that income for federal income tax purposes in a tax year after 2006; or
- you have an item of income that was fixed and determinable in your 2006 New York City resident period, but that income is not reportable for federal income tax purposes in your 2006 New York City resident period; or
- you have an item of non-New York source income* that was fixed and determinable in your 2006 New York City nonresident period, but that income is not reportable for federal income tax purposes in your 2006 New York City nonresident period.

\section*{Special instructions for Form IT-150, line 30} Line 30 New York City resident tax
If one spouse was a resident of New York City for all of 2006 and the other a nonresident for all of 2006, compute on a separate sheet of paper the NYC resident tax on the New York State taxable income of the city resident as if you had filed separate federal returns reduced by the NYC household credit (if applicable). Transfer the amount from your separate sheet to line 30 . Be sure to write the name and social security number of the city resident and Taxable income of New York City resident on that paper and attach it to your return.

\section*{Special instructions for Form IT-150, line 33}

\section*{Line 33 Yonkers resident income tax surcharge}

If one spouse was a resident of Yonkers for all of 2006 and the other a nonresident for all of 2006, compute on a separate sheet of paper the Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on the New York State tax of the Yonkers resident as if you had filed separate federal returns. Transfer the amount from your separate sheet to line 33 . Be sure to write the name and social security number of the Yonkers resident and Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on that paper and attach it to your return.

\section*{Estates and trusts}

Estates and trusts are subject to the New York State personal income tax. The fiduciary for an estate or trust must file Form IT-205, Fiduciary Income Tax Return. Each beneficiary of an estate or trust must include his or her share of the estate or trust income on Form IT-201. For more information on responsibilities of beneficiaries, see Beneficiaries (estates and trusts) on page 81.

\section*{Deceased taxpayers}

If a taxpayer died after 2005 and before filing a return for 2006, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If a taxpayer did not have to file a federal return but had New York State tax withheld, a New York return must be filed to get a refund. If a joint federal income tax return was filed for the deceased taxpayer and the surviving spouse, a joint New York State return can be filed on Form IT-150 or Form IT-201, depending on which federal form was filed. Write Filing as surviving spouse in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative for the deceased spouse, he or she must also sign the return. The filing due date is the same as if the deceased taxpayer had lived. The person who files the return for the deceased taxpayer should write the deceased taxpayer's date of death in the area indicated near the top of the return.

\footnotetext{
* Non-New York source income is income that is not attributable to (1) a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in New York State, or (2) the ownership of any interest in real or tangible personal property in New York State.
}

\section*{Additional information (continued)}

\section*{Partnerships/limited liability partnerships or companies}

Partnerships, limited liability partnerships (LLPs) and limited liability companies (LLCs), limited liability investment companies (LLICs) and limited liability trust companies (LLTCs) that are treated as partnerships for federal purposes are not subject to the New York State personal income tax, but individual members of the partnerships are.
If your partnership has a partner who is a New York State resident, or if the partnership has any income from New York State sources, it must file Form IT-204, Partnership Return. If your partnership carried on a business in New York City, it may also have to file Form NYC-204, City of New York Unincorporated Business Tax Partnership Return. Since New York State does not administer the New York City unincorporated business tax, do not file your NYC-204 with your state return.

\section*{Innocent spouse relief}

There are three forms of innocent spouse relief: innocent spouse, separation of liability, and equitable relief. You may qualify for relief from full or partial tax liability on a joint return as an innocent spouse if: (1) there is an understatement of tax on a joint return because of an omission or error involving income, deduction, credit, or basis; (2) you can show that when you signed the return you did not know and had no reason to know of the understatement; and (3) taking into account all the facts and circumstances, it would be unfair to hold you liable for the understated tax. You may also request a separation of liability for any understated tax on a joint return if you and your spouse or former spouse are no longer married, or are legally separated, or have lived apart at all times during the 12-month period prior to the date of filing for relief. If you do not qualify as an innocent spouse or for separation of liability, you may qualify for equitable relief if you can show that, taking into account all the facts and circumstances, you should not be held liable for any understatement or underpayment of tax. For more information, see Form IT-285, Request for Innocent Spouse Relief (and Separation of Liability and Equitable Relief). You may use Form IT-285 only for innocent spouse relief under the three circumstances stated above. Do not file Form IT-285 with your return.

If you want to disclaim your spouse's defaulted guaranteed student, state university, or city university loan or past-due support or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a New York State agency or a New York City tax warrant judgment debt because you do not want to apply your part of a joint refund or refundable credit to a debt owed solely by your spouse, use Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation. You must complete Form IT-280 and attach it to the back of your original return when filed. (Also see Disclaiming of spouse's debt on page 31 (Form IT-150) or page 103 (Form IT-201)).

\section*{Members of the armed forces}

If you are a member of the military and a New York State resident, the amount of your military pay that is subject to federal income tax is also subject to New York income tax.
For more information, see Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

\section*{Keep a copy of your tax records}

Please remember to keep a copy of your completed income tax return. Also keep copies of any books, records, schedules, statements, or other related documents.

The Tax Department may ask you to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax returns.

You should retain copies of your return for at least seven years after you file your return.

\section*{Amending your return}

File Form IT-201-X to amend a previously filed New York State income tax return. See Other forms you may have to file on page 10.

\section*{Paid preparer information}

For information relating to the signing of returns by a paid preparer (anyone you pay to prepare your return), e-file mandate for paid preparers, and other requirements relating to paid preparers, see Publication 58, Information for Income Tax Return Preparers.

\section*{How to get New York City forms}

If you need to get tax forms and instructions from the NYC Department of Finance:

\section*{Online - Visit www.nyc.gov/finance}

By fax - Call Finance's Tax Fax Service at (212) 504-4038 from the phone connected to your fax machine or modem ( 24 hours a day, 7 days a week).
By mail - Call Finance's Forms Ordering Service at (212) 504-4035 anytime to receive forms and instructions by mail.

For information on NYC business taxes, call Finance Customer Assistance at (212) 504-4036. For information on NYC property taxes call (212) 504-4080. Customer assistance is available weekdays from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

\section*{Statute of limitations}

Generally, you must file a claim for a credit or refund of an overpayment of income tax within the later of three years from the time you filed the return or two years from the time you paid the tax. If you did not file a return, you must file the claim for a credit or refund within two years from the time you paid the tax.

\section*{Privacy notification}

The Commissioner of Taxation and Finance may collect and maintain personal information pursuant to the New York State Tax Law, including but not limited to, sections 5-a, 171, 171-a, \(287,308,429,475,505,697,1096,1142\), and 1415 of that Law; and may require disclosure of social security numbers pursuant to 42 USC 405(c)(2)(C)(i).
This information will be used to determine and administer tax liabilities and, when authorized by law, for certain tax offset and exchange of tax information programs as well as for any other lawful purpose.
Information concerning quarterly wages paid to employees is provided to certain state agencies for purposes of fraud prevention, support enforcement, evaluation of the effectiveness of certain employment and training programs and other purposes authorized by law.
Failure to provide the required information may subject you to civil or criminal penalties, or both, under the Tax Law.
This information is maintained by the Director of Records Management and Data Entry, NYS Tax Department, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227; telephone 1800 225-5829. From areas outside the United States and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800.

\section*{Private delivery services}

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to mail in your return and tax payment. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return or paid your tax, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service unless you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. (Currently designated delivery services are listed in Publication 55, Designated Private Delivery Services. See Need help? on the back cover for information on obtaining forms and publications.) If you have used a designated private delivery service and need to establish the date you filed your return, contact that private delivery service for instructions on how to obtain written proof of the date your return was given to the delivery service for delivery. If you use any private delivery service, whether it is a designated service or not, send the forms covered by these instructions to: State Processing Center, 101 Enterprise Drive, Kingston NY 12401.

\section*{School districts and code numbers}

Use this list to find the name and code number of the public school district located in the county where you were a resident on December 31, 2006. (If you are a New York City resident, look for your individual county listing.) Enter the school district name and code number at the top of the front of your return in the white spaces and
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline County & \\
\hline Albany & Cattaraugus \\
\hline Albany 005 & Allegany-Limestone \\
\hline Berne-Knox-Westerlo 050 & Cattaraugus-Little Valley 094 \\
\hline Bethlehem 051 & Cuba-Rushford 138 \\
\hline Cairo-Durham 076 & Ellicottville 181 \\
\hline Cohoes 122 & Forestville 198 \\
\hline Duanesburg 153 & Franklinville 205 \\
\hline Green Island 236 & Frewsburg 208 \\
\hline Greenville 240 & Gowanda 230 \\
\hline Guilderland 246 & Hinsdale 277 \\
\hline Maplewood-Colonie 371 & Olean 462 \\
\hline Menands 388 & Pine Valley 497 \\
\hline Middleburgh 393 & Pioneer 498 \\
\hline Mohonasen 402 & Portville 512 \\
\hline Niskayuna 439 & Randolph 522 \\
\hline North Colonie 443 & Salamanca 556 \\
\hline Ravena-Coeymans-Selkirk 524 & Springville-Griffith Institute 244 \\
\hline Schalmont 568 & Ten Broeck Academy and \\
\hline Schoharie 572 & Franklinville 205 \\
\hline South Colonie 595 & West Valley 690 \\
\hline Voorheesville 660 Watervliet 674 & Cayuga \\
\hline Allegany & Auburn 025 Cato-Meridian 092 \\
\hline Alfred-Almond 010 & Groton 245 \\
\hline Andover 017 & Hannibal 257 \\
\hline Arkport 021 & Homer 281 \\
\hline Belfast 044 & Jordan-Elbridge 315 \\
\hline Bolivar-Richburg 054 & Moravia 407 \\
\hline Canaseraga 083 & Oswego 472 \\
\hline Canisteo-Greenwood 086 & Port Byron 507 \\
\hline Cuba-Rushford 138 & Red Creek 525 \\
\hline Dalton-Nunda (Keshequa) 320 & Skaneateles 588 \\
\hline Fillmore 192 & Southern Cayuga 609 \\
\hline Friendship 209 & Union Springs 650 \\
\hline Genesee Valley 018 & Weedsport 681 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Hinsdale 277 \\
Letchworth 339
\end{tabular} & Chautauqua \\
\hline Pioneer 498 & Bemus Point 048 \\
\hline Portville 512 & Brocton 067 \\
\hline Scio 575 & Cassadaga Valley 091 \\
\hline Wellsville 683 & Chautauqua Lake 104 \\
\hline Whitesville 702 & Clymer 119 \\
\hline Bronx & Falconer 189 \\
\hline Bronx 068 & Forestville 198 \\
\hline Brooklyn (see Kings) & Frewsburg 208 \\
\hline & Gowanda 230 \\
\hline Broome & Jamestown 306 \\
\hline Afton 003 & Panama 479
Pine Valley 497 \\
\hline Bainbridge-Guilford 031 & Randolph 522 \\
\hline Binghamton 053 & Ripley 536 \\
\hline Chenango Forks 107 & Sherman 583 \\
\hline Chenango Valley 108 & Silver Creek 587 \\
\hline Cincinnatus 113 & Southwestern 611 \\
\hline Deposit 146 & Westfield Academy and \\
\hline Greene 238 & Central 692 \\
\hline Harpursville 259 & \\
\hline Johnson City 313 & Chemung \\
\hline Maine-Endwell 364 Marathon 372 & Corning-Painted Post 132 \\
\hline Newark Valley 432 & Elmira 182 \\
\hline South Mountain-Hickory 720 & Elmira Heights 183 \\
\hline Susquehanna Valley 627 & Horseheads 287 \\
\hline Union-Endicott 651 & Odessa-Montour 460 \\
\hline Vestal 658 & Spencer-Van Etten 613 \\
\hline Whitney Point 703 & Watkins Glen 675 \\
\hline Windsor 710 & Waverly 676 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
boxes provided. If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.

You must enter your school district and code number even if you were absent temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. School aid may be affected if your school district or code number is not correct.

\section*{Chenango}

\section*{Afton 003}

Bainbridge-Guilford 031
Brookfield 070
Chenango Forks 107
Cincinnatus 113
DeRuyter 141
Gilbertsville-Mount Upton 222
Greene 238
Harpursville 259
Norwich 455
Otselic Valley 606
Oxford Academy and
Central 475
Sherburne-Earlville 582
Sidney 586
Unadilla Valley 422
Whitney Point 703

\section*{Clinton}

AuSable Valley 026
Beekmantown 043
Chateaugay 102
Chazy 105
Northeastern Clinton 418
Northern Adirondack 453
Peru 492
Plattsburgh 503
Saranac 560
Saranac Lake 561

\section*{Columbia}

Chatham 103
East Greenbush 158
Germantown 221
Hudson 289
Ichabod Crane 294
New Lebanon 426
Pine Plains 496
Red Hook 526
Schodack 571
Taconic Hills 632
Webutuck (Northeast) 680

\section*{Cortland}

Cincinnatus 113
Cortland 134
DeRuyter 141
Dryden 152
Fabius-Pompey 187
Greene 238
Groton 245
Homer 281
Marathon 372
McGraw 385
Newark Valley 432
Tully 646
Whitney Point 703

\section*{Delaware}

Andes 016
Bainbridge-Guilford 031
Charlotte Valley 101
Delhi 144
Deposit 146
Downsville 150
Franklin 203
Gilboa-Conesville 223
Hancock 256

Delaware (continued)
Jefferson 310
Livingston Manor 349
Margaretville 375
Oneonta 464
Roscoe 545
Roxbury 547
Sidney 586
South Kortright 601
Stamford 620
Sullivan West 143
Unatego 649
Walton 663
Worcester 711

\section*{Dutchess}

Arlington 022
Beacon 040
Carmel 089
Dover 149
Haldane 249
Hyde Park 293
Millbrook 396
Pawling 483
Pine Plains 496
Poughkeepsie 514
Red Hook 526
Rhinebeck 531
Spackenkill 612
Taconic Hills 632
Wappingers 665
Webutuck (Northeast) 680

\section*{Erie}

Akron 004
Alden 007
Amherst 719
Attica 024
Buffalo 073
Cheektowaga 106
Cheektowaga-Sloan 589
Clarence 114
Cleveland Hill 115
Depew 145
East Aurora 156
Eden 171
Frontier 210
Gowanda 230
Grand Island 232
Hamburg 251
Holland 278
Iroquois 300
Kenmore-
Town of Tonawanda 319
Lackawanna 326
Lake Shore (Evans-Brant) 330
Lancaster 332
Maryvale 378
North Collins 442
Orchard Park 468
Pioneer 498
Silver Creek 587
Springville-Griffith Institute 244
Sweet Home 628
Tonawanda City 638
West Seneca 689
Williamsville 706

\section*{School districts and code numbers}
Essex
AuSable Valley 026
Crown Point 137
Elizabethtown-Lewis 179
Keene 317
Lake Placid 328
Minerva 399
Moriah 408
Newcomb 434
Putnam 517
Saranac Lake 561
Schroon Lake 573
Ticonderoga 636
Westport 696
Willsboro 707
\(\quad\) Franklin
AuSable Valley 026
Brasher Falls 058
Brushton-Moira 072
Chateaugay 102
Malone 365
Northern Adirondack 453
Salmon River 558
Saranac Lake 561
St. Regis Falls 619
Tupper Lake 647

\section*{Fulton}

Amsterdam 015
Broadalbin-Perth 065
Dolgeville 148
Edinburg 173
Fonda-Fultonville 197
Fort Plain 201
Galway 212
Gloversville 227
Johnstown 314
Mayfield 383
Northville 454
Oppenheim-Ephratah 467
Saint Johnsville 618
Wheelerville 698

\section*{Genesee}

Akron 004
Albion 006
Alden 007
Alexander 008
Attica 024
Batavia 036
Brockport 066
Byron-Bergen 075
Caledonia-Mumford 077
Elba 177
Iroquois 300
Le Roy 338
Medina 387
Oakfield-Alabama 458
Pavilion 482
Pembroke 487
Royalton-Hartland 548
Wyoming 714

\section*{Greene}

Cairo-Durham 076
Catskill 093
Coxsackie-Athens 135
Gilboa-Conesville 223
Greenville 240
Hunter-Tannersville 291
Margaretville 375
Onteora 466
Ravena-Coeymans-Selkirk 524
Windham-Ashland-Jewett 709
Hamilton
Indian Lake 296
Inlet 298
Lake Pleasant 329
Long Lake 354
Northville 454
Piseco 499
Poland 506
Raquette Lake 523
Wells 682
\(\quad\) Herkimer
Adirondack 002
Cherry Valley-Springfield 616
Dolgeville 148
Fort Plain 201
Frankfort-Schuyler 202
Herkimer 268
Holland Patent 279
Ilion 295
Little Falls 346
Mohawk \(\mathbf{4 0 1}\)
Mount Markham 412
New Hartford 424
Oppenheim-Ephratah 467
Owen D. Young
(Van Hornesville) 474
Poland 506
Remsen 528
Richfield Springs 533
Sauquoit Valley 564
Saint Johnsville 618
Town of Webb 639
West Canada Valley 685
Whitesboro 701

Livingston (continued)
Dansville 140
Geneseo 218
Honeoye 282
Honeoye Falls-Lima 283
Le Roy 338
Livonia 350
Mount Morris 413
Naples 420
Pavilion 482
Perry 490
Wayland-Cohocton 677
Wheatland-Chili 697
York 716

\section*{Madison}

Brookfield 070
Canastota 084
Cazenovia 095
Chittenango 111
DeRuyter 141
East Syracuse-Minoa 167
Edmeston 174
Fabius-Pompey 187
Fayetteville-Manlius 370
Hamilton 252
Madison 361
Morrisville-Eaton 411
Mount Markham 412
Oneida 463
Otselic Valley 606
Sherburne-Earlville 582
Stockbridge Valley 624
Unadilla Valley 422
Vernon-Verona-Sherrill 584
Waterville 673
Manhattan (see New York)
Alexandria 009
Belleville Henderson 045
Carthage 090
Copenhagen 129
General Brown 217
Gouverneur 229
Hammond 253
Indian River 297
LaFargeville 324
Lyme 356
Sackets Harbor 288
Sandy Creek 559
South Jefferson 600
Thousand Islands 634
Watertown 672

\section*{Kings (Brooklyn)}

Brooklyn 071
Lewis
Adirondack 002
Beaver River 041
Camden 079
Carthage 090
Copenhagen 129
Harrisville 261
Lowville Academy and Central 355
Sandy Creek 559
South Jefferson 600
South Lewis 602

\section*{Livingston}

Avon 029
Caledonia-Mumford 077
Canaseraga 083
Dalton-Nunda (Keshequa) 320

\footnotetext{
* Do not use a high school district (CHS) in Bellmore-Merrick, Sewanhaka, or Valley Stream. Use the code number for the elementary school district where you live.
}
New York (Manhattan)
Manhattan 369
New York City (see individual counties)
Niagara
Akron 004
Barker 035
Lewiston-Porter 341
Lockport 351
Medina 387
Newfane 435
Niagara Falls 437
Niagara Wheatfield 438
North Tonawanda 450
Royalton-Hartland 548
Starpoint 621
Wilson 708
Oneida
Adirondack 002
Brookfield 070
Camden 079
Central Square 098
Clinton 117
Holland Patent 279
Madison 361
Mount Markham 412
New Hartford 424
New York Mills 430
Oneida 463
Oriskany 469
Poland 506
Remsen 528
Rome 541
Sauquoit Valley 564
Stockbridge Valley 624
Town of Webb 639
Utica 653
Vernon-Verona-Sherrill 584
Waterville 673
West Canada Valley 685
Westmoreland 695
Whitesboro 701
esboro 701

\section*{Onondaga}

Baldwinsville 033
Cato-Meridian 092
Cazenovia 095
Central Square 098
Chittenango 111
DeRuyter 141
East Syracuse-Minoa 167
Fabius-Pompey 187
Fayetteville-Manlius 370
Homer 281
Jamesville-Dewitt 307
Jordan-Elbridge 315
LaFayette 325
Liverpool 348
Lyncourt 358
Marcellus 373
Moravia 407
North Syracuse 449
Onondaga 465
Phoenix 494
Skaneateles 588
Solvay 593
Syracuse 631
Tully 646
West Genesee 686
Westhill 694

\section*{Ontario}

Bloomfield 157
Canandaigua 082
Geneva 219
Honeoye 282
Honeoye Falls-Lima 283
Livonia 350
Lyons 360
Manchester-Shortsville
(Red Jacket) 527
Marcus Whitman 374
Naples 420
Newark 431
Palmyra-Macedon 478
Penn Yan 489
Phelps-Clifton Springs
(Midlakes) 493
Pittsford 500
Victor 659
Wayland-Cohocton 677

\section*{Orange}

Chester 110
Cornwall 133
Eldred 178
Florida 196
Goshen 228
Greenwood Lake 243
Highland Falls-
Fort Montgomery 275
Kiryas Joel Village 725
Marlboro 377
Middletown 394
Minisink Valley 400
Monroe-Woodbury 403
Newburgh 433
North Rockland 445
Pine Bush 495
Port Jervis 510
Ramapo 626
Tuxedo 648
Valley 405
Walkill 662
Warwick Valley 668
Washingtonville 669

\section*{Orleans}

Albion 006
Barker 035
Brockport 066
Byron-Bergen 075
Holley 280
Kendall 318
Lyndonville 359
Medina 387
Oakfield-Alabama 458
Royalton-Hartland 548

\section*{Oswego}

Altmar-Parish-Williamstown 012
Camden 079
Cato-Meridian 092
Central Square 098
fulton 211
Hannibal 257
Mexico Academy and
Central 390
Oswego 472
Phoenix 494
Pulaski Academy and
Central 516
Sandy Creek 559
South Jefferson 600

\section*{Otsego}

Bainbridge-Guilford 031
Charlotte Valley 101
Cherry Valley-Springfield 616
Cobleskill-Richmondville 120
Cooperstown 128
Edmeston 174
Franklin 203
Gilbertsville-Mount Upton 222
Laurens 336
Milford 395
Morris 409
Mount Markham 412
Oneonta 464
Owen D. Young
(Van Hornesville) 474
Richfield Springs 533
Schenevus
(Andrew S. Draper) 570
Sharon Springs 579
Sidney 586
Unadilla Valley 422
Unatego 649
Worcester 711

\section*{Putnam}

Brewster 060
Carmel 089
Garrison 215
Haldane 249
Lakeland 331
Mahopac 363
North Salem 447
Pawling 483
Putnam Valley 518
Wappingers 665

\section*{Queens}

Queens 519

\section*{Rensselaer}

Averill Park 027
Berlin 049
Brunswick (Brittonkill) 064
Cambridge 078
East Greenbush 158
Hoosick Falls 285
Hoosic Valley 284
Ichabod Crane 294
Lansingburgh 334
Mechanicville 386
New Lebanon 426
North Greenbush (Williams) 704
Rensselaer 530
Schodack 571
Stillwater 623
Troy 642
Wynantskill 713

\section*{Richmond (Staten Island)}

Staten Island 622

\section*{Rockland}

Clarkstown 423
East Ramapo 615
Nanuet 419
North Rockland 445
Nyack 457
Pearl River 484
Ramapo 626
South Orangetown 605

\section*{Saratoga}

Amsterdam 015
Ballston Spa 034
Broadalbin-Perth 065
Burnt Hills-Ballston Lake 074
Corinth 131
Edinburg 173
Galway 212
Hadley-Luzerne 247
Hudson Falls 290
Mechanicville 386
Niskayuna 439
Northville 454
Saratoga Springs 562
Schuylerville 574
Scotia-Glenville 576
Shenendehowa 581
South Glens Falls 597
Stillwater 623
Waterford-Halfmoon 670

\section*{Schenectady}

Amsterdam 015
Burnt Hills-Ballston Lake 074
Duanesburg 153
Galway 212
Mohonasen 402
Niskayuna 439
Schalmont 568
Schenectady 569
Schoharie 572
Scotia-Glenville 576
South Colonie 595

\section*{Schoharie}

Berne-Knox-Westerlo 050
Cairo-Durham 076
Canajoharie 081
Charlotte Valley 101
Cobleskill-Richmondville 120
Duanesburg 153
Fonda-Fultonville 197
Gilboa-Conesville 223
Greenville 240
Jefferson 310
Middleburgh 393
Schoharie 572
Sharon Springs 579
Stamford 620

\section*{Schuyler}

Bradford 057
Corning-Painted Post 132
Dundee 154
Hammondsport 254
Horseheads 287
Odessa-Montour 460
South Seneca 607
Spencer-Van Etten 613
Trumansburg 643
Watkins Glen 675

\section*{Seneca}

Clyde-Savannah 118
Geneva 219
Lyons 360
Phelps-Clifton Springs
(Midlakes) 493
Romulus 542
Seneca Falls 578
South Seneca 607
Trumansburg 643
Waterloo 671

\section*{School districts and code numbers}

\section*{Steuben}

Addison 001
Alfred-Almond 010
Andover 017
Arkport 021
Avoca 028
Bath 037
Bradford 057
Campbell-Savona 080
Canaseraga 083
Canisteo-Greenwood 086
Corning-Painted Post 132
Dansville 140
Elmira 182
Hammondsport 254
Hornell 286
Jasper-Troupsburg 308
Naples 420
Penn Yan 489
Prattsburg 515
Wayland-Cohocton 677
Whitesville 702

\section*{St. Lawrence}

Alexandria 009
Brasher Falls 058
Brushton-Moira 072
Canton 087
Clifton-Fine 116
Colton-Pierrepont 124
Edwards-Knox 724
Gouverneur 229
Hammond 253
Harrisville 261
Hermon-DeKalb 269
Heuvelton 271
Indian River 297
Lisbon 345
Madrid-Waddington 362
Massena 380
Morristown 410
Norwood-Norfolk 456
Ogdensburg 461
Parishville-Hopkinton 480
Potsdam 513
Salmon River 558
St. Regis Falls 619
Tupper Lake 647

\section*{Suffolk}

Amagansett 013
Amityville 014
Babylon 030
Bayport-Blue Point 039
Bay Shore 038
Brentwood 059
Bridgehampton 062
Center Moriches 096
Central Islip 097
Cold Spring Harbor 123
Commack 125
Comsewogue 126
Connetquot 127
Copiague 130
Deer Park 142
East Hampton 159
East Islip 161
East Moriches 163
Eastport/South Manor 170
East Quogue 164
Elwood 186
Farmingdale 191
Fire Island 193
Fishers Island 194
Greenport 239
Half Hollow Hills 250
Hampton Bays 255

Suffolk (continued)
Harborfields 258
Hauppauge 264
Huntington 292
Islip 304
Kings Park 321
Lindenhurst 344
Longwood 392
Mattituck-Cutchogue 382
Middle Country 391
Miller Place 397
Montauk 404
Mount Sinai 414
New Suffolk 429
North Babylon 440
Northport-East Northport 452
Oysterponds 477
Patchogue-Medford 481
Port Jefferson 509
Quogue 521
Remsenburg-Speonk 529
Riverhead 537
Rocky Point 540
Sachem 553
Sagaponack 555
Sag Harbor 554
Sayville 566
Shelter Island 580
Shoreham-Wading River 585
Smithtown 590
Southampton 608
South Country 596
South Huntington 599
Southold 610
Springs 617
Three Village 635
Tuckahoe Common 645
Wainscott 661
West Babylon 684
Westhampton Beach 693
West Islip 688
William Floyd 381
Wyandanch 712

\section*{Sullivan}

Eldred 178
Ellenville 180
Fallsburg 190
Liberty 342
Livingston Manor 349
Minisink Valley 400
Monticello 406
Pine Bush 495
Port Jervis 510
Sullivan West 143
Roscoe 545
Tri-Valley 640

\section*{Tioga}

Candor 085
Dryden 152
Ithaca 305
Maine-Endwell 364
Marathon 372
Newark Valley 432
Owego Apalachin 473
Spencer-Van Etten 613
Tioga 637
Union-Endicott 651
Vestal 658
Waverly 676
Whitney Point 703

\section*{Tompkins}

Candor 085
Cortland 134
Dryden 152

Tompkins (continued)
Groton 245
Homer 281
Ithaca 305
Lansing 333
Moravia 407
Newark Valley 432
Newfield 436
Odessa-Montour 460
Southern Cayuga 609
Spencer-Van Etten 613
Trumansburg 643

\section*{Ulster}

Ellenville 180
Fallsburg 190
Highland 274
Kingston 322
Livingston Manor 349
Margaretville 375
Marlboro 377
New Paltz 427
Onteora 466
Pine Bush 495
Rondout Valley 543
Saugerties 563
Tri-Valley 640
Valley 405
Wallkill 662

\section*{Warren}

Abraham Wing 226
Bolton 055
Corinth 131
Glens Falls 225
Hadley-Luzerne 247
Hudson Falls 290
Johnsburg 312
Lake George 327
Minerva 399
North Warren 451
Queensbury 520
Schroon Lake 573
Ticonderoga 636
Warrensburg 666

\section*{Washington}

Argyle 020
Cambridge 078
Fort Ann 199
Fort Edward 200
Granville 233
Greenwich 241
Hartford 262
Hoosick Falls 285
Hoosic Valley 284
Hudson Falls 290
Lake George 327
Putnam 517
Salem 557
Schuylerville 574
Stillwater 623
Whitehall 700

\section*{Wayne}

Cato-Meridian 092
Clyde-Savannah 118
Gananda 213
Lyons 360
Marion 376
North Rose-Wolcott 446
Newark 431
Palmyra-Macedon 478
Penfield 488
Phelps-Clifton Springs
(Midlakes) 493
Port Byron 507

Wayne (continued)
Red Creek 525
Sodus 592
Victor 659
Wayne 678
Webster 679
Williamson 705

\section*{Westchester}

Ardsley 019
Bedford 042
Blind Brook 535
Briarcliff Manor 061
Bronxville 069
Byram Hills 023
Chappaqua 100
Croton-Harmon 136
Dobbs Ferry 147
Eastchester 169
Edgemont 172
Elmsford 185
Greenburgh Central 7237
Harrison 260
Hastings-on-Hudson 263
Hendrick Hudson 267
Irvington 301
Katonah-Lewisboro 316
Lakeland 331
Mamaroneck 367
Mount Pleasant 417
Mount Vernon 416
New Rochelle 428
North Salem 447
Ossining 471
Peekskill 485
Pelham 486
Pleasantville 504
Pocantico Hills 505
Port Chester 508
Putnam Valley 518
Rye 551
Rye Neck 552
Scarsdale 567
Somers 594
Tarrytowns 633
Tuckahoe Union Free 644
Valhalla 654
White Plains 699
Yonkers 715
Yorktown 717

\section*{Wyoming}

Alden 007
Alexander 008
Attica 024
Dalton-Nunda (Keshequa) 320
Fillmore 192
Holland 278
Iroquois 300
Letchworth 339
Pavilion 482
Perry 490
Pioneer 498
Warsaw 667
Wyoming 714
York 716

\section*{Yates}

Dundee 154
Geneva 219
Marcus Whitman 374
Naples 420
Penn Yan 489
Prattsburg 515

Important: If your New York adjusted gross income (line 21 of Form IT-150 or line 33 of

?Form IT-201) is more than \(\$ 100,000\), you cannot use these tables. See Tax Computation - New York AGI of more than \(\$ 100,000\) on page 54 to compute your tax. Failure to follow these instructions may result in your having to pay interest and penalty if the income tax you report on your return is less than the correct amount.

Based on Taxable Income - For purposes of this tax table, the taxable income column below is the amount on either line 26 of Form IT-150 or line 38 of Form IT-201.

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Jones are filing a joint return on Form IT-150. Their taxable income on line 26 is \$38,275. First, they find the 38,250-38,300 income line. Next, they find the column for Married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \(\$ 1,844\). This is the tax amount they must write on line 27 of Form IT-150.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Single or Married filing separately} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Married filing jointly*} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Head
of a
household} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Single or Married filing separately} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Married \\
filing jointly*
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \$0 & \$13 & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0 \\
1 \\
2 \\
3 \\
5 \\
7
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0 \\
1 \\
2 \\
3 \\
5 \\
7
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 0 \\
1 \\
2 \\
3 \\
5 \\
7
\end{array}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{2,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{4,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 25 & 50 & & & & 2,000 & 2,050 & 81 & 81 & 81 & 4,000 & 4,050 & 161 & 161 & 161 \\
\hline 50 & 100 & & & & 2,050 & 2,100 & 83 & 83 & 83 & 4,050 & 4,100 & 163 & 163 & 163 \\
\hline 100 & 150 & & & & 2,100 & 2,150 & 85 & 85 & 85 & 4,100 & 4,150 & 165 & 165 & 165 \\
\hline 150 & 200 & & & & 2,150 & 2,200 & 87 & 87 & 87 & 4,150 & 4,200 & 167 & 167 & 167 \\
\hline 200 & 250 & 9 & 9 & 9 & 2,200 & 2,250 & 89 & 89 & 89 & 4,200 & 4,250 & 169 & 169 & 169 \\
\hline 250 & 300 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 2,250 & 2,300 & 91 & 91 & 91 & 4,250 & 4,300 & 171 & 171 & 171 \\
\hline 300 & 350 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 2,300 & 2,350 & 93 & 93 & 93 & 4,300 & 4,350 & 173 & 173 & 173 \\
\hline 350 & 400 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 2,350 & 2,400 & 95 & 95 & 95 & 4,350 & 4,400 & 175 & 175 & 175 \\
\hline 400 & 450 & 17 & 17 & 17 & 2,400 & 2,450 & 97 & 97 & 97 & 4,400 & 4,450 & 177 & 177 & 177 \\
\hline 450 & 500 & 19 & 19 & 19 & 2,450 & 2,500 & 99 & 99 & 99 & 4,450 & 4,500 & 179 & 179 & 179 \\
\hline 500 & 550 & 21 & 21 & 21 & 2,500 & 2,550 & 101 & 101 & 101 & 4,500 & 4,550 & 181 & 181 & 181 \\
\hline 550 & 600 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 2,550 & 2,600 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 4,550 & 4,600 & 183 & 183 & 183 \\
\hline 600 & 650 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 2,600 & 2,650 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 4,600 & 4,650 & 185 & 185 & 185 \\
\hline 650 & 700 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 2,650 & 2,700 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 4,650 & 4,700 & 187 & 187 & 187 \\
\hline 700 & 750 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 2,700 & 2,750 & 109 & 109 & 109 & 4,700 & 4,750 & 189 & 189 & 189 \\
\hline 750 & 800 & 31 & 31 & 31 & 2,750 & 2,800 & 111 & 111 & 111 & 4,750 & 4,800 & 191 & 191 & 191 \\
\hline 800 & 850 & 33 & 33 & 33 & 2,800 & 2,850 & 113 & 113 & 113 & 4,800 & 4,850 & 193 & 193 & 193 \\
\hline 850 & 900 & 35 & 35 & 35 & 2,850 & 2,900 & 115 & 115 & 115 & 4,850 & 4,900 & 195 & 195 & 195 \\
\hline 900 & 950 & 37 & 37 & 37 & 2,900 & 2,950 & 117 & 117 & 117 & 4,900 & 4,950 & 197 & 197 & 197 \\
\hline 950 & 1,000 & 39 & 39 & 39 & 2,950 & 3,000 & 119 & 119 & 119 & 4,950 & 5,000 & 199 & 199 & 199 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{3,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{5,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 1,000 & 1,050 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 3,000 & 3,050 & 121 & 121 & 121 & 5,000 & 5,050 & 201 & 201 & 201 \\
\hline 1,050 & 1,100 & 43 & 43 & 43 & 3,050 & 3,100 & 123 & 123 & 123 & 5,050 & 5,100 & 203 & 203 & 203 \\
\hline 1,100 & 1,150 & 45 & 45 & 45 & 3,100 & 3,150 & 125 & 125 & 125 & 5,100 & 5,150 & 205 & 205 & 205 \\
\hline 1,150 & 1,200 & 47 & 47 & 47 & 3,150 & 3,200 & 127 & 127 & 127 & 5,150 & 5,200 & 207 & 207 & 207 \\
\hline 1,200 & 1,250 & 49 & 49 & 49 & 3,200 & 3,250 & 129 & 129 & 129 & 5,200 & 5,250 & 209 & 209 & 209 \\
\hline 1,250 & 1,300 & 51 & 51 & 51 & 3,250 & 3,300 & 131 & 131 & 131 & 5,250 & 5,300 & 211 & 211 & 211 \\
\hline 1,300 & 1,350 & 53 & 53 & 53 & 3,300 & 3,350 & 133 & 133 & 133 & 5,300 & 5,350 & 213 & 213 & 213 \\
\hline 1,350 & 1,400 & 55 & 55 & 55 & 3,350 & 3,400 & 135 & 135 & 135 & 5,350 & 5,400 & 215 & 215 & 215 \\
\hline 1,400 & 1,450 & 57 & 57 & 57 & 3,400 & 3,450 & 137 & 137 & 137 & 5,400 & 5,450 & 217 & 217 & 217 \\
\hline 1,450 & 1,500 & 59 & 59 & 59 & 3,450 & 3,500 & 139 & 139 & 139 & 5,450 & 5,500 & 219 & 219 & 219 \\
\hline 1,500 & 1,550 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 3,500 & 3,550 & 141 & 141 & 141 & 5,500 & 5,550 & 221 & 221 & 221 \\
\hline 1,550 & 1,600 & 63 & 63 & 63 & 3,550 & 3,600 & 143 & 143 & 143 & 5,550 & 5,600 & 223 & 223 & 223 \\
\hline 1,600 & 1,650 & 65 & 65 & 65 & 3,600 & 3,650 & 145 & 145 & 145 & 5,600 & 5,650 & 225 & 225 & 225 \\
\hline 1,650 & 1,700 & 67 & 67 & 67 & 3,650 & 3,700 & 147 & 147 & 147 & 5,650 & 5,700 & 227 & 227 & 227 \\
\hline 1,700 & 1,750 & 69 & 69 & 69 & 3,700 & 3,750 & 149 & 149 & 149 & 5,700 & 5,750 & 229 & 229 & 229 \\
\hline 1,750 & 1,800 & 71 & 71 & 71 & 3,750 & 3,800 & 151 & 151 & 151 & 5,750 & 5,800 & 231 & 231 & 231 \\
\hline 1,800 & 1,850 & 73 & 73 & 73 & 3,800 & 3,850 & 153 & 153 & 153 & 5,800 & 5,850 & 233 & 233 & 233 \\
\hline 1,850 & 1,900 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 3,850 & 3,900 & 155 & 155 & 155 & 5,850 & 5,900 & 235 & 235 & 235 \\
\hline 1,900 & 1,950 & 77 & 77 & 77 & 3,900 & 3,950 & 157 & 157 & 157 & 5,900 & 5,950 & 237 & 237 & 237 \\
\hline 1,950 & 2,000 & 79 & 79 & 79 & 3,950 & 4,000 & 159 & 159 & 159 & 5,950 & 6,000 & 239 & 239 & 239 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & \begin{tabular}{l}
ur \\
ble is -
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{6,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{9,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{12,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 6,000 & 6,050 & 241 & 241 & 241 & 9,000 & 9,050 & 366 & 361 & 361 & 12,000 & 12,050 & 509 & 481 & 486 \\
\hline 6,050 & 6,100 & 243 & 243 & 243 & 9,050 & 9,100 & 368 & 363 & 363 & 12,050 & 12,100 & 511 & 483 & 488 \\
\hline 6,100 & 6,150 & 245 & 245 & 245 & 9,100 & 9,150 & 371 & 365 & 365 & 12,100 & 12,150 & 514 & 485 & 491 \\
\hline 6,150 & 6,200 & 247 & 247 & 247 & 9,150 & 9,200 & 373 & 367 & 367 & 12,150 & 12,200 & 517 & 487 & 493 \\
\hline 6,200 & 6,250 & 249 & 249 & 249 & 9,200 & 9,250 & 375 & 369 & 369 & 12,200 & 12,250 & 519 & 489 & 495 \\
\hline 6,250 & 6,300 & 251 & 251 & 251 & 9,250 & 9,300 & 377 & 371 & 371 & 12,250 & 12,300 & 522 & 491 & 497 \\
\hline 6,300 & 6,350 & 253 & 253 & 253 & 9,300 & 9,350 & 380 & 373 & 373 & 12,300 & 12,350 & 525 & 493 & 500 \\
\hline 6,350 & 6,400 & 255 & 255 & 255 & 9,350 & 9,400 & 382 & 375 & 375 & 12,350 & 12,400 & 527 & 495 & 502 \\
\hline 6,400 & 6,450 & 257 & 257 & 257 & 9,400 & 9,450 & 384 & 377 & 377 & 12,400 & 12,450 & 530 & 497 & 504 \\
\hline 6,450 & 6,500 & 259 & 259 & 259 & 9,450 & 9,500 & 386 & 379 & 379 & 12,450 & 12,500 & 532 & 499 & 506 \\
\hline 6,500 & 6,550 & 261 & 261 & 261 & 9,500 & 9,550 & 389 & 381 & 381 & 12,500 & 12,550 & 535 & 501 & 509 \\
\hline 6,550 & 6,600 & 263 & 263 & 263 & 9,550 & 9,600 & 391 & 383 & 383 & 12,550 & 12,600 & 538 & 503 & 511 \\
\hline 6,600 & 6,650 & 265 & 265 & 265 & 9,600 & 9,650 & 393 & 385 & 385 & 12,600 & 12,650 & 540 & 505 & 513 \\
\hline 6,650 & 6,700 & 267 & 267 & 267 & 9,650 & 9,700 & 395 & 387 & 387 & 12,650 & 12,700 & 543 & 507 & 515 \\
\hline 6,700 & 6,750 & 269 & 269 & 269 & 9,700 & 9,750 & 398 & 389 & 389 & 12,700 & 12,750 & 546 & 509 & 518 \\
\hline 6,750 & 6,800 & 271 & 271 & 271 & 9,750 & 9,800 & 400 & 391 & 391 & 12,750 & 12,800 & 548 & 511 & 520 \\
\hline 6,800 & 6,850 & 273 & 273 & 273 & 9,800 & 9,850 & 402 & 393 & 393 & 12,800 & 12,850 & 551 & 513 & 522 \\
\hline 6,850 & 6,900 & 275 & 275 & 275 & 9,850 & 9,900 & 404 & 395 & 395 & 12,850 & 12,900 & 553 & 515 & 524 \\
\hline 6,900 & 6,950 & 277 & 277 & 277 & 9,900 & 9,950 & 407 & 397 & 397 & 12,900 & 12,950 & 556 & 517 & 527 \\
\hline 6,950 & 7,000 & 279 & 279 & 279 & 9,950 & 10,000 & 409 & 399 & 399 & 12,950 & 13,000 & 559 & 519 & 529 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{7,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{10,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{13,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 7,000 & 7,050 & 281 & 281 & 281 & 10,000 & 10,050 & 411 & 401 & 401 & 13,000 & 13,050 & 561 & 521 & 531 \\
\hline 7,050 & 7,100 & 283 & 283 & 283 & 10,050 & 10,100 & 413 & 403 & 403 & 13,050 & 13,100 & 564 & 523 & 533 \\
\hline 7,100 & 7,150 & 285 & 285 & 285 & 10,100 & 10,150 & 416 & 405 & 405 & 13,100 & 13,150 & 567 & 525 & 536 \\
\hline 7,150 & 7,200 & 287 & 287 & 287 & 10,150 & 10,200 & 418 & 407 & 407 & 13,150 & 13,200 & 570 & 527 & 538 \\
\hline 7,200 & 7,250 & 289 & 289 & 289 & 10,200 & 10,250 & 420 & 409 & 409 & 13,200 & 13,250 & 573 & 529 & 540 \\
\hline 7,250 & 7,300 & 291 & 291 & 291 & 10,250 & 10,300 & 422 & 411 & 411 & 13,250 & 13,300 & 576 & 531 & 542 \\
\hline 7,300 & 7,350 & 293 & 293 & 293 & 10,300 & 10,350 & 425 & 413 & 413 & 13,300 & 13,350 & 579 & 533 & 545 \\
\hline 7,350 & 7,400 & 295 & 295 & 295 & 10,350 & 10,400 & 427 & 415 & 415 & 13,350 & 13,400 & 582 & 535 & 547 \\
\hline 7,400 & 7,450 & 297 & 297 & 297 & 10,400 & 10,450 & 429 & 417 & 417 & 13,400 & 13,450 & 585 & 537 & 549 \\
\hline 7,450 & 7,500 & 299 & 299 & 299 & 10,450 & 10,500 & 431 & 419 & 419 & 13,450 & 13,500 & 588 & 539 & 551 \\
\hline 7,500 & 7,550 & 301 & 301 & 301 & 10,500 & 10,550 & 434 & 421 & 421 & 13,500 & 13,550 & 591 & 541 & 554 \\
\hline 7,550 & 7,600 & 303 & 303 & 303 & 10,550 & 10,600 & 436 & 423 & 423 & 13,550 & 13,600 & 594 & 543 & 556 \\
\hline 7,600 & 7,650 & 305 & 305 & 305 & 10,600 & 10,650 & 438 & 425 & 425 & 13,600 & 13,650 & 597 & 545 & 558 \\
\hline 7,650 & 7,700 & 307 & 307 & 307 & 10,650 & 10,700 & 440 & 427 & 427 & 13,650 & 13,700 & 600 & 547 & 560 \\
\hline 7,700 & 7,750 & 309 & 309 & 309 & 10,700 & 10,750 & 443 & 429 & 429 & 13,700 & 13,750 & 603 & 549 & 563 \\
\hline 7,750 & 7,800 & 311 & 311 & 311 & 10,750 & 10,800 & 445 & 431 & 431 & 13,750 & 13,800 & 606 & 551 & 565 \\
\hline 7,800 & 7,850 & 313 & 313 & 313 & 10,800 & 10,850 & 447 & 433 & 433 & 13,800 & 13,850 & 609 & 553 & 567 \\
\hline 7,850 & 7,900 & 315 & 315 & 315 & 10,850 & 10,900 & 449 & 435 & 435 & 13,850 & 13,900 & 612 & 555 & 569 \\
\hline 7,900 & 7,950 & 317 & 317 & 317 & 10,900 & 10,950 & 452 & 437 & 437 & 13,900 & 13,950 & 615 & 557 & 572 \\
\hline 7,950 & 8,000 & 319 & 319 & 319 & 10,950 & 11,000 & 454 & 439 & 439 & 13,950 & 14,000 & 618 & 559 & 574 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{8,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{11,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{14,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 8,000 & 8,050 & 321 & 321 & 321 & 11,000 & 11,050 & 456 & 441 & 441 & 14,000 & 14,050 & 620 & 561 & 576 \\
\hline 8,050 & 8,100 & 323 & 323 & 323 & 11,050 & 11,100 & 459 & 443 & 443 & 14,050 & 14,100 & 623 & 563 & 578 \\
\hline 8,100 & 8,150 & 326 & 325 & 325 & 11,100 & 11,150 & 462 & 445 & 446 & 14,100 & 14,150 & 626 & 565 & 581 \\
\hline 8,150 & 8,200 & 328 & 327 & 327 & 11,150 & 11,200 & 464 & 447 & 448 & 14,150 & 14,200 & 629 & 567 & 583 \\
\hline 8,200 & 8,250 & 330 & 329 & 329 & 11,200 & 11,250 & 467 & 449 & 450 & 14,200 & 14,250 & 632 & 569 & 585 \\
\hline 8,250 & 8,300 & 332 & 331 & 331 & 11,250 & 11,300 & 469 & 451 & 452 & 14,250 & 14,300 & 635 & 571 & 587 \\
\hline 8,300 & 8,350 & 335 & 333 & 333 & 11,300 & 11,350 & 472 & 453 & 455 & 14,300 & 14,350 & 638 & 573 & 590 \\
\hline 8,350 & 8,400 & 337 & 335 & 335 & 11,350 & 11,400 & 475 & 455 & 457 & 14,350 & 14,400 & 641 & 575 & 592 \\
\hline 8,400 & 8,450 & 339 & 337 & 337 & 11,400 & 11,450 & 477 & 457 & 459 & 14,400 & 14,450 & 644 & 577 & 594 \\
\hline 8,450 & 8,500 & 341 & 339 & 339 & 11,450 & 11,500 & 480 & 459 & 461 & 14,450 & 14,500 & 647 & 579 & 596 \\
\hline 8,500 & 8,550 & 344 & 341 & 341 & 11,500 & 11,550 & 483 & 461 & 464 & 14,500 & 14,550 & 650 & 581 & 599 \\
\hline 8,550 & 8,600 & 346 & 343 & 343 & 11,550 & 11,600 & 485 & 463 & 466 & 14,550 & 14,600 & 653 & 583 & 601 \\
\hline 8,600 & 8,650 & 348 & 345 & 345 & 11,600 & 11,650 & 488 & 465 & 468 & 14,600 & 14,650 & 656 & 585 & 603 \\
\hline 8,650 & 8,700 & 350 & 347 & 347 & 11,650 & 11,700 & 490 & 467 & 470 & 14,650 & 14,700 & 659 & 587 & 605 \\
\hline 8,700 & 8,750 & 353 & 349 & 349 & 11,700 & 11,750 & 493 & 469 & 473 & 14,700 & 14,750 & 662 & 589 & 608 \\
\hline 8,750 & 8,800 & 355 & 351 & 351 & 11,750 & 11,800 & 496 & 471 & 475 & 14,750 & 14,800 & 665 & 591 & 610 \\
\hline 8,800 & 8,850 & 357 & 353 & 353 & 11,800 & 11,850 & 498 & 473 & 477 & 14,800 & 14,850 & 668 & 593 & 612 \\
\hline 8,850 & 8,900 & 359 & 355 & 355 & 11,850 & 11,900 & 501 & 475 & 479 & 14,850 & 14,900 & 671 & 595 & 614 \\
\hline 8,900 & 8,950 & 362 & 357 & 357 & 11,900 & 11,950 & 504 & 477 & 482 & 14,900 & 14,950 & 674 & 597 & 617 \\
\hline 8,950 & 9,000 & 364 & 359 & 359 & 11,950 & 12,000 & 506 & 479 & 484 & 14,950 & 15,000 & 677 & 599 & 619 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
least \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Single or \\
Married filing separately
\end{tabular} & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
least \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline 24,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & 27,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{30,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 24,000 24,050 & 1,249 & 1,016 & 1,139 & 27,000 27,050 & 1,454 & 1,180 & 1,316 & 30,000 & 30,050 & 1,660 & 1,357 & 1,494 \\
\hline 24,050 24,100 & 1,252 & 1,019 & 1,142 & 27,050 27,100 & 1,458 & 1,183 & 1,319 & 30,050 & 30,100 & 1,663 & 1,360 & 1,497 \\
\hline 24,100 24,150 & 1,256 & 1,022 & 1,145 & 27,100 27,150 & 1,461 & 1,186 & 1,322 & 30,100 & 30,150 & 1,667 & 1,363 & 1,501 \\
\hline 24,150 24,200 & 1,259 & 1,024 & 1,148 & 27,150 27,200 & 1,464 & 1,189 & 1,325 & 30,150 & 30,200 & 1,670 & 1,366 & 1,504 \\
\hline 24,200 24,250 & 1,262 & 1,027 & 1,151 & 27,200 27,250 & 1,468 & 1,192 & 1,328 & 30,200 & 30,250 & 1,673 & 1,369 & 1,507 \\
\hline 24,250 24,300 & 1,266 & 1,029 & 1,154 & 27,250 27,300 & 1,471 & 1,195 & 1,331 & 30,250 & 30,300 & 1,677 & 1,372 & 1,511 \\
\hline 24,300 24,350 & 1,269 & 1,032 & 1,157 & 27,300 27,350 & 1,475 & 1,198 & 1,334 & 30,300 & 30,350 & 1,680 & 1,375 & 1,514 \\
\hline 24,350 24,400 & 1,273 & 1,035 & 1,160 & 27,350 27,400 & 1,478 & 1,201 & 1,337 & 30,350 & 30,400 & 1,684 & 1,378 & 1,518 \\
\hline 24,400 24,450 & 1,276 & 1,037 & 1,163 & 27,400 27,450 & 1,482 & 1,204 & 1,340 & 30,400 & 30,450 & 1,687 & 1,381 & 1,521 \\
\hline 24,450 24,500 & 1,280 & 1,040 & 1,166 & 27,450 27,500 & 1,485 & 1,207 & 1,343 & 30,450 & 30,500 & 1,691 & 1,384 & 1,525 \\
\hline 24,500 24,550 & 1,283 & 1,043 & 1,169 & 27,500 27,550 & 1,488 & 1,210 & 1,346 & 30,500 & 30,550 & 1,694 & 1,387 & 1,528 \\
\hline 24,550 24,600 & 1,286 & 1,045 & 1,172 & 27,550 27,600 & 1,492 & 1,213 & 1,349 & 30,550 & 30,600 & 1,697 & 1,390 & 1,531 \\
\hline 24,600 24,650 & 1,290 & 1,048 & 1,175 & 27,600 27,650 & 1,495 & 1,216 & 1,352 & 30,600 & 30,650 & 1,701 & 1,393 & 1,535 \\
\hline 24,650 24,700 & 1,293 & 1,050 & 1,178 & 27,650 27,700 & 1,499 & 1,219 & 1,355 & 30,650 & 30,700 & 1,704 & 1,396 & 1,538 \\
\hline 24,700 24,750 & 1,297 & 1,053 & 1,181 & 27,700 27,750 & 1,502 & 1,222 & 1,358 & 30,700 & 30,750 & 1,708 & 1,399 & 1,542 \\
\hline 24,750 24,800 & 1,300 & 1,056 & 1,184 & 27,750 27,800 & 1,506 & 1,225 & 1,361 & 30,750 & 30,800 & 1,711 & 1,402 & 1,545 \\
\hline 24,800 24,850 & 1,304 & 1,058 & 1,187 & 27,800 27,850 & 1,509 & 1,228 & 1,364 & 30,800 & 30,850 & 1,715 & 1,405 & 1,549 \\
\hline 24,850 24,900 & 1,307 & 1,061 & 1,190 & 27,850 27,900 & 1,512 & 1,231 & 1,367 & 30,850 & 30,900 & 1,718 & 1,408 & 1,552 \\
\hline 24,900 24,950 & 1,310 & 1,064 & 1,193 & 27,900 27,950 & 1,516 & 1,234 & 1,370 & 30,900 & 30,950 & 1,721 & 1,411 & 1,555 \\
\hline 24,950 25,000 & 1,314 & 1,066 & 1,196 & 27,950 28,000 & 1,519 & 1,237 & 1,373 & 30,950 & 31,000 & 1,725 & 1,414 & 1,559 \\
\hline 25,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & 28,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 25,000 25,050 & 1,317 & 1,069 & 1,198 & 28,000 28,050 & 1,523 & 1,239 & 1,375 & 31,000 & 31,050 & 1,728 & 1,416 & 1,562 \\
\hline 25,050 25,100 & 1,321 & 1,071 & 1,201 & 28,050 28,100 & 1,526 & 1,242 & 1,378 & 31,050 & 31,100 & 1,732 & 1,419 & 1,566 \\
\hline 25,100 25,150 & 1,324 & 1,074 & 1,204 & 28,100 28,150 & 1,530 & 1,245 & 1,381 & 31,100 & 31,150 & 1,735 & 1,422 & 1,569 \\
\hline 25,150 25,200 & 1,327 & 1,077 & 1,207 & 28,150 28,200 & 1,533 & 1,248 & 1,384 & 31,150 & 31,200 & 1,738 & 1,425 & 1,572 \\
\hline 25,200 25,250 & 1,331 & 1,079 & 1,210 & 28,200 28,250 & 1,536 & 1,251 & 1,387 & 31,200 & 31,250 & 1,742 & 1,428 & 1,576 \\
\hline 25,250 25,300 & 1,334 & 1,082 & 1,213 & 28,250 28,300 & 1,540 & 1,254 & 1,390 & 31,250 & 31,300 & 1,745 & 1,431 & 1,579 \\
\hline 25,300 25,350 & 1,338 & 1,085 & 1,216 & 28,300 28,350 & 1,543 & 1,257 & 1,393 & 31,300 & 31,350 & 1,749 & 1,434 & 1,583 \\
\hline 25,350 25,400 & 1,341 & 1,087 & 1,219 & 28,350 28,400 & 1,547 & 1,260 & 1,396 & 31,350 & 31,400 & 1,752 & 1,437 & 1,586 \\
\hline 25,400 25,450 & 1,345 & 1,090 & 1,222 & 28,400 28,450 & 1,550 & 1,263 & 1,399 & 31,400 & 31,450 & 1,756 & 1,440 & 1,590 \\
\hline 25,450 25,500 & 1,348 & 1,092 & 1,225 & 28,450 28,500 & 1,554 & 1,266 & 1,402 & 31,450 & 31,500 & 1,759 & 1,443 & 1,593 \\
\hline 25,500 25,550 & 1,351 & 1,095 & 1,228 & 28,500 28,550 & 1,557 & 1,269 & 1,405 & 31,500 & 31,550 & 1,762 & 1,446 & 1,596 \\
\hline 25,550 25,600 & 1,355 & 1,098 & 1,231 & 28,550 28,600 & 1,560 & 1,272 & 1,408 & 31,550 & 31,600 & 1,766 & 1,449 & 1,600 \\
\hline 25,600 25,650 & 1,358 & 1,100 & 1,234 & 28,600 28,650 & 1,564 & 1,275 & 1,411 & 31,600 & 31,650 & 1,769 & 1,452 & 1,603 \\
\hline 25,650 25,700 & 1,362 & 1,103 & 1,237 & 28,650 28,700 & 1,567 & 1,278 & 1,414 & 31,650 & 31,700 & 1,773 & 1,455 & 1,607 \\
\hline 25,700 25,750 & 1,365 & 1,106 & 1,240 & 28,700 28,750 & 1,571 & 1,281 & 1,417 & 31,700 & 31,750 & 1,776 & 1,458 & 1,610 \\
\hline 25,750 25,800 & 1,369 & 1,108 & 1,243 & 28,750 28,800 & 1,574 & 1,284 & 1,420 & 31,750 & 31,800 & 1,780 & 1,461 & 1,614 \\
\hline 25,800 25,850 & 1,372 & 1,111 & 1,246 & 28,800 28,850 & 1,578 & 1,287 & 1,423 & 31,800 & 31,850 & 1,783 & 1,464 & 1,617 \\
\hline 25,850 25,900 & 1,375 & 1,113 & 1,249 & 28,850 28,900 & 1,581 & 1,290 & 1,426 & 31,850 & 31,900 & 1,786 & 1,467 & 1,620 \\
\hline 25,900 25,950 & 1,379 & 1,116 & 1,252 & 28,900 28,950 & 1,584 & 1,293 & 1,429 & 31,900 & 31,950 & 1,790 & 1,470 & 1,624 \\
\hline 25,950 26,000 & 1,382 & 1,119 & 1,255 & 28,950 29,000 & 1,588 & 1,296 & 1,432 & 31,950 & 32,000 & 1,793 & 1,473 & 1,627 \\
\hline 26,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & 29,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 26,000 26,050 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,386 \\
& 1,389 \\
& 1,393 \\
& 1,396
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,121 & 1,257 & 29,000 29,050 & 1,591 & 1,298 & 1,434 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{32,000} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,797 \\
1,800 \\
1,804 \\
1,807
\end{array}
\]} & 1,475 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,631 \\
& 1,634 \\
& 1,638 \\
& 1,641
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline 26,050 26,100 & & 1,124 & 1,260 & 29,050 29,100 & 1,595 & 1,301 & 1,437 & 32,050 & 32,100 & & 1,478 & \\
\hline 26,100 26,150 & & 1,127 & 1,263 & 29,100 29,150 & 1,598 & 1,304 & 1,440 & 32,100 & 32,150 & & 1,481 & \\
\hline 26,150 26,200 & & 1,130 & 1,266 & 29,150 29,200 & 1,601 & 1,307 & 1,443 & 32,150 & 32,200 & & 1,484 & \\
\hline 26,200 26,250 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,399 \\
1,403 \\
1,406 \\
1,410
\end{array}
\]} & 1,133 & 1,269 & 29,200 29,250 & 1,605 & 1,310 & 1,446 & 32,200 & 32,250 & 1,810 & 1,487 & 1,644 \\
\hline 26,250 26,300 & & 1,136 & 1,272 & 29,250 29,300 & 1,608 & 1,313 & 1,449 & 32,250 & 32,300 & 1,814 & 1,490 & 1,648 \\
\hline 26,300 26,350 & & 1,139 & 1,275 & 29,300 29,350 & 1,612 & 1,316 & 1,452 & 32,300 & 32,350 & 1,817 & 1,493 & 1,651 \\
\hline 26,350 26,400 & & 1,142 & 1,278 & 29,350 29,400 & 1,615 & 1,319 & 1,455 & 32,350 & 32,400 & 1,821 & 1,496 & 1,655 \\
\hline 26,400 26,450 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,413 \\
& 1,417 \\
& 1,420 \\
& 1,423
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,145 & 1,281 & 29,400 29,450 & 1,619 & 1,322 & 1,458 & 32,400 & 32,450 & 1,824 & 1,499 & 1,658 \\
\hline 26,450 26,500 & & 1,148 & 1,284 & 29,450 29,500 & 1,622 & 1,325 & 1,461 & 32,450 & 32,500 & 1,828 & 1,502 & 1,662 \\
\hline 26,500 26,550 & & 1,151 & 1,287 & 29,500 29,550 & 1,625 & 1,328 & 1,464 & 32,500 & 32,550 & 1,831 & 1,505 & 1,665 \\
\hline 26,550 26,600 & & 1,154 & 1,290 & 29,550 29,600 & 1,629 & 1,331 & 1,467 & 32,550 & 32,600 & 1,834 & 1,508 & 1,668 \\
\hline 26,600 26,650 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,427 \\
& 1,430 \\
& 1,434 \\
& 1,437
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,157 & 1,293 & 29,600 29,650 & 1,632 & 1,334 & 1,470 & 32,600 & 32,650 & 1,838 & 1,511 & 1,672 \\
\hline 26,650 26,700 & & 1,160 & 1,296 & 29,650 29,700 & 1,636 & 1,337 & 1,473 & 32,650 & 32,700 & 1,841 & 1,514 & 1,675 \\
\hline 26,700 26,750 & & 1,163 & 1,299 & 29,700 29,750 & 1,639 & 1,340 & 1,476 & 32,700 & 32,750 & 1,845 & 1,517 & 1,679 \\
\hline 26,750 26,800 & & 1,166 & 1,302 & 29,750 29,800 & 1,643 & 1,343 & 1,479 & 32,750 & 32,800 & 1,848 & 1,520 & 1,682 \\
\hline 26,800 26,850 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,441 \\
& 1,444 \\
& 1,447 \\
& 1,451
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,169 & 1,305 & 29,800 29,850 & 1,646 & 1,346 & 1,482 & 32,800 & 32,850 & 1,852 & 1,523 & 1,686 \\
\hline 26,850 26,900 & & 1,172 & 1,308 & 29,850 29,900 & 1,649 & 1,349 & 1,485 & 32,850 & 32,900 & 1,855 & 1,526 & 1,689 \\
\hline 26,900 26,950 & & 1,175 & 1,311 & 29,900 29,950 & 1,653 & 1,352 & 1,488 & 32,900 & 32,950 & 1,858 & 1,529 & 1,692 \\
\hline 26,950 27,000 & & 1,178 & 1,314 & 29,950 30,000 & 1,656 & 1,355 & 1,491 & 32,950 & 33,000 & 1,862 & 1,532 & 1,696 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At \\
least & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline 33,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{36,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
39,000
\]} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 33,000 33,050 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,865 \\
& 1,869 \\
& 1,872 \\
& 1,875
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,534 \\
& 1,537 \\
& 1,540 \\
& 1,543
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,699 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{36,000
36,050
36,050
36,100
36,150
36,150
36,200}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,071 \\
& 2,074 \\
& 2,078 \\
& 2,081
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1,711 1,90} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
39,000 \quad 39,050
\]} & 2,276 & 1,888 & 2,110 \\
\hline 33,050 33,100 & & & 1,703 & & & & 1,714 & 1,908 & 39,050 & 39,100 & 2,280 & 1,891 & 2,114 \\
\hline 33,100 33,150 & & & 1,706 & & & & 1,717 & 1,912 & 39,100 & 39,150 & 2,283 & 1,894 & 2,117 \\
\hline 33,150 33,200 & & & 1,709 & & & & 1,720 & 1,915 & 39,150 & 39,200 & 2,286 & 1,897 & 2,120 \\
\hline 33,200 33,250 & 1,878 & 1,546 & 1,7 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{36,200 36,250 36,300
36,350 36,350} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 36,250 \\
& 36,300 \\
& 36,350 \\
& 36,400
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,084 \\
& 2,088 \\
& 2,091 \\
& 2,095
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,723 \\
& 1,726 \\
& 1,729 \\
& 1,732
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,918 & 39,200 & 39,250 & 2,290 & 1,900 & 24 \\
\hline 33,250 33,300 & 1,882 & 1,549 & 1,716 & & & & & 1,922 & 39,250 & 39,300 & 2,293 & 1,903 & 2,127 \\
\hline 33,300 33,350 & 1,886 & 1,552 & 1,720 & & & & & 1,925 & 39,300 & 39,350 & 2,297 & 1,906 & 2,131 \\
\hline 33,350 33,400 & 1,889 & 1,555 & 1,723 & & & & & 1,929 & 39,350 & 39,400 & 2,300 & 1,909 & 2,134 \\
\hline 33,400 33,450 & 1,893 & 1,558 & 1,727 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
36,400 & 36,450 \\
36,450 & 36,500 \\
36,500 & 36,550 \\
36,550 & 36,600
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,098 \\
& 2,102 \\
& 2,105 \\
& 2,108
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,735 \\
& 1,738 \\
& 1,741 \\
& 1,744
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,932 & 39,400 & 39,450 & 2,304 & 1,912 & 2,138 \\
\hline 33,450 33,500 & 1,896 & 1,561 & 1,730 & & & & & 1,936 & 39,450 & 39,500 & 2,307 & 1,915 & 2,141 \\
\hline 33,500 33,550 & 1,899 & 1,564 & 1,733 & & & & & 1,939 & 39,500 & 39,550 & 2,310 & 1,918 & 2,144 \\
\hline 33,550 33,600 & 1,903 & 1,567 & 1,737 & & & & & 1,942 & 39,550 & 39,600 & 2,314 & 1,921 & 2,148 \\
\hline 33,600 33,650 & 1,906 & 1,570 & 1,740 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{36,600 36,650 36,650 36,700 \(36,70036,750\) 36,750 36,800}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,112 \\
& 2,115 \\
& 2,119 \\
& 2,122
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,747 \\
1,750 \\
1,753 \\
1,756
\end{array}
\]} & 1,946 & 39,600 & 39,650 & 2,317 & 1,924 & 2,151 \\
\hline 33,650 33,700 & 1,910 & 1,573 & 1,744 & & & & & 1,949 & 39,650 & 39,700 & 2,321 & 1,927 & 2,155 \\
\hline 33,700 33,750 & 1,913 & 1,576 & 1,747 & & & & & 1,953 & 39,700 & 39,750 & 2,324 & 1,930 & 2,158 \\
\hline 33,750 33,800 & 1,917 & 1,579 & 1,751 & & & & & 1,956 & 39,750 & 39,800 & 2,328 & 1,933 & 2,162 \\
\hline 33,800 33,850 & 1,920 & 1,582 & 1,754 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{ll}
36,800 & 36,850 \\
36,850 & 36,900 \\
36,900 & 36,950 \\
36,950 & 37,000
\end{tabular}}} & 2,126 & 1,759 & 1,960 & 39,800 & 39,850 & 2,331 & 1,936 & 2,165 \\
\hline 33,850 33,900 & 1,923 & 1,585 & 1,757 & & & 2,129 & 1,762 & 1,963 & 39,850 & 39,900 & 2,334 & 1,939 & 2,168 \\
\hline 33,900 33,950 & 1,927 & 1,588 & 1,761 & & & 2,132 & 1,765 & 1,966 & 39,900 & 39,950 & 2,338 & 1,942 & 2,172 \\
\hline 33,950 34,000 & 1,930 & 1,591 & 1,764 & & & 2,136 & 1,768 & 1,970 & 39,950 & 40,000 & 2,341 & 1,945 & 2,175 \\
\hline 34,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{37,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{40,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 34,000 34,050 & 1,934 & 1,593 & 1,768 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{|ll}
37,000 & 37,050 \\
37,050 & 37,100 \\
37,100 & 37,150 \\
37,150 & 37,200
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,139 \\
& 2,143 \\
& 2,146 \\
& 2,149
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,770 & 1,973 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{40,000 40,050} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
2,345 \\
2,348 \\
2,352
2,355 \\
2,355
\end{tabular}} & 1,948 & 2,179 \\
\hline 34,050 34,100 & 1,937 & 1,596 & 1,771 & & & & 1,773 & 1,977 & 40,050 & 40,100 & & 1,951 & 2,182 \\
\hline 34,100 34,150 & 1,941 & 1,599 & 1,775 & & & & 1,776 & 1,980 & 40,100 & 40,150 & & 1,955 & 2,186 \\
\hline 34,150 34,200 & 1,944 & 1,602 & 1,778 & & & & 1,779 & 1,983 & 40,150 & 40,200 & & 1,958 & 2,189 \\
\hline 34,200 34,250 & 1,947 & 1,605 & 1,781 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
37,200 & 37,250 \\
37,250 & 37,300 \\
37,300 & 37,350 \\
37,350 & 37,400
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,153 \\
& 2,156 \\
& 2,160 \\
& 2,163
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,782 & 1,987 & 40,200 & 40,250 & 2,358 & 1,961 & 2,192 \\
\hline 34,250 34,300 & 1,951 & 1,608 & 1,785 & & & & 1,785 & 1,990 & 40,250 & 40,300 & 2,362 & 1,965 & 2,196 \\
\hline 34,300 34,350 & 1,954 & 1,611 & 1,788 & & & & 1,788 & 1,994 & 40,300 & 40,350 & 2,365 & 1,968 & 2,199 \\
\hline 34,350 34,400 & 1,958 & 1,614 & 1,792 & & & & 1,791 & 1,997 & 40,350 & 40,400 & 2,369 & 1,972 & 2,203 \\
\hline 34,400 34,450 & 1,961 & 1,617 & 1,795 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{ll}
37,400 & 37,450 \\
37,450 & 37,500 \\
37,500 & 37,550 \\
37,550 & 37,600
\end{tabular}}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,167 \\
& 2,170 \\
& 2,173 \\
& 2,177
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,794 & 2,001 & 40,400 & 40,450 & 2,372 & 1,975 & 2,206 \\
\hline 34,450 34,500 & 1,965 & 1,620 & 1,799 & & & & 1,797 & 2,004 & 40,450 & 40,500 & 2,376 & 1,979 & 2,210 \\
\hline 34,500 34,550 & 1,968 & 1,623 & 1,802 & & & & 1,800 & 2,007 & 40,500 & 40,550 & 2,379 & 1,982 & 2,213 \\
\hline 34,550 34,600 & 1,971 & 1,626 & 1,805 & & & & 1,803 & 2,011 & 40,550 & 10,500 & 2,382 & 1,985 & 2,216 \\
\hline 34,600 34,650 & 1,975 & 1,629 & 1,809 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
37,600 & 37,650 \\
37,650 & 37,700 \\
37,700 & 37,750 \\
37,750 & 37,800
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,180 \\
& 2,184 \\
& 2,187 \\
& 2,191
\end{aligned}
\]} & 1,806 & 2,014 & 40,600 & 40,650 & 2,386 & 1,989 & 2,220 \\
\hline 34,650 34,700 & 1,978 & 1,632 & 1,812 & & & & 1,809 & 2,018 & 40,650 & 40,700 & 2,389 & 1,992 & 2,223 \\
\hline 34,700 34,750 & 1,982 & 1,635 & 1,816 & & & & 1,812 & 2,021 & 40,700 & 40,750 & 2,393 & 1,996 & 2,227 \\
\hline 34,750 34,800 & 1,985 & 1,638 & 1,819 & & & & 1,815 & 2,025 & 40,750 & 40,800 & 2,396 & 1,999 & 2,230 \\
\hline 34,800 34,850 & 1,989 & 1,641 & 1,823 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
37,800 & 37,850 \\
37,850 & 37,900 \\
37,900 & 37,950 \\
37,950 & 38,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]}} & 2,194 & 1,818 & 2,028 & 40,800 & 40,850 & 2,400 & 2,003 & 2,234 \\
\hline 34,850 34,900 & 1,992 & 1,644 & 1,826 & & & 2,197 & 1,821 & 2,031 & 40,850 & 40,900 & 2,403 & 2,006 & 2,237 \\
\hline 34,900 34,950 & 1,995 & 1,647 & 1,829 & & & 2,201 & 1,824 & 2,035 & 40,900 & 40,950 & 2,406 & 2,009 & 2,240 \\
\hline 34,950 35,000 & 1,999 & 1,650 & 1,833 & & & 2,204 & 1,827 & 2,038 & 40,950 & 41,000 & 2,410 & 2,013 & 2,244 \\
\hline 35,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{38,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{41,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 35,000 35,050 & 2,002 & 1,652 & 1,836 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
38,000 & 38,050 \\
38,050 & 38,100 \\
38,100 & 38,150 \\
38,150 & 38,200
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,208 \\
& 2,211 \\
& 2,215 \\
& 2,218
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,829 \\
& 1,832 \\
& 1,835 \\
& 1,838
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2,042 & 41,000 & 41,050 & 2,413 & 2,016 & 2,247 \\
\hline 35,050 35,100 & 2,006 & 1,655 & 1,840 & & & & & 2,045 & 41,050 & 41,100 & 2,417 & 2,020 & 2,251 \\
\hline 35,100 35,150 & 2,009 & 1,658 & 1,843 & & & & & 2,049 & 41,100 & 41,150 & 2,420 & 2,023 & 2,254 \\
\hline 35,150 35,200 & 2,012 & 1,661 & 1,846 & & & & & 2,052 & 41,150 & 41,200 & 2,423 & 2,026 & 2,257 \\
\hline 35,200 35,250 & 2,016 & 1,664 & 1,850 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
38,200 & 38,250 \\
38,250 \\
38,300 \\
38,300 \\
38,350 & 38,350
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,221 \\
& 2,225 \\
& 2,228 \\
& 2,232
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,841 \\
& 1,844 \\
& 1,847 \\
& 1,850
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2,055 & 41,200 & 41,250 & 2,427 & 2,030 & 2,261 \\
\hline 35,250 35,300 & 2,019 & 1,667 & 1,853 & & & & & 2,059 & 41,250 & 41,300 & 2,430 & 2,033 & 2,264 \\
\hline 35,300 35,350 & 2,023 & 1,670 & 1,857 & & & & & 2,062 & 41,300 & 41,350 & 2,434 & 2,037 & 2,268 \\
\hline 35,350 35,400 & 2,026 & 1,673 & 1,860 & & & & & 2,066 & 41,350 & 41,400 & 2,437 & 2,040 & 2,271 \\
\hline 35,400 35,450 & 2,030 & 1,676 & 1,864 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
38,400 & 38,450 \\
38,450 & 38,500 \\
38,500 & 38,550 \\
38,550 & 38,600
\end{array}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,235 \\
& 2,239 \\
& 2,242 \\
& 2,245
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,853 \\
& 1,856 \\
& 1,859 \\
& 1,862
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2,069 & 41,400 & 41,450 & 2,441 & 2,044 & 2,275 \\
\hline 35,450 35,500 & 2,033 & 1,679 & 1,867 & & & & & 2,073 & 41,450 & 41,500 & 2,444 & 2,047 & 2,278 \\
\hline 35,500 35,550 & 2,036 & 1,682 & 1,870 & & & & & 2,076 & 41,500 & 41,550 & 2,447 & 2,050 & 2,281 \\
\hline 35,550 35,600 & 2,040 & 1,685 & 1,874 & & & & & 2,079 & 41,550 & 41,600 & 2,451 & 2,054 & 2,285 \\
\hline 35,600 35,650 & 2,043 & 1,688 & 1,877 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{38,600
38,650
38,650
38,700
38,700
38,750
38,800}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,249 \\
& 2,252 \\
& 2,256 \\
& 2,259
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,865 \\
& 1,868 \\
& 1,871 \\
& 1,874
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2,083 & 41,600 & 41,650 & 2,454 & 2,057 & 2,288 \\
\hline 35,650 35,700 & 2,047 & 1,691 & 1,881 & & & & & 2,086 & 41,650 & 41,700 & 2,458 & 2,061 & 2,292 \\
\hline 35,700 35,750 & 2,050 & 1,694 & 1,884 & & & & & 2,090 & 41,700 & 41,750 & 2,461 & 2,064 & 2,295 \\
\hline 35,750 35,800 & 2,054 & 1,697 & 1,888 & & & & & 2,093 & 41,750 & 41,800 & 2,465 & 2,068 & 2,299 \\
\hline 35,800 35,850 & 2,057 & 1,700 & 1,891 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{38,800 38,850 38,850 38,900 38,900 38,950}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,263 \\
& 2,266 \\
& 2,269 \\
& 2,273
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,877 \\
& 1,880 \\
& 1,883 \\
& 1,886
\end{aligned}
\]} & 2,097 & 41,800 & 41,850 & 2,468 & 2,071 & 2,302 \\
\hline 35,850 35,900 & 2,060 & 1,703 & 1,894 & & & & & 2,100 & 41,850 & 41,900 & 2,471 & 2,074 & 2,305 \\
\hline 35,900 35,950 & 2,064 & 1,706 & 1,898 & & & & & 2,103 & 41,900 & 41,950 & 2,475 & 2,078 & 2,309 \\
\hline 35,950 36,000 & 2,067 & 1,709 & 1,901 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{38,950 38,900} & & & 2,107 & 41,950 & 42,000 & 2,478 & 2,081 & 2,312 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
least \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline 42,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{45,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{48,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 42,000 42,050 & 2,482 & 2,085 & 2,316 & 45,000 & 45,050 & 2,687 & 2,290 & 2,521 & 48,000 & 48,050 & 2,893 & 2,496 & 2,727 \\
\hline 42,050 42,100 & 2,485 & 2,088 & 2,319 & 45,050 & 45,100 & 2,691 & 2,294 & 2,525 & 48,050 & 48,100 & 2,896 & 2,499 & 2,730 \\
\hline 42,100 42,150 & 2,489 & 2,092 & 2,323 & 45,100 & 45,150 & 2,694 & 2,297 & 2,528 & 48,100 & 48,150 & 2,900 & 2,503 & 2,734 \\
\hline 42,150 42,200 & 2,492 & 2,095 & 2,326 & 45,150 & 45,200 & 2,697 & 2,300 & 2,531 & 48,150 & 48,200 & 2,903 & 2,506 & 2,737 \\
\hline 42,200 42,250 & 2,495 & 2,098 & 2,329 & 45,200 & 45,250 & 2,701 & 2,304 & 2,535 & 48,200 & 48,250 & 2,906 & 2,509 & 2,740 \\
\hline 42,250 42,300 & 2,499 & 2,102 & 2,333 & 45,250 & 45,300 & 2,704 & 2,307 & 2,538 & 48,250 & 48,300 & 2,910 & 2,513 & 2,744 \\
\hline 42,300 42,350 & 2,502 & 2,105 & 2,336 & 45,300 & 45,350 & 2,708 & 2,311 & 2,542 & 48,300 & 48,350 & 2,913 & 2,516 & 2,747 \\
\hline 42,350 42,400 & 2,506 & 2,109 & 2,340 & 45,350 & 45,400 & 2,711 & 2,314 & 2,545 & 48,350 & 48,400 & 2,917 & 2,520 & 2,751 \\
\hline 42,400 42,450 & 2,509 & 2,112 & 2,343 & 45,400 & 45,450 & 2,715 & 2,318 & 2,549 & 48,400 & 48,450 & 2,920 & 2,523 & 2,754 \\
\hline 42,450 42,500 & 2,513 & 2,116 & 2,347 & 45,450 & 45,500 & 2,718 & 2,321 & 2,552 & 48,450 & 48,500 & 2,924 & 2,527 & 2,758 \\
\hline 42,500 42,550 & 2,516 & 2,119 & 2,350 & 45,500 & 45,550 & 2,721 & 2,324 & 2,555 & 48,500 & 48,550 & 2,927 & 2,530 & 2,761 \\
\hline 42,550 42,600 & 2,519 & 2,122 & 2,353 & 45,550 & 45,600 & 2,725 & 2,328 & 2,559 & 48,550 & 48,600 & 2,930 & 2,533 & 2,764 \\
\hline 42,600 42,650 & 2,523 & 2,126 & 2,357 & 45,600 & 45,650 & 2,728 & 2,331 & 2,562 & 48,600 & 48,650 & 2,934 & 2,537 & 2,768 \\
\hline 42,650 42,700 & 2,526 & 2,129 & 2,360 & 45,650 & 45,700 & 2,732 & 2,335 & 2,566 & 48,650 & 48,700 & 2,937 & 2,540 & 2,771 \\
\hline 42,700 42,750 & 2,530 & 2,133 & 2,364 & 45,700 & 45,750 & 2,735 & 2,338 & 2,569 & 48,700 & 48,750 & 2,941 & 2,544 & 2,775 \\
\hline 42,750 42,800 & 2,533 & 2,136 & 2,367 & 45,750 & 45,800 & 2,739 & 2,342 & 2,573 & 48,750 & 48,800 & 2,944 & 2,547 & 2,778 \\
\hline 42,800 42,850 & 2,537 & 2,140 & 2,371 & 45,800 & 45,850 & 2,742 & 2,345 & 2,576 & 48,800 & 48,850 & 2,948 & 2,551 & 2,782 \\
\hline 42,850 42,900 & 2,540 & 2,143 & 2,374 & 45,850 & 45,900 & 2,745 & 2,348 & 2,579 & 48,850 & 48,900 & 2,951 & 2,554 & 2,785 \\
\hline 42,900 42,950 & 2,543 & 2,146 & 2,377 & 45,900 & 45,950 & 2,749 & 2,352 & 2,583 & 48,900 & 48,950 & 2,954 & 2,557 & 2,788 \\
\hline 42,950 43,000 & 2,547 & 2,150 & 2,381 & 45,950 & 46,000 & 2,752 & 2,355 & 2,586 & 48,950 & 49,000 & 2,958 & 2,561 & 2,792 \\
\hline 43,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{46,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{49,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 43,000 43,050 & 2,550 & 2,153 & 2,384 & 46,000 & 46,050 & 2,756 & 2,359 & 2,590 & 49,000 & 49,050 & 2,961 & 2,564 & 2,795 \\
\hline 43,050 43,100 & 2,554 & 2,157 & 2,388 & 46,050 & 46,100 & 2,759 & 2,362 & 2,593 & 49,050 & 49,100 & 2,965 & 2,568 & 2,799 \\
\hline 43,100 43,150 & 2,557 & 2,160 & 2,391 & 46,100 & 46,150 & 2,763 & 2,366 & 2,597 & 49,100 & 49,150 & 2,968 & 2,571 & 2,802 \\
\hline 43,150 43,200 & 2,560 & 2,163 & 2,394 & 46,150 & 46,200 & 2,766 & 2,369 & 2,600 & 49,150 & 49,200 & 2,971 & 2,574 & 2,805 \\
\hline 43,200 43,250 & 2,564 & 2,167 & 2,398 & 46,200 & 46,250 & 2,769 & 2,372 & 2,603 & 49,200 & 49,250 & 2,975 & 2,578 & 2,809 \\
\hline 43,250 43,300 & 2,567 & 2,170 & 2,401 & 46,250 & 46,300 & 2,773 & 2,376 & 2,607 & 49,250 & 49,300 & 2,978 & 2,581 & 2,812 \\
\hline 43,300 43,350 & 2,571 & 2,174 & 2,405 & 46,300 & 46,350 & 2,776 & 2,379 & 2,610 & 49,300 & 49,350 & 2,982 & 2,585 & 2,816 \\
\hline 43,350 43,400 & 2,574 & 2,177 & 2,408 & 46,350 & 46,400 & 2,780 & 2,383 & 2,614 & 49,350 & 49,400 & 2,985 & 2,588 & 2,819 \\
\hline 43,400 43,450 & 2,578 & 2,181 & 2,412 & 46,400 & 46,450 & 2,783 & 2,386 & 2,617 & 49,400 & 49,450 & 2,989 & 2,592 & 2,823 \\
\hline 43,450 43,500 & 2,581 & 2,184 & 2,415 & 46,450 & 46,500 & 2,787 & 2,390 & 2,621 & 49,450 & 49,500 & 2,992 & 2,595 & 2,826 \\
\hline 43,500 43,550 & 2,584 & 2,187 & 2,418 & 46,500 & 46,550 & 2,790 & 2,393 & 2,624 & 49,500 & 49,550 & 2,995 & 2,598 & 2,829 \\
\hline 43,550 43,600 & 2,588 & 2,191 & 2,422 & 46,550 & 46,600 & 2,793 & 2,396 & 2,627 & 49,550 & 49,600 & 2,999 & 2,602 & 2,833 \\
\hline 43,600 43,650 & 2,591 & 2,194 & 2,425 & 46,600 & 46,650 & 2,797 & 2,400 & 2,631 & 49,600 & 49,650 & 3,002 & 2,605 & 2,836 \\
\hline 43,650 43,700 & 2,595 & 2,198 & 2,429 & 46,650 & 46,700 & 2,800 & 2,403 & 2,634 & 49,650 & 49,700 & 3,006 & 2,609 & 2,840 \\
\hline 43,700 43,750 & 2,598 & 2,201 & 2,432 & 46,700 & 46,750 & 2,804 & 2,407 & 2,638 & 49,700 & 49,750 & 3,009 & 2,612 & 2,843 \\
\hline 43,750 43,800 & 2,602 & 2,205 & 2,436 & 46,750 & 46,800 & 2,807 & 2,410 & 2,641 & 49,750 & 49,800 & 3,013 & 2,616 & 2,847 \\
\hline 43,800 43,850 & 2,605 & 2,208 & 2,439 & 46,800 & 46,850 & 2,811 & 2,414 & 2,645 & 49,800 & 49,850 & 3,016 & 2,619 & 2,850 \\
\hline 43,850 43,900 & 2,608 & 2,211 & 2,442 & 46,850 & 46,900 & 2,814 & 2,417 & 2,648 & 49,850 & 49,900 & 3,019 & 2,622 & 2,853 \\
\hline 43,900 43,950 & 2,612 & 2,215 & 2,446 & 46,900 & 46,950 & 2,817 & 2,420 & 2,651 & 49,900 & 49,950 & 3,023 & 2,626 & 2,857 \\
\hline 43,950 44,000 & 2,615 & 2,218 & 2,449 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{46,950 47,000} & 2,821 & 2,424 & 2,655 & 49,950 & 50,000 & 3,026 & 2,629 & 2,860 \\
\hline 44,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{47,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{50,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 44,000 44,050 & 2,619 & 2,222 & 2,453 & 47,000 & 47,050 & 2,824 & 2,427 & 2,658 & 50,000 & 50,050 & 3,030 & 2,633 & 2,864 \\
\hline 44,050 44,100 & 2,622 & 2,225 & 2,456 & 47,050 & 47,100 & 2,828 & 2,431 & 2,662 & 50,050 & 50,100 & 3,033 & 2,636 & 2,867 \\
\hline 44,100 44,150 & 2,626 & 2,229 & 2,460 & 47,100 & 47,150 & 2,831 & 2,434 & 2,665 & 50,100 & 50,150 & 3,037 & 2,640 & 2,871 \\
\hline 44,150 44,200 & 2,629 & 2,232 & 2,463 & 47,150 & 47,200 & 2,834 & 2,437 & 2,668 & 50,150 & 50,200 & 3,040 & 2,643 & 2,874 \\
\hline 44,200 44,250 & 2,632 & 2,235 & 2,466 & 47,200 & 47,250 & 2,838 & 2,441 & 2,672 & 50,200 & 50,250 & 3,043 & 2,646 & 2,877 \\
\hline 44,250 44,300 & 2,636 & 2,239 & 2,470 & 47,250 & 47,300 & 2,841 & 2,444 & 2,675 & 50,250 & 50,300 & 3,047 & 2,650 & 2,881 \\
\hline 44,300 44,350 & 2,639 & 2,242 & 2,473 & 47,300 & 47,350 & 2,845 & 2,448 & 2,679 & 50,300 & 50,350 & 3,050 & 2,653 & 2,884 \\
\hline 44,350 44,400 & 2,643 & 2,246 & 2,477 & 47,350 & 47,400 & 2,848 & 2,451 & 2,682 & 50,350 & 50,400 & 3,054 & 2,657 & 2,888 \\
\hline 44,400 44,450 & 2,646 & 2,249 & 2,480 & 47,400 & 47,450 & 2,852 & 2,455 & 2,686 & 50,400 & 50,450 & 3,057 & 2,660 & 2,891 \\
\hline 44,450 44,500 & 2,650 & 2,253 & 2,484 & 47,450 & 47,500 & 2,855 & 2,458 & 2,689 & 50,450 & 50,500 & 3,061 & 2,664 & 2,895 \\
\hline 44,500 44,550 & 2,653 & 2,256 & 2,487 & 47,500 & 47,550 & 2,858 & 2,461 & 2,692 & 50,500 & 50,550 & 3,064 & 2,667 & 2,898 \\
\hline 44,550 44,600 & 2,656 & 2,259 & 2,490 & 47,550 & 47,600 & 2,862 & 2,465 & 2,696 & 50,550 & 50,600 & 3,067 & 2,670 & 2,901 \\
\hline 44,600 44,650 & 2,660 & 2,263 & 2,494 & 47,600 & 47,650 & 2,865 & 2,468 & 2,699 & 50,600 & 50,650 & 3,071 & 2,674 & 2,905 \\
\hline 44,650 44,700 & 2,663 & 2,266 & 2,497 & 47,650 & 47,700 & 2,869 & 2,472 & 2,703 & 50,650 & 50,700 & 3,074 & 2,677 & 2,908 \\
\hline 44,700 44,750 & 2,667 & 2,270 & 2,501 & 47,700 & 47,750 & 2,872 & 2,475 & 2,706 & 50,700 & 50,750 & 3,078 & 2,681 & 2,912 \\
\hline 44,750 44,800 & 2,670 & 2,273 & 2,504 & 47,750 & 47,800 & 2,876 & 2,479 & 2,710 & 50,750 & 50,800 & 3,081 & 2,684 & 2,915 \\
\hline 44,800 44,850 & 2,674 & 2,277 & 2,508 & 47,800 & 47,850 & 2,879 & 2,482 & 2,713 & 50,800 & 50,850 & 3,085 & 2,688 & 2,919 \\
\hline 44,850 44,900 & 2,677 & 2,280 & 2,511 & 47,850 & 47,900 & 2,882 & 2,485 & 2,716 & 50,850 & 50,900 & 3,088 & 2,691 & 2,922 \\
\hline 44,900 44,950 & 2,680 & 2,283 & 2,514 & 47,900 & 47,950 & 2,886 & 2,489 & 2,720 & 50,900 & 50,950 & 3,091 & 2,694 & 2,925 \\
\hline 44,950 45,000 & 2,684 & 2,287 & 2,518 & 47,950 & 48,000 & 2,889 & 2,492 & 2,723 & 50,950 & 51,000 & 3,095 & 2,698 & 2,929 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & If your taxable income is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
least \\
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than
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & \begin{tabular}{cc} 
At & \begin{tabular}{c} 
But \\
least \\
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less
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{51,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & 54,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & 57,000 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 51,000 & 51,050 & 3,098 & 2,701 & 2,932 & 54,000 54,050 & 3,304 & 2,907 & 3,138 & 57,000 57,050 & 3,509 & 3,112 & 3,343 \\
\hline 51,050 & 51,100 & 3,102 & 2,705 & 2,936 & 54,050 54,100 & 3,307 & 2,910 & 3,141 & 57,050 57,100 & 3,513 & 3,116 & 3,347 \\
\hline 51,100 & 51,150 & 3,105 & 2,708 & 2,939 & 54,100 54,150 & 3,311 & 2,914 & 3,145 & 57,100 57,150 & 3,516 & 3,119 & 3,350 \\
\hline 51,150 & 51,200 & 3,108 & 2,711 & 2,942 & 54,150 54,200 & 3,314 & 2,917 & 3,148 & 57,150 57,200 & 3,519 & 3,122 & 3,353 \\
\hline 51,200 & 51,250 & 3,112 & 2,715 & 2,946 & 54,200 54,250 & 3,317 & 2,920 & 3,151 & 57,200 57,250 & 3,523 & 3,126 & 3,357 \\
\hline 51,250 & 51,300 & 3,115 & 2,718 & 2,949 & 54,250 54,300 & 3,321 & 2,924 & 3,155 & 57,250 57,300 & 3,526 & 3,129 & 3,360 \\
\hline 51,300 & 51,350 & 3,119 & 2,722 & 2,953 & 54,300 54,350 & 3,324 & 2,927 & 3,158 & 57,300 57,350 & 3,530 & 3,133 & 3,364 \\
\hline 51,350 & 51,400 & 3,122 & 2,725 & 2,956 & 54,350 54,400 & 3,328 & 2,931 & 3,162 & 57,350 57,400 & 3,533 & 3,136 & 3,367 \\
\hline 51,400 & 51,450 & 3,126 & 2,729 & 2,960 & 54,400 54,450 & 3,331 & 2,934 & 3,165 & 57,400 57,450 & 3,537 & 3,140 & 3,371 \\
\hline 51,450 & 51,500 & 3,129 & 2,732 & 2,963 & 54,450 54,500 & 3,335 & 2,938 & 3,169 & 57,450 57,500 & 3,540 & 3,143 & 3,374 \\
\hline 51,500 & 51,550 & 3,132 & 2,735 & 2,966 & 54,500 54,550 & 3,338 & 2,941 & 3,172 & 57,500 57,550 & 3,543 & 3,146 & 3,377 \\
\hline 51,550 & 51,600 & 3,136 & 2,739 & 2,970 & 54,550 54,600 & 3,341 & 2,944 & 3,175 & 57,550 57,600 & 3,547 & 3,150 & 3,381 \\
\hline 51,600 & 51,650 & 3,139 & 2,742 & 2,973 & 54,600 54,650 & 3,345 & 2,948 & 3,179 & 57,600 57,650 & 3,550 & 3,153 & 3,384 \\
\hline 51,650 & 51,700 & 3,143 & 2,746 & 2,977 & 54,650 54,700 & 3,348 & 2,951 & 3,182 & 57,650 57,700 & 3,554 & 3,157 & 3,388 \\
\hline 51,700 & 51,750 & 3,146 & 2,749 & 2,980 & 54,700 54,750 & 3,352 & 2,955 & 3,186 & 57,700 57,750 & 3,557 & 3,160 & 3,391 \\
\hline 51,750 & 51,800 & 3,150 & 2,753 & 2,984 & 54,750 54,800 & 3,355 & 2,958 & 3,189 & 57,750 57,800 & 3,561 & 3,164 & 3,395 \\
\hline 51,800 & 51,850 & 3,153 & 2,756 & 2,987 & 54,800 54,850 & 3,359 & 2,962 & 3,193 & 57,800 57,850 & 3,564 & 3,167 & 3,398 \\
\hline 51,850 & 51,900 & 3,156 & 2,759 & 2,990 & 54,850 54,900 & 3,362 & 2,965 & 3,196 & 57,850 57,900 & 3,567 & 3,170 & 3,401 \\
\hline 51,900 & 51,950 & 3,160 & 2,763 & 2,994 & 54,900 54,950 & 3,365 & 2,968 & 3,199 & 57,900 57,950 & 3,571 & 3,174 & 3,405 \\
\hline 51,950 & 52,000 & 3,163 & 2,766 & 2,997 & 54,950 55,000 & 3,369 & 2,972 & 3,203 & 57,950 58,000 & 3,574 & 3,177 & 3,408 \\
\hline & 00 & Your New & York Sta & tax is: & 55,000 & Your Ne & Ork St & tax is: & 58,000 & Your Ne & York St & tax is: \\
\hline 52,000 & 52,050 & 3,167 & 2,770 & 3,001 & 55,000 55,050 & 3,372 & 2,975 & 3,206 & 58,000 58,050 & 3,578 & 3,181 & 3,412 \\
\hline 52,050 & 52,100 & 3,170 & 2,773 & 3,004 & 55,050 55,100 & 3,376 & 2,979 & 3,210 & 58,050 58,100 & 3,581 & 3,184 & 3,415 \\
\hline 52,100 & 52,150 & 3,174 & 2,777 & 3,008 & 55,100 55,150 & 3,379 & 2,982 & 3,213 & 58,100 58,150 & 3,585 & 3,188 & 3,419 \\
\hline 52,150 & 52,200 & 3,177 & 2,780 & 3,011 & 55,150 55,200 & 3,382 & 2,985 & 3,216 & 58,150 58,200 & 3,588 & 3,191 & 3,422 \\
\hline 52,200 & 52,250 & 3,180 & 2,783 & 3,014 & 55,200 55,250 & 3,386 & 2,989 & 3,220 & 58,200 58,250 & 3,591 & 3,194 & 3,425 \\
\hline 52,250 & 52,300 & 3,184 & 2,787 & 3,018 & 55,250 55,300 & 3,389 & 2,992 & 3,223 & 58,250 58,300 & 3,595 & 3,198 & 3,429 \\
\hline 52,300 & 52,350 & 3,187 & 2,790 & 3,021 & 55,300 55,350 & 3,393 & 2,996 & 3,227 & 58,300 58,350 & 3,598 & 3,201 & 3,432 \\
\hline 52,350 & 52,400 & 3,191 & 2,794 & 3,025 & 55,350 55,400 & 3,396 & 2,999 & 3,230 & 58,350 58,400 & 3,602 & 3,205 & 3,436 \\
\hline 52,400 & 52,450 & 3,194 & 2,797 & 3,028 & 55,400 55,450 & 3,400 & 3,003 & 3,234 & 58,400 58,450 & 3,605 & 3,208 & 3,439 \\
\hline 52,450 & 52,500 & 3,198 & 2,801 & 3,032 & 55,450 55,500 & 3,403 & 3,006 & 3,237 & 58,450 58,500 & 3,609 & 3,212 & 3,443 \\
\hline 52,500 & 52,550 & 3,201 & 2,804 & 3,035 & 55,500 55,550 & 3,406 & 3,009 & 3,240 & 58,500 58,550 & 3,612 & 3,215 & 3,446 \\
\hline 52,550 & 52,600 & 3,204 & 2,807 & 3,038 & 55,550 55,600 & 3,410 & 3,013 & 3,244 & 58,550 58,600 & 3,615 & 3,218 & 3,449 \\
\hline 52,600 & 52,650 & 3,208 & 2,811 & 3,042 & 55,600 55,650 & 3,413 & 3,016 & 3,247 & 58,600 58,650 & 3,619 & 3,222 & 3,453 \\
\hline 52,650 & 52,700 & 3,211 & 2,814 & 3,045 & 55,650 55,700 & 3,417 & 3,020 & 3,251 & 58,650 58,700 & 3,622 & 3,225 & 3,456 \\
\hline 52,700 & 52,750 & 3,215 & 2,818 & 3,049 & 55,700 55,750 & 3,420 & 3,023 & 3,254 & 58,700 58,750 & 3,626 & 3,229 & 3,460 \\
\hline 52,750 & 52,800 & 3,218 & 2,821 & 3,052 & 55,750 55,800 & 3,424 & 3,027 & 3,258 & 58,750 58,800 & 3,629 & 3,232 & 3,463 \\
\hline 52,800 & 52,850 & 3,222 & 2,825 & 3,056 & 55,800 55,850 & 3,427 & 3,030 & 3,261 & 58,800 58,850 & 3,633 & 3,236 & 3,467 \\
\hline 52,850 & 52,900 & 3,225 & 2,828 & 3,059 & 55,850 55,900 & 3,430 & 3,033 & 3,264 & 58,850 58,900 & 3,636 & 3,239 & 3,470 \\
\hline 52,900 & 52,950 & 3,228 & 2,831 & 3,062 & 55,900 55,950 & 3,434 & 3,037 & 3,268 & 58,900 58,950 & 3,639 & 3,242 & 3,473 \\
\hline 52,950 & 53,000 & 3,232 & 2,835 & 3,066 & 55,950 56,000 & 3,437 & 3,040 & 3,271 & 58,950 59,000 & 3,643 & 3,246 & 3,477 \\
\hline & 0 & Your New & York Sta & tax is: & 56,000 & Your New & York Sta & tax is: & 59,000 & Your New & York S & e tax is: \\
\hline 53,000 & 53,050 & 3,235 & 2,838 & 3,069 & 56,000 56,050 & 3,441 & 3,044 & 3,275 & 59,000 59,050 & 3,646 & 3,249 & 3,480 \\
\hline 53,050 & 53,100 & 3,239 & 2,842 & 3,073 & 56,050 56,100 & 3,444 & 3,047 & 3,278 & 59,050 59,100 & 3,650 & 3,253 & 3,484 \\
\hline 53,100 & 53,150 & 3,242 & 2,845 & 3,076 & 56,100 56,150 & 3,448 & 3,051 & 3,282 & 59,100 59,150 & 3,653 & 3,256 & 3,487 \\
\hline 53,150 & 53,200 & 3,245 & 2,848 & 3,079 & 56,150 56,200 & 3,451 & 3,054 & 3,285 & 59,150 59,200 & 3,656 & 3,259 & 3,490 \\
\hline 53,200 & 53,250 & 3,249 & 2,852 & 3,083 & 56,200 56,250 & 3,454 & 3,057 & 3,288 & 59,200 59,250 & 3,660 & 3,263 & 3,494 \\
\hline 53,250 & 53,300 & 3,252 & 2,855 & 3,086 & 56,250 56,300 & 3,458 & 3,061 & 3,292 & 59,250 59,300 & 3,663 & 3,266 & 3,497 \\
\hline 53,300 & 53,350 & 3,256 & 2,859 & 3,090 & 56,300 56,350 & 3,461 & 3,064 & 3,295 & 59,300 59,350 & 3,667 & 3,270 & 3,501 \\
\hline 53,350 & 53,400 & 3,259 & 2,862 & 3,093 & 56,350 56,400 & 3,465 & 3,068 & 3,299 & 59,350 59,400 & 3,670 & 3,273 & 3,504 \\
\hline 53,400 & 53,450 & 3,263 & 2,866 & 3,097 & 56,400 56,450 & 3,468 & 3,071 & 3,302 & 59,400 59,450 & 3,674 & 3,277 & 3,508 \\
\hline 53,450 & 53,500 & 3,266 & 2,869 & 3,100 & 56,450 56,500 & 3,472 & 3,075 & 3,306 & 59,450 59,500 & 3,677 & 3,280 & 3,511 \\
\hline 53,500 & 53,550 & 3,269 & 2,872 & 3,103 & 56,500 56,550 & 3,475 & 3,078 & 3,309 & 59,500 59,550 & 3,680 & 3,283 & 3,514 \\
\hline 53,550 & 53,600 & 3,273 & 2,876 & 3,107 & 56,550 56,600 & 3,478 & 3,081 & 3,312 & 59,550 59,600 & 3,684 & 3,287 & 3,518 \\
\hline 53,600 & 53,650 & 3,276 & 2,879 & 3,110 & 56,600 56,650 & 3,482 & 3,085 & 3,316 & 59,600 59,650 & 3,687 & 3,290 & 3,521 \\
\hline 53,650 & 53,700 & 3,280 & 2,883 & 3,114 & 56,650 56,700 & 3,485 & 3,088 & 3,319 & 59,650 59,700 & 3,691 & 3,294 & 3,525 \\
\hline 53,700 & 53,750 & 3,283 & 2,886 & 3,117 & 56,700 56,750 & 3,489 & 3,092 & 3,323 & 59,700 59,750 & 3,694 & 3,297 & 3,528 \\
\hline 53,750 & 53,800 & 3,287 & 2,890 & 3,121 & 56,750 56,800 & 3,492 & 3,095 & 3,326 & 59,750 59,800 & 3,698 & 3,301 & 3,532 \\
\hline 53,800 & 53,850 & 3,290 & 2,893 & 3,124 & 56,800 56,850 & 3,496 & 3,099 & 3,330 & 59,800 59,850 & 3,701 & 3,304 & 3,535 \\
\hline 53,850 & 53,900 & 3,293 & 2,896 & 3,127 & 56,850 56,900 & 3,499 & 3,102 & 3,333 & 59,850 59,900 & 3,704 & 3,307 & 3,538 \\
\hline 53,900 & 53,950 & 3,297 & 2,900 & 3,131 & 56,900 56,950 & 3,502 & 3,105 & 3,336 & 59,900 59,950 & 3,708 & 3,311 & 3,542 \\
\hline 53,950 & 54,000 & 3,300 & 2,903 & 3,134 & 56,950 57,000 & 3,506 & 3,109 & 3,340 & 59,950 60,000 & 3,711 & 3,314 & 3,545 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { If } \\
\text { tax } \\
\text { incol }
\end{array}
\] & able e is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{60,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{62,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{64,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} \\
\hline 60,000 & 60,050 & 3,715 & 3,318 & 3,549 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{62,000 62,050} & 3,852 & 3,455 & 3,686 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{64,000 64,050} & 3,989 & 3,592 & 3,823 \\
\hline 60,050 & 60,100 & 3,718 & 3,321 & 3,552 & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 62,050 \\
& 62,100 \\
& 62,150
\end{aligned}
\]} & 62,100 & 3,855 & 3,458 & 3,689 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & 64,100 & 3,992 & 3,595 & 3,826 \\
\hline 60,100 & 60,150 & 3,722 & 3,325 & 3,556 & & 62,150 & 3,859 & 3,462 & 3,693 & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 64,150 \\
& 64,200
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,996 \\
& 3,999
\end{aligned}
\]} & 3,599 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,830
3,833} \\
\hline 60,150 & 60,200 & 3,725 & 3,328 & 3,559 & & 62,200 & & & 3,696 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 64,100 \\
& 64,150
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 3,602 & \\
\hline 60,200 & 60,250 & 3,728 & 3,331 & 3,562 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{62,200 62,250} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{3,865 3,4} & 3,699 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{64,200 64,250} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{4,002 3,605} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,836 \\
& 3,840 \\
& 3,843 \\
& 3,847
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline 60,250 & 60,300 & 3,732 & 3,335 & 3,566 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\(62,25062,300\)
62,300
62,350
62,350
62,400}} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,869 \\
& 3,872 \\
& 3,876
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 64,25064,300 \\
& 64,300 \\
& 64,35064,350 \\
& 64,400
\end{aligned}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,006 \\
& 4,006 \\
& 4,009
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,605 \\
& 3,609 \\
& 3,612
\end{aligned}
\]} & \\
\hline 60,300 & 60,350 & 3,735 & 3,338 & 3,569 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,350 & 60,400 & 3,739 & 3,342 & 3,573 & & & & 3,479 & 3,710 & & & & & \\
\hline 60,400 & 60,450 & 3,742 & 3,345 & 3,576 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 62,400 \\
& 62,450 \\
& 62,450 \\
& 62,500 \\
& 62,500 \\
& 62,550 \\
& 62,600
\end{aligned}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,879 \\
& 3,883 \\
& 3,886 \\
& 3,889
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,482 \\
& 3,486 \\
& 3,489 \\
& 3,492
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,713 \\
& 3,717 \\
& 3,720 \\
& 3,723
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(64,40064,450\)
64,450
64,500
64,500
64,550
64,600}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,016 \\
& 4,020 \\
& 4,023 \\
& 4,026
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,619 \\
& 3,623 \\
& 3,626 \\
& 3,629
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,850 \\
& 3,854 \\
& 3,857 \\
& 3,860
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline 60,450 & 60,500 & 3,746 & 3,349 & 3,580 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,500 & 60,550 & 3,749 & 3,352 & 3,583 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,550 & 60,600 & 3,752 & 3,355 & 3,586 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,600 & 60,650 & 3,756 & 3,359 & 3,590 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(62,60062,650\)
62,650
62,700
62,700
62,750
62,800}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,893 \\
& 3,896 \\
& 3,900 \\
& 3,903
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,496 \\
& 3,499 \\
& 3,503 \\
& 3,506
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{3,727
3,730
3,734
3,737} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(64,60064,650\)
64,650
64,700
64,750
64,750
64,800}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,030 \\
& 4,033 \\
& 4,037 \\
& 4,040
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,633 \\
& 3,636 \\
& 3,640 \\
& 3,643
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,864 \\
& 3,867 \\
& 3,871 \\
& 3,874
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline 60,650 & 60,700 & 3,759 & 3,362 & 3,593 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,700 & 60,750 & 3,763 & 3,366 & 3,597 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,750 & 60,800 & 3,766 & 3,369 & 3,600 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,800 & 60,850 & 3,770 & 3,373 & 3,604 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(62,80062,850\)
62,850
62,900
62,900
62,950
63,000}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,907 \\
& 3,910 \\
& 3,913 \\
& 3,917
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
3,510 \\
3,513 \\
3,516 \\
3,520
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
3,741 \\
3,744 \\
3,747
3,75
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(64,80064,850\)
64,850
64,900
64,950
64,950
65,000}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,044 \\
& 4,047 \\
& 4,050 \\
& 4,054
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,647 \\
& 3,650 \\
& 3,653 \\
& 3,657
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,878 \\
& 3,881 \\
& 3,884 \\
& 3,888
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline 60,850 & 60,900 & 3,773 & 3,376 & 3,607 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,900 & 60,950 & 3,776 & 3,379 & 3,610 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 60,950 & 61,000 & 3,780 & 3,383 & 3,614 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{61,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{63,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York State tax is:} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\(\mathbf{6 5 , 0 0 0}\) or more:} \\
\hline 61,000 & 61,050 & 3,783 & 3,386 & 3,617 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(63,00063,050\)
63,050
63,100
63,100
63,150
63,200}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,920 \\
& 3,924 \\
& 3,927 \\
& 3,930
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,523 \\
& 3,527 \\
& 3,530 \\
& 3,533
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,754 \\
& 3,758 \\
& 3,761 \\
& 3,764
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{}} \\
\hline 61,050 & 61,100 & 3,787 & 3,390 & 3,621 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,100 & 61,150 & 3,790 & 3,393 & 3,624 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,150 & 61,200 & 3,793 & 3,396 & 3,627 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,200 & 61,250 & 3,797 & 3,400 & 3,631 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 63,200 \\
& 63,250 \\
& 63,300 \\
& 63,350
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,934 \\
& 3,937 \\
& 3,941 \\
& 3,944
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,537 \\
& 3,540 \\
& 3,544 \\
& 3,547
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,768 \\
& 3,771 \\
& 3,775 \\
& 3,778
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{8}{*}{\$65,000 or more compute your New York State Tax using the New York State tax rate schedule on page 55.}} & \multirow[b]{12}{*}{} \\
\hline 61,250 & 61,300 & 3,800 & 3,403 & 3,634 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,300 & 61,350 & 3,804 & 3,407 & 3,638 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,350 & 61,400 & 3,807 & 3,410 & 3,641 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,400 & 61,450 & 3,811 & 3,414 & 3,645 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\(63,40063,450\)
63,450
63,500
63,500
63,550
63,560}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,948 \\
& 3,951 \\
& 3,954 \\
& 3,958
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,551 \\
& 3,554 \\
& 3,557 \\
& 3,561
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,782 \\
& 3,785 \\
& 3,788 \\
& 3,792
\end{aligned}
\]} & & & & & \\
\hline 61,450 & 61,500 & 3,814 & 3,417 & 3,648 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,500 & 61,550 & 3,817 & 3,420 & 3,651 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,550 & 61,600 & 3,821 & 3,424 & 3,655 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,600 & 61,650 & 3,824 & 3,427 & 3,658 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 63,600 \\
& 63,650 \\
& 63,650 \\
& 63,700 \\
& 63,750 \\
& 63,750 \\
& 63,800
\end{aligned}
\]}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,961 \\
& 3,965 \\
& 3,968 \\
& 3,972
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,564 \\
& 3,568 \\
& 3,571 \\
& 3,575
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,795 \\
& 3,799 \\
& 3,802 \\
& 3,806
\end{aligned}
\]} & & & & & \\
\hline 61,650 & 61,700 & 3,828 & 3,431 & 3,662 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,700 & 61,750 & 3,831 & 3,434 & 3,665 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,750 & 61,800 & 3,835 & 3,438 & 3,669 & & & & & & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{5}{*}{If the amount on Form IT-150, line 21, or Form IT-201, line 33, is more than \(\$ 100,000\), see page 54.}} \\
\hline 61,800 & 61,850 & 3,838 & 3,441 & 3,672 & \[
63,750 \quad 63,800
\] & 63,850 & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,975 \\
& 3,978 \\
& 3,982 \\
& 3,985
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,578 \\
& 3,581 \\
& 3,585 \\
& 3,588
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,809 \\
& 3,812 \\
& 3,816 \\
& 3,819
\end{aligned}
\]} & & & & & \\
\hline 61,850 & 61,900 & 3,841 & 3,444 & 3,675 & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 63,800 \\
& 63,850 \\
& 63,900 \\
& 63,950
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 63,900 \\
& 63,950 \\
& 64,000
\end{aligned}
\]} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,900 & 61,950 & 3,845 & 3,448 & 3,679 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 61,950 & 62,000 & 3,848 & 3,451 & 3,682 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}

\section*{Tax computation New York AGI of more than \$100,000:}

New York State tax - Find your New York State tax by using Tax computation worksheet 1 or 2 to the right.

If the amount on Form IT-150, line 21, or
Form IT-201, line 33, is
more than \(\$ 100,000\), but not more than \(\$ 150,000\),
then you must compute your tax using Tax computation worksheet 1 below.
Do not use the New York State Tax Table.


If the amount on Form IT-150, line 21, or
Form IT-201, line 33, is more than \(\$ 150,000\),
then you must compute your tax using Tax computation worksheet 2 below.
Do not use the New York State Tax Table.

Tax computation worksheet 2
1. Enter your taxable
income from
Form IT-150, line 26, or
Form IT-201, line 38 ...... 1 \(\qquad\)
2. Multiply line 1 by
6.85\% (.0685).

Enter here and on
Form IT-150, line 27, or
Form IT-201, line 39 .... 2.

\section*{New York State tax rate schedule}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Married filing jointly and qualifying widow(er) - filing status (2) and (5)} \\
\hline If Form IT-150, line 26, or Form IT-201, line 38 is: over & but not over & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{The tax is:} \\
\hline \$ 0 & \$16,000 & & & 4\% & of Form IT-150, line Form IT-201, line 38 & \[
26 \text {, or }
\] \\
\hline 16,000 & 22,000 & \$640 & plus & 4.5\% & of the excess over & \$16,000 \\
\hline 22,000 & 26,000 & 910 & plus & 5.25\% & " " " " & 22,000 \\
\hline 26,000 & 40,000 & 1,120 & plus & 5.9\% & " " " " & 26,000 \\
\hline 40,000 ........ & ..... & 1,946 & plus & 6.85\% & " " " & 40,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Single and married filing separately - filing status (1) and (3)



Based on Taxable Income - For purposes of this tax table, the taxable income column below is the amount on either line 26 of Form IT-150 or line 38 of Form IT-201.

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Jones are filing a joint return on Form IT-150. Their taxable income on line 26 is \(\$ 38,275\). First, they find the 38,250-38,300 income line. Next, they find the column for Married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \(\$ 1,217\). This is the tax amount they must write on line 30 of Form IT-150.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Single or Married filing separately} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Married filing jointly*} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Head of a household} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At least} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{But less than} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Single or Married filing separately} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Married filing jointly*} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Head of a household} \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \$0 & \(\$ 18\)
25 & \$0 & \$0 & \$0 & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{2,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{4,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 25 & 50 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2,000 & 2,050 & 59 & 59 & 59 & 4,000 & 4,050 & 117 & 117 & 117 \\
\hline 50 & 100 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2,050 & 2,100 & 60 & 60 & 60 & 4,050 & 4,100 & 118 & 118 & 118 \\
\hline 100 & 150 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 2,100 & 2,150 & 62 & 62 & 62 & 4,100 & 4,150 & 120 & 120 & 120 \\
\hline 150 & 200 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 2,150 & 2,200 & 63 & 63 & 63 & 4,150 & 4,200 & 121 & 121 & 121 \\
\hline 200 & 250 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 2,200 & 2,250 & 65 & 65 & 65 & 4,200 & 4,250 & 123 & 123 & 123 \\
\hline 250 & 300 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 2,250 & 2,300 & 66 & 66 & 66 & 4,250 & 4,300 & 124 & 124 & 124 \\
\hline 300 & 350 & 9 & 9 & 9 & 2,300 & 2,350 & 68 & 68 & 68 & 4,300 & 4,350 & 126 & 126 & 126 \\
\hline 350 & 400 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 2,350 & 2,400 & 69 & 69 & 69 & 4,350 & 4,400 & 127 & 127 & 127 \\
\hline 400 & 450 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 2,400 & 2,450 & 70 & 70 & 70 & 4,400 & 4,450 & 129 & 129 & 129 \\
\hline 450 & 500 & 14 & 14 & 14 & 2,450 & 2,500 & 72 & 72 & 72 & 4,450 & 4,500 & 130 & 130 & 130 \\
\hline 500 & 550 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 2,500 & 2,550 & 73 & 73 & 73 & 4,500 & 4,550 & 132 & 132 & 132 \\
\hline 550 & 600 & 17 & 17 & 17 & 2,550 & 2,600 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 4,550 & 4,600 & 133 & 133 & 133 \\
\hline 600 & 650 & 18 & 18 & 18 & 2,600 & 2,650 & 76 & 76 & 76 & 4,600 & 4,650 & 134 & 134 & 134 \\
\hline 650 & 700 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 2,650 & 2,700 & 78 & 78 & 78 & 4,650 & 4,700 & 136 & 136 & 136 \\
\hline 700 & 750 & 21 & 21 & 21 & 2,700 & 2,750 & 79 & 79 & 79 & 4,700 & 4,750 & 137 & 137 & 137 \\
\hline 750 & 800 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 2,750 & 2,800 & 81 & 81 & 81 & 4,750 & 4,800 & 139 & 139 & 139 \\
\hline 800 & 850 & 24 & 24 & 24 & 2,800 & 2,850 & 82 & 82 & 82 & 4,800 & 4,850 & 140 & 140 & 140 \\
\hline 850 & 900 & 25 & 25 & 25 & 2,850 & 2,900 & 84 & 84 & 84 & 4,850 & 4,900 & 142 & 142 & 142 \\
\hline 900 & 950 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 2,900 & 2,950 & 85 & 85 & 85 & 4,900 & 4,950 & 143 & 143 & 143 \\
\hline 950 & 1,000 & 28 & 28 & 28 & 2,950 & 3,000 & 86 & 86 & 86 & 4,950 & 5,000 & 145 & 145 & 145 \\
\hline & & Your Ne & York Cit & \(y\) tax is: & 3,0 & & Your Ne & York Cit & tax is: & 5,0 & & Your New & York Cit & tax is: \\
\hline 1,000 & 1,050 & 30 & 30 & 30 & 3,000 & 3,050 & 88 & 88 & 88 & 5,000 & 5,050 & 146 & 146 & 146 \\
\hline 1,050 & 1,100 & 31 & 31 & 31 & 3,050 & 3,100 & 89 & 89 & 89 & 5,050 & 5,100 & 148 & 148 & 148 \\
\hline 1,100 & 1,150 & 33 & 33 & 33 & 3,100 & 3,150 & 91 & 91 & 91 & 5,100 & 5,150 & 149 & 149 & 149 \\
\hline 1,150 & 1,200 & 34 & 34 & 34 & 3,150 & 3,200 & 92 & 92 & 92 & 5,150 & 5,200 & 150 & 150 & 150 \\
\hline 1,200 & 1,250 & 36 & 36 & 36 & 3,200 & 3,250 & 94 & 94 & 94 & 5,200 & 5,250 & 152 & 152 & 152 \\
\hline 1,250 & 1,300 & 37 & 37 & 37 & 3,250 & 3,300 & 95 & 95 & 95 & 5,250 & 5,300 & 153 & 153 & 153 \\
\hline 1,300 & 1,350 & 39 & 39 & 39 & 3,300 & 3,350 & 97 & 97 & 97 & 5,300 & 5,350 & 155 & 155 & 155 \\
\hline 1,350 & 1,400 & 40 & 40 & 40 & 3,350 & 3,400 & 98 & 98 & 98 & 5,350 & 5,400 & 156 & 156 & 156 \\
\hline 1,400 & 1,450 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 3,400 & 3,450 & 100 & 100 & 100 & 5,400 & 5,450 & 158 & 158 & 158 \\
\hline 1,450 & 1,500 & 43 & 43 & 43 & 3,450 & 3,500 & 101 & 101 & 101 & 5,450 & 5,500 & 159 & 159 & 159 \\
\hline 1,500 & 1,550 & 44 & 44 & 44 & 3,500 & 3,550 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 5,500 & 5,550 & 161 & 161 & 161 \\
\hline 1,550 & 1,600 & 46 & 46 & 46 & 3,550 & 3,600 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 5,550 & 5,600 & 162 & 162 & 162 \\
\hline 1,600 & 1,650 & 47 & 47 & 47 & 3,600 & 3,650 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 5,600 & 5,650 & 164 & 164 & 164 \\
\hline 1,650 & 1,700 & 49 & 49 & 49 & 3,650 & 3,700 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 5,650 & 5,700 & 165 & 165 & 165 \\
\hline 1,700 & 1,750 & 50 & 50 & 50 & 3,700 & 3,750 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 5,700 & 5,750 & 166 & 166 & 166 \\
\hline 1,750 & 1,800 & 52 & 52 & 52 & 3,750 & 3,800 & 110 & 110 & 110 & 5,750 & 5,800 & 168 & 168 & 168 \\
\hline 1,800 & 1,850 & 53 & 53 & 53 & 3,800 & 3,850 & 111 & 111 & 111 & 5,800 & 5,850 & 169 & 169 & 169 \\
\hline 1,850 & 1,900 & 55 & 55 & 55 & 3,850 & 3,900 & 113 & 113 & 113 & 5,850 & 5,900 & 171 & 171 & 171 \\
\hline 1,900 & 1,950 & 56 & 56 & 56 & 3,900 & 3,950 & 114 & 114 & 114 & 5,900 & 5,950 & 172 & 172 & 172 \\
\hline 1,950 & 2,000 & 57 & 57 & 57 & 3,950 & 4,000 & 116 & 116 & 116 & 5,950 & 6,000 & 174 & 174 & 174 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{6,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{9,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{12,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 6,000 & 6,050 & 175 & 175 & 175 & 9,000 & 9,050 & 262 & 262 & 262 & 12,000 & 12,050 & 350 & 350 & 350 \\
\hline 6,050 & 6,100 & 177 & 177 & 177 & 9,050 & 9,100 & 264 & 264 & 264 & 12,050 & 12,100 & 352 & 351 & 351 \\
\hline 6,100 & 6,150 & 178 & 178 & 178 & 9,100 & 9,150 & 265 & 265 & 265 & 12,100 & 12,150 & 353 & 352 & 352 \\
\hline 6,150 & 6,200 & 180 & 180 & 180 & 9,150 & 9,200 & 267 & 267 & 267 & 12,150 & 12,200 & 355 & 354 & 354 \\
\hline 6,200 & 6,250 & 181 & 181 & 181 & 9,200 & 9,250 & 268 & 268 & 268 & 12,200 & 12,250 & 357 & 355 & 355 \\
\hline 6,250 & 6,300 & 182 & 182 & 182 & 9,250 & 9,300 & 270 & 270 & 270 & 12,250 & 12,300 & 359 & 357 & 357 \\
\hline 6,300 & 6,350 & 184 & 184 & 184 & 9,300 & 9,350 & 271 & 271 & 271 & 12,300 & 12,350 & 360 & 358 & 358 \\
\hline 6,350 & 6,400 & 185 & 185 & 185 & 9,350 & 9,400 & 273 & 273 & 273 & 12,350 & 12,400 & 362 & 360 & 360 \\
\hline 6,400 & 6,450 & 187 & 187 & 187 & 9,400 & 9,450 & 274 & 274 & 274 & 12,400 & 12,450 & 364 & 361 & 361 \\
\hline 6,450 & 6,500 & 188 & 188 & 188 & 9,450 & 9,500 & 275 & 275 & 275 & 12,450 & 12,500 & 366 & 363 & 363 \\
\hline 6,500 & 6,550 & 190 & 190 & 190 & 9,500 & 9,550 & 277 & 277 & 277 & 12,500 & 12,550 & 368 & 364 & 364 \\
\hline 6,550 & 6,600 & 191 & 191 & 191 & 9,550 & 9,600 & 278 & 278 & 278 & 12,550 & 12,600 & 369 & 366 & 366 \\
\hline 6,600 & 6,650 & 193 & 193 & 193 & 9,600 & 9,650 & 280 & 280 & 280 & 12,600 & 12,650 & 371 & 367 & 367 \\
\hline 6,650 & 6,700 & 194 & 194 & 194 & 9,650 & 9,700 & 281 & 281 & 281 & 12,650 & 12,700 & 373 & 368 & 368 \\
\hline 6,700 & 6,750 & 195 & 195 & 195 & 9,700 & 9,750 & 283 & 283 & 283 & 12,700 & 12,750 & 375 & 370 & 370 \\
\hline 6,750 & 6,800 & 197 & 197 & 197 & 9,750 & 9,800 & 284 & 284 & 284 & 12,750 & 12,800 & 376 & 371 & 371 \\
\hline 6,800 & 6,850 & 198 & 198 & 198 & 9,800 & 9,850 & 286 & 286 & 286 & 12,800 & 12,850 & 378 & 373 & 373 \\
\hline 6,850 & 6,900 & 200 & 200 & 200 & 9,850 & 9,900 & 287 & 287 & 287 & 12,850 & 12,900 & 380 & 374 & 374 \\
\hline 6,900 & 6,950 & 201 & 201 & 201 & 9,900 & 9,950 & 289 & 289 & 289 & 12,900 & 12,950 & 382 & 376 & 376 \\
\hline 6,950 & 7,000 & 203 & 203 & 203 & 9,950 & 10,000 & 290 & 290 & 290 & 12,950 & 13,000 & 383 & 377 & 377 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{7,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{10,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{13,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 7,000 & 7,050 & 204 & 204 & 204 & 10,000 & 10,050 & 291 & 291 & 291 & 13,000 & 13,050 & 385 & 379 & 379 \\
\hline 7,050 & 7,100 & 206 & 206 & 206 & 10,050 & 10,100 & 293 & 293 & 293 & 13,050 & 13,100 & 387 & 380 & 380 \\
\hline 7,100 & 7,150 & 207 & 207 & 207 & 10,100 & 10,150 & 294 & 294 & 294 & 13,100 & 13,150 & 389 & 382 & 382 \\
\hline 7,150 & 7,200 & 209 & 209 & 209 & 10,150 & 10,200 & 296 & 296 & 296 & 13,150 & 13,200 & 391 & 383 & 383 \\
\hline 7,200 & 7,250 & 210 & 210 & 210 & 10,200 & 10,250 & 297 & 297 & 297 & 13,200 & 13,250 & 392 & 384 & 384 \\
\hline 7,250 & 7,300 & 211 & 211 & 211 & 10,250 & 10,300 & 299 & 299 & 299 & 13,250 & 13,300 & 394 & 386 & 386 \\
\hline 7,300 & 7,350 & 213 & 213 & 213 & 10,300 & 10,350 & 300 & 300 & 300 & 13,300 & 13,350 & 396 & 387 & 387 \\
\hline 7,350 & 7,400 & 214 & 214 & 214 & 10,350 & 10,400 & 302 & 302 & 302 & 13,350 & 13,400 & 398 & 389 & 389 \\
\hline 7,400 & 7,450 & 216 & 216 & 216 & 10,400 & 10,450 & 303 & 303 & 303 & 13,400 & 13,450 & 399 & 390 & 390 \\
\hline 7,450 & 7,500 & 217 & 217 & 217 & 10,450 & 10,500 & 305 & 305 & 305 & 13,450 & 13,500 & 401 & 392 & 392 \\
\hline 7,500 & 7,550 & 219 & 219 & 219 & 10,500 & 10,550 & 306 & 306 & 306 & 13,500 & 13,550 & 403 & 393 & 393 \\
\hline 7,550 & 7,600 & 220 & 220 & 220 & 10,550 & 10,600 & 307 & 307 & 307 & 13,550 & 13,600 & 405 & 395 & 395 \\
\hline 7,600 & 7,650 & 222 & 222 & 222 & 10,600 & 10,650 & 309 & 309 & 309 & 13,600 & 13,650 & 406 & 396 & 396 \\
\hline 7,650 & 7,700 & 223 & 223 & 223 & 10,650 & 10,700 & 310 & 310 & 310 & 13,650 & 13,700 & 408 & 398 & 398 \\
\hline 7,700 & 7,750 & 225 & 225 & 225 & 10,700 & 10,750 & 312 & 312 & 312 & 13,700 & 13,750 & 410 & 399 & 399 \\
\hline 7,750 & 7,800 & 226 & 226 & 226 & 10,750 & 10,800 & 313 & 313 & 313 & 13,750 & 13,800 & 412 & 400 & 400 \\
\hline 7,800 & 7,850 & 227 & 227 & 227 & 10,800 & 10,850 & 315 & 315 & 315 & 13,800 & 13,850 & 413 & 402 & 402 \\
\hline 7,850 & 7,900 & 229 & 229 & 229 & 10,850 & 10,900 & 316 & 316 & 316 & 13,850 & 13,900 & 415 & 403 & 403 \\
\hline 7,900 & 7,950 & 230 & 230 & 230 & 10,900 & 10,950 & 318 & 318 & 318 & 13,900 & 13,950 & 417 & 405 & 405 \\
\hline 7,950 & 8,000 & 232 & 232 & 232 & 10,950 & 11,000 & 319 & 319 & 319 & 13,950 & 14,000 & 419 & 406 & 406 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{8,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{11,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{14,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 8,000 & 8,050 & 233 & 233 & 233 & 11,000 & 11,050 & 320 & 320 & 320 & 14,000 & 14,050 & 421 & 408 & 408 \\
\hline 8,050 & 8,100 & 235 & 235 & 235 & 11,050 & 11,100 & 322 & 322 & 322 & 14,050 & 14,100 & 422 & 409 & 409 \\
\hline 8,100 & 8,150 & 236 & 236 & 236 & 11,100 & 11,150 & 323 & 323 & 323 & 14,100 & 14,150 & 424 & 411 & 411 \\
\hline 8,150 & 8,200 & 238 & 238 & 238 & 11,150 & 11,200 & 325 & 325 & 325 & 14,150 & 14,200 & 426 & 412 & 412 \\
\hline 8,200 & 8,250 & 239 & 239 & 239 & 11,200 & 11,250 & 326 & 326 & 326 & 14,200 & 14,250 & 428 & 414 & 414 \\
\hline 8,250 & 8,300 & 241 & 241 & 241 & 11,250 & 11,300 & 328 & 328 & 328 & 14,250 & 14,300 & 429 & 415 & 415 \\
\hline 8,300 & 8,350 & 242 & 242 & 242 & 11,300 & 11,350 & 329 & 329 & 329 & 14,300 & 14,350 & 431 & 416 & 416 \\
\hline 8,350 & 8,400 & 243 & 243 & 243 & 11,350 & 11,400 & 331 & 331 & 331 & 14,350 & 14,400 & 433 & 418 & 418 \\
\hline 8,400 & 8,450 & 245 & 245 & 245 & 11,400 & 11,450 & 332 & 332 & 332 & 14,400 & 14,450 & 435 & 419 & 420 \\
\hline 8,450 & 8,500 & 246 & 246 & 246 & 11,450 & 11,500 & 334 & 334 & 334 & 14,450 & 14,500 & 436 & 421 & 422 \\
\hline 8,500 & 8,550 & 248 & 248 & 248 & 11,500 & 11,550 & 335 & 335 & 335 & 14,500 & 14,550 & 438 & 422 & 423 \\
\hline 8,550 & 8,600 & 249 & 249 & 249 & 11,550 & 11,600 & 336 & 336 & 336 & 14,550 & 14,600 & 440 & 424 & 425 \\
\hline 8,600 & 8,650 & 251 & 251 & 251 & 11,600 & 11,650 & 338 & 338 & 338 & 14,600 & 14,650 & 442 & 425 & 427 \\
\hline 8,650 & 8,700 & 252 & 252 & 252 & 11,650 & 11,700 & 339 & 339 & 339 & 14,650 & 14,700 & 444 & 427 & 429 \\
\hline 8,700 & 8,750 & 254 & 254 & 254 & 11,700 & 11,750 & 341 & 341 & 341 & 14,700 & 14,750 & 445 & 428 & 430 \\
\hline 8,750 & 8,800 & 255 & 255 & 255 & 11,750 & 11,800 & 342 & 342 & 342 & 14,750 & 14,800 & 447 & 430 & 432 \\
\hline 8,800 & 8,850 & 257 & 257 & 257 & 11,800 & 11,850 & 344 & 344 & 344 & 14,800 & 14,850 & 449 & 431 & 434 \\
\hline 8,850 & 8,900 & 258 & 258 & 258 & 11,850 & 11,900 & 345 & 345 & 345 & 14,850 & 14,900 & 451 & 432 & 436 \\
\hline 8,900 & 8,950 & 259 & 259 & 259 & 11,900 & 11,950 & 347 & 347 & 347 & 14,900 & 14,950 & 452 & 434 & 438 \\
\hline 8,950 & 9,000 & 261 & 261 & 261 & 11,950 & 12,000 & 348 & 348 & 348 & 14,950 & 15,000 & 454 & 435 & 439 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & yur ble e is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & \begin{tabular}{l}
Single or \\
Married filing separately
\end{tabular} & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{15,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{18,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{21,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 15,000 & 15,050 & 456 & 437 & 441 & 18,000 & 18,050 & 562 & 524 & 547 & 21,000 & 21,050 & 668 & 611 & 653 \\
\hline 15,050 & 15,100 & 458 & 438 & 443 & 18,050 & 18,100 & 564 & 525 & 549 & 21,050 & 21,100 & 670 & 613 & 655 \\
\hline 15,100 & 15,150 & 459 & 440 & 445 & 18,100 & 18,150 & 565 & 527 & 551 & 21,100 & 21,150 & 671 & 614 & 657 \\
\hline 15,150 & 15,200 & 461 & 441 & 446 & 18,150 & 18,200 & 567 & 528 & 552 & 21,150 & 21,200 & 673 & 616 & 658 \\
\hline 15,200 & 15,250 & 463 & 443 & 448 & 18,200 & 18,250 & 569 & 530 & 554 & 21,200 & 21,250 & 675 & 617 & 660 \\
\hline 15,250 & 15,300 & 465 & 444 & 450 & 18,250 & 18,300 & 571 & 531 & 556 & 21,250 & 21,300 & 677 & 618 & 662 \\
\hline 15,300 & 15,350 & 467 & 445 & 452 & 18,300 & 18,350 & 573 & 533 & 558 & 21,300 & 21,350 & 679 & 620 & 664 \\
\hline 15,350 & 15,400 & 468 & 447 & 453 & 18,350 & 18,400 & 574 & 534 & 559 & 21,350 & 21,400 & 680 & 621 & 665 \\
\hline 15,400 & 15,450 & 470 & 448 & 455 & 18,400 & 18,450 & 576 & 536 & 561 & 21,400 & 21,450 & 682 & 623 & 667 \\
\hline 15,450 & 15,500 & 472 & 450 & 457 & 18,450 & 18,500 & 578 & 537 & 563 & 21,450 & 21,500 & 684 & 624 & 669 \\
\hline 15,500 & 15,550 & 474 & 451 & 459 & 18,500 & 18,550 & 580 & 539 & 565 & 21,500 & 21,550 & 686 & 626 & 671 \\
\hline 15,550 & 15,600 & 475 & 453 & 461 & 18,550 & 18,600 & 581 & 540 & 567 & 21,550 & 21,600 & 687 & 627 & 673 \\
\hline 15,600 & 15,650 & 477 & 454 & 462 & 18,600 & 18,650 & 583 & 541 & 568 & 21,600 & 21,650 & 689 & 629 & 674 \\
\hline 15,650 & 15,700 & 479 & 456 & 464 & 18,650 & 18,700 & 585 & 543 & 570 & 21,650 & 21,700 & 691 & 631 & 676 \\
\hline 15,700 & 15,750 & 481 & 457 & 466 & 18,700 & 18,750 & 587 & 544 & 572 & 21,700 & 21,750 & 693 & 632 & 678 \\
\hline 15,750 & 15,800 & 482 & 459 & 468 & 18,750 & 18,800 & 588 & 546 & 574 & 21,750 & 21,800 & 694 & 634 & 680 \\
\hline 15,800 & 15,850 & 484 & 460 & 469 & 18,800 & 18,850 & 590 & 547 & 575 & 21,800 & 21,850 & 696 & 636 & 681 \\
\hline 15,850 & 15,900 & 486 & 461 & 471 & 18,850 & 18,900 & 592 & 549 & 577 & 21,850 & 21,900 & 698 & 638 & 683 \\
\hline 15,900 & 15,950 & 488 & 463 & 473 & 18,900 & 18,950 & 594 & 550 & 579 & 21,900 & 21,950 & 700 & 639 & 685 \\
\hline 15,950 & 16,000 & 489 & 464 & 475 & 18,950 & 19,000 & 595 & 552 & 581 & 21,950 & 22,000 & 702 & 641 & 687 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{16,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{19,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{22,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 16,000 & 16,050 & 491 & 466 & 476 & 19,000 & 19,050 & 597 & 553 & 582 & 22,000 & 22,050 & 703 & 643 & 688 \\
\hline 16,050 & 16,100 & 493 & 467 & 478 & 19,050 & 19,100 & 599 & 555 & 584 & 22,050 & 22,100 & 705 & 645 & 690 \\
\hline 16,100 & 16,150 & 495 & 469 & 480 & 19,100 & 19,150 & 601 & 556 & 586 & 22,100 & 22,150 & 707 & 647 & 692 \\
\hline 16,150 & 16,200 & 497 & 470 & 482 & 19,150 & 19,200 & 603 & 557 & 588 & 22,150 & 22,200 & 709 & 648 & 694 \\
\hline 16,200 & 16,250 & 498 & 472 & 483 & 19,200 & 19,250 & 604 & 559 & 590 & 22,200 & 22,250 & 710 & 650 & 696 \\
\hline 16,250 & 16,300 & 500 & 473 & 485 & 19,250 & 19,300 & 606 & 560 & 591 & 22,250 & 22,300 & 712 & 652 & 697 \\
\hline 16,300 & 16,350 & 502 & 475 & 487 & 19,300 & 19,350 & 608 & 562 & 593 & 22,300 & 22,350 & 714 & 654 & 699 \\
\hline 16,350 & 16,400 & 504 & 476 & 489 & 19,350 & 19,400 & 610 & 563 & 595 & 22,350 & 22,400 & 716 & 655 & 701 \\
\hline 16,400 & 16,450 & 505 & 477 & 491 & 19,400 & 19,450 & 611 & 565 & 597 & 22,400 & 22,450 & 717 & 657 & 703 \\
\hline 16,450 & 16,500 & 507 & 479 & 492 & 19,450 & 19,500 & 613 & 566 & 598 & 22,450 & 22,500 & 719 & 659 & 704 \\
\hline 16,500 & 16,550 & 509 & 480 & 494 & 19,500 & 19,550 & 615 & 568 & 600 & 22,500 & 22,550 & 721 & 661 & 706 \\
\hline 16,550 & 16,600 & 511 & 482 & 496 & 19,550 & 19,600 & 617 & 569 & 602 & 22,550 & 22,600 & 723 & 662 & 708 \\
\hline 16,600 & 16,650 & 512 & 483 & 498 & 19,600 & 19,650 & 618 & 570 & 604 & 22,600 & 22,650 & 724 & 664 & 710 \\
\hline 16,650 & 16,700 & 514 & 485 & 499 & 19,650 & 19,700 & 620 & 572 & 605 & 22,650 & 22,700 & 726 & 666 & 711 \\
\hline 16,700 & 16,750 & 516 & 486 & 501 & 19,700 & 19,750 & 622 & 573 & 607 & 22,700 & 22,750 & 728 & 668 & 713 \\
\hline 16,750 & 16,800 & 518 & 488 & 503 & 19,750 & 19,800 & 624 & 575 & 609 & 22,750 & 22,800 & 730 & 670 & 715 \\
\hline 16,800 & 16,850 & 520 & 489 & 505 & 19,800 & 19,850 & 626 & 576 & 611 & 22,800 & 22,850 & 732 & 671 & 717 \\
\hline 16,850 & 16,900 & 521 & 491 & 506 & 19,850 & 19,900 & 627 & 578 & 612 & 22,850 & 22,900 & 733 & 673 & 719 \\
\hline 16,900 & 16,950 & 523 & 492 & 508 & 19,900 & 19,950 & 629 & 579 & 614 & 22,900 & 22,950 & 735 & 675 & 720 \\
\hline 16,950 & 17,000 & 525 & 493 & 510 & 19,950 & 20,000 & 631 & 581 & 616 & 22,950 & 23,000 & 737 & 677 & 722 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{17,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{20,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{23,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 17,000 & 17,050 & 527 & 495 & 512 & 20,000 & 20,050 & 633 & 582 & 618 & 23,000 & 23,050 & 739 & 678 & 724 \\
\hline 17,050 & 17,100 & 528 & 496 & 514 & 20,050 & 20,100 & 634 & 584 & 620 & 23,050 & 23,100 & 740 & 680 & 726 \\
\hline 17,100 & 17,150 & 530 & 498 & 515 & 20,100 & 20,150 & 636 & 585 & 621 & 23,100 & 23,150 & 742 & 682 & 727 \\
\hline 17,150 & 17,200 & 532 & 499 & 517 & 20,150 & 20,200 & 638 & 586 & 623 & 23,150 & 23,200 & 744 & 684 & 729 \\
\hline 17,200 & 17,250 & 534 & 501 & 519 & 20,200 & 20,250 & 640 & 588 & 625 & 23,200 & 23,250 & 746 & 685 & 731 \\
\hline 17,250 & 17,300 & 535 & 502 & 521 & 20,250 & 20,300 & 641 & 589 & 627 & 23,250 & 23,300 & 747 & 687 & 733 \\
\hline 17,300 & 17,350 & 537 & 504 & 522 & 20,300 & 20,350 & 643 & 591 & 628 & 23,300 & 23,350 & 749 & 689 & 734 \\
\hline 17,350 & 17,400 & 539 & 505 & 524 & 20,350 & 20,400 & 645 & 592 & 630 & 23,350 & 23,400 & 751 & 691 & 736 \\
\hline 17,400 & 17,450 & 541 & 507 & 526 & 20,400 & 20,450 & 647 & 594 & 632 & 23,400 & 23,450 & 753 & 692 & 738 \\
\hline 17,450 & 17,500 & 542 & 508 & 528 & 20,450 & 20,500 & 649 & 595 & 634 & 23,450 & 23,500 & 755 & 694 & 740 \\
\hline 17,500 & 17,550 & 544 & 509 & 529 & 20,500 & 20,550 & 650 & 597 & 635 & 23,500 & 23,550 & 756 & 696 & 741 \\
\hline 17,550 & 17,600 & 546 & 511 & 531 & 20,550 & 20,600 & 652 & 598 & 637 & 23,550 & 23,600 & 758 & 698 & 743 \\
\hline 17,600 & \[
17,650
\] & 548 & 512 & 533 & 20,600 & 20,650 & 654 & 600 & 639 & 23,600 & 23,650 & 760 & 700 & 745 \\
\hline 17,650 & 17,700 & 550 & 514 & 535 & 20,650 & 20,700 & 656 & 601 & 641 & 23,650 & 23,700 & 762 & 701 & 747 \\
\hline 17,700 & 17,750 & 551 & 515 & 537 & 20,700 & 20,750 & 657 & 602 & 643 & 23,700 & 23,750 & 763 & 703 & 749 \\
\hline 17,750 & 17,800 & 553 & 517 & 538 & 20,750 & 20,800 & 659 & 604 & 644 & 23,750 & 23,800 & 765 & 705 & 750 \\
\hline 17,800 & 17,850 & 555 & 518 & 540 & 20,800 & 20,850 & 661 & 605 & 646 & 23,800 & 23,850 & 767 & 707 & 752 \\
\hline 17,850 & 17,900 & 557 & 520 & 542 & 20,850 & 20,900 & 663 & 607 & 648 & 23,850 & 23,900 & 769 & 708 & 754 \\
\hline 17,900 & 17,950 & 558 & 521 & 544 & 20,900 & 20,950 & 664 & 608 & 650 & 23,900 & 23,950 & 770 & 710 & 756 \\
\hline 17,950 & 18,000 & 560 & 523 & 545 & 20,950 & 21,000 & 666 & 610 & 651 & 23,950 & 24,000 & 772 & 712 & 757 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If \(y\) tax incom & \begin{tabular}{l}
ble \\
e is -
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{24,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{27,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{30,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 24,000 & 24,050 & 774 & 714 & 759 & 27,000 & 27,050 & 881 & 820 & 865 & 30,000 & 30,050 & 988 & 926 & 971 \\
\hline 24,050 & 24,100 & 776 & 715 & 761 & 27,050 & 27,100 & 883 & 821 & 867 & 30,050 & 30,100 & 990 & 928 & 973 \\
\hline 24,100 & 24,150 & 777 & 717 & 763 & 27,100 & 27,150 & 884 & 823 & 869 & 30,100 & 30,150 & 992 & 929 & 974 \\
\hline 24,150 & 24,200 & 779 & 719 & 764 & 27,150 & 27,200 & 886 & 825 & 870 & 30,150 & 30,200 & 994 & 931 & 976 \\
\hline 24,200 & 24,250 & 781 & 721 & 766 & 27,200 & 27,250 & 888 & 827 & 872 & 30,200 & 30,250 & 996 & 933 & 978 \\
\hline 24,250 & 24,300 & 783 & 723 & 768 & 27,250 & 27,300 & 890 & 829 & 874 & 30,250 & 30,300 & 997 & 935 & 980 \\
\hline 24,300 & 24,350 & 785 & 724 & 770 & 27,300 & 27,350 & 891 & 830 & 876 & 30,300 & 30,350 & 999 & 936 & 982 \\
\hline 24,350 & 24,400 & 786 & 726 & 772 & 27,350 & 27,400 & 893 & 832 & 878 & 30,350 & 30,400 & 1,001 & 938 & 983 \\
\hline 24,400 & 24,450 & 788 & 728 & 773 & 27,400 & 27,450 & 895 & 834 & 879 & 30,400 & 30,450 & 1,003 & 940 & 985 \\
\hline 24,450 & 24,500 & 790 & 730 & 775 & 27,450 & 27,500 & 897 & 836 & 881 & 30,450 & 30,500 & 1,005 & 942 & 987 \\
\hline 24,500 & 24,550 & 792 & 731 & 777 & 27,500 & 27,550 & 899 & 837 & 883 & 30,500 & 30,550 & 1,006 & 943 & 989 \\
\hline 24,550 & 24,600 & 793 & 733 & 779 & 27,550 & 27,600 & 900 & 839 & 885 & 30,550 & 30,600 & 1,008 & 945 & 991 \\
\hline 24,600 & 24,650 & 795 & 735 & 780 & 27,600 & 27,650 & 902 & 841 & 886 & 30,600 & 30,650 & 1,010 & 947 & 992 \\
\hline 24,650 & 24,700 & 797 & 737 & 782 & 27,650 & 27,700 & 904 & 843 & 888 & 30,650 & 30,700 & 1,012 & 949 & 994 \\
\hline 24,700 & 24,750 & 799 & 738 & 784 & 27,700 & 27,750 & 906 & 844 & 890 & 30,700 & 30,750 & 1,014 & 950 & 996 \\
\hline 24,750 & 24,800 & 800 & 740 & 786 & 27,750 & 27,800 & 908 & 846 & 892 & 30,750 & 30,800 & 1,015 & 952 & 998 \\
\hline 24,800 & 24,850 & 802 & 742 & 787 & 27,800 & 27,850 & 909 & 848 & 893 & 30,800 & 30,850 & 1,017 & 954 & 1,000 \\
\hline 24,850 & 24,900 & 804 & 744 & 789 & 27,850 & 27,900 & 911 & 850 & 895 & 30,850 & 30,900 & 1,019 & 956 & 1,001 \\
\hline 24,900 & 24,950 & 806 & 746 & 791 & 27,900 & 27,950 & 913 & 852 & 897 & 30,900 & 30,950 & 1,021 & 958 & 1,003 \\
\hline 24,950 & 25,000 & 808 & 747 & 793 & 27,950 & 28,000 & 915 & 853 & 899 & 30,950 & 31,000 & 1,023 & 959 & 1,005 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{25,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{28,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 25,000 & 25,050 & 809 & 749 & 794 & 28,000 & 28,050 & 917 & 855 & 901 & 31,000 & 31,050 & 1,024 & 961 & 1,007 \\
\hline 25,050 & 25,100 & 811 & 751 & 796 & 28,050 & 28,100 & 918 & 857 & 902 & 31,050 & 31,100 & 1,026 & 963 & 1,009 \\
\hline 25,100 & 25,150 & 812 & 753 & 798 & 28,100 & 28,150 & 920 & 859 & 904 & 31,100 & 31,150 & 1,028 & 965 & 1,010 \\
\hline 25,150 & 25,200 & 814 & 754 & 800 & 28,150 & 28,200 & 922 & 860 & 906 & 31,150 & 31,200 & 1,030 & 966 & 1,012 \\
\hline 25,200 & 25,250 & 816 & 756 & 802 & 28,200 & 28,250 & 924 & 862 & 908 & 31,200 & 31,250 & 1,032 & 968 & 1,014 \\
\hline 25,250 & 25,300 & 818 & 758 & 803 & 28,250 & 28,300 & 926 & 864 & 909 & 31,250 & 31,300 & 1,033 & 970 & 1,016 \\
\hline 25,300 & 25,350 & 820 & 760 & 805 & 28,300 & 28,350 & 927 & 866 & 911 & 31,300 & 31,350 & 1,035 & 972 & 1,018 \\
\hline 25,350 & 25,400 & 821 & 761 & 807 & 28,350 & 28,400 & 929 & 867 & 913 & 31,350 & 31,400 & 1,037 & 973 & 1,019 \\
\hline 25,400 & 25,450 & 823 & 763 & 809 & 28,400 & 28,450 & 931 & 869 & 915 & 31,400 & 31,450 & 1,039 & 975 & 1,021 \\
\hline 25,450 & 25,500 & 825 & 765 & 810 & 28,450 & 28,500 & 933 & 871 & 916 & 31,450 & 31,500 & 1,041 & 977 & 1,023 \\
\hline 25,500 & 25,550 & 827 & 767 & 812 & 28,500 & 28,550 & 935 & 873 & 918 & 31,500 & 31,550 & 1,042 & 979 & 1,025 \\
\hline 25,550 & 25,600 & 829 & 768 & 814 & 28,550 & 28,600 & 936 & 874 & 920 & 31,550 & 31,600 & 1,044 & 981 & 1,027 \\
\hline 25,600 & 25,650 & 830 & 770 & 816 & 28,600 & 28,650 & 938 & 876 & 922 & 31,600 & 31,650 & 1,046 & 982 & 1,028 \\
\hline 25,650 & 25,700 & 832 & 772 & 817 & 28,650 & 28,700 & 940 & 878 & 923 & 31,650 & 31,700 & 1,048 & 984 & 1,030 \\
\hline 25,700 & 25,750 & 834 & 774 & 819 & 28,700 & 28,750 & 942 & 880 & 925 & 31,700 & 31,750 & 1,049 & 986 & 1,032 \\
\hline 25,750 & 25,800 & 836 & 776 & 821 & 28,750 & 28,800 & 944 & 882 & 927 & 31,750 & 31,800 & 1,051 & 988 & 1,034 \\
\hline 25,800 & 25,850 & 838 & 777 & 823 & 28,800 & 28,850 & 945 & 883 & 929 & 31,800 & 31,850 & 1,053 & 989 & 1,036 \\
\hline 25,850 & 25,900 & 839 & 779 & 825 & 28,850 & 28,900 & 947 & 885 & 931 & 31,850 & 31,900 & 1,055 & 991 & 1,037 \\
\hline 25,900 & 25,950 & 841 & 781 & 826 & 28,900 & 28,950 & 949 & 887 & 932 & 31,900 & 31,950 & 1,057 & 993 & 1,039 \\
\hline 25,950 & 26,000 & 843 & 783 & 828 & 28,950 & 29,000 & 951 & 889 & 934 & 31,950 & 32,000 & 1,058 & 995 & 1,041 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{26,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{29,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{32,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 26,000 & 26,050 & 845 & 784 & 830 & 29,000 & 29,050 & 953 & 890 & 936 & 32,000 & 32,050 & 1,060 & 996 & 1,043 \\
\hline 26,050 & 26,100 & 847 & 786 & 832 & 29,050 & 29,100 & 954 & 892 & 938 & 32,050 & 32,100 & 1,062 & 998 & 1,045 \\
\hline 26,100 & 26,150 & 848 & 788 & 833 & 29,100 & 29,150 & 956 & 894 & 939 & 32,100 & 32,150 & 1,064 & 1,000 & 1,046 \\
\hline 26,150 & 26,200 & 850 & 790 & 835 & 29,150 & 29,200 & 958 & 896 & 941 & 32,150 & 32,200 & 1,066 & 1,002 & 1,048 \\
\hline 26,200 & 26,250 & 852 & 791 & 837 & 29,200 & 29,250 & 960 & 897 & 943 & 32,200 & 32,250 & 1,067 & 1,003 & 1,050 \\
\hline 26,250 & 26,300 & 854 & 793 & 839 & 29,250 & 29,300 & 962 & 899 & 945 & 32,250 & 32,300 & 1,069 & 1,005 & 1,052 \\
\hline 26,300 & 26,350 & 856 & 795 & 840 & 29,300 & 29,350 & 963 & 901 & 946 & 32,300 & 32,350 & 1,071 & 1,007 & 1,053 \\
\hline 26,350 & 26,400 & 857 & 797 & 842 & 29,350 & 29,400 & 965 & 903 & 948 & 32,350 & 32,400 & 1,073 & 1,009 & 1,055 \\
\hline 26,400 & 26,450 & 859 & 799 & 844 & 29,400 & 29,450 & 967 & 905 & 950 & 32,400 & 32,450 & 1,075 & 1,011 & 1,057 \\
\hline 26,450 & 26,500 & 861 & 800 & 846 & 29,450 & 29,500 & 969 & 906 & 952 & 32,450 & 32,500 & 1,076 & 1,012 & 1,059 \\
\hline 26,500 & 26,550 & 863 & 802 & 847 & 29,500 & 29,550 & 970 & 908 & 954 & 32,500 & 32,550 & 1,078 & 1,014 & 1,061 \\
\hline 26,550 & 26,600 & 865 & 804 & 849 & 29,550 & 29,600 & 972 & 910 & 955 & 32,550 & 32,600 & 1,080 & 1,016 & 1,062 \\
\hline 26,600 & 26,650 & 866 & 806 & 851 & 29,600 & 29,650 & 974 & 912 & 957 & 32,600 & 32,650 & 1,082 & 1,018 & 1,064 \\
\hline 26,650 & 26,700 & 868 & 807 & 853 & 29,650 & 29,700 & 976 & 913 & 959 & 32,650 & 32,700 & 1,084 & 1,019 & 1,066 \\
\hline 26,700 & 26,750 & 870 & 809 & 855 & 29,700 & 29,750 & 978 & 915 & 961 & 32,700 & 32,750 & 1,085 & 1,021 & 1,068 \\
\hline 26,750 & 26,800 & 872 & 811 & 856 & 29,750 & 29,800 & 979 & 917 & 962 & 32,750 & 32,800 & 1,087 & 1,023 & 1,070 \\
\hline 26,800 & 26,850 & 874 & 813 & 858 & 29,800 & 29,850 & 981 & 919 & 964 & 32,800 & 32,850 & 1,089 & 1,025 & 1,071 \\
\hline 26,850 & 26,900 & 875 & 814 & 860 & 29,850 & 29,900 & 983 & 920 & 966 & 32,850 & 32,900 & 1,091 & 1,026 & 1,073 \\
\hline 26,900 & 26,950 & 877 & 816 & 862 & 29,900 & 29,950 & 985 & 922 & 968 & 32,900 & 32,950 & 1,093 & 1,028 & 1,075 \\
\hline 26,950 & 27,000 & 879 & 818 & 863 & 29,950 & 30,000 & 987 & 924 & 969 & 32,950 & 33,000 & 1,094 & 1,030 & 1,077 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & \begin{tabular}{l}
ur \\
le \\
is -
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{33,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{36,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{39,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 33,000 & 33,050 & 1,096 & 1,032 & 1,079 & 36,000 & 36,050 & 1,204 & 1,138 & 1,186 & 39,000 & 39,050 & 1,312 & 1,244 & 1,294 \\
\hline 33,050 & 33,100 & 1,098 & 1,034 & 1,080 & 36,050 & 36,100 & 1,206 & 1,140 & 1,188 & 39,050 & 39,100 & 1,313 & 1,246 & 1,296 \\
\hline 33,100 & 33,150 & 1,100 & 1,035 & 1,082 & 36,100 & 36,150 & 1,207 & 1,141 & 1,190 & 39,100 & 39,150 & 1,315 & 1,247 & 1,298 \\
\hline 33,150 & 33,200 & 1,102 & 1,037 & 1,084 & 36,150 & 36,200 & 1,209 & 1,143 & 1,192 & 39,150 & 39,200 & 1,317 & 1,249 & 1,299 \\
\hline 33,200 & 33,250 & 1,103 & 1,039 & 1,086 & 36,200 & 36,250 & 1,211 & 1,145 & 1,194 & 39,200 & 39,250 & 1,319 & 1,251 & 1,301 \\
\hline 33,250 & 33,300 & 1,105 & 1,041 & 1,088 & 36,250 & 36,300 & 1,213 & 1,147 & 1,195 & 39,250 & 39,300 & 1,321 & 1,253 & 1,303 \\
\hline 33,300 & 33,350 & 1,107 & 1,042 & 1,089 & 36,300 & 36,350 & 1,215 & 1,148 & 1,197 & 39,300 & 39,350 & 1,322 & 1,254 & 1,305 \\
\hline 33,350 & 33,400 & 1,109 & 1,044 & 1,091 & 36,350 & 36,400 & 1,216 & 1,150 & 1,199 & 39,350 & 39,400 & 1,324 & 1,256 & 1,307 \\
\hline 33,400 & 33,450 & 1,111 & 1,046 & 1,093 & 36,400 & 36,450 & 1,218 & 1,152 & 1,201 & 39,400 & 39,450 & 1,326 & 1,258 & 1,308 \\
\hline 33,450 & 33,500 & 1,112 & 1,048 & 1,095 & 36,450 & 36,500 & 1,220 & 1,154 & 1,203 & 39,450 & 39,500 & 1,328 & 1,260 & 1,310 \\
\hline 33,500 & 33,550 & 1,114 & 1,049 & 1,097 & 36,500 & 36,550 & 1,222 & 1,155 & 1,204 & 39,500 & 39,550 & 1,330 & 1,261 & 1,312 \\
\hline 33,550 & 33,600 & 1,116 & 1,051 & 1,098 & 36,550 & 36,600 & 1,224 & 1,157 & 1,206 & 39,550 & 39,600 & 1,331 & 1,263 & 1,314 \\
\hline 33,600 & 33,650 & 1,118 & 1,053 & 1,100 & 36,600 & 36,650 & 1,225 & 1,159 & 1,208 & 39,600 & 39,650 & 1,333 & 1,265 & 1,316 \\
\hline 33,650 & 33,700 & 1,120 & 1,055 & 1,102 & 36,650 & 36,700 & 1,227 & 1,161 & 1,210 & 39,650 & 39,700 & 1,335 & 1,267 & 1,317 \\
\hline 33,700 & 33,750 & 1,121 & 1,056 & 1,104 & 36,700 & 36,750 & 1,229 & 1,163 & 1,211 & 39,700 & 39,750 & 1,337 & 1,269 & 1,319 \\
\hline 33,750 & 33,800 & 1,123 & 1,058 & 1,106 & 36,750 & 36,800 & 1,231 & 1,164 & 1,213 & 39,750 & 39,800 & 1,339 & 1,270 & 1,321 \\
\hline 33,800 & 33,850 & 1,125 & 1,060 & 1,107 & 36,800 & 36,850 & 1,233 & 1,166 & 1,215 & 39,800 & 39,850 & 1,340 & 1,272 & 1,323 \\
\hline 33,850 & 33,900 & 1,127 & 1,062 & 1,109 & 36,850 & 36,900 & 1,234 & 1,168 & 1,217 & 39,850 & 39,900 & 1,342 & 1,274 & 1,325 \\
\hline 33,900 & 33,950 & 1,128 & 1,064 & 1,111 & 36,900 & 36,950 & 1,236 & 1,170 & 1,219 & 39,900 & 39,950 & 1,344 & 1,276 & 1,326 \\
\hline 33,950 & 34,000 & 1,130 & 1,065 & 1,113 & 36,950 & 37,000 & 1,238 & 1,171 & 1,220 & 39,950 & 40,000 & 1,346 & 1,277 & 1,328 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{34,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{37,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{40,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 34,000 & 34,050 & 1,132 & 1,067 & 1,115 & 37,000 & 37,050 & 1,240 & 1,173 & 1,222 & 40,000 & 40,050 & 1,348 & 1,279 & 1,330 \\
\hline 34,050 & 34,100 & 1,134 & 1,069 & 1,116 & 37,050 & 37,100 & 1,242 & 1,175 & 1,224 & 40,050 & 40,100 & 1,349 & 1,281 & 1,332 \\
\hline 34,100 & 34,150 & 1,136 & 1,071 & 1,118 & 37,100 & 37,150 & 1,243 & 1,177 & 1,226 & 40,100 & 40,150 & 1,351 & 1,283 & 1,334 \\
\hline 34,150 & 34,200 & 1,137 & 1,072 & 1,120 & 37,150 & 37,200 & 1,245 & 1,178 & 1,228 & 40,150 & 40,200 & 1,353 & 1,284 & 1,335 \\
\hline 34,200 & 34,250 & 1,139 & 1,074 & 1,122 & 37,200 & 37,250 & 1,247 & 1,180 & 1,229 & 40,200 & 40,250 & 1,355 & 1,286 & 1,337 \\
\hline 34,250 & 34,300 & 1,141 & 1,076 & 1,124 & 37,250 & 37,300 & 1,249 & 1,182 & 1,231 & 40,250 & 40,300 & 1,357 & 1,288 & 1,339 \\
\hline 34,300 & 34,350 & 1,143 & 1,078 & 1,125 & 37,300 & 37,350 & 1,251 & 1,184 & 1,233 & 40,300 & 40,350 & 1,358 & 1,290 & 1,341 \\
\hline 34,350 & 34,400 & 1,145 & 1,079 & 1,127 & 37,350 & 37,400 & 1,252 & 1,185 & 1,235 & 40,350 & 40,400 & 1,360 & 1,292 & 1,343 \\
\hline 34,400 & 34,450 & 1,146 & 1,081 & 1,129 & 37,400 & 37,450 & 1,254 & 1,187 & 1,237 & 40,400 & 40,450 & 1,362 & 1,293 & 1,344 \\
\hline 34,450 & 34,500 & 1,148 & 1,083 & 1,131 & 37,450 & 37,500 & 1,256 & 1,189 & 1,238 & 40,450 & 40,500 & 1,364 & 1,295 & 1,346 \\
\hline 34,500 & 34,550 & 1,150 & 1,085 & 1,132 & 37,500 & 37,550 & 1,258 & 1,191 & 1,240 & 40,500 & 40,550 & 1,366 & 1,297 & 1,348 \\
\hline 34,550 & 34,600 & 1,152 & 1,087 & 1,134 & 37,550 & 37,600 & 1,260 & 1,193 & 1,242 & 40,550 & 40,600 & 1,367 & 1,299 & 1,350 \\
\hline 34,600 & 34,650 & 1,154 & 1,088 & 1,136 & 37,600 & 37,650 & 1,261 & 1,194 & 1,244 & 40,600 & 40,650 & 1,369 & 1,300 & 1,352 \\
\hline 34,650 & 34,700 & 1,155 & 1,090 & 1,138 & 37,650 & 37,700 & 1,263 & 1,196 & 1,246 & 40,650 & 40,700 & 1,371 & 1,302 & 1,353 \\
\hline 34,700 & 34,750 & 1,157 & 1,092 & 1,140 & 37,700 & 37,750 & 1,265 & 1,198 & 1,247 & 40,700 & 40,750 & 1,373 & 1,304 & 1,355 \\
\hline 34,750 & 34,800 & 1,159 & 1,094 & 1,141 & 37,750 & 37,800 & 1,267 & 1,200 & 1,249 & 40,750 & 40,800 & 1,374 & 1,306 & 1,357 \\
\hline 34,800 & 34,850 & 1,161 & 1,095 & 1,143 & 37,800 & 37,850 & 1,269 & 1,201 & 1,251 & 40,800 & 40,850 & 1,376 & 1,307 & 1,359 \\
\hline 34,850 & 34,900 & 1,163 & 1,097 & 1,145 & 37,850 & 37,900 & 1,270 & 1,203 & 1,253 & 40,850 & 40,900 & 1,378 & 1,309 & 1,361 \\
\hline 34,900 & 34,950 & 1,164 & 1,099 & 1,147 & 37,900 & 37,950 & 1,272 & 1,205 & 1,255 & 40,900 & 40,950 & 1,380 & 1,311 & 1,362 \\
\hline 34,950 & 35,000 & 1,166 & 1,101 & 1,149 & 37,950 & 38,000 & 1,274 & 1,207 & 1,256 & 40,950 & 41,000 & 1,382 & 1,313 & 1,364 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{35,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{38,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{41,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 35,000 & 35,050 & 1,168 & 1,102 & 1,150 & 38,000 & 38,050 & 1,276 & 1,208 & 1,258 & 41,000 & 41,050 & 1,383 & 1,314 & 1,366 \\
\hline 35,050 & 35,100 & 1,170 & 1,104 & 1,152 & 38,050 & 38,100 & 1,278 & 1,210 & 1,260 & 41,050 & 41,100 & 1,385 & 1,316 & 1,368 \\
\hline 35,100 & 35,150 & 1,172 & 1,106 & 1,154 & 38,100 & 38,150 & 1,279 & 1,212 & 1,262 & 41,100 & 41,150 & 1,387 & 1,318 & 1,369 \\
\hline 35,150 & 35,200 & 1,173 & 1,108 & 1,156 & 38,150 & 38,200 & 1,281 & 1,214 & 1,264 & 41,150 & 41,200 & 1,389 & 1,320 & 1,371 \\
\hline 35,200 & 35,250 & 1,175 & 1,110 & 1,158 & 38,200 & 38,250 & 1,283 & 1,216 & 1,265 & 41,200 & 41,250 & 1,391 & 1,322 & 1,373 \\
\hline 35,250 & 35,300 & 1,177 & 1,111 & 1,159 & 38,250 & 38,300 & 1,285 & 1,217 & 1,267 & 41,250 & 41,300 & 1,392 & 1,323 & 1,375 \\
\hline 35,300 & 35,350 & 1,179 & 1,113 & 1,161 & 38,300 & 38,350 & 1,287 & 1,219 & 1,269 & 41,300 & 41,350 & 1,394 & 1,325 & 1,377 \\
\hline 35,350 & 35,400 & 1,181 & 1,115 & 1,163 & 38,350 & 38,400 & 1,288 & 1,221 & 1,271 & 41,350 & 41,400 & 1,396 & 1,327 & 1,378 \\
\hline 35,400 & 35,450 & 1,182 & 1,117 & 1,165 & 38,400 & 38,450 & 1,290 & 1,223 & 1,273 & 41,400 & 41,450 & 1,398 & 1,329 & 1,380 \\
\hline 35,450 & 35,500 & 1,184 & 1,118 & 1,167 & 38,450 & 38,500 & 1,292 & 1,224 & 1,274 & 41,450 & 41,500 & 1,400 & 1,330 & 1,382 \\
\hline 35,500 & 35,550 & 1,186 & 1,120 & 1,168 & 38,500 & 38,550 & 1,294 & 1,226 & 1,276 & 41,500 & 41,550 & 1,401 & 1,332 & 1,384 \\
\hline 35,550 & 35,600 & 1,188 & 1,122 & 1,170 & 38,550 & 38,600 & 1,295 & 1,228 & 1,278 & 41,550 & 41,600 & 1,403 & 1,334 & 1,386 \\
\hline 35,600 & 35,650 & 1,190 & 1,124 & 1,172 & 38,600 & 38,650 & 1,297 & 1,230 & 1,280 & 41,600 & 41,650 & 1,405 & 1,336 & 1,387 \\
\hline 35,650 & 35,700 & 1,191 & 1,125 & 1,174 & 38,650 & 38,700 & 1,299 & 1,231 & 1,282 & 41,650 & 41,700 & 1,407 & 1,337 & 1,389 \\
\hline 35,700 & 35,750 & 1,193 & 1,127 & 1,176 & 38,700 & 38,750 & 1,301 & 1,233 & 1,283 & 41,700 & 41,750 & 1,409 & 1,339 & 1,391 \\
\hline 35,750 & 35,800 & 1,195 & 1,129 & 1,177 & 38,750 & 38,800 & 1,303 & 1,235 & 1,285 & 41,750 & 41,800 & 1,410 & 1,341 & 1,393 \\
\hline 35,800 & 35,850 & 1,197 & 1,131 & 1,179 & 38,800 & 38,850 & 1,304 & 1,237 & 1,287 & 41,800 & 41,850 & 1,412 & 1,343 & 1,395 \\
\hline 35,850 & 35,900 & 1,199 & 1,132 & 1,181 & 38,850 & 38,900 & 1,306 & 1,238 & 1,289 & 41,850 & 41,900 & 1,414 & 1,345 & 1,396 \\
\hline 35,900 & 35,950 & 1,200 & 1,134 & 1,183 & 38,900 & 38,950 & 1,308 & 1,240 & 1,290 & 41,900 & 41,950 & 1,416 & 1,346 & 1,398 \\
\hline 35,950 & 36,000 & 1,202 & 1,136 & 1,185 & 38,950 & 39,000 & 1,310 & 1,242 & 1,292 & 41,950 & 42,000 & 1,418 & 1,348 & 1,400 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  &  & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{42,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{45,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{48,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 42,000 & 42,050 & 1,419 & 1,350 & 1,402 & 45,000 & 45,050 & 1,527 & 1,456 & 1,510 & 48,000 & 48,050 & 1,635 & 1,564 & 1,617 \\
\hline 42,050 & 42,100 & 1,421 & 1,352 & 1,404 & 45,050 & 45,100 & 1,529 & 1,458 & 1,511 & 48,050 & 48,100 & 1,637 & 1,565 & 1,619 \\
\hline 42,100 & 42,150 & 1,423 & 1,353 & 1,405 & 45,100 & 45,150 & 1,531 & 1,459 & 1,513 & 48,100 & 48,150 & 1,638 & 1,567 & 1,621 \\
\hline 42,150 & 42,200 & 1,425 & 1,355 & 1,407 & 45,150 & 45,200 & 1,532 & 1,461 & 1,515 & 48,150 & 48,200 & 1,640 & 1,569 & 1,623 \\
\hline 42,200 & 42,250 & 1,427 & 1,357 & 1,409 & 45,200 & 45,250 & 1,534 & 1,463 & 1,517 & 48,200 & 48,250 & 1,642 & 1,571 & 1,624 \\
\hline 42,250 & 42,300 & 1,428 & 1,359 & 1,411 & 45,250 & 45,300 & 1,536 & 1,465 & 1,519 & 48,250 & 48,300 & 1,644 & 1,573 & 1,626 \\
\hline 42,300 & 42,350 & 1,430 & 1,360 & 1,413 & 45,300 & 45,350 & 1,538 & 1,467 & 1,520 & 48,300 & 48,350 & 1,646 & 1,574 & 1,628 \\
\hline 42,350 & 42,400 & 1,432 & 1,362 & 1,414 & 45,350 & 45,400 & 1,540 & 1,468 & 1,522 & 48,350 & 48,400 & 1,647 & 1,576 & 1,630 \\
\hline 42,400 & 42,450 & 1,434 & 1,364 & 1,416 & 45,400 & 45,450 & 1,541 & 1,470 & 1,524 & 48,400 & 48,450 & 1,649 & 1,578 & 1,632 \\
\hline 42,450 & 42,500 & 1,436 & 1,366 & 1,418 & 45,450 & 45,500 & 1,543 & 1,472 & 1,526 & 48,450 & 48,500 & 1,651 & 1,580 & 1,633 \\
\hline 42,500 & 42,550 & 1,437 & 1,367 & 1,420 & 45,500 & 45,550 & 1,545 & 1,474 & 1,528 & 48,500 & 48,550 & 1,653 & 1,582 & 1,635 \\
\hline 42,550 & 42,600 & 1,439 & 1,369 & 1,422 & 45,550 & 45,600 & 1,547 & 1,476 & 1,529 & 48,550 & 48,600 & 1,655 & 1,583 & 1,637 \\
\hline 42,600 & 42,650 & 1,441 & 1,371 & 1,423 & 45,600 & 45,650 & 1,549 & 1,477 & 1,531 & 48,600 & 48,650 & 1,656 & 1,585 & 1,639 \\
\hline 42,650 & 42,700 & 1,443 & 1,373 & 1,425 & 45,650 & 45,700 & 1,550 & 1,479 & 1,533 & 48,650 & 48,700 & 1,658 & 1,587 & 1,641 \\
\hline 42,700 & 42,750 & 1,445 & 1,375 & 1,427 & 45,700 & 45,750 & 1,552 & 1,481 & 1,535 & 48,700 & 48,750 & 1,660 & 1,589 & 1,642 \\
\hline 42,750 & 42,800 & 1,446 & 1,376 & 1,429 & 45,750 & 45,800 & 1,554 & 1,483 & 1,536 & 48,750 & 48,800 & 1,662 & 1,591 & 1,644 \\
\hline 42,800 & 42,850 & 1,448 & 1,378 & 1,431 & 45,800 & 45,850 & 1,556 & 1,485 & 1,538 & 48,800 & 48,850 & 1,664 & 1,592 & 1,646 \\
\hline 42,850 & 42,900 & 1,450 & 1,380 & 1,432 & 45,850 & 45,900 & 1,558 & 1,486 & 1,540 & 48,850 & 48,900 & 1,665 & 1,594 & 1,648 \\
\hline 42,900 & 42,950 & 1,452 & 1,382 & 1,434 & 45,900 & 45,950 & 1,559 & 1,488 & 1,542 & 48,900 & 48,950 & 1,667 & 1,596 & 1,650 \\
\hline 42,950 & 43,000 & 1,453 & 1,383 & 1,436 & 45,950 & 46,000 & 1,561 & 1,490 & 1,544 & 48,950 & 49,000 & 1,669 & 1,598 & 1,651 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{43,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{46,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{49,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 43,000 & 43,050 & 1,455 & 1,385 & 1,438 & 46,000 & 46,050 & 1,563 & 1,492 & 1,545 & 49,000 & 49,050 & 1,671 & 1,600 & 1,653 \\
\hline 43,050 & 43,100 & 1,457 & 1,387 & 1,440 & 46,050 & 46,100 & 1,565 & 1,494 & 1,547 & 49,050 & 49,100 & 1,673 & 1,601 & 1,655 \\
\hline 43,100 & 43,150 & 1,459 & 1,389 & 1,441 & 46,100 & 46,150 & 1,567 & 1,495 & 1,549 & 49,100 & 49,150 & 1,674 & 1,603 & 1,657 \\
\hline 43,150 & 43,200 & 1,461 & 1,390 & 1,443 & 46,150 & 46,200 & 1,568 & 1,497 & 1,551 & 49,150 & 49,200 & 1,676 & 1,605 & 1,659 \\
\hline 43,200 & 43,250 & 1,462 & 1,392 & 1,445 & 46,200 & 46,250 & 1,570 & 1,499 & 1,553 & 49,200 & 49,250 & 1,678 & 1,607 & 1,660 \\
\hline 43,250 & 43,300 & 1,464 & 1,394 & 1,447 & 46,250 & 46,300 & 1,572 & 1,501 & 1,554 & 49,250 & 49,300 & 1,680 & 1,609 & 1,662 \\
\hline 43,300 & 43,350 & 1,466 & 1,396 & 1,449 & 46,300 & 46,350 & 1,574 & 1,503 & 1,556 & 49,300 & 49,350 & 1,682 & 1,610 & 1,664 \\
\hline 43,350 & 43,400 & 1,468 & 1,398 & 1,450 & 46,350 & 46,400 & 1,576 & 1,504 & 1,558 & 49,350 & 49,400 & 1,683 & 1,612 & 1,666 \\
\hline 43,400 & 43,450 & 1,470 & 1,399 & 1,452 & 46,400 & 46,450 & 1,577 & 1,506 & 1,560 & 49,400 & 49,450 & 1,685 & 1,614 & 1,668 \\
\hline 43,450 & 43,500 & 1,471 & 1,401 & 1,454 & 46,450 & 46,500 & 1,579 & 1,508 & 1,562 & 49,450 & 49,500 & 1,687 & 1,616 & 1,669 \\
\hline 43,500 & 43,550 & 1,473 & 1,403 & 1,456 & 46,500 & 46,550 & 1,581 & 1,510 & 1,563 & 49,500 & 49,550 & 1,689 & 1,617 & 1,671 \\
\hline 43,550 & 43,600 & 1,475 & 1,405 & 1,457 & 46,550 & 46,600 & 1,583 & 1,512 & 1,565 & 49,550 & 49,600 & 1,690 & 1,619 & 1,673 \\
\hline 43,600 & 43,650 & 1,477 & 1,406 & 1,459 & 46,600 & 46,650 & 1,585 & 1,513 & 1,567 & 49,600 & 49,650 & 1,692 & 1,621 & 1,675 \\
\hline 43,650 & 43,700 & 1,479 & 1,408 & 1,461 & 46,650 & 46,700 & 1,586 & 1,515 & 1,569 & 49,650 & 49,700 & 1,694 & 1,623 & 1,677 \\
\hline 43,700 & 43,750 & 1,480 & 1,410 & 1,463 & 46,700 & 46,750 & 1,588 & 1,517 & 1,571 & 49,700 & 49,750 & 1,696 & 1,625 & 1,678 \\
\hline 43,750 & 43,800 & 1,482 & 1,412 & 1,465 & 46,750 & 46,800 & 1,590 & 1,519 & 1,572 & 49,750 & 49,800 & 1,698 & 1,626 & 1,680 \\
\hline 43,800 & 43,850 & 1,484 & 1,413 & 1,466 & 46,800 & 46,850 & 1,592 & 1,521 & 1,574 & 49,800 & 49,850 & 1,699 & 1,628 & 1,682 \\
\hline 43,850 & 43,900 & 1,486 & 1,415 & 1,468 & 46,850 & 46,900 & 1,594 & 1,522 & 1,576 & 49,850 & 49,900 & 1,701 & 1,630 & 1,684 \\
\hline 43,900 & 43,950 & 1,488 & 1,417 & 1,470 & 46,900 & 46,950 & 1,595 & 1,524 & 1,578 & 49,900 & 49,950 & 1,703 & 1,632 & 1,686 \\
\hline 43,950 & 44,000 & 1,489 & 1,419 & 1,472 & 46,950 & 47,000 & 1,597 & 1,526 & 1,580 & 49,950 & 50,000 & 1,705 & 1,634 & 1,687 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{44,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{47,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{50,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 44,000 & 44,050 & 1,491 & 1,420 & 1,474 & 47,000 & 47,050 & 1,599 & 1,528 & 1,581 & 50,000 & 50,050 & 1,707 & 1,635 & 1,689 \\
\hline 44,050 & 44,100 & 1,493 & 1,422 & 1,475 & 47,050 & 47,100 & 1,601 & 1,530 & 1,583 & 50,050 & 50,100 & 1,709 & 1,637 & 1,691 \\
\hline 44,100 & 44,150 & 1,495 & 1,424 & 1,477 & 47,100 & 47,150 & 1,603 & 1,531 & 1,585 & 50,100 & 50,150 & 1,711 & 1,639 & 1,693 \\
\hline 44,150 & 44,200 & 1,497 & 1,426 & 1,479 & 47,150 & 47,200 & 1,604 & 1,533 & 1,587 & 50,150 & 50,200 & 1,712 & 1,641 & 1,694 \\
\hline 44,200 & 44,250 & 1,498 & 1,428 & 1,481 & 47,200 & 47,250 & 1,606 & 1,535 & 1,589 & 50,200 & 50,250 & 1,714 & 1,643 & 1,696 \\
\hline 44,250 & 44,300 & 1,500 & 1,429 & 1,483 & 47,250 & 47,300 & 1,608 & 1,537 & 1,590 & 50,250 & 50,300 & 1,716 & 1,644 & 1,698 \\
\hline 44,300 & 44,350 & 1,502 & 1,431 & 1,484 & 47,300 & 47,350 & 1,610 & 1,538 & 1,592 & 50,300 & 50,350 & 1,718 & 1,646 & 1,700 \\
\hline 44,350 & 44,400 & 1,504 & 1,433 & 1,486 & 47,350 & 47,400 & 1,611 & 1,540 & 1,594 & 50,350 & 50,400 & 1,720 & 1,648 & 1,702 \\
\hline 44,400 & 44,450 & 1,506 & 1,435 & 1,488 & 47,400 & 47,450 & 1,613 & 1,542 & 1,596 & 50,400 & 50,450 & 1,722 & 1,650 & 1,703 \\
\hline 44,450 & 44,500 & 1,507 & 1,436 & 1,490 & 47,450 & 47,500 & 1,615 & 1,544 & 1,598 & 50,450 & 50,500 & 1,723 & 1,652 & 1,705 \\
\hline 44,500 & 44,550 & 1,509 & 1,438 & 1,492 & 47,500 & 47,550 & 1,617 & 1,546 & 1,599 & 50,500 & 50,550 & 1,725 & 1,653 & 1,707 \\
\hline 44,550 & 44,600 & 1,511 & 1,440 & 1,493 & 47,550 & 47,600 & 1,619 & 1,547 & 1,601 & 50,550 & 50,600 & 1,727 & 1,655 & 1,709 \\
\hline 44,600 & 44,650 & 1,513 & 1,442 & 1,495 & 47,600 & 47,650 & 1,620 & 1,549 & 1,603 & 50,600 & 50,650 & 1,729 & 1,657 & 1,711 \\
\hline 44,650 & 44,700 & 1,515 & 1,443 & 1,497 & 47,650 & 47,700 & 1,622 & 1,551 & 1,605 & 50,650 & 50,700 & 1,731 & 1,659 & 1,712 \\
\hline 44,700 & 44,750 & 1,516 & 1,445 & 1,499 & 47,700 & 47,750 & 1,624 & 1,553 & 1,607 & 50,700 & 50,750 & 1,732 & 1,661 & 1,714 \\
\hline 44,750 & 44,800 & 1,518 & 1,447 & 1,501 & 47,750 & 47,800 & 1,626 & 1,555 & 1,608 & 50,750 & 50,800 & 1,734 & 1,662 & 1,716 \\
\hline 44,800 & 44,850 & 1,520 & 1,449 & 1,502 & 47,800 & 47,850 & 1,628 & 1,556 & 1,610 & 50,800 & 50,850 & 1,736 & 1,664 & 1,718 \\
\hline 44,850 & 44,900 & 1,522 & 1,451 & 1,504 & 47,850 & 47,900 & 1,629 & 1,558 & 1,612 & 50,850 & 50,900 & 1,738 & 1,666 & 1,720 \\
\hline 44,900 & 44,950 & 1,524 & 1,452 & 1,506 & 47,900 & 47,950 & 1,631 & 1,560 & 1,614 & 50,900 & 50,950 & 1,740 & 1,668 & 1,721 \\
\hline 44,950 & 45,000 & 1,525 & 1,454 & 1,508 & 47,950 & 48,000 & 1,633 & 1,562 & 1,615 & 50,950 & 51,000 & 1,742 & 1,670 & 1,723 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If
tax
inco & is - & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If your taxable income is -} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are -} \\
\hline At least & \begin{tabular}{l}
But \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular} & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household & At least & But less than & Single or Married filing separately & Married filing jointly* & Head of a household \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{51,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{54,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{57,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 51,000 & 51,050 & 1,743 & 1,671 & 1,725 & 54,000 & 54,050 & 1,853 & 1,779 & 1,833 & 57,000 & 57,050 & 1,962 & 1,887 & 1,940 \\
\hline 51,050 & 51,100 & 1,745 & 1,673 & 1,727 & 54,050 & 54,100 & 1,855 & 1,781 & 1,835 & 57,050 & 57,100 & 1,964 & 1,889 & 1,942 \\
\hline 51,100 & 51,150 & 1,747 & 1,675 & 1,729 & 54,100 & 54,150 & 1,856 & 1,783 & 1,836 & 57,100 & 57,150 & 1,966 & 1,890 & 1,944 \\
\hline 51,150 & 51,200 & 1,749 & 1,677 & 1,730 & 54,150 & 54,200 & 1,858 & 1,784 & 1,838 & 57,150 & 57,200 & 1,968 & 1,892 & 1,946 \\
\hline 51,200 & 51,250 & 1,751 & 1,679 & 1,732 & 54,200 & 54,250 & 1,860 & 1,786 & 1,840 & 57,200 & 57,250 & 1,970 & 1,894 & 1,948 \\
\hline 51,250 & 51,300 & 1,753 & 1,680 & 1,734 & 54,250 & 54,300 & 1,862 & 1,788 & 1,842 & 57,250 & 57,300 & 1,971 & 1,896 & 1,949 \\
\hline 51,300 & 51,350 & 1,754 & 1,682 & 1,736 & 54,300 & 54,350 & 1,864 & 1,790 & 1,844 & 57,300 & 57,350 & 1,973 & 1,898 & 1,951 \\
\hline 51,350 & 51,400 & 1,756 & 1,684 & 1,738 & 54,350 & 54,400 & 1,866 & 1,792 & 1,845 & 57,350 & 57,400 & 1,975 & 1,899 & 1,953 \\
\hline 51,400 & 51,450 & 1,758 & 1,686 & 1,739 & 54,400 & 54,450 & 1,867 & 1,793 & 1,847 & 57,400 & 57,450 & 1,977 & 1,901 & 1,955 \\
\hline 51,450 & 51,500 & 1,760 & 1,688 & 1,741 & 54,450 & 54,500 & 1,869 & 1,795 & 1,849 & 57,450 & 57,500 & 1,979 & 1,903 & 1,957 \\
\hline 51,500 & 51,550 & 1,762 & 1,689 & 1,743 & 54,500 & 54,550 & 1,871 & 1,797 & 1,851 & 57,500 & 57,550 & 1,981 & 1,905 & 1,958 \\
\hline 51,550 & 51,600 & 1,763 & 1,691 & 1,745 & 54,550 & 54,600 & 1,873 & 1,799 & 1,852 & 57,550 & 57,600 & 1,982 & 1,907 & 1,960 \\
\hline 51,600 & 51,650 & 1,765 & 1,693 & 1,747 & 54,600 & 54,650 & 1,875 & 1,801 & 1,854 & 57,600 & 57,650 & 1,984 & 1,908 & 1,962 \\
\hline 51,650 & 51,700 & 1,767 & 1,695 & 1,748 & 54,650 & 54,700 & 1,877 & 1,802 & 1,856 & 57,650 & 57,700 & 1,986 & 1,910 & 1,964 \\
\hline 51,700 & 51,750 & 1,769 & 1,696 & 1,750 & 54,700 & 54,750 & 1,878 & 1,804 & 1,858 & 57,700 & 57,750 & 1,988 & 1,912 & 1,966 \\
\hline 51,750 & 51,800 & 1,771 & 1,698 & 1,752 & 54,750 & 54,800 & 1,880 & 1,806 & 1,860 & 57,750 & 57,800 & 1,990 & 1,914 & 1,967 \\
\hline 51,800 & 51,850 & 1,773 & 1,700 & 1,754 & 54,800 & 54,850 & 1,882 & 1,808 & 1,861 & 57,800 & 57,850 & 1,991 & 1,916 & 1,969 \\
\hline 51,850 & 51,900 & 1,774 & 1,702 & 1,756 & 54,850 & 54,900 & 1,884 & 1,810 & 1,863 & 57,850 & 57,900 & 1,993 & 1,917 & 1,971 \\
\hline 51,900 & 51,950 & 1,776 & 1,704 & 1,757 & 54,900 & 54,950 & 1,886 & 1,811 & 1,865 & 57,900 & 57,950 & 1,995 & 1,919 & 1,973 \\
\hline 51,950 & 52,000 & 1,778 & 1,705 & 1,759 & 54,950 & 55,000 & 1,887 & 1,813 & 1,867 & 57,950 & 58,000 & 1,997 & 1,921 & 1,975 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{52,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{55,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{58,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 52,000 & 52,050 & 1,780 & 1,707 & 1,761 & 55,000 & 55,050 & 1,889 & 1,815 & 1,869 & 58,000 & 58,050 & 1,999 & 1,923 & 1,976 \\
\hline 52,050 & 52,100 & 1,782 & 1,709 & 1,763 & 55,050 & 55,100 & 1,891 & 1,817 & 1,870 & 58,050 & 58,100 & 2,001 & 1,925 & 1,978 \\
\hline 52,100 & 52,150 & 1,784 & 1,711 & 1,765 & 55,100 & 55,150 & 1,893 & 1,819 & 1,872 & 58,100 & 58,150 & 2,002 & 1,926 & 1,980 \\
\hline 52,150 & 52,200 & 1,785 & 1,713 & 1,766 & 55,150 & 55,200 & 1,895 & 1,820 & 1,874 & 58,150 & 58,200 & 2,004 & 1,928 & 1,982 \\
\hline 52,200 & 52,250 & 1,787 & 1,714 & 1,768 & 55,200 & 55,250 & 1,897 & 1,822 & 1,876 & 58,200 & 58,250 & 2,006 & 1,930 & 1,984 \\
\hline 52,250 & 52,300 & 1,789 & 1,716 & 1,770 & 55,250 & 55,300 & 1,898 & 1,824 & 1,878 & 58,250 & 58,300 & 2,008 & 1,932 & 1,985 \\
\hline 52,300 & 52,350 & 1,791 & 1,718 & 1,772 & 55,300 & 55,350 & 1,900 & 1,826 & 1,879 & 58,300 & 58,350 & 2,010 & 1,934 & 1,987 \\
\hline 52,350 & 52,400 & 1,793 & 1,720 & 1,773 & 55,350 & 55,400 & 1,902 & 1,828 & 1,881 & 58,350 & 58,400 & 2,012 & 1,935 & 1,989 \\
\hline 52,400 & 52,450 & 1,794 & 1,722 & 1,775 & 55,400 & 55,450 & 1,904 & 1,829 & 1,883 & 58,400 & 58,450 & 2,013 & 1,937 & 1,991 \\
\hline 52,450 & 52,500 & 1,796 & 1,723 & 1,777 & 55,450 & 55,500 & 1,906 & 1,831 & 1,885 & 58,450 & 58,500 & 2,015 & 1,939 & 1,993 \\
\hline 52,500 & 52,550 & 1,798 & 1,725 & 1,779 & 55,500 & 55,550 & 1,908 & 1,833 & 1,887 & 58,500 & 58,550 & 2,017 & 1,941 & 1,994 \\
\hline 52,550 & 52,600 & 1,800 & 1,727 & 1,781 & 55,550 & 55,600 & 1,909 & 1,835 & 1,888 & 58,550 & 58,600 & 2,019 & 1,942 & 1,996 \\
\hline 52,600 & 52,650 & 1,802 & 1,729 & 1,782 & 55,600 & 55,650 & 1,911 & 1,837 & 1,890 & 58,600 & 58,650 & 2,021 & 1,944 & 1,998 \\
\hline 52,650 & 52,700 & 1,804 & 1,731 & 1,784 & 55,650 & 55,700 & 1,913 & 1,838 & 1,892 & 58,650 & 58,700 & 2,022 & 1,946 & 2,000 \\
\hline 52,700 & 52,750 & 1,805 & 1,732 & 1,786 & 55,700 & 55,750 & 1,915 & 1,840 & 1,894 & 58,700 & 58,750 & 2,024 & 1,948 & 2,002 \\
\hline 52,750 & 52,800 & 1,807 & 1,734 & 1,788 & 55,750 & 55,800 & 1,917 & 1,842 & 1,896 & 58,750 & 58,800 & 2,026 & 1,950 & 2,003 \\
\hline 52,800 & 52,850 & 1,809 & 1,736 & 1,790 & 55,800 & 55,850 & 1,918 & 1,844 & 1,897 & 58,800 & 58,850 & 2,028 & 1,951 & 2,005 \\
\hline 52,850 & 52,900 & 1,811 & 1,738 & 1,791 & 55,850 & 55,900 & 1,920 & 1,846 & 1,899 & 58,850 & 58,900 & 2,030 & 1,953 & 2,007 \\
\hline 52,900 & 52,950 & 1,813 & 1,740 & 1,793 & 55,900 & 55,950 & 1,922 & 1,847 & 1,901 & 58,900 & 58,950 & 2,032 & 1,955 & 2,009 \\
\hline 52,950 & 53,000 & 1,815 & 1,741 & 1,795 & 55,950 & 56,000 & 1,924 & 1,849 & 1,903 & 58,950 & 59,000 & 2,033 & 1,957 & 2,010 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{53,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{56,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{59,000} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Your New York City tax is:} \\
\hline 53,000 & 53,050 & 1,816 & 1,743 & 1,797 & 56,000 & 56,050 & 1,926 & 1,851 & 1,905 & 59,000 & 59,050 & 2,035 & 1,959 & 2,012 \\
\hline 53,050 & 53,100 & 1,818 & 1,745 & 1,799 & 56,050 & 56,100 & 1,928 & 1,853 & 1,906 & 59,050 & 59,100 & 2,037 & 1,960 & 2,014 \\
\hline 53,100 & 53,150 & 1,820 & 1,747 & 1,800 & 56,100 & 56,150 & 1,929 & 1,854 & 1,908 & 59,100 & 59,150 & 2,039 & 1,962 & 2,016 \\
\hline 53,150 & 53,200 & 1,822 & 1,749 & 1,802 & 56,150 & 56,200 & 1,931 & 1,856 & 1,910 & 59,150 & 59,200 & 2,041 & 1,964 & 2,018 \\
\hline 53,200 & 53,250 & 1,824 & 1,750 & 1,804 & 56,200 & 56,250 & 1,933 & 1,858 & 1,912 & 59,200 & 59,250 & 2,043 & 1,966 & 2,019 \\
\hline 53,250 & 53,300 & 1,825 & 1,752 & 1,806 & 56,250 & 56,300 & 1,935 & 1,860 & 1,914 & 59,250 & 59,300 & 2,044 & 1,968 & 2,021 \\
\hline 53,300 & 53,350 & 1,827 & 1,754 & 1,808 & 56,300 & 56,350 & 1,937 & 1,862 & 1,915 & 59,300 & 59,350 & 2,046 & 1,969 & 2,023 \\
\hline 53,350 & 53,400 & 1,829 & 1,756 & 1,809 & 56,350 & 56,400 & 1,939 & 1,863 & 1,917 & 59,350 & 59,400 & 2,048 & 1,971 & 2,025 \\
\hline 53,400 & 53,450 & 1,831 & 1,758 & 1,811 & 56,400 & 56,450 & 1,940 & 1,865 & 1,919 & 59,400 & 59,450 & 2,050 & 1,973 & 2,027 \\
\hline 53,450 & 53,500 & 1,833 & 1,759 & 1,813 & 56,450 & 56,500 & 1,942 & 1,867 & 1,921 & 59,450 & 59,500 & 2,052 & 1,975 & 2,028 \\
\hline 53,500 & 53,550 & 1,835 & 1,761 & 1,815 & 56,500 & 56,550 & 1,944 & 1,869 & 1,923 & 59,500 & 59,550 & 2,053 & 1,977 & 2,030 \\
\hline 53,550 & 53,600 & 1,836 & 1,763 & 1,817 & 56,550 & 56,600 & 1,946 & 1,871 & 1,924 & 59,550 & 59,600 & 2,055 & 1,978 & 2,032 \\
\hline 53,600 & 53,650 & 1,838 & 1,765 & 1,818 & 56,600 & 56,650 & 1,948 & 1,872 & 1,926 & 59,600 & 59,650 & 2,057 & 1,980 & 2,034 \\
\hline 53,650 & 53,700 & 1,840 & 1,767 & 1,820 & 56,650 & 56,700 & 1,950 & 1,874 & 1,928 & 59,650 & 59,700 & 2,059 & 1,982 & 2,036 \\
\hline 53,700 & 53,750 & 1,842 & 1,768 & 1,822 & 56,700 & 56,750 & 1,951 & 1,876 & 1,930 & 59,700 & 59,750 & 2,061 & 1,984 & 2,037 \\
\hline 53,750 & 53,800 & 1,844 & 1,770 & 1,824 & 56,750 & 56,800 & 1,953 & 1,878 & 1,931 & 59,750 & 59,800 & 2,063 & 1,986 & 2,039 \\
\hline 53,800 & 53,850 & 1,846 & 1,772 & 1,826 & 56,800 & 56,850 & 1,955 & 1,880 & 1,933 & 59,800 & 59,850 & 2,064 & 1,987 & 2,041 \\
\hline 53,850 & 53,900 & 1,847 & 1,774 & 1,827 & 56,850 & 56,900 & 1,957 & 1,881 & 1,935 & 59,850 & 59,900 & 2,066 & 1,989 & 2,043 \\
\hline 53,900 & 53,950 & 1,849 & 1,775 & 1,829 & 56,900 & 56,950 & 1,959 & 1,883 & 1,937 & 59,900 & 59,950 & 2,068 & 1,991 & 2,045 \\
\hline 53,950 & 54,000 & 1,851 & 1,777 & 1,831 & 56,950 & 57,000 & 1,960 & 1,885 & 1,939 & 59,950 & 60,000 & 2,070 & 1,993 & 2,046 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)
}

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

\section*{New York City tax rate schedule}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{Single and married filing separately - filing status (1) and (3)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
If Form IT-150, line 26, or Form IT-201, line 38, is: \\
over but not over
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{The tax is:} \\
\hline \$ 0 & \$12,000 & & & 2.907\% & & orm
\[
\mathrm{m} \mathrm{IT}-
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { IT-15 } \\
& \text { T-201. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 0, lin line & \[
26 \text {, or }
\] \\
\hline 12,000 & 25,000 & \$349 & plus & 3.534\% & of th & e ex & xcess & over & \$12,000 \\
\hline 25,000 & 50,000 & 808 & plus & 3.591\% & " & " & " & " & 25,000 \\
\hline 50,000. & ............. & 1,706 & plus & 3.648\% & & " & " & " & 50,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\section*{Information on paying sales and use taxes on your income tax return}

\section*{Line 35 of Form IT-150, or line 59 of Form IT-201}

Note: Use these instructions on pages 66 through 72 only to complete either line 35 of the short Form IT-150, or line 59 of the long Form IT-201.

\section*{When do you owe New York State and local sales or use tax?}

When you make a purchase of taxable property or services from a seller (vendor) located in New York State and take delivery in New York State, the vendor should collect state and local sales or use tax due and forward it to the Tax Department. However, you are responsible for paying the tax directly to the Tax Department under the following three circumstances:

Deliveries into New York State - You owe state and local sales or use tax if you:
- purchase property or a service that is delivered to you in New York State without payment of New York State and local tax to the seller, such as through the Internet, by catalog, from television shopping channels, or on an Indian reservation.

\section*{Purchases outside New York State with subsequent use in}

New York State - You may also owe state and local sales or use tax if you are a resident of New York State at the time you purchase any of the following outside New York State:
- property you bring into New York State for use in New York State;
- a service performed on property outside New York State, and you bring that property into New York State for use here; or
- a service (such as an information service) you bring into New York State for use here.
(You may be eligible for a credit for sales or use tax paid to another state. See Instructions for Worksheets 1, 2, and 3, Column D, on page 70.)
However, you are not required to pay state or local sales or use tax on any property or service that you bring into New York State which you purchased outside of the state before you became a resident of New York State.
Additional local tax - You may owe an additional local tax if you are a resident of a locality (county or city) at the time of purchase and you:
- bring property into that locality which you purchased in another locality in New York State that has a lower tax rate;
- bring property into that locality on which you had a taxable service performed in another locality in New York State that has a lower tax rate; or
- bring a service (such as an information service) into that locality which you purchased in another locality in New York State that has a lower tax rate.
However, you are not required to pay any additional local tax on any property or service that you bring into a locality in
New York State that you purchased outside that locality before you became a resident of that locality.

Note: For purposes of these sales and use tax instructions, the word tax will be used to refer to either the sales tax or the use tax, or both.

\section*{Who is a New York State resident for sales and use tax purposes?}

For sales and use tax purposes, the definition of resident includes persons who may not be considered residents for personal income tax purposes. For example, persons maintaining a permanent place of abode in New York who do not spend more than 183 days a year in the state, college students, and military personnel may all be residents for sales and use tax purposes even if they are not residents for income tax purposes. For sales and use tax purposes, an individual is a resident of the state and of any locality in which he or she maintains a permanent place of abode. A permanent place of abode is a dwelling place maintained by a person, or by another for that person to use, whether or not owned by such person, on other than a temporary or transient basis. The dwelling may be a home, apartment or flat; a room including a room at a hotel, motel, boarding house, or club; a room at a residence hall operated by an educational, charitable, or other institution; housing provided by the armed forces of the United States, whether the housing is located on or off a military base or reservation; or a trailer, mobile home, houseboat, or any other premises. This includes second homes. Therefore, you can be a resident of more than one locality and state for sales and use tax purposes.
An individual doing business in New York State is a resident for sales and use tax purposes of the state and of any county or city in which the individual is doing business, with respect to purchases of taxable property or services used in the business. Therefore, if an individual is engaged in business in New York State but has no permanent place of abode in New York State, the individual will owe use tax only on taxable purchases made with respect to the business operated in New York.

\section*{What tangible personal property and services are subject to sales and use taxes?}

Most tangible personal property is subject to tax. Some examples are: cigarettes and other tobacco products; alcohol; candy; clothing; books; electronic equipment; furniture; collectibles (stamps, coins, etc., bought for collections); works of art; off-the-shelf computer software; and, generally, a garage sale item costing more than \(\$ 600\).
Some examples of tax exempt items are: prescription and nonprescription drugs and medicines used for humans; certain medical equipment; newspapers; periodicals; most food items; U.S. and New York State flags; Indian arts and crafts when purchased on an Indian reservation; used mobile homes; and college textbooks.
Only certain services are subject to tax. Taxable services include maintaining, servicing, and repairing tangible personal property and real property (land and buildings). Other examples are auto repair, appliance service, house repairs, lawn maintenance, and information services. Some examples
of exempt services are dry cleaning, veterinary (except for grooming and boarding), legal, accounting, and medical services.

For more information on taxable and exempt goods and services, see Publication 750, A Guide to Sales Tax in New York State.

\section*{Reporting and paying sales and use taxes}

You must report any unpaid sales or use tax owed for 2006 on your 2006 personal income tax return.
Note: Do not use Form IT-150 or Form IT-201 to report and pay sales and use taxes with respect to a business if you or the business is registered, or are required to be registered, for sales tax purposes. Report and pay sales and use taxes with respect to business purchases on the applicable sales and use tax return.

If you are requesting an extension of time to file your personal income tax return and you owe sales or use tax, you must pay any sales or use tax you owe at the time you request the extension. See Form IT-370 for more information.

If you receive an automatic extension of time to pay your New York State personal income tax (for example, you are in a foreign country), your sales or use tax is due when your New York State personal income tax is due.
You may report and pay your sales or use tax liability on your personal income tax return for:
- your personal purchases;
- purchases related to your royalty activities or rental real estate activities reported in Part I of federal Schedule E; and
- purchases related to your Schedule C, C-EZ, or F business (not otherwise eligible for exemption) unless the business is, or is required to be, registered for sales tax purposes.

If you are married and file a joint return, you may include your spouse's sales or use tax liability for:
- your spouse's purchases;
- purchases related to your spouse's royalty activities or rental real estate activities reported in Part I of federal Schedule E; and
- purchases related to your spouse's Schedule C, C-EZ, or \(F\) business (not otherwise eligible for exemption) unless the business is, or is required to be, registered for sales tax purposes.
If you are not filing an income tax return but owe sales or use tax for 2006, you must pay any unpaid sales or use tax by filing Form ST-140, Individual Purchaser's Annual Report of Sales and Use Tax, by April 16, 2007. However, if you or the business is registered or required to be registered for sales tax purposes, all sales and use taxes owed with respect to business purchases must be reported and paid with the periodic sales and use tax return.
At the time of registration, the New York State Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) collects any unpaid sales or use tax on a motor vehicle, trailer, all-terrain vehicle, vessel, or snowmobile that must be registered or titled by DMV. Therefore, do not report or pay the sales or use tax on these items on your personal income tax return.

\section*{What happens if I don't pay the sales or use tax due?}

Failure to pay sales or use tax may result in the imposition of penalty and interest. The Tax Department conducts both routine and special audits to promote compliance. In addition, the U.S. Customs Service provides the department with information from customs declarations filed by New York State residents returning from overseas travel. The Tax Department also obtains information on sales to New York State residents under information exchange agreements with other states.

\section*{Computing sales or use tax}

If you do not owe any sales or use tax, you must enter \(\mathbf{0}\) on the sales or use tax line of your personal income tax return.

For more information, see Publication 774, Purchaser's Obligations to Pay Sales and Use Taxes Directly to the Tax Department, Questions and Answers.

\section*{How to calculate and report your sales and use tax liability}

Complete the Computation of total sales or use tax due section below, using the Sales and use tax chart and any of Worksheets 1, 2, and 3, beginning on page 69 that apply.
Purchases for less than \(\$ 1,000\) each - You may elect to use one of two methods to compute your sales and use taxes for nonbusiness-related purchases of individual items or services costing less than \$1,000 each (excluding shipping and handling):
- the Exact calculation method on Worksheet 1 on page 69; or
- the Sales and use tax chart below.
 The Sales and use tax chart is a simple, time-saving method to use to compute your sales or use tax on individual items or services costing less than \(\$ 1,000\). However, you may not use it for business-related purchases or for royalty activity or rental real estate activity-related purchases, regardless of the amount. You must use the Exact Calculation Method on Worksheet 3 on page 70 to calculate your tax on these purchases.

If you do not owe sales or use tax, you must enter 0 on the Sales or use tax line on your return.

\section*{Computation of total sales or use tax due}

1 Tax due on nonbusiness-related items or services costing less than \$1,000 each, excluding shipping and handling (Enter your tax due on all nonbusiness-related purchases where the price of each item or service was under \(\$ 1,000\). You may use the Exact Calculation Method by entering the amount from line 3 of Worksheet 1 on page 69. Or, you may elect to determine the amount by using the Sales and use tax chart below. Continue with lines 2 and 3.). 1.
2. \(\qquad\)
2 Tax due on nonbusiness-related items or services costing \$1,000 or more each (from line 1 of Worksheet 2 on page 69)

3. royalty or rental real estate related purchases (from line 3 of Worksheet 3 on page 70)

4 Total sales or use tax due (Add lines 1, 2, and 3. Enter the total here and on line 35 of Form IT-150, or line 59 of Form IT-201.)
4. \(\square\)


Example: You live in Monroe County in New York State.

Over the course of the year, you purchased several items for less than \(\$ 1,000\) each (excluding shipping and handling) over the Internet and by catalog. You know that you did not pay any tax on the items purchased. You

The following rule is for a full-year New York State income tax resident who did not maintain a permanent place of abode for sales tax purposes during the entire tax year.

If you maintained a permanent place of abode in New York State for sales and use tax purposes for only part of the year, multiply the tax amount from the chart (determined based on your total federal adjusted gross income for 2006) by the number of months you maintained the permanent place of abode in New York State and divide the result by 12. Enter that amount on line 1. In determining the number of months you maintained the abode in New York, count any period you maintained the abode for more than one-half month as a full month; do not count a period of one-half month or less.
may elect to use the Sales and use tax chart to determine the tax due on these purchases.
Also, on August 15, 2006, you received a computer that you ordered from a retailer located in Michigan for \$1,500 including the retailer's \(\$ 100\) charge for shipping and handling. The Michigan retailer did not collect any New York or Michigan sales or use tax.

\section*{Example (continued)}

Your federal adjusted gross income for the year is \(\$ 53,400\). You determine the amount of tax due as follows:

For line 1 of the Computation of total sales or use tax due, you elect to use the Sales and use tax chart and select the amount based on your federal AGI of \$53,400. Enter this amount on line 1 of the Computation of total sales or use tax due. \(\$ 26.00\)
For line 2 of the Computation of total sales or use tax due, you use Worksheet 2 to calculate your tax liability on the computer purchase. \(\$ 1,500 \times 8 \%\) (state and local combined rate in Monroe County from Chart 1, on page 71). Enter this amount on line 2 of the Computation of total sales or use tax due ............... 120.00
Total tax \(\$ 146.00\)

\section*{Worksheet 1 Exact calculation of tax due for nonbusiness-related purchases during 2006 costing less than \(\$ 1,000\) each}

Use this worksheet for nonbusiness-related purchases where the item or service cost less than \(\$ 1,000\) each, excluding shipping and handling. However, the shipping and handling charges must be included in column A of Part 1 and Part 2 when computing your tax due. Therefore, the total purchase price may exceed \(\$ 110\) in column A of Part 1 and \(\$ 1,000\) in column A of Part 2 when the shipping and handling charges are included.

\section*{Part 1 - Purchases of clothing and footwear costing less than \(\$ 110\), excluding shipping and handling, made on or after January 30, 2006, and before February 6, 2006, or on or after April 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007.}

Purchases of clothing and footwear and items used to make or repair exempt clothing, costing less than \(\$ 110\) per item or pair (excluding shipping and handling), made on or after January 30, 2006, and before February 6, 2006, or on or after April 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, were exempt from the state portion of the tax and also from some local taxes. However, if the locality where you reside chose not to provide the clothing and footwear exemption, the local portion of the tax still applied. Chart 2 on page 72 of these instructions lists the appropriate rate of local tax for you to enter for your locality in column B below. If your locality provided the clothing and footwear exemption, its rate will be listed as \(\mathbf{0}\). In this case, do not complete Part 1.
List all clothing and footwear purchases under \(\$ 110\) per item, excluding shipping and handling, made during the above periods if your locality imposed tax during one or both of these periods. (See Chart 2 on page 72.)
For fully taxable clothing and footwear purchases and for purchases of all other taxable items and services costing less than \(\$ 1,000\) per item or service, excluding shipping and handling, you must also complete Part 2 below.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
A \\
Purchase price (see instructions on page 70)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{|c} 
B \\
Your local \\
rate \\
(from Chart 2, page 72; \\
see instructions on page 70)
\end{tabular}\(|\) & C
Tax
(multiply column \(A\)
by column \(B\) ) & \begin{tabular}{l}
D \\
Tax paid to another taxing jurisdiction, if any (see instructions on page 70)
\end{tabular} & E
Tax due
(subtract column D from column C;
do not enter less than zero) \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline Total (add the Part 1, col & E amounts; do no & s than zero) & 1. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Part 2 - All other taxable items and services - List all other taxable items and services and taxable clothing and footwear not included in Part 1 on which no New York State or local tax was collected from you at the time of purchase or on which you owe additional local tax (see Information on paying sales and use taxes on your income tax return on page 66).
Note: At the time of registration, the New York State Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) collects any unpaid sales or use tax on a motor vehicle, trailer, all-terrain vehicle, vessel, or snowmobile that must be registered or titled by DMV. Therefore, do not report or pay the sales or use tax on these items on your personal income tax return.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & \(\left|\begin{array}{|c|}\text { B } \\ \text { Combined } \\ \text { state and local rate } \\ \text { (rom Chart 1, page 71; see } \\ \text { instructions on page 70) }\end{array}\right|\) & C
Tax
\begin{tabular}{c} 
(multiply column \(A\) \\
by column \(B\) )
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
D \\
Tax paid to another taxing jurisdiction, if any (see instructions on page 70 )
\end{tabular}} & \begin{tabular}{|c|} 
E \\
Tax due \\
(subtract column D from column C; \\
do not enter less than zero)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Total (add the Part 2, column E amounts; do not enter less than zero) \(\qquad\) \\
Add lines 1 and 2; transfer this amount to the Computation of total sales or use tax due section, line 1, on page 68 \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}}} & 2. & \\
\hline & & & & 3. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Worksheet 2 Nonbusiness-related purchases during 2006 costing \$1,000 or more each}

Use this worksheet for nonbusiness-related purchases where the item or service cost \(\$ 1,000\) or more each, excluding shipping and handling. If any item or service cost \(\$ 25,000\) or more each, excluding shipping and handling, you must also complete Form IT-135, Sales and Use Tax Report for Purchases of Items and Services Costing \(\$ 25,000\) or More, and attach it to your return.

Note: At the time of registration, the New York State Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) collects any unpaid sales or use tax on a motor vehicle, trailer, all-terrain vehicle, vessel, or snowmobile that must be registered or titled by DMV. Therefore, do not report or pay the sales or use tax on these items on your personal income tax return.
\(\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|c|c|c|}\hline \begin{array}{c}\text { A } \\ \text { Purchase price } \\ \text { (see instructions on page 70) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { B } \\ \text { Combined state } \\ \text { and local rate } \\ \text { (from Chart 1, page 71; see } \\ \text { instructions on page 70) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { C } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { (multiply column A } \\ \text { by column B) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { D } \\ \text { Tax paid to another } \\ \text { taxing jurisdiction, if any } \\ \text { (see instructions on page 70) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { E }\end{array} \\ \hline & & & & \\ \hline \text { (subtract column D from column C; } \\ \text { do not enter less than zero) }\end{array}\right\}\)

\section*{Worksheet 3 Schedule C, C-EZ, and Schedule F taxable business purchases or Schedule E (Part I) taxable royalty or rental real estate activity-related purchases during 2006.}

\section*{Part 1 - Purchases of clothing and footwear costing less than \(\$ 110\), excluding shipping and handling, made on or after January 30, 2006, and before February 6, 2006, or on or after April 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007.}

Purchases of clothing and footwear and items used to make or repair exempt clothing, costing less than \(\$ 110\) per item or pair (excluding shipping and handling), made on or after January 30, 2006, and before February 6, 2006, or on or after April 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, were exempt from the state portion of the tax and also from some local taxes. However, if the locality where you reside chose not to provide the clothing and footwear exemption, the local portion of the tax still applied. Chart 2 on page 72 of these instructions lists the appropriate rate of local tax for you to enter for your locality in column B below. If your locality provided the clothing and footwear exemption, its rate will be listed as 0 . In this case, do not complete Part 1.
List all clothing and footwear purchases under \(\$ 110\) per item, excluding shipping and handling, made during the above periods if your locality imposed tax during one or both of these periods. (See Chart 2 on page 72.) However, the shipping and handling charges must be included in column A when computing your tax due.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
A \\
Purchase price (see instructions below)
\end{tabular} & ```
        B
    Your local
        rate
(from Chart 2, page 72;
see instructions below)
``` & C
Tax
(multiply column \(A\)
by column B) & \begin{tabular}{l}
D \\
Tax paid to another taxing jurisdiction, if any (see instructions below)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{|c|} 
E \\
Tax due \\
(subtract column D from column C; \\
do not enter less than zero)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline tal (add the Part 1, & E amounts; do not & ss than zero) & 1. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Part 2 - All other taxable items and services - List all other taxable items and services and taxable clothing and footwear not included in Part 1 on which no New York State or local tax was collected from you at the time of purchase or on which you owe additional local tax (see Information on paying sales and use taxes on your income tax return on page 66). If any item or service purchased cost \(\$ 25,000\) or more each, excluding shipping and handling, you must also complete Form IT-135, Sales and Use Tax Report for Purchases of Items and Services Costing \$25,000 or More, and attach it to your return.

Note: At the time of registration, the New York State Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) collects any unpaid sales or use tax on a motor vehicle, trailer, all-terrain vehicle, vessel, or snowmobile that must be registered or titled by DMV. Therefore, do not report or pay the sales or use tax on these items on your personal income tax return.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
A \\
Purchase price (see instructions below)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
B \\
Combined state and local rate (from Chart 1, page 71; see instructions below)
\end{tabular} & C
Tax
(multiply column \(A\)
by column \(B\) ) & \begin{tabular}{l}
D \\
Tax paid to another taxing jurisdiction, if an (see instructions below)
\end{tabular} & & E
Tax due
(subtract column D from column C;
do not enter less than zero) \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
2 Total (add the Part 2, column E amounts; do not enter less than zero) \(\qquad\) \\
3 Add lines 1 and 2; transfer this amount to the Computation of total sales or use tax due section, line 3 , on page 68 \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}}} & 2. & \\
\hline & & & & 3. & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Instructions for Worksheets 1, 2, and 3}

\section*{Column A - Purchase price}

The tax is generally computed on the price you paid for an item or service, including any shipping or handling charges made by the seller. However, if you were a resident of New York State at the time of purchase and you purchased property outside New York State which you used outside the state for more than six months before you brought it into the state, compute the tax on the lower of the cost or fair market value of the property at the time you brought it into New York State. This may result in a lower amount of tax. The same six month rule applies for purposes of computing local tax.

\section*{Column B - Rate}

The tax rate to use is determined as follows:
- If the property or service is delivered to you in New York State, the tax is computed at the combined state and local rate in effect in the locality where the delivery occurs regardless of where you reside. The rate that applies is the rate in effect at the time of delivery.
- If you are a New York State resident and you purchase property or services outside New York State which you bring into New York State to your jurisdiction of residence, tax is computed at the combined state and local rate in effect where you reside. The rate that applies is the rate in effect at the time you brought the property or service into that jurisdiction.

In addition, if you use the property or service in another locality in New York State, you owe tax to the second locality if you were also a resident of that locality at the time of the purchase, and its rate is higher than the rate in effect where the property was originally delivered to you in New York State or brought by you into New York State.

\section*{Column D - Tax paid to another taxing jurisdiction, if any}

To determine whether the tax you paid to another state or local jurisdiction in another state qualifies for credit against New York State and local tax, see Publication 39, A Guide to New York State Reciprocal Credits for Sales Taxes Paid to Other States. If you bought the item or service in a locality in New York State other than where you reside, the tax you paid at the time of purchase may be claimed as a credit against the tax due in the locality where you reside. Federal excise taxes and customs duties, and taxes and fees you paid in foreign countries are not allowed as a credit against any New York State or local sales or use tax that you owe.

See Chart 1 or Chart 2 on pages 71 and 72 for a listing of rates through November 30, 2006. For rate changes effective December 1, 2006, visit our Web site or call the Tax Department. See Need help? on the back cover.

\section*{Chart 1}

\section*{New York State Sales and Use Tax Rates by Jurisdiction}

This chart and the notes below show the combined state and local tax rates for the period January 1, 2006, through and including November 30, 2006. Use these rates for your entries in the worksheets on pages 69 and 70 . Changes to county and city rates that occurred during the period are noted in the footnotes below.
New York City comprises five counties. These counties are also boroughs whose names are more widely known. The counties, with borough names shown in parentheses, are Bronx (Bronx),

Kings (Brooklyn), New York (Manhattan), Queens (Queens), and Richmond (Staten Island).

Note that tax rates may change over the course of the year. The tax rates included with these instructions were effective through November 30, 2006. For information on whether the rates changed after November 30, 2006, visit our Web site at www.nystax.gov or call the Tax Department at 1800 225-5829.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline County or other locality & Tax rate \% & County or other locality & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Tax } \\
\text { rate } \%
\end{gathered}
\] & County or other locality & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Tax } \\
& \text { rate \% }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline New York State - only & 4 & Jefferson & 73/4 & St. Lawrence & 7 \\
\hline Albany & 8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Kings (Brooklyn) - see New York City} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Saratoga - except } \\
& \hline \text { Saratoga Springs (city) }
\end{aligned}
\]} & 7 \\
\hline Allegany & \(81 / 2\) & Lewis & 73/4 & & 7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Bronx - see New York City} & Livingston & 8 & Schenectady & 8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Brooklyn - see New York City} & Madison - except & 8 & Schoharie & 8 \\
\hline Broome & 8 & Oneida (city) & 8 & Schuyler & 8 \\
\hline Cattaraugus - except & 8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Manhattan - see New York City} & Seneca & 8 \\
\hline Olean (city) & 8 & Monroe & 8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Staten Island - see New York City} \\
\hline Salamanca (city) & 8 & Montgomery & 8 & Steuben - except & 8 \\
\hline Cayuga - except & 8 & Nassau & 85/8 & Corning (city) & 8 \\
\hline Auburn (city) & 8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{New York (Manhattan) - see New York City} & Hornell (city) & 8 \\
\hline Chautauqua \({ }^{1}\) & 8 & New York City & 83/8 & Suffolk & 85/8 \\
\hline Chemung & 8 & Niagara & 8 & Sullivan & \(71 / 2\) \\
\hline Chenango - except & 8 & Oneida \({ }^{4}\) - except & 9 & Tioga & 8 \\
\hline Norwich (city) & 8 & Rome (city) \({ }^{4}\) & 9 & Tompkins - except & 8 \\
\hline Clinton & 73/4 & Sherrill (city) \({ }^{4}\) & 9 & Ithaca (city) & 8 \\
\hline Columbia & 8 & Utica (city) \({ }^{4}\) & 9 & Ulster & 8 \\
\hline Cortland & 8 & Onondaga & 8 & Warren - except & 7 \\
\hline Delaware & 8 & Ontario \({ }^{5}\) & \(71 / 8\) & Glens Falls (city) & 7 \\
\hline Dutchess & 81/8 & Orange & 81/8 & Washington & 7 \\
\hline Erie \({ }^{2}\) & 83/4 & Orleans & 8 & Wayne & 8 \\
\hline Essex & 73/4 & Oswego - except & 8 & Westchester - except & 73/8 \\
\hline Franklin \({ }^{3}\) & 8 & Fulton (city) & 8 & Mount Vernon (city) & 83/8 \\
\hline Fulton - except & 8 & Oswego (city) & 8 & New Rochelle (city) & 83/8 \\
\hline Gloversville (city) & 8 & Otsego & 8 & White Plains (city) & 77/8 \\
\hline Johnstown (city) & 8 & Putnam & 71/8 & Yonkers (city) & 83/8 \\
\hline Genesee & 8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Queens - see New York City} & Wyoming & 8 \\
\hline Greene & 8 & Rensselaer & 8 & Yates & 8 \\
\hline Hamilton & 7 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Richmond (Staten Island) - see New York City} & & \\
\hline Herkimer & 8 & Rockland & 8 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 Chautauqua County combined rate was \(8 \frac{1}{4} \%\) from January 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
2 Erie County combined rate was \(8 \frac{1}{4} \%\) from January 1, 2006, through January 14, 2006.
3 Franklin County combined rate was 7\% from January 1, 2006, through May 31, 2006.
4 Oneida County combined rate, including the cities of Rome, Sherrill, and Utica, was \(91 / 2 \%\) from January 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
5 Ontario County combined rate was 7\% from January 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.

\title{
Chart 2 - Local Sales and Use Tax Rates on Clothing and Footwear \\ Effective January 30, 2006, through February 5, 2006, and April 1, 2006, through November 30, 2006
}

Local tax rates are shown below for jurisdictions that imposed tax on purchases of clothing and footwear costing less than \(\$ 110\) per item, excluding shipping and handling, during the period beginning January 30, 2006, and ending February 5, 2006, or the period beginning April 1, 2006, and ending November 30, 2006. For possible rate change information after November 30, 2006, visit our Web site at www.nystax.gov or call the Tax Department at 1800 225-5829. Changes to local rates that occurred during the two periods are noted in the footnotes below.
NYC enacted a year-round exemption effective September 1, 2005, that did not apply to the \(4 \%\) NYS tax or the \(3 / 8 \%\) MCTD taxes. Effective April 1, 2006, the year-round exemption applies to the \(4 \%\) NYS sales and use taxes, the \(3 / 8 \%\) MCTD taxes, and the 4\% NYC local sales and use taxes in NYC.
Chautauqua County enacted a year-round exemption from its local tax effective March 1, 2006. The Chautauqua rate was 4\% from March 1, 2006, through
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Taxing jurisdiction & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 / 30-2 / 5 \\
\text { Tax rate } \%
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
4/1-11/30 \\
Tax rate \%
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Albany County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Allegany County & 0 & 41122 \\
\hline Broome County \({ }^{1}\) & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Cattaraugus County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Olean (city) \({ }^{2}\) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Salamanca (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Cayuga County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Auburn (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Chautauqua County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Chemung County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Chenango County (outside the following) & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Norwich (city) & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Clinton County & 0 & 33/4 \\
\hline Columbia County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Cortland County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Delaware County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Dutchess County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Erie County & 0 & 43/4 \\
\hline Essex County & 0 & 33/4 \\
\hline Franklin County \({ }^{3}\) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Fulton County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Gloversville (city) \({ }^{4}\) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Johnstown (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Genesee County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Greene County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Hamilton County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Herkimer County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Jefferson County & 0 & 33/4 \\
\hline Lewis County & 33/4 & 33/4 \\
\hline Livingston County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Madison County (outside the following) & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Oneida (city) & 0 & 2 \\
\hline Monroe County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Montgomery County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Nassau County & 45/8 & 45/8 \\
\hline New York City & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Niagara County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Oneida County \({ }^{5}\) (outside the following) & 0 & 5 \\
\hline Rome (city) \({ }^{5}\) & 0 & 5 \\
\hline Sherrill (city) \({ }^{6}\) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Utica (city) \({ }^{5}\) & \(11 / 2\) & 5 \\
\hline Onondaga County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Ontario County \({ }^{7}\) & 0 & \(31 / 8\) \\
\hline Orange County & \(41 / 8\) & \(41 / 8\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

March 31, 2006 (prior to the enactment of the NYS year-round exemption). The \$110 item-cost limitation did not apply to the \(41 / 4 \%\) local exemption in Chautauqua County from March 1, 2006, to August 31, 2006.
Beginning April 1, 2006, there is a year-round exemption for the 4\% New York State sales and use taxes for clothing, footwear, and items used to make or repair exempt clothing costing less than \(\$ 110\) per item or pair. The exemption does not apply to locally imposed sales and use taxes unless that county or city imposing those taxes elected the exemption.
Use these rates for your entries in the worksheets on pages 69 and 70. If the rate for your locality is \(\mathbf{0}\), no state or local tax is due on clothing and footwear costing less than \(\$ 110\) purchased during that period.
New York City comprises five counties, which are also boroughs whose names are more widely known (see Chart 1 on page 71).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Taxing jurisdiction & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 1 / 30-2 / 5 \\
\text { Tax rate } \%
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
4 / 1-11 / 30
\] \\
Tax rate \%
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Orleans County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Oswego County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Fulton (city) & 4 & 4 \\
\hline Oswego (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Otsego County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Putnam County & 37/8 & 37/8 \\
\hline Rensselaer County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Rockland County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline St. Lawrence County & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Saratoga County (outside the following) & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Saratoga Springs (city) & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Schenectady County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Schoharie County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Schuyler County \({ }^{8}\) & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Seneca County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Steuben County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Corning (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Hornell (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Suffolk County & 0 & 45/8 \\
\hline Sullivan County & 0 & \(31 / 2\) \\
\hline Tioga County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Tompkins County (outside the following) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Ithaca (city) & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Ulster County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Warren County (outside the following) & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Glens Falls (city) & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Washington County & 0 & 3 \\
\hline Wayne County & 0 & 0 \\
\hline Westchester County (outside the following) & 33/8 & 33/8 \\
\hline Mount Vernon (city) & \(43 / 8\) & 43/8 \\
\hline New Rochelle (city) & \(43 / 8\) & 43/8 \\
\hline White Plains (city) & 37/8 & \(3^{7 / 8}\) \\
\hline Yonkers (city) & \(43 / 8\) & 43/8 \\
\hline Wyoming County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline Yates County & 0 & 4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 Broome County rate was 4\% from April 1, 2006, through May 31, 2006.
2 City of Olean rate was \(2 ½ \%\) from April 1, 2006, through May 31, 2006.
3 Franklin County rate was 3\% from April 1, 2006, through May 31, 2006.
4 City of Gloversville rate was 2\% from April 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
5 Oneida County rate (including the cities of Rome and Utica) was \(5 \frac{1}{2} \%\) from April 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
6 City of Sherrill rate was \(41 / 2 \%\) from April 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
7 Ontario County rate was 3\% from April 1, 2006, through August 31, 2006.
8 Schuyler County rate was 4\% from April 1, 2006, through May 31, 2006.


\section*{Form IT-201 (long form)}

\section*{After you have completed your federal tax return ...}




Step 1 - Completing the taxpayer information section


\section*{Part A Name and address}

If you received a tax packet by mail, your peel-off name-and-address label is under the flap on the inside front cover. After you complete your return, place the label in the box at the top of your return.
Check the label for accuracy. If the label is correct, go to Part B.
If any information is wrong, cross it out and make the corrections directly on the label. Space is limited so if your name contains more than 36 characters, and it is correct except for missing final characters, do not make a correction.
If you do not have a label, write the following in the spaces provided:
- Name: First name, middle initial, and last name for you, and, if you are filing a joint return, your spouse.
- Mailing address: PO box or street address, city, state, and ZIP code where you wish to receive your mail (refund and correspondence).

Foreign addresses - Enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and then country (all in the City, village, or post office box). Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

\section*{Part B Permanent home address}

If your mailing address is different from your permanent home address (for instance, you use a PO box), enter your permanent home address. Your permanent home address is the address of the dwelling place in New York State where you actually live, whether you or your spouse own or rent it.
- If you use a paid preparer and you use the preparer's address as your mailing address, enter the address of your permanent home in the space provided.
- If you are a permanent resident of a nursing home, enter the nursing home address.
- If you are in the armed forces and your permanent home was in New York State when you entered the military, enter your New York permanent home address regardless of where you are stationed.
- If you are married and maintain separate New York State residences and are filing separate New York State returns, enter as your permanent home address the address of your own residence.
- If you moved after December 31, 2006, enter your permanent home address as of December 31, 2006, not your current home address. Enter your new home
address in the mailing address area if you want your refund and other correspondence sent there.

\section*{Part C Social security numbers}

You must enter your social security number(s) whether or not you are using the peel-off label. Be sure your social security numbers are in the same order as your names.

\section*{Part D New York State county of residence}

If this information appears correctly on your label, go to Part E.
If you do not have a label, or the information is incorrect, enter the county in New York State where you lived on December 31, 2006. If you live in New York City, use one of the following county names:
If you live in
Bronx
Brooklyn
Manhattan
Queens
Staten Island
use county
Bronx
Kings
New York
Queens
Richmond

\section*{Part E School district name and code}

If you do not have a label or your school district code number is missing or incorrect:
- Enter the correct code number and the name of your school district. This is the district where you were a resident on December 31, 2006. School districts and code numbers are on pages 42 through 45 . If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.
- You must enter your school district name and code number even if you were absent from the school district temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. Incorrect district names and code numbers may affect school aid.

\section*{Part F Decedent information}

If the taxpayer whose name is listed first on the return died after December 31, 2005, enter the date of death in the boxes labeled Taxpayer's date of death, in month, day, and last two digits of year order. If the taxpayer whose name is listed second died after December 31, 2005, enter the date of death in the boxes labeled Spouse's date of death. See Deceased taxpayers on page 39.

\section*{Step 2 Filing status and items B through G}

\section*{Item (A)}

In nearly all cases you must use the same filing status that you used on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, use the filing status you would have used if you had filed.
The only exceptions to this rule apply to married individuals who file a joint federal return and:
(1) one spouse is a New York State resident and the other is a nonresident or part-year resident. In this case, you must either: (a) file separate New York returns using filing status (3); or (b) file jointly, as if you both were New York State residents, using filing status (2).
(2) you are unable to file a joint New York return because the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown, you can demonstrate that reasonable efforts have been made to locate your spouse, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status (3).
(3) your spouse refuses to sign a joint New York return, reasonable efforts have been made to have your spouse sign a joint return, there exists objective evidence of alienation from your spouse such as judicial order of protection, legal separation under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or living apart for the twelve months immediately preceding application to file a separate return or commencement of an action for divorce or commencement of certain family court proceedings, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status (3).

\section*{Item (B)}

If you itemized your deductions on your 2006 federal income tax return, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the Yes box. If you claimed the standard deduction on your federal return, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the No box.

\section*{Item (C)}

If you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you must mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the Yes box. You must mark the Yes box even if the other taxpayer did not claim you as a dependent. For example, if another taxpayer was entitled to claim you as a dependent on his or her federal return, but chose not to so that you can claim the federal education credit, you must mark the Yes box.

\section*{Item (D)}

Please help us reduce waste and taxpayer-financed paper, printing, and mailing costs. Mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box if you do not need a New York State income tax packet next year.
Most taxpayers do not need a full tax packet with forms and instructions because they can download them from our Web site at www.nystax.gov, use our fax-on-demand system, or get them at some post offices, libraries, or community centers (see Need help? on the back cover). Other taxpayers e-file, use tax preparation software, or go to an accountant or tax preparer to have their returns completed. Please note that if you e-file, use software, or use a preparer, we will not send you a tax packet next year.
If we sent you a tax packet this year and you are using an original paper return (Form IT-150 or IT-201) from your packet, we will automatically send you a tax packet next year unless you mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box (next year's forms will be available in January 2008). Consider your situation for next year and whether you will actually need these paper tax forms again. If not, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the box.

\section*{Item (E)}

If you, or your spouse if married filing jointly, maintained or had use of an apartment or living quarters in New York City during any part of 2006, you must mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the Yes box.

Living quarters include a house, apartment, co-op, or any other dwelling that you or your spouse maintain or pay for, or that is maintained for your primary use by another person, family member, or employer. For example, if a company leases an apartment for the principal, but not exclusive, use of the company's president or chief executive officer, that individual would be considered as maintaining living quarters in New York City even though others might use the apartment occasionally.
Note: You may be considered a New York City resident if you spend 184 days or more (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York City. See the definition of Resident, nonresident and part-year resident on page 38. If you meet the definition, complete the New York City resident taxes and credits lines ( 47 through 53, and 69 and 70) on Form IT-201. See the instructions on pages 96 through 98, and 101 and 102.

\section*{Item (F)}

NYC residents and NYC part-year residents only:
Enter in the applicable box the number of months you and your spouse (if filing a joint return) lived in New York City during 2006. We need this information to verify your New York City school tax credit.

\section*{All other taxpayers should leave the boxes at Item (F)} blank.

\section*{Item (G)}

If you qualify for one or more of the four special conditions below, enter the specified 2-digit code(s).

\section*{Code 01 Combat zone}

Enter this code if you qualify for an extension of time to file and pay your tax due under the combat zone or contingency operation relief provisions. See Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

Code 02 Combat zone, killed in action (KIA)
Enter this code if you are filing a return on behalf of a member of the armed forces who died while serving in a combat zone. See Publication 361 for information on filing a claim for tax forgiveness.

\section*{Code 03 Out of the country}

Enter this code if you qualify for an automatic two-month extension of time to file your federal return because you are out of the country. For additional information, see When to file/Important dates on the back cover.

\section*{Code 04 Nonresident aliens}

Enter this code if you are a U.S. nonresident alien for federal income tax purposes and you qualify to file your federal income tax return on or before June 15, 2007. The filing deadline for your New York return is similarly extended until June 15, 2007.

\section*{Step 3 — Federal income and adjustments}


\section*{Lines 1 through 18 Federal income tax return information}

The computation of your New York State (and New York City and Yonkers) income tax is based on information you reported on your federal income tax return, including your income and federal adjustments to income. If you did not file a federal return, you must report the same income and adjustments that you would have reported for federal income tax purposes if you had filed a federal return.

Use the chart below to complete lines 1 through 18.

Be sure to enter your total other income on line 15 and your total federal adjustments to income on line 17. Write each type of income and each adjustment and its amount in the shaded Identify areas as shown above in the examples on lines 15 and 17. If you need more room, attach a list showing each type of income and each adjustment and its amount.

\(\triangle\)
Do not leave line 18 blank.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
To complete \\
Form IT-201, line:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
if you filed \\
Form 1040EZ, \\
transfer the amount \\
from line:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
if you filed \\
Form 1040A, \\
transfer the amount \\
from line:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
or, if you filed \\
Form 1040, \\
transfer the amount \\
from line:
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
and attach a copy \\
of the following \\
federal forms:
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1}\) & 7 & 7 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{2}\) & 2 & 8 a & 8 a & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{3}\) & & 9 a & 9 a & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{4}\) & & & 10 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{5}\) & & 10 & 11 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{6}\) & & & 12 & Schedule C or C-EZ \\
\hline \(\mathbf{7}\) & & 11 b & 13 & Schedule D, if required \\
\hline \(\mathbf{8}\) & & 12 b & 14 & Form 4797 \\
\hline \(\mathbf{9}\) & & 15 b & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 0}\) & & 13 & 17 & Schedule E \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 1}\) & & 14 b & 18 & Schedule F \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 2}\) & & 15 & 20 b & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 4}\) & & 20 & 21 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 5}\) & & 22 & 22 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 6}\) & & & 36 & \\
\hline \(\mathbf{1 7}\) & & & 38 & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Step 4 - New York adjustments/New York adjusted gross income}


Overview - The computation of your New York State income tax is based on your New York adjusted gross income (New York AGI), which is your federal adjusted gross income (federal AGI) modified by certain New York adjustments (New York additions and New York subtractions).
New York State taxes certain items of income not taxed by the federal government. You must add these New York additions to your federal AGI. Enter any of the listed additions on lines 20 through 23.
Similarly, New York State does not tax certain items of income taxed by the federal government. You must subtract these New York subtractions from federal AGI on lines 25 through 31.

Partners - If you have income from a partnership, include any New York adjustments that apply to that income. Obtain your share of partnership additions and subtractions from your partnership.
Beneficiaries (estates and trusts) - If you have income from an estate or trust, any New York adjustments that apply to that income, as well as any additions to or subtractions from federal itemized deductions, will be shown in your share of a single fiduciary adjustment. If the adjustment is a net addition, enter this amount on line 23; if the adjustment is a net subtraction, enter this amount on line 31. Identify this item as FA.

If you filed federal Form 4970, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, the income you reported on line 1 of Form 4970 is not included on line 11 of Form IT-201 because the IRC considers the distribution part of federal gross income. You must therefore include on line 23 the
amount of income you reported on Form 4970, line 1, less any interest income on state and local bonds and obligations of New York State and its local governments (that was included on Form 4970, line 5). Be sure to identify the source of this income as Form 4970 income.

S Corporation shareholders - If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation for which the election to be a New York S corporation was in effect for the tax year, include any of the following additions and subtractions that apply to your pro rata share of \(S\) corporation items of income, gain, loss, or deduction. Additions A-24, A-25, and A-26, and subtraction S-32 do not apply to you since they apply only to nonelecting \(S\) corporations. If the election to treat the corporation as a New York S corporation terminated during the tax year, you must make the additions and subtractions only to the extent they are attributable to the period for which the election to be a New York S corporation was in effect. Obtain your share of Scorporation items of income, gain, loss, and deduction from the S corporation.
If you are a shareholder of an S corporation that was eligible to make the election to be a New York \(S\) corporation for the tax year but did not make the election, include additions \(\mathrm{A}-24, \mathrm{~A}-25, \mathrm{~A}-26\), and subtraction \(\mathrm{S}-32\).
If you were not eligible to make the election to treat your corporation as a New York S corporation because the corporation was not subject to Article 9-A, general business corporation franchise tax, or Article 32, banking corporation franchise tax, include any of the following additions and subtractions that apply to your pro rata share of \(S\) corporation items of income, gain, loss, or deduction. Additions A-23, A-24, A-25, and A-26, and subtractions S-31 and S-32 do not apply to you since they apply only to electing and nonelecting New York S corporations.

If a gain or loss is recognized on your federal income tax return due to the disposition of stock or indebtedness of an S corporation that did not elect to be a New York S corporation for any tax year after December 31, 1980, make addition A-26 or subtraction S-31, whichever applies to you.
You must make the adjustments for the tax year of the \(S\) corporation that ends in your tax year.

\section*{New York additions}

\section*{Line 20 Interest income on state and local bonds and obligations}

Do you have interest income from state and local bonds and obligations from states other than New York State or its local governments? If No, go to line 21.
If Yes, enter any such interest income that you received or that was credited to you during 2006 that was not included in your federal AGI. This includes interest income on state and local bonds, interest and dividend income from tax-exempt bond mutual funds, and tax-exempt money market funds that invest in obligations of states other than New York.
If you purchased a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year, less the seller's accrued interest (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding your purchase to the date you purchased the bond). If you sold a bond between interest dates, include the amount of interest you received during the year plus the accrued interest amount (the amount accrued from the interest date preceding the date you sold the bond to the date you sold the bond). You should have received this information when you purchased or sold the bond.

\section*{Line 21 Public employee 414(h) retirement contribution}

Are you a public employee of NYS or its local governments? If No, go to line 22.
If Yes, enter the amount of \(414(\mathrm{~h})\) retirement contributions, if any, shown on your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W-2, if you are:
- a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the NYS and Local Retirement Systems, which include the NYS Employees' Retirement System and the NYS Police and Fire Retirement System; or
- a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the NYS Teachers' Retirement System; or
- an employee of the State or City University of New York who belongs to the Optional Retirement Program; or
- a member of any tier of the NYC Employees' Retirement System, the NYC Teachers' Retirement System, the NYC Board of Education Retirement System, the NYC Police Pension Fund or the NYC Fire Department Pension Fund; or
- a member of the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA) Pension Plan.
Do not enter contributions to a section 401(k) deferred arrangement, section 403(b) annuity or section 457 deferred compensation plan.

\section*{Line 22 New York's 529 college savings program distributions}

Did you make a withdrawal during 2006 from an account established under New York's 529 college savings program? If No, go to line 23.

If Yes, and the withdrawal was a nonqualified withdrawal, you must complete the worksheet below.
A withdrawal is nonqualified if: 1 ) the funds are used for purposes other than the higher education of the designated beneficiary; 2) the withdrawal is actually disbursed in cash or in-kind from the college savings program, even if the amount withdrawn is reinvested in New York's 529 college savings program within the Internal Revenue Code 60-day rollover period; or 3 ) on or after January 1, 2003, the funds are transferred from New York's 529 college savings program to another state's program (whether for the same beneficiary or for the benefit of another family member). However, nonqualified withdrawals do not include any withdrawals made in 2006 as a result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary, regardless of how the funds are used.

Note: Transfers between accounts of family members not disbursed in cash or in-kind within New York's program are not considered distributions and are therefore not required to be added back as nonqualified withdrawals.
Include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts you own on lines 1 through 7 of the worksheet below. Do not include amounts applicable to accounts that were closed in a prior tax year. If you are filing a joint return, include the applicable amounts from all existing accounts owned by you and your spouse.

Also include on lines 1 and 2 your share of any amounts withdrawn or contributed by a partnership of which you are a partner. The partnership should provide this information to you. A partnership includes a limited liability company (LLC) that has elected to be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.
Please note: Before completing the worksheet below, you must first compute your Form IT-201, line 30, subtraction for New York's 529 college savings program for 2006. See page 87.
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{12}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1. Total current and prior years' nonqualified withdrawals from your account(s) \(\qquad\) 1. \(\qquad\) \\
2. Total current and prior years' contributions to your account(s) \(\qquad\) 2. \(\qquad\) \\
3. Total current year's subtraction modification (from line 1 of Worksheet for line 30 on page 87 ) and prior years' subtraction modifications* ................................................ 3. \(\qquad\) \\
4. Subtract line 3 from line 2 \(\qquad\) 4. \(\qquad\) \\
5. Total prior years' addition modifications** ...... 5. \(\qquad\) \\
6. Add lines 4 and 5 \(\qquad\)
\[
6 .
\]
\(\qquad\) \\
7. Subtract line 6 from line 1 . This is your current year addition modification. Enter this amount on Form IT-201, line 22. \(\qquad\) 7. \(\qquad\) If line \(\mathbf{7}\) is \(\mathbf{0}\) (zero) or less, there is no addback. \\
* These amounts are included in line 28 of your 1998, 1999, and 2000 Form IT-201 (S-26 subtraction modification); on Form IT-201-I, line 29 worksheet, line 1, for tax years 2001 through 2004; in line 19 of your 2005 Form IT-150 (S-2 subtraction modification); and on Form IT-201-I, line 30 worksheet, line 1, for tax year 2005. \\
** These amounts are included in line 21 of your 1998, 1999 (A-3 addition modification), and 2000 (A-22 addition modification) Form IT-201; on line 21 of your 2001 through 2004 Form IT-201; in line 14 of your 2005 Form IT-150 (A-1 addition modification); and on line 22 of your 2005 Form IT-201. \\
Keep this worksheet with your copy of your tax return.
\end{tabular}} \\
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\section*{Line 23 Other additions}

Use this line to report the following additions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-201.

Write in the applicable item number(s) (A-1 through A-26) and the amount of each addition in the white Identify area. Enter the total amount of these other additions in the money column.

\section*{A-1 Income from certain obligations of U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities}

If, during 2006, you received or were credited with any interest or dividend income from any U.S. government authority, commission, or instrumentality that federal laws exempt from federal income tax but do not exempt from state income tax, then include that income. If you are uncertain whether a particular federal bond or obligation is subject to state income tax, contact the Tax Department (see Need help? on the back cover).

\section*{A-2 Interest expense on loans used to buy obligations exempt from NYS tax, amortized bond premium on bonds that are exempt from NYS tax and other expenses relating to the production of income exempt from NYS tax}
(a) If your federal AGI includes a deduction for interest expense used to buy bonds, obligations, or securities whose interest income is taxable for federal purposes but exempt from New York State tax, then include that interest expense.
(b) If your federal AGI includes a deduction for the amortization of bond premiums on bonds whose interest income is taxable for federal purposes but exempt from NYS tax, then include that amortized premium.
(c) If your federal AGI includes a deduction for expenses relating to the production of income which is taxable for federal purposes but exempt from New York State tax, then include that interest expense.

\section*{A-3 New York City flexible benefits program (IRC 125)}

\(\triangle\)Remember to include this addition modification on line 23 if applicable.

If your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W-2, show(s) that an amount was deducted or deferred from your salary under a flexible benefits program established by New York City or certain other New York City public employers on your behalf, then include this amount. Certain other New York City public employers include:
- City University of New York;
- NYC Health and Hospitals Corporation;
- NYC Transit Authority;
- NYC Housing Authority;
- NYC Off-Track Betting Corporation;
- NYC Board of Education;
- NYC School Construction Authority;
- NYC Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation;
- Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority; and
- Staten Island Rapid Transit Authority

\section*{A-4 Health insurance and the welfare benefit fund surcharge}

If you were a career pension plan member of the NYC Employees' Retirement System or the NYC Board of Education Retirement System, and if your wage and tax statement(s), federal Form W-2, show an amount that was deducted from your salary for health insurance and the welfare benefit fund surcharge, then include this amount.

\section*{A-5 Special additional mortgage recording tax deduction}

If you deducted special additional mortgage recording tax in computing your federal AGI, and the special additional tax was paid before January 1, 1988, and in a prior year you were allowed a New York State personal income tax credit for that tax, then include the amount deducted. Do not make the addition for the tax paid to record a mortgage on or after January 1, 2004, even if you claimed a credit for that tax.

\section*{A-6 Special additional mortgage recording tax basis adjustment}

If property on which you paid a special additional mortgage recording tax was sold or disposed of, and a special additional tax was paid before January 1, 1988, and in a prior year you claimed a New York State personal income tax credit for that tax, then include the amount, if any, of the federal basis of the property that was not adjusted to reflect the amount of the credit allowed.

\section*{A-7 Sales or dispositions of assets acquired from decedents}

Note: This adjustment is not required for property acquired from decedents who died on or after February 1, 2000.

Assets of decedents can sometimes have different bases for state and federal tax purposes. This requires adjustments in the gain or loss on the sale or disposition of those assets.
If, during the tax year, there was a sale or other disposition of any assets that had been inherited or sold or disposed of directly by the estate of a decedent, and if the estate of the decedent was not large enough to require a federal estate tax return, and if the executor or administrator of that estate had valued those assets for New York State income tax purposes at less than their value for federal income tax purposes, then include the difference between (a) the gain or loss on that sale or disposition that you included in your federal AGI for the tax year and (b) the gain or loss that would have resulted if the assets had been valued the same for New York State income tax purposes as for federal income tax purposes.

\section*{A-8 Disposition of solar and wind energy systems}

If in any tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1981, and ending before December 31, 1986, you took a New York State solar and wind energy credit on property, and if that property was sold or otherwise disposed of in 2006, and if a reportable gain resulted for federal income tax purposes from that sale or disposition, and if you had included the cost of the energy system in the federal basis of the property but did not reduce the federal basis by the state credit, then include the amount of the credit you had previously claimed.

\section*{A-9 New business investment; deferral recognition}

If, in any tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1982, and before 1988, you chose to subtract all or a portion of a long term capital gain from your federal AGI because you reinvested that amount in a new New York business, and you sold that reinvestment in 2006, then include the amount that you previously subtracted.

\section*{A-10 Qualified emerging technology investments (QETI)}

If you elected to defer the gain from the sale of QETI because you reinvested in a New York qualified emerging technology company, and if you sold that reinvestment in 2006, then you must include the amount previously deferred. See subtraction S-14 on page 89.


Did you file federal Schedule(s) C-EZ, C, E, or F?
If No, go to line 25.
If Yes, see addition modifications A-11 through A-26.

\section*{A-14 Safe harbor leases}

If your financial matters in 2006 involved a safe harbor lease (except for mass transit vehicles) made under an election provided for by section 168(f)(8) of the IRC as it was in effect for agreements entered into prior to January 1, 1984, then you must include the income that you would have included in your federal AGI if such an election had not been made. Also see A-13, S-23, and S-24.

\section*{A-15 Accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS) deduction}

If you claimed ACRS depreciation on your federal return for:
- property placed in service during tax years 1981 through 1984 (other than 280F property); or
- property placed in service outside New York State for 1985 through 1993 (other than 280F property) and you elect to continue using IRC 167 depreciation (see TSB-M-99(1)I);
then include the amount that was deducted in computing your federal AGI. You must attach Form IT-399, New York State Depreciation Schedule.

\section*{A-16 ACRS property; year of disposition adjustment}

If you disposed of property that was depreciated for federal purposes using ACRS, and if ACRS depreciation was not allowed for state purposes (see A-15), then you must complete Part 2 of Form IT-399, New York State Depreciation Schedule, to determine the amount to include. Also see S-26 on page 90.

\section*{A-17 Farmers' school tax credit}

If you claimed the farmers' school tax credit on your 2005 New York State tax return, and if you deducted your school taxes in computing your federal AGI on your 2005 federal return, then you must include the amount of the credit claimed for 2005 on this year's return. However, do not make this modification if you were required to report the amount of the credit as income on your 2006 federal return.

\section*{A-18 Sport utility vehicle expense deduction}

If you claimed an IRC section 179 deduction on your federal return with respect to a sport utility vehicle that weighs more than 6,000 pounds, and you are not an eligible farmer as defined for purposes of the farmers' school tax credit (see Form IT-217-I, Instructions for Form IT-217, Claim for Farmers' School Tax Credit), then include the amount of that deduction.

A sport utility vehicle is any four-wheeled passenger vehicle manufactured primarily for use on public streets, roads, and highways. However, sport utility vehicle does not include (1) any ambulance, hearse, or combination ambulance-hearse used directly in a trade or business; (2) any vehicle used directly in the trade or business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire; or (3) any truck, van, or motor home. A truck is any vehicle that has a primary load-carrying device or container attached, or is equipped with an open cargo area or covered box not readily accessible from the passenger compartment.

\begin{abstract}
A-19 IRC section 168(k) property depreciation
With the exception of resurgence zone property and New York liberty zone property described in IRC section \(1400 \mathrm{~L}(\mathrm{~b})(2)\), New York State does not follow the federal depreciation rules for IRC section 168(k) property placed in service inside or outside New York State on or after June 1, 2003. If you claimed a depreciation deduction for such property, and if no exception for resurgence zone or New York liberty zone property applies, then complete Part 1 of Form IT-398, New York State Depreciation Schedule for IRC Section 168(k) Property, to determine the amount to include. Attach Form IT-398 to your return.
\end{abstract}

\section*{A-20 Special depreciation}

If you made an election for tax years beginning before 1987 for: - special depreciation,
- research and development expenditures,
- waste treatment facility expenditures,
- air pollution control equipment expenditures, or
- acid deposition control equipment,
then include the amount of depreciation or expenditures relating to these items that was deducted in computing your federal AGI. Also see subtraction S-22 on page 90.

\section*{A-21 Royalty and interest payments made to a related member or members}

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, New York requires certain taxpayers to add back deductions they took on their federal return for certain royalty payments for the use of intangible property, such as trademarks or patents, and interest payments they made to a related member or members. Include the amount for any such payments you deducted on your federal return. See Tax Law section 612 (r).

\section*{A-22 Environmental remediation insurance premiums}

If you paid premiums for environmental remediation insurance and you claimed a deduction for such premiums and you also claimed the environmental remediation insurance credit, Form IT-613, Claim for Environmental Remediation Insurance Credit, then include the amount of the environmental remediation insurance credit allowed.


\footnotetext{
Additions A-23, A-24, A-25, A-26 apply to \(S\) corporation shareholders only. For additional information, see New York State Publication 35, New York Tax Treatment for S Corporations and Their Shareholders.
}

\section*{A-23 \\ S corporation shareholders; reduction for taxes}

If you are a shareholder of an S corporation for which a New York S corporation election was in effect for the tax year, then include your pro rata share of the S corporation's reductions for taxes imposed on built-in gains and reductions for taxes imposed on excess net passive income as described in IRC sections 1366(f)(2) and (3).

\section*{A-24 S corporation shareholders; pass-through loss or deduction items}

If you are a shareholder of an \(S\) corporation which is a New York C corporation, then include any S corporation pass-through items of loss or deduction you took into account in computing your federal AGI, pursuant to IRC section 1366.

\section*{A-25 S corporation shareholders}

If you did not include \(S\) corporation distributions in your federal AGI due to the application of IRC sections 1368, 1371(e), or 1379(c), and if these distributions were not previously subject to New York personal income tax because the corporation was a New York C corporation, then include these distributions.

\section*{A-26 S corporation shareholders; disposition of stock or indebtedness with increased basis}

Federal law requires holders of stock or indebtedness in a federal \(S\) corporation to include undistributed taxable income in their federal AGI and take a corresponding increase in basis. New York law requires a similar increase in basis on disposition of the stock or indebtedness where the federal S corporation is or was a New York C corporation.
If you reported a federal gain or loss because of the disposition of stock or indebtedness of an S corporation, and if that \(S\) corporation was a New York \(C\) corporation for any tax year beginning after December 31, 1980 (in the case of a corporation taxable under Article 9-A, general business corporation tax), or December 31, 1996 (in the case of a corporation taxable under Article 32, banking corporation franchise tax), then include the increase in the basis of the stock or indebtedness that is due to the application of IRC sections 1376(a) (as in effect for tax years beginning before January 1,1983) and 1367(a)(1)(A) and (B) for each tax year that a New York S election was not in effect.

\section*{New York subtractions}

\section*{Line 26 Pensions of New York State and local governments and the federal government}

Did you receive a pension or other distribution from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan? If No, go to line 27 .
If Yes, and the pension or distribution amount was included in your federal AGI, enter any pension you received, or distributions made to you from a pension plan which represents a return of contributions in a year prior to retirement, as an officer, employee, or beneficiary of an officer or employee of:
- NYS, including State and City University of New York and NYS Education Department employees who belong to the Optional Retirement Program.
Optional Retirement Program members may only subtract that portion attributable to employment with the State or City University of New York or the NYS Education Department.
- Certain public authorities, including:

Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA) Police 20-Year Retirement Program;
Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority (MABSTOA); and
Long Island Railroad Company.
- Local governments within the state, including:

NYS Teachers' Retirement System;
NYC Teachers' Retirement System;
NYC Teachers' Retirement IRC 403(b) plan; and
NYC variable supplemental funds (VSF), including:
Transit Police Officers' VSF
Transit Police Superior Officers' VSF
Housing Police Officers' VSF
Housing Police Superior Officers' VSF
Police Officers' VSF
Police Superior Officers' VSF
Firefighters' VSF
Fire Officers' VSF
Corrections Officers' VSF
Corrections Captain and Above VSF.
- The United States, its territories, possessions (or political subdivisions thereof), or any agency or instrumentality of the United States (including the military), or the District of Columbia.

Also include distributions received from a New York State or local pension plan or from a federal government pension plan as a nonemployee spouse in accordance with a court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A) or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36, General Information for Senior Citizens and Retired Persons.

You may not subtract (1) pension payments or return of contributions that were attributable to your employment by an employer other than a New York public employer, such as a private university, and any portion attributable to contributions you made to a supplemental annuity plan which was funded through a salary reduction program, or (2) periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans. However, these payments and distributions may qualify for the pension and annuity income exclusion described in the instructions for line 29 below.

\section*{Line 28 Interest income on U.S. government bonds}

Did you include interest income from U.S. government bonds or other U.S. government obligations on lines 2,6 , or 11 ? If No, go to line 29.

If Yes, enter the amount of interest income earned from bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government.

Dividends you received from a regulated investment company (mutual fund) that invests in obligations of the U.S. government and meet the \(50 \%\) asset requirement each quarter qualify for this subtraction. The portion of such dividends that may be subtracted is based upon the portion of taxable income received by the mutual fund that is derived from federal obligations.

Contact the mutual fund for further information on meeting the \(50 \%\) asset requirement and computing your allowable subtraction (if any).

If you include an amount on line 28 from more than one line on Form IT-201, attach a schedule showing the breakdown from each line.

Do not list the same interest more than once on lines 28 and 31; see the instructions for line 31, subtractions S-1 and S-3 on pages 87 and 88 .

\section*{Line 29 Pension and annuity income exclusion}

Did you enter an amount on line 9 or 10 that was not from a NYS or local government pension plan or federal government pension plan? If No, go to line 30.

If Yes, and you were 59½ before January 1, 2006, enter the qualifying pension and annuity income included in your 2006 federal AGI, but not more than \(\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}\). If you became \(591 / 2\) during 2006, enter only the amount received after you became \(591 / 2\), but not more than \(\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}\). If you received pension and annuity income and are married, or received pension and annuity income as a beneficiary, see below.
\(\mathbf{\$ 2 0 , 0 0 0}\) limit - You may not take a pension and annuity income exclusion that exceeds \$20,000, regardless of the source(s) of the income.

\section*{Qualifying pension and annuity income includes:}
- periodic payments for services you performed as an employee before you retired;
- periodic and lump-sum payments from an IRA, but not payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions from government (IRC section 457) deferred compensation plans;
- periodic distributions from an annuity contract (IRC section 403(b)) purchased by an employer for an employee and the employer is a corporation, community chest, fund, foundation, or public school;
- periodic payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but not payments derived from contributions made after you retired;
- lump-sum payments from an HR-10 (Keogh) plan, but only if federal Form 4972 is not used. Do not include that part of your payment that was derived from contributions made after you retired;
- periodic distributions of benefits from a cafeteria plan (IRC section 125) or a qualified cash or deferred profit-sharing or stock bonus plan (IRC section 401(k)), but not distributions derived from contributions made after you retired.
Qualifying pension and annuity income does not include distributions received as a nonemployee spouse in accordance with a court-issued qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) that meets the criteria of IRC section 414(p)(1)(A) or in accordance with a domestic relations order (DRO) issued by a New York court. For additional information, see Publication 36, General Information for Senior Citizens and Retired Persons.

Married taxpayers - If you both qualify, you and your spouse can each subtract up to \(\$ 20,000\) of your own pension and annuity income. However, you cannot claim any unused part of your spouse's exclusion.
Example: A husband and wife, both age 62, included total pension and annuity income of \$45,000 in their federal AGI on their 2006 joint federal tax return. The husband received qualifying pension and annuity payments totaling \$30,000 and the wife received qualifying payments totaling \$15,000. They are filing a joint 2006 New York State resident personal income tax return. The husband may claim the maximum pension and annuity income exclusion of \$20,000, and the wife may claim an exclusion of \(\$ 15,000\), for a total pension and annuity income exclusion of \$35,000.
Beneficiaries - If you received a decedent's pension and annuity income, you may make this subtraction if the decedent would have been entitled to it, had the decedent continued to live, regardless of your age. If the decedent would have become \(591 / 2\) during 2006, enter only the amount received after the decedent would have become \(591 / 2\), but not more than \(\$ 20,000\).

In addition, the pension and annuity income exclusion of the decedent that you are eligible to claim as a beneficiary must first be reduced by the amount subtracted on the decedent's New York State personal income tax return, if any. The total pension and annuity income exclusion claimed by the decedent and you cannot exceed \$20,000.
If the decedent has more than one beneficiary, the decedent's \(\$ 20,000\) pension and annuity income exclusion must be allocated among the beneficiaries in the same ratio as the distribution, so that the total exclusion attributable to the decedent does not exceed \$20,000.
Example: A taxpayer received pension and annuity income totaling \(\$ 6,000\) as a beneficiary of a decedent who was \(5911 / 2\) before January 1, 2006. The decedent's total pension and annuity income was \(\$ 24,000\), shared equally among four beneficiaries. Each beneficiary is entitled to one-quarter of the decedent's pension exclusion, or \$5,000 (\$20,000 divided by 4). The taxpayer also received a qualifying pension and annuity payment of \(\$ 14,000\) in 2006. The
taxpayer is entitled to claim a pension and annuity income exclusion of \$19,000 (\$14,000 attributable to the taxpayer's own pension and annuity payment, plus \(\$ 5,000\) received as a beneficiary*).
* The total amount of the taxpayer's pension and annuity income exclusion that can be applied against the taxpayer's pension and annuity income received as a beneficiary is limited to the taxpayer's share of the decedent's pension and annuity income exclusion.
Disability income exclusion - If you are also claiming the disability income exclusion, the total of your pension and annuity income exclusion and disability income exclusion cannot exceed \$20,000.

\section*{Line 30 New York's 529 college savings program deduction/earnings distributions}

During 2006, did you make contributions to or a withdrawal from one or more tuition savings accounts established under New York's 529 college savings program? If No, go to line 31.
If you made contributions, enter the amount up to \$5,000 ( \(\$ 10,000\) for married taxpayers filing a joint return) on line 1 of the worksheet below.
If you made a withdrawal and part of the withdrawal was included in your federal AGI on line 21 of federal Form 1040, then enter that amount on line 2 of the worksheet below.

\section*{Worksheet}
1. Amount of contributions you made in 2006 to an account established under New York's 529 college savings program* (cannot exceed \$5,000 for an individual, head of household, married taxpayers filing separately, or qualifying widow(er), or \$10,000 for married taxpayers filing a joint return). \(\qquad\) 1.
2. Amount of Qualified Tuition Program distribution reported on federal Form 1040, line 21*.
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Enter here and on Form IT-201, line 30
. 2.
* In determining the amount to enter on lines 1 and 2, also include your share of any amounts contributed or withdrawn by a partnership of which you are a member partner. The partnership should provide this information to you.
Note: Keep this worksheet for future-year computations of the line 22 worksheet (see page 82).

\section*{Line 31 Other subtractions}

Use this line to report the following subtractions that are not specifically listed on Form IT-201.
Write in the applicable item number(s) (S-1 through S-32) and the amount of each subtraction in the white Identify area on line 31. Enter the total amount of these subtractions on line 31 in the money column.

\section*{S-1 Certain investment income from U.S. government agencies}

Include any interest or dividend income on bonds or securities of any U.S. authority, commission, or instrumentality that is exempt from state income taxes under federal laws (but that you included in your federal AGI).

\section*{S-2 Certain railroad retirement income and railroad unemployment insurance benefits}

Include supplemental annuity or Tier 2 benefits received under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, or benefits received under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act that are exempt from state income taxes under federal laws (but that you included in your federal AGI).

\section*{S-3 \\ Certain investment income exempted by other New York State laws}

Include any interest or dividend income from any obligations or securities authorized to be issued and exempt from state taxation under the laws of New York State. (For example, income received from bonds, mortgages, and income debenture certificates of limited dividend housing corporations organized under the Private Housing Finance Law.)

\section*{S-4 Disability income exclusion}

Complete Form IT-221, Disability Income Exclusion, to compute your disability income exclusion if you were not yet 65 when your tax year ended, and you retired on disability, and you were permanently and totally disabled when you retired.

\section*{S-5 Long-term residential care deduction}

If you were a resident in a continuing-care retirement community that was issued a certificate of authority by the NYS Department of Health, then include the portion of the fees you paid during the year that were attributable to the cost of providing long-term care benefits to you under a continuing care contract. However, do not enter more than the premium limitation shown for your age in the Limitation table below. If you and your spouse both qualify, you may each take the subtraction. However, you cannot claim any unused part of your spouse's subtraction.
\(\left.\begin{array}{|lc|}\hline \text { If your age at the } & \text { Limitation } \\ \text { end of 2006 was: } \\ 40 \text { or younger............................................ } \$ 280 \\ \text { more than: }\end{array}\right\}\)

\section*{S-6 New York State organized militia income}

Include income that you received as a member of the New York State organized militia for performing active service within NYS due to either state active duty orders issued in accordance with Military Law section 6.1 or federal active duty orders, for service other than training, issued in accordance with Title 10 of the United States Code, that was included in your federal AGI. Do not include any income you receive for regular duties in the organized militia (for example, pay received for the annual two-week training program). Members of the NYS organized militia include the New York Army National Guard, the New York Air National Guard, the New York Naval Militia, and the New York Guard.

S-7 Loss from the sale or disposition of property that would have been realized if a federal estate tax return had been required
Note: This subtraction cannot be made for property acquired from decedents who died on or after February 1, 2000.

If you acquired a decedent's property and, as valued by the executor, the estate was insufficient to require a federal estate tax return, and if a loss on the sale would have been realized if a federal estate tax return had been required, then include the amount of the loss.

\section*{S-8 Accelerated death benefits received that were includable in federal adjusted gross income}

Include any amount you included in your federal AGI that was received by any person as (a) an accelerated payment or payments of part or all of the death benefit or special surrender value under a life insurance policy, or (b) a viatical settlement, as a result of a terminal illness (life expectancy of 12 months or less), or of a medical condition requiring extraordinary medical treatment, regardless of life expectancy.

\section*{S-9 Contributions for Executive Mansion, natural and historical resources, not deducted elsewhere}

Include contributions you made, not deducted elsewhere, (a) to preserve, improve, and promote the Executive Mansion as a New York State historical resource, or (b) to the Natural Heritage Trust to preserve and improve the natural and historical resources of NYS. Do not include amounts you deducted in determining federal AGI or New York itemized deductions.

\section*{S-10 Distributions made to a victim of Nazi persecution}

Include amounts you included in your federal AGI from an eligible settlement fund or grantor trust as defined by section 13 of the Tax Law (because you were persecuted or targeted for persecution by the Nazi regime), or distributions received because of your status as a victim of Nazi persecution, or as a spouse or heir of the victim (successors or assignees, if payment is from an eligible settlement fund or grantor trust).

\section*{S-11 Items of income related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of Nazi persecution}

Include items of income you included in your federal AGI attributable to, derived from, or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of Nazi persecution immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including but not limited to interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of Nazi persecution by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II, or as a spouse or heir of such victim.
However, do not include income attributable to assets acquired with assets as described above or with the proceeds from the sale of any asset described above. Also, do not include any income if you were not the first recipient of the asset, or if you are not a victim of Nazi persecution, or a spouse or descendent of a victim.

\section*{S-12 Professional service corporation shareholders}

If in a taxable year ending after 1969 and beginning before 1988, you were required to add to your federal AGI deductions made by a plan acquired through membership in a professional service corporation (PSC), then include the portion of those deductions that can be allocated to pension, annuity, or other income you received from the plan, and were included in your 2006 federal AGI.

\section*{S-13 Gain to be subtracted from the sale of a new business investment reported on your federal income tax return}

If you reported a capital gain on your federal income tax return from the sale of a new business investment, as defined in NYS Tax Law section 612(o), that was issued before 1988 and was held at least six years, then include one-hundred percent ( \(100 \%\) ) of that federal gain.

\section*{S-14 Qualified emerging technology investments (QETI)}

In general, you may defer the gain on the sale of QETI that are 1) held for more than 36 months, and 2) rolled over into the purchase of replacement QETI within 365 days from, and including, the date of sale. However:
- You must recognize any gain to the extent that the amount realized on the sale of the original QETI exceeds the cost of replacement QETI;
- You must add back any deferred gain in the year you sell the replacement QETI; and
- The gain deferral applies only to QETI sold on or after March 12, 1998, that was held for more than 36 months.

If you elect to defer the gain from the sale of QETI, then include the amount of the deferred gain. This amount may not exceed the amount of the gain included in your federal AGI.
- If the purchase of replacement QETI within the 365-day period occurred in the same taxable year as the sale of the original QETI, or in the following taxable year and before the date you filed your personal income tax return, then, take the deduction on that return.
- If the purchase of replacement QETI within the 365-day period occurred in the following taxable year and on or after the date you filed your personal income tax return, then you must file an amended return to claim the deduction (see Form IT-201-X, Amended Resident Income Tax Return, on page 10).
- If the deferred gain must be included in a subsequent year's tax return because the replacement QETI has been sold, then include that amount as an addition to federal AGI (see A-10 on page 84).

A QETI is an investment in the stock of a corporation, or an ownership interest in a partnership or limited liability company (LLC) that is a qualified emerging technology company, or an investment in a partnership or an LLC to the extent that such partnership or LLC invests in such companies. The taxpayer must acquire the investment as provided in IRC section 1202(C)(1)(B), or from a person who acquired it pursuant to that section. IRC
section 1202(c)(1)(B) requires the acquisition to be original issue from the company, either directly or through an underwriter, and in exchange for cash, services, or property (but not in stock).
A qualified emerging technology company (QETC) is a company that is located in New York State, has total annual product sales of 10 million dollars or less, and meets either of the following criteria:
- its primary products or services are classified as emerging technologies; or
- it has research and development activities in New York State and its ratio of research and development funds to net sales equals or exceeds the average ratio for all surveyed companies classified (as determined by the National Science Foundation in its most recent Survey of Industry Research and Development, or any comparable successor survey, as determined by the Tax Department).

\section*{S-15 Sales or dispositions of assets acquired before 1960 with greater state than federal bases}

New York State income tax laws prior to 1960 and current laws regarding depletion can result in a difference in the state and federal adjusted bases of certain assets. If you realize a federally taxable gain from the sale of an asset that had a higher adjusted basis for state tax purposes, you may make an adjustment to reduce your gain for state tax purposes.
If your federal AGI included gain that was from either:
- property that had a higher adjusted basis for NYS income tax purposes than for federal tax purposes on December 31, 1959 (or on the last day of a fiscal year ending during 1960); or
- property that was held in connection with mines, oil or gas wells, and other natural deposits and that had a higher adjusted basis for NYS income tax purposes than for federal tax purposes when sold;
then include the lesser of the gain itself or the difference in the adjusted bases.
Note: If you divide gain with respect to jointly owned property between you and your spouse, then you must also divide any subtraction for different adjusted bases between you and your spouse.

\section*{S-16 Income earned before 1960 and previously reported to New York State}

Include any income (including annuity income) or gain you included in your 2006 federal AGI that you (or the decedent or estate or trust from whom you acquired the income or gain) properly reported to NYS prior to 1960 (or during a
fiscal year ending in 1960.)


Did you file federal Schedule(s) C-EZ, C, E, or F?
If No, go to the instructions for line 34.
If Yes, see subtraction modifications S-17 through S-32.

\section*{S-17 Trade or business interest expense on loans used to buy federally tax exempt obligations that are taxable to New York State}

You may deduct interest expense you incur to buy an obligation that generates investment income that is taxable to a trade or business. If you included, on either line 20 or line 23, interest income from bonds or other obligations that is federally tax exempt but taxable to NYS, and the expense you incurred in buying the obligation is attributable to a trade or business you carried on, then include that expense.

\section*{S-18 Trade or business expenses (other than interest expense) connected with federally tax-exempt income that is taxable to New York State}

You may deduct expenses you incur to acquire or maintain income that is taxable to a trade or business. If you included, on either line 20 or line 23 , income that is federally tax exempt but taxable to NYS, and if the expense you incurred to either produce or collect that income or manage, conserve or protect the assets that produce that income was not deducted for federal purposes, and if those expenses are attributable to a trade or business you carried on, then include that expense.

\section*{S-19 \\ Amortizable bond premiums on bonds that are owned by a trade or business and the interest on which is federally tax-exempt income but taxable to New York State}

You may deduct expenses you incur to buy an obligation that generates investment income that is taxable to a trade or business.
If you are including, on either line 20 or line 23, interest income that is federally tax exempt but taxable to New York State, and if those bonds were bought for more than their face value (i.e., at a premium), and if you did not reduce your federal AGI by deducting the amortization of that premium attributable to 2006, and if those bonds were owned by a trade or business carried on by you in 2006 (as opposed to personal investments), then include that amortization.

Wage and salary expenses allowed as federal credits but not as federal expenses
If you took a federal Indian employment credit, a work opportunity credit, or an empowerment zone employment credit for wages and salaries paid to one or more people in certain groups, then include the amount of such wages you did not deduct on your federal return.

\section*{S-21 Cost depletion}

If you are making addition A-12 for any percentage depletion, then include the cost depletion that IRC section 611 would allow on that property without any reference to either IRC section 613 or 613-a.

\section*{S-22 Special depreciation expenditures}

You may carry over excess expenditures you incurred in taxable years beginning before 1987 in connection with depreciable, tangible business property located in New York State to the following tax year or years, and deduct such expenditures in computing your New York AGI for that year or years, if the expenditures exceed your New York AGI for that year before the allowance of those expenditures. Complete Form IT-211, Special Depreciation Schedule, to compute the amount to include. Attach Form IT-211 to your return.

\section*{S-23 Safe harbor leases}

Include any amount you included in federal AGI (except for mass transit vehicles) solely because you made the safe harbor election on your federal return for agreements entered into before January 1, 1984.

\section*{S-24 Safe harbor leases}

Include any amount that you could have excluded from federal AGI (except for mass transit vehicles) had you not made the safe harbor election on your federal return for agreements entered into before January 1, 1984.

\section*{S-25 New York depreciation allowed}

If you claimed ACRS depreciation on your federal return for:
- property placed in service during tax years 1981 through 1984 (except IRC section 280F property); or
- property placed in service outside New York State for 1985 through 1993 (except IRC section 280F property) and you elect to continue using IRC section 167 depreciation (see TSB-M-99(1)I);
then include the amount of your New York depreciation. Complete and attach Form IT-399, New York State Depreciation Schedule, to your return.

\section*{S-26 ACRS (year of disposition adjustment)}

If you disposed of property in 2006 that was depreciated for federal purposes using ACRS, and if your total federal ACRS deduction exceeds your New York depreciation deduction for that property, then complete Part 2 of Form IT-399, New York State Depreciation Schedule, to compute the amount to include. See addition A-16, on page 84. Attach Form IT-399 to your return.

\section*{S-27 Sport utility vehicle expense deduction recapture}

If you previously claimed an IRC section 179 deduction with respect to a sport utility vehicle that weighs more than 6,000 pounds, and you had to recapture any amount of that deduction in computing your federal AGI for 2006, and if you are not an eligible farmer as defined for the farmers' school tax credit, then include the recapture amount. (See addition A-18 on page 84 for the definition of a sport utility vehicle.)

\section*{S-28 IRC section 168(k) property depreciation}

With the exception of resurgence zone property and New York liberty zone property described in IRC section \(1400 \mathrm{~L}(\mathrm{~b})(2)\), New York State does not follow the federal depreciation rules for IRC section 168(k) property placed in service inside or outside New York State on or after June 1, 2003. If you claimed a depreciation deduction for such property, and if no exception for resurgence zone or New York liberty zone property applies, then complete Part 1 of Form IT-398, New York State Depreciation Schedule for IRC Section 168(k) Property, to compute the amount of New York depreciation to include. Attach Form IT-398 to your return.

\section*{S-29 IRC section 168(k) property (year of disposition adjustment)}

If you dispose of IRC section 168(k) property placed in service inside or outside New York State on or after June 1, 2003 (except for resurgence zone property, and New York liberty zone property described in IRC section \(1400 \mathrm{~L}(\mathrm{~b})(2)\) ), and your total federal depreciation deduction is more than your New York depreciation deduction for that property, then complete Part 2 of Form IT-398, New York State Depreciation Schedule for IRC Section 168(k) Property, to compute the amount of the disposition adjustment to include. Attach Form IT-398 to your return.

\section*{S-30 Royalty and interest payments made to a related member or members}

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, New York requires taxpayers to add back deductions they took on their federal return for certain royalty payments for the use of intangible property, such as trademarks or patents, and interest payments they made to a related member or members. See instructions for A-21 on page 85. In such a case, the recipient of the payments must subtract the payments in computing New York AGI. If you received such a related member payment, include the amount you included in your federal taxable income. See section 612(r) of the Tax Law.


Subtractions S-31 and S-32 apply to S corporation shareholders only. For additional information, see New York State Publication 35, New York Treatment of S Corporations and Their Shareholders.

\section*{S-31 S corporation shareholders}

If, you reported a federal gain or loss because of the disposition of stock or indebtedness of an S corporation, and if that \(S\) corporation was a New York C corporation for any tax year beginning after December 31, 1980 (in the case of a corporation taxable under Article 9-A, general business corporation tax), or December 31, 1996 (in the case of a corporation taxable under Article 32, banking corporation franchise tax), then include the reduction in basis of the stock or indebtedness that is due to the application of IRC section 1376(b) (as in effect for tax years beginning before January 1, 1983) and 1367(a)(2)(B) and (C) for each tax year that the New York election was not in effect.
If, with respect to stock described above, you made any New York additions to federal AGI required under addition A-25 on page 85, then include the total of those additions. See New York Tax Law section 612(b)(20).

\section*{S-32 S corporation shareholders -pass-through income}

If you included in your federal AGI any S corporation pass-through income pursuant to IRC section 1366 and the corporation is a New York C corporation, then include the pass-through income.

\section*{Line 33 New York adjusted gross income}

Do not leave line 33 blank.

\section*{Step 5 - Standard or itemized deduction}


Be sure to use the dependent exemption worksheet to determine the amount of your dependent exemption(s).

\section*{Line 34 Standard or itemized deduction}

Follow these steps to determine which deduction to use:
1. If you took the standard deduction on your federal return, or if you did not have to file a federal return, you must take the New York standard deduction. Use the standard deduction table on page 2 of Form IT-201 to find the standard deduction amount for your filing status. Enter the amount on line 34, mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the Standard box, and go to line 35 .
2. If you itemized deductions on your federal return, use the itemized deduction worksheet on page 2 of Form IT-201 and the instructions below to compute your New York itemized deduction. Compare the line p amount from the worksheet to your New York standard deduction amount from the standard deduction table, also on page 2. For greater tax savings, enter the larger of these amounts on line 34 and mark an \(\boldsymbol{X}\) in the appropriate box, Standard or Itemized.

\(\triangle\)If you are married and filing separate returns (filing status (3), both of you must take the standard deduction unless both of you itemized deductions on your federal returns and both of you elect to itemize deductions on your New York returns.

Note: If you paid qualified college tuition expenses, your New York itemized deduction may be increased to an amount greater than your New York standard deduction as shown in the table on Form IT-201. You should complete the New York State itemized deduction worksheet on Form IT-201 to determine if your allowable New York itemized deduction is greater than your standard deduction.
New York itemized deduction overview - The starting point in computing your New York itemized deduction amount is your federal itemized deductions from federal Schedule A. However, differences between federal and New York State tax laws make it necessary to make certain adjustments to your federal itemized deductions in computing your New York itemized deduction.
The subtraction adjustments on line i of the NYS itemized deduction worksheet reflect the fact that New York does not allow certain federal itemized deductions such as the federal deduction for state and local income taxes. Because of limits on certain federal deductions, and the overall limit on federal itemized deductions applicable to higher income taxpayers, it may be necessary for you to complete one or more worksheets to determine the amount of the New York subtraction adjustment.

Addition adjustments on line \(k\) of the NYS itemized deduction worksheet reflect the fact that New York allows certain deductions that are not allowed for federal purposes such as expenses related to income that is exempt from federal tax but subject to New York tax.
Also, further adjustments may be required if you are subject to the New York itemized adjustment for higher income taxpayers (line \(m\) of the NYS itemized deduction worksheet), or if you elect to claim the New York itemized deduction for college tuition expenses (line o of the NYS itemized deduction worksheet).

Before you begin: Locate your federal Schedule \(A\), and, if you were required to complete it, the federal itemized deduction worksheet in the instructions for Form 1040.

\section*{New York State itemized deduction worksheet instructions (page 2, Form IT-201)}

\section*{Lines a through h}

Enter the amounts from the designated lines of your federal Schedule A (Form 1040).

\section*{Line i}

\section*{Subtraction adjustments A through F}

To compute your New York itemized deduction, you must subtract certain amounts deducted on your federal return that cannot be deducted on your state return. Follow these steps:
1. Add the amounts of the adjustments described in items A through \(F\) below and on page 93. If this total includes any of the adjustments described in items B through F, list them on a separate piece of paper marked Itemized deduction worksheet-subtraction adjustments. Identify the amount of each adjustment by letter ( B through F ) and attach that paper to your return.

A State, local, and foreign income taxes from federal Schedule A, lines 5 and 8.
B Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred in connection with income, or property held for the production of income, which is exempt from New York income tax but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.

C Amortization of bond premium attributable to 2006 on any bond whose interest income is exempt from New York income tax, but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.
D Interest expense on money borrowed to purchase or carry bonds or securities whose interest is exempt from New York income tax, but only to the extent included in total federal itemized deductions.
E If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that could elect but did not elect to be a New York S corporation, any S corporation deductions included in your total federal itemized deductions. If an \(S\) corporation short year is involved, you must allocate those deductions.
F Premiums paid for long-term care insurance to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income (from line 5 of Worksheet 1 below).

2. If the amount on Form IT-201, line 18, is \(\mathbf{\$ 1 5 0 , 5 0 0}\) or less ( \(\$ 75,250\) if married filing separately), enter the total of your subtraction adjustments on line \(i\).
3. If the amount on Form IT-201, line 18, is greater than \$150,500 (\$75,250 if married filing separately), you must complete Worksheet 2 below.


Partners - Include on line \(\mathbf{i}\) the subtractions described above that apply to your share of partnership deduction items (if not included in your New York subtractions on Form IT-201). Obtain your share of partnership items from the partnership.

S corporation shareholders - If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that is a New York S corporation, or if you were not eligible to make the election to treat your corporation as a New York S corporation because the corporation is not subject to Article 9-A, general business corporation franchise tax, or Article 32, banking corporation franchise tax, include on line i subtractions B, C, D, and F described above that apply to your pro rata share of \(S\) corporation items of income, loss or deduction. If the election to be a New York S corporation terminated during the tax year, you must allocate those items. Obtain your share of \(S\) corporation items from the \(S\) corporation.

If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that could, but did not, elect to be a New York S corporation, include subtraction E only.

\section*{Line \(\mathbf{j}\)}

Subtract line i from line h and enter the result.
If you made no entry on line \(i\), enter the amount from line \(h\) on line j.

\section*{Line \(k\)}

\section*{Addition adjustments G, H, and I}

In computing your New York itemized deduction, you may add certain amounts that you were not entitled to deduct on your federal return but that you may deduct on your New York State return.

List any of the addition adjustments below that apply to you on a separate piece of paper marked Itemized deduction worksheet - addition adjustments. Identify the amount of each adjustment that applies to you by item letter (G, H, and I). Add all of your addition adjustments and enter the total on line \(\mathbf{k}\). Attach that paper to your return.

G Interest expense on money borrowed to purchase or carry bonds or securities whose interest is subject to New York income tax, but exempt from federal income tax, if this interest expense was not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.

H Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during 2006 in connection with income, or property held for the production of income, which is subject to New York income tax but exempt from federal income tax, if these expenses were not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.

I Amortization of bond premium attributable to 2006 on any bond whose interest income is subject to New York income tax, but exempt from federal income tax, if this amortization was not deducted on your federal return or shown as a New York subtraction.

Partners - Include on line \(\mathbf{k}\) the additions described above that apply to your share of partnership deduction items (if not included in your New York additions on Form IT-201). Obtain your share of partnership items from the partnership.

S corporation shareholders - If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that is a New York S corporation for the tax year, or if you were not eligible to make the election to treat your corporation as a New York S corporation because the corporation is not subject to Article 9-A, general business corporation franchise tax, or Article 32, banking corporation franchise tax, include on line \(\mathbf{k}\) additions \(\mathbf{G}\) through \(\mathbf{I}\), described on page 93, that apply to your pro rata share of \(S\) corporation items of income, loss or deduction. If the election to be a New York S corporation terminated during the tax year, you must allocate those items. Obtain your share of \(S\) corporation items from the S corporation.

\section*{Line I}

Add lines j and k and enter the total on line I .
If you made no entry on line \(k\), enter the amount from line \(j\) on line I .

\section*{Line m}

\section*{Itemized deduction adjustment}

Enter the amount of your itemized deduction adjustment. If Form IT-201, line 33 is:
- \$100,000 or less, leave line m blank and go to line \(n\);
- more than \(\$ 100,000\) but not more than \(\$ 475,000\), fill in Worksheet 3 below;
- more than \$475,000 but not more than \$525,000, fill in Worksheet 4 below; or
- more than \(\$ 525,000\), enter \(50 \%\) (.50) of line I on line \(m\).

\section*{Worksheet 3}
1. New York adjusted gross income from

Form IT-201, line 33 .
1.
2. Filing status (1) or (3) enter \(\$ 100,000\) or filing
status (4) enter \(\$ 150,000\), or filing
status (2) or (5) enter \$200,000
2.
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. (If line 2 is more than line 1, leave line \(m\) on Form IT-201 itemized deduction worksheet blank. Do not continue with this worksheet.)
3.
4. Enter the lesser of line 3 or \(\$ 50,000\)
4.
5. Divide line 4 by \(\$ 50,000\) and round to the fourth decimal place \(\qquad\) 5. \(\qquad\)
6. Enter \(25 \%\) (.25) of Form IT-201 itemized deduction worksheet, line I..
6.
7. Multiply line 5 by line 6 . \(\qquad\) 7. \(\qquad\)
Transfer this amount to Form IT-201 itemized deduction worksheet, line \(m\).

\section*{Worksheet 4}
1. Enter the excess of New York adjusted gross income over \(\$ 475,000\) (cannot exceed \(\$ 50,000\) ) ... 1
2. Divide line 1 by \(\$ 50,000\) and round to the fourth decimal place. \(\qquad\) 2. \(\qquad\)
3. Enter \(25 \%\) (.25) of Form IT-201 itemized deduction worksheet, line
3.
.
4.
4. Multiply line 2 by line 3........................................... 4
5. Add lines 3 and 4
5. \(\qquad\)
Transfer this amount to Form IT-201 itemized deduction worksheet, line \(m\).

\section*{Line n}

Subtract line \(m\) from line \(I\).
If you made no entry on line \(m\), enter the amount from line I on line n .

\section*{Line o College tuition itemized deduction}

Did you, your spouse, or your dependent(s) pay any college tuition expenses during 2006? If No, enter 0 and go to line p.
If Yes, you may be eligible to claim either the college tuition itemized deduction or the college tuition credit. However, you cannot claim both.
Complete Form IT-272, Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction, to compute your college tuition itemized deduction. Attach Form IT-272 to your return.

\section*{Line 36 Dependent exemptions}
 Unlike on your federal return, you may not take personal exemptions for yourself and for your spouse on your New York State return.
Enter the number of your dependent exemptions from the Dependent exemption worksheet, line e, below.
If you do not have to file a federal return, enter on lines \(a, b\), and \(d\) of the worksheet the number of exemptions that would be allowed for federal income tax purposes.


The value of each dependent exemption is \(\$ 1,000\). Therefore, if the entry on line e of the worksheet above was 2, the entry on line 36 would look like this:


\section*{Lines 37 and 38}

\section*{Taxable income}

Subtract line 36 from line 35. The result is your taxable income. Enter this amount on both line 37 and line 38. If line 36 is more than line 35 , leave line 37 and line 38 blank.

\section*{Step 6 - Tax computation}


\section*{Line 39 New York State tax}

Is line 33 (your New York AGI) \$100,000 or less?
If Yes, find your New York State tax using the New York State Tax Table on pages 46 through 53, or if line 38 is \(\$ 65,000\) or more, use the New York State tax rate schedule on page 55. Enter the tax due on line 39.

\section*{Line 40 New York State household credit}

If you marked the Yes box at item (C) on the front of Form IT-201, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 41. If you marked No, use the appropriate table (1, 2, or 3) below or on page 96 to determine the amount to enter on line 40.

If No, see Tax Computation - New York AGI of more than \(\$ 100,000\), on page 54.

Filing status (1) only (Single) - Use Household credit table 1 below.
Filing status (2), (4) and (5)-Use Household credit table 2 below.
Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table 3 on page 96.



If Form IT-201, line 18 *** total from both returns is:
Over \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{c} 
but not \\
over
\end{tabular}

New York State Household credit table 3
Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return)
\(\qquad\)
And the number of exemptions from both Dependent exemption worksheets, line c, page 94, is:
\begin{tabular}{l}
\multicolumn{1}{l}{} \\
\begin{tabular}{c}
\(\mathbf{1}\) \\
Enter on Form IT-201, line 40: \\
\(\mathbf{2}\)
\end{tabular} \\
\begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c} 
2 45 & 52.50 & 60 & 67.50 & 75 & 82.50 & 90 & 7.50 \\
37.50 & 45 & 52.50 & 60 & 67.50 & 75 & 82.50 & 7.50 \\
32.50 & 40 & 47.50 & 55 & 62.50 & 70 & 77.50 & 7.50 \\
30 & 37.50 & 45 & 52.50 & 60 & 67.50 & 75 & 7.50 \\
30 & 35 & 40 & 45 & 50 & 55 & 60 & 5 \\
25 & 30 & 35 & 40 & 45 & 50 & 55 & 5 \\
20 & 22.50 & 25 & 27.50 & 30 & 32.50 & 35 & 2.50 \\
10 & 12.50 & 15 & 17.50 & 20 & 22.50 & 25 & 2.50
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}

No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-201, line 40.
* This may be any amount up to \(\$ 5,000\), including 0 or a negative amount.
** For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.
*** If spouse is filing Form IT-203, use the amount from the Federal amount column, line 18

\section*{Line 41 Resident credit}

Did you have income from sources outside New York State and pay income tax to another state, a local government of another state, the District of Columbia, or to a province of Canada? If No, go to line 42.

If Yes, complete Form IT-112-R, New York State Resident Credit, and, if applicable, Form IT-112-C, New York State Resident Credit for Taxes Paid to a Province of Canada. Enter the total amount of resident credit on line 41 and attach either form or both forms to your return.

\section*{Line 42 Other New York State nonrefundable credits}

See the credit charts on pages 6 through 9 for a listing of nonrefundable credits. If you are claiming any nonrefundable credits, complete the appropriate credit forms and Form IT-201-ATT. Transfer the amount of nonrefundable credits to line 42. You must attach the completed credit forms and Form IT-201-ATT to your return.

\section*{Line 45 Net other New York State taxes}

See the Other credits and taxes chart on pages 111 and 112. If you are subject to any other taxes, complete the appropriate forms and Part 2 of Form IT-201-ATT. Transfer the total amount of net other New York State taxes to line 45. You must attach the completed forms and Form IT-201-ATT to your return.

\section*{Line 47 New York City resident tax (NYC residents only; part-year residents, see line 50.)}

\(\triangle\)
If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2006, do not enter an amount here. See the instructions for line 51 on page 98.

Is line 38 (your New York taxable income) less than \$65,000?
If Yes, find your New York City resident tax using the New York City Tax Table on pages 56 through 63. Enter the tax on line 47.

If No, find your New York City resident tax using the New York City tax rate schedule on page 64. Enter the tax on line 47.


\section*{Line 48 New York City household credit (NYC residents only)}

If you marked the Yes box at item (C) on the front of Form IT-201, you do not qualify for this credit and should go to line 49. If you marked No, use the appropriate table ( 4,5, or 6 ) below to determine the amount to enter on line 48.

\(\triangle\)
If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2006, do not enter an amount here. See the instructions for line 51 on page 98.

Filing status \({ }^{(1)}\) only (Single) - Use Household credit table 4 below.
Filing status (2), (4) and (5) - Use Household credit table 5 below.
Filing status (3) only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table 6 below.
```

New York City Household credit table


If Form IT-201, line 18 is:

* This may be any amount up to $\$ 10,000$, including 0 or a negative amount.


## New York City Household credit table Filing status (2), (4) and (5)

If Form IT-201, line 18 is:
$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Over } & \text { but not } \\ \text { over }\end{array}\right\}$

* This may be any amount up to $\$ 15,000$, including $\boldsymbol{O}$ or a negative amount.
** For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.

| And works |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { iption } \\ & \text { nn 2), } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | over |
| Ente | For | T-20 | ne 48 |  |  |  |  |
| \$30 | 60 | 90 | 120 | 150 | 180 | 210 | 30 |
| 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 25 |
| 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 | 15 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 10 |

No credit is allowed; do not make an entry on Form IT-201, line 48.

## Line 50 Part-year New York City resident tax

If you were a New York City resident for only part of 2006, complete Form IT-360.1, Change of City Resident Status, and attach it to your return. For more information see Form IT-360.1-I, Instructions for Form IT-360.1.

## Line 51 Other New York City taxes

Enter the total amount of other New York City taxes from Form IT-201-ATT, Part 3, line 34.

$\triangle$If you are married and filing a joint New York State return and only one of you was a resident of New York City for all of 2006, compute on a separate sheet of paper the NYC resident tax on the New York State taxable income of the city resident as if you had filed separate federal returns reduced by the NYC household credit (if applicable). The spouse that was a part-year NYC resident in 2006 should compute his or her part-year NYC resident tax on Form IT-360.1. Transfer the combined tax amounts of both spouses from your separate sheet to line 51 . Be sure to write the name and social security number of the city resident and Taxable income of New York City resident on that paper. Attach it to your return.

If one spouse was a resident of New York City and the other a nonresident for all of 2006, compute on a separate sheet of paper the NYC resident tax on the New York State taxable income of the city resident as if you had filed separate federal returns reduced by the NYC household credit (if applicable). Transfer the amount from your separate sheet to line 51 . Be sure to write the name and social security number of the city resident and Taxable income of New York City resident on that paper. Attach it to your return.

If you are self-employed and carry on a trade, business, or profession in New York City, you may also be required to file Form NYC-202, New York City Unincorporated Business Tax Return. Since New York State does not administer the NYC unincorporated business tax, do not file your Form NYC-202 with your state return.

Line 53 New York City nonrefundable credits
Can you claim either the NYC unincorporated business tax (UBT) credit or the New York City accumulation distribution credit? (See the charts on pages 6 through 9.) If No, go to line 54.
If Yes, complete Section C of Form IT-201-ATT and enter the amount from Form IT-201-ATT, line 10, on line 53.

## Line 55 Yonkers resident income tax surcharge

Were you a full-year resident of Yonkers, and did you make an entry of more than $\mathbf{0}$ on line 46? If No, go to line 56.

If Yes, complete the Yonkers Worksheet below and enter the amount from line I.

Yonkers worksheet
a. Amount from line 46........................................ a.
b. Amount from new Form IT-213, Claim for Empire State child credit, line 16, or line 17 if an amount is entered on line 17.................. b. $\qquad$
c. Amount from Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit, line 33 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
d. Amount from Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit, line 14 (New York filing status (3) taxpayers, see instructions for Form IT-216) $\qquad$ d.
e. Amount from Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, line 16 (New York filing status (3) taxpayers transfer the amount from Form IT-215, line 17). e.
f. Amount from new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, line 32 or, if an amount is entered on line 42, the larger of line 32 or line 42 f.
g. If you elected to claim the college tuition credit, the amount from Form IT-272, Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction, line 5 or 7 , whichever applies. $\qquad$ g.
h. Amount from Form IT-201-ATT, Other Tax Credits and Taxes, line 13 $\qquad$ h.
i. Add lines b through h..................................... i
j. Subtract line i from line a ............................... j
k. Yonkers resident tax rate (10\%)..................... k k.
.1
I. Multiply line j by line $k$. Enter this amount on Form IT-201, line 55 $\qquad$ I.

If you are filing jointly (filing status (2)) and only one spouse was a Yonkers resident for all of 2006, compute on a separate sheet of paper the Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on the New York State tax of the Yonkers resident as if you had filed separate federal returns. Enter the amount computed on line 55 . Be sure to write the name and social security number of the Yonkers resident and Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on that paper, and attach it to your return.

## Line 56 Yonkers nonresident earnings tax

If you were not a resident of Yonkers, did you earn wages or conduct a trade or business there either as an individual or as a member of a partnership? If No, go to line 57.
If Yes, complete Form Y-203, Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return. Enter the amount of tax on line 56 and attach Form Y-203 to your return.

## Line 57 Part-year Yonkers resident income tax surcharge

If you were a resident of Yonkers for only part of 2006, complete Form IT-360.1, Change of City Resident Status. Enter the tax amount on line 57 and attach Form IT-360.1 to your return.

## Line 59 Sales or use tax

See pages 66 through 72 for information on New York State and local sales or use tax, and how to calculate sales or use tax due.
If you do not owe any New York State or local sales or use tax, you must enter 0 on line 59. Do not leave line 59 blank. Then continue with the instructions for line 60.

## Step 7 Voluntary contributions



## Line 60 (60a through 60g)

You may make voluntary contributions to the funds listed below. Enter the whole dollar amount (no cents, please) of your contribution(s) in the amount boxes (lines 60a through 60 g ). Enter the total amount of all your contributions combined on line 60.
Your contribution(s) will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount(s) you give after you file your return.

## - Return a Gift to Wildlife

Your contribution will benefit New York's fish, wildlife, and marine resources, and you will receive a free issue of Conservationist magazine. For more information about New York State's environmental conservation programs go to www.dec.state.ny.us. For information about Conservationist, go to www.TheConservationist.org.

- Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse (MECC) Fund
(Missing/Exploited Children Fund)
Each year over 20,000 children are reported missing in New York State. Your contribution will benefit the New York State Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse. This organization works with police agencies and parents to locate missing children and to promote child safety through education. Contributions are used to distribute educational materials, disseminate missing child alerts, and conduct investigative training for police officers. For additional information about services and free safety publications visit www.criminaljustice.state.ny.us or call 1800 FIND-KID (346-3543). Also see Publication 40, Missing Children and Young Adults.
- Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund (Breast Cancer Research Fund)
Your contributions to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund have supported ground-breaking research projects in New York State. More dollars will support more studies that bring us closer to the cures and prevention of breast cancer. Help make breast cancer a disease of the past. Your contribution will be used to fund important biomedical research studies and education projects. New York State will match your contribution to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.
(Alzheimer's Fund)
Contributions to this fund support services provided by the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Program administered by the New York State Department of Heath. This program is designed to provide education, counseling, respite, support groups, and other supportive services to people with Alzheimer's disease, their families, caregivers, and health care professionals.
- United States Olympic Committee/ Lake Placid Olympic Training Center (Olympic Fund)
Contributions to this fund help support the Olympic Training Center in Lake Placid. The $\$ 16$ million complex is one of just three U.S. Olympic training centers in the United States. The center is used primarily by U.S. athletes who are training to compete in the future winter Olympic sports of bobsled, biathlon, luge, speed skating, figure skating, ice hockey, and skiing. In addition to these winter sports, athletes use the facilities for certain summer Olympic sports that include mountain biking, volleyball, handball, canoe/kayak, rhythmic gymnastics, boxing, and certain paralympic sports. Individual contributions must be $\$ 2$. If you are married filing jointly and your spouse also wants to contribute, enter \$4.
- Prostate Cancer Research, Detection, and Education Fund


## (Prostate Cancer Research Fund)

Your contribution will benefit the New York State Coalition to Cure Prostate Cancer. The coalition coordinates and manages prostate cancer research, detection, and education efforts in our state. New York State will match your contribution to the Prostate Cancer Research, Detection, and Education Fund, dollar for dollar.

- World Trade Center Memorial Foundation Fund (WTC Memorial Fund)
Your contribution this year to the World Trade Center Memorial Foundation Fund will help build the Memorial and Memorial Museum which will commemorate and honor the thousands of people who died in the attacks of September 11, 2001, and February 26, 1993. The Memorial will recognize the endurance of those who survived, the courage of those who risked their lives to save others, and the compassion of all who supported us in our darkest hours. Help New York State, the nation, and the world remember by making a contribution. For more information go to www.buildthememorial.org.


## Step 8 Payments and refundable credits



Line 63 Empire State child credit NEW Did you claim the federal child tax credit for 2006 or do you have a qualifying child (a qualifying child is a child who qualifies for the federal child tax credit and is at least four years of age)?
If $\mathbf{N o}$, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 64.
If $Y e s$, review the instructions for new Form IT-213 to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete new Form IT-213 and transfer the amount from Form IT-213 to Form IT-201, line 63. Attach Form IT-213 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-213.

## Line 64 New York State child and dependent care credit

Did you qualify to claim the federal child and dependent care credit for 2006 (whether or not you actually claimed it)?
If $\mathbf{N o}$, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 65.
If Yes, complete Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit, and transfer the amount from Form IT-216 to Form IT-201, line 64. Attach Form IT-216 to your return.

For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-216.

## Line 65 New York State earned income credit (NYS EIC)

Did you claim the federal earned income credit for 2006 on your federal income tax return?
If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 66.
If Yes, complete Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, and transfer the amount from Form IT-215 to Form IT-201, line 65. Attach Form IT-215 to your return. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-215.

If you are a noncustodial parent and have paid child support through a support collection unit, you
may be eligible for the noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (noncustodial EIC). However, you cannot claim both the NYS EIC and the noncustodial EIC. Review the instructions for new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209 to determine which credit offers the better tax savings. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 65, and attach Form IT-209 to your return (do not attach Form IT-215). If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, see line 66 instructions below.
If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write EIC in the white area to the left of the money column, and leave the money column blank on line 65. You must complete Form IT-201, lines 67 through 75, but do not complete lines 76 through 80.
Complete Form IT-215, lines 1 through 9, and attach it to your return. The Tax Department will compute your New York State earned income credit and the resulting refund or amount due.

If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA), whichever is later.

## Line 66 Noncustodial parent New York State earned income credit (EIC)

Review the instructions for new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-209. If you are claiming the noncustodial EIC, transfer the noncustodial EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 66. If you are claiming the NYS EIC, transfer the NYS EIC from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 65. Attach Form IT-209 to your return (do not attach Form IT-215).
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-209.

## Line 67 Real property tax credit

Review the instructions for Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters, to see if you qualify for this credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-214 and transfer the amount from Form IT-214 to Form IT-201, line 67. Attach Form IT-214 to your return.

## Line 68 College tuition credit

Did you or your spouse or your dependent(s) pay college tuition expenses during 2006?
If No, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 69.
If Yes, and you did not claim the college tuition deduction on line o of the itemized deduction worksheet (see page 94), complete Form IT-272, Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction, and transfer the amount from
Form IT-272 to Form IT-201, line 68. Attach Form IT-272 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-272.

## Line 69 New York City school tax credit (NYC residents only)

If you marked the Yes box at item C on the front of Form IT-201, you do not qualify for this credit. Go to line 70.
If you marked No at item C and you are filing status (1), (3), (4), or (5), compute your credit using Table 1 below if you were a full-year city resident or Table 2 below if you were a partyear city resident.
If you are filing status (2), compute your credit using
Table 1 if both spouses were full-year city residents. If both spouses were part-year city residents, find your part-year NYC school tax credit using filing status (2) and Table 2. If both spouses do not have the same city resident period, compute the credit using the spouse with the longer city resident period.
Example 1: You were a 5-month New York City resident and your spouse was an 8-month New York City resident, and you marked filing status (2), married filing joint return. You are entitled to a credit of $\$ 153.33$ (using the 8-month period from Table 2).
Married taxpayers (filing status (3) - If you are computing your NYC tax separately, you must determine your NYC school tax credit using filing status (2). If one spouse is a city resident and the other is a city nonresident for the entire year, and you are computing your NYC tax as married filing separately, then determine the NYC school tax credit for the city resident spouse using Table 1 and filing status (3). The nonresident spouse is not entitled to a credit.

If one spouse is a resident and the other is a nonresident but you elect to compute your NYC tax as if both were residents for the entire year, determine your credit using Table 1 and filing status (2).
If one spouse is a city resident and the other is a partyear city resident, and you are computing your NYC tax as married filing separately, you must compute your credit separately. Use the New York City school tax credit worksheet below and Table 1, filing status (3), for the resident spouse. Use the worksheet and Table 2, filing status (3), for the part-year resident spouse.

Example 2 - Full-year resident and a part-year resident spouse: You and your spouse are filing a joint New York State income tax return (filing status (2)). You were a resident of New York City for the entire 2006 tax year. Your spouse was a New York City resident for only 3 months during the year. Add your credit amount from Table 1 below using filing status (3) (\$115), and your spouse's credit amount from Table 2 using filing status (3) (\$28.75) for a combined credit of $\$ 143.75$.
If one spouse was a New York City part-year resident and the other spouse was a city nonresident for the entire year, determine the part-year resident's credit using Table 2 and filing status (3) and enter the result on line 69. The nonresident spouse may not take a credit.

| Filing status: | Your credit is: |
| :---: | :---: |
| - Single, filing status <br> - Married filing separate return, filing status (3) <br> - Head of household, filing status (4) | \$ 115 |
| - Married filing joint return, filing status (2) <br> - Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child filing status (5) | \$ 230 |

Table 2 - Part-year New York City residents: New York City school tax credit proration chart

| Resident <br> period <br> (\# of months) | Filing status (1), (3) <br> and (4) only | Filing status (2) <br> and (5) only |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 9.58$ | $\$ 19.17$ |
| 2 | 19.17 | 38.33 |
| 3 | 28.75 | 57.50 |
| 4 | 38.33 | 76.67 |
| 5 | 47.92 | 95.83 |
| 6 | 57.50 | 115.00 |
| 7 | 67.08 | 134.17 |
| 8 | 76.67 | 153.33 |
| 9 | 86.25 | 172.50 |
| 10 | 95.83 | 191.67 |
| 11 | 105.42 | 210.83 |
| 12 | 115.00 | 230.00 |

New York City school tax credit worksheet: filing status (2) only

1 Full-year resident spouse's credit from Table 1 $\qquad$ . 1

2 Part-year resident spouse's allowable credit from Table 2 $\qquad$
3 Add lines 1 and 2. This is your New York City school tax credit. Enter here and on Form IT-201, line 69 3

## Line 70 New York City earned income credit (NYC residents only)

Did you claim the federal earned income credit for 2006 on your federal return?
If No, you do not qualify to claim this credit. Go to line 71.
If Yes, complete either Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, or new Form IT-209, Claim for Noncustodial Parent New York State Earned Income Credit. Transfer the amount from Form IT-215 or the amount from Form IT-209 to Form IT-201, line 70. Attach Form IT-215 or Form IT-209 to your return.
For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-215 or Form IT-209.

If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit, write EIC in the white area to the left of the money column, and leave the money column blank on line 70 . You must complete Form IT-201, lines 71 through 75, but do not complete lines 76 through 80. The Tax Department will compute your New York City earned income credit and the resulting refund or amount due.
If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with an explanatory statement. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA), whichever is later.

## Line 71 Other refundable credits

Enter the total amount of other refundable credits from Form IT-201-ATT, Part 1, Section D, line 18. See the credit charts on pages 6 through 9 for a listing of credits that can be refunded.

## Lines 72, 73, and 74 <br> Total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld

If you received any federal Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, you must complete Form(s) IT-2, Summary of Federal Form W-2 Statements. In addition, if you received foreign income but did not receive a federal Form W-2, you must complete Form IT-2. If you had New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld from annuities, pensions, retirement pay or IRA payments, you must complete Form(s) IT-1099-R, Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements.

Enter on the appropriate line your total New York State, New York City, and Yonkers tax withheld from:

- Form(s) IT-2;
- Form(s) IT-1099-R; and
- New York State lottery distributions.

Attach Form(s) IT-2 and Form(s) IT-1099-R to page 4 of your Form IT-201. If you had any NYS lottery distributions, attach federal Form W-2G as well. Do not attach federal Form W-2 or Form 1099-R to your return. Keep copies of your Form(s) IT-2, IT-1099-R, and W-2 for your records.

$\triangle$Check your withholding for 2007

If, after completing your 2006 tax return, you want to change the amount of tax withheld from your paycheck, complete Form IT-2104, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer.

## Line 75 Total estimated tax payments and amount paid with Form IT-370

Enter the total of:

- Your 2006 estimated income tax payments for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers (include your last installment even if paid in 2007). If you marked filing status (2) but made separate 2006 estimated income tax payments (Form IT-2105), enter your combined total estimated income tax paid;
- Any amount of overpayment from your 2005 return that you applied to your 2006 estimated income tax (if this amount was adjusted by the Tax Department, use the adjusted amount); and
- Any amount you paid with Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals. If you marked filing status (2) but you and your spouse filed separate Forms IT-370, enter the total amount you and your spouse paid.
Do not include any amounts you paid for the New York City unincorporated business tax. File Form NYC-202, New York City Unincorporated Business Tax Return, directly with the New York City Department of Finance.

You can check your balance and reconcile your estimated income tax account by going to www.nystax.gov and clicking on Electronic Services, or by writing us at:

NYS TAX DEPARTMENT
ESTIMATED TAX UNIT
W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS
ALBANY NY 12227
If you are a beneficiary of an estate or trust and are claiming your portion of any payment of estimated income taxes allocated to you by the estate or trust, include your amount on line 75 and attach a copy of the notification issued by the estate or trust to the front of your return. This notification must include the name and identifying number of the estate or trust and the amount allocated to you.

## Step 9 Calculate your refund or the amount you owe.



## Line 77 Amount overpaid

If you have to pay an estimated income tax penalty (see line 81 instructions on page 104), subtract the penalty from the overpayment and enter the net overpayment on line 77.
Your net overpayment can be:
1 refunded to you (enter amount on line 78);
2 deposited directly into your bank account (enter amount on line 78 and see the instructions for line 82 on page 105);
3 applied to your 2007 estimated income tax (enter on line 79); or
4 divided between options 1 and 3 , or 2 and 3.
If your estimated income tax penalty on line 81 is greater than your overpayment on line 77, enter the difference on line 80.

## Line 78 Your refund

Enter the amount of overpayment that you want refunded to you. If you want a fast direct deposit, you must supply the information requested on line 82.

You must file a return to get a refund. The Tax Department will not refund an amount of one dollar or less unless you attach a signed request to your return.
Collection of debts from your refund - We will keep all or part of your overpayment (refund) if you owe a New York State tax liability or a New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liability, if you owe past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to a New York State agency, or to another state, if you defaulted on a guaranteed student, state university, or city university loan, or if you owe a New York City tax warrant judgment debt. We will refund any amount that exceeds your debt.

A New York State agency includes any state department, board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public benefit corporation, council, office, or other entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state or a social services district.

If you have questions about whether you owe a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS, to another state, or to a New York State agency, contact the IRS, the other state, or the New York State agency.
For New York State tax liabilities or New York City or Yonkers personal income tax liabilities, call 1800 835-3554 (from areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800) or write to: NYS Tax Department, Tax Compliance Division, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227.
For information relating to a New York City tax warrant judgment debt, call (212) 232-3550.

## Disclaiming of spouse's debt

If you marked filing status (2) and you do not want to apply your part of the overpayment to your spouse's debt because you are not liable for it, complete Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation, and attach it to your original return. We need the information on Form IT-280 to process your refund as quickly as possible. You cannot file an amended return to disclaim your spouse's debt after you have filed your original return.

We will notify you if we keep your overpayment because of a past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS. You cannot use Form IT-280 to disclaim liability for a legally enforceable debt to the IRS. Instead you must file federal Form 8379, Injured Spouse Claim and Allocation, with the IRS. Also, you cannot use Form IT-280 to disclaim liability for a joint tax liability owed to another state where your refund is subject to an agreement between states for mutual offset of tax refunds and tax liabilities. You must contact the other state to resolve your responsibility for the asserted liability.

## Line 79 Estimated tax

Enter the amount of overpayment from line 77 that you want applied to your New York State, New York City, and Yonkers estimated income tax for 2007. The total of lines 78 and 79 should equal the amount on line 77.
If you choose to apply all or part of your overpayment to your 2007 estimated income tax, you generally cannot change that decision after April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).

## Line 80 Amount you owe

Enter on line 80 the amount of tax you owe plus any estimated income tax penalty you owe (see line 81 instructions).
To avoid other penalties and interest, pay any tax you owe by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).
For additional information on penalties and interest, see Publication 80, General Income Tax Information for New York State Residents.

## Line 81 Estimated tax penalty

Begin with these steps to determine if you may owe an estimated income tax penalty.
(1) Locate the amount of your 2005 New York AGI as shown on your 2005 return;
(2) Locate the amount of your 2005 New York income tax; then
(3) Calculate the amount of your 2006 prepayments (the amount of withholding and estimated tax payments you have already made for 2006).
In general, you are not subject to a penalty if your 2006 prepayments equal at least $100 \%$ of your 2005 income tax. However:

- If your 2005 New York AGI was more than $\$ 150,000$ (or \$75,000 if you are married filing separately) and you are not a farmer or a fisherman, your prepayments must equal at least $110 \%$ of your 2005 income tax based on a 12 month return;
- You may owe a penalty if line 80 is $\$ 300$ or more and represents more than $10 \%$ of the income tax shown on your 2006 return; and
- You may owe a penalty if you underpaid your estimated income tax liability for any payment period.
For more information, see Form IT-2105.9, Underpayment of Estimated Income Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries.
If you owe an estimated income tax penalty, enter the penalty amount on line 81 . Also add the same amount to any tax due and enter the total on line 80. It is possible for you to owe an estimated income tax penalty and also be due a refund. In that case, subtract the estimated income tax penalty amount from the overpayment and enter the net result on line 77. Do not include any other penalty or interest amounts on line 77. Be sure to attach Form IT-2105.9 to your return.


## Payment options

## - By check or money order

If you owe more than one dollar, include full payment with your return. Make check or money order payable to New
York State Income Tax and write your social security number and 2006 Income Tax on it. Do not send cash.

## - By credit card

You can use your American Express Cards®, Discover®/ Novus ${ }^{\circledR}$, MasterCard ${ }^{\circledR}$, or Visa ${ }^{\circledR}$ to pay the amount you owe on your 2006 New York State income tax return. You can pay your income taxes due with your return by credit card using a touch-tone phone or through the Internet. The credit card service provider will charge you
a convenience fee to cover the cost of this service, and you will be told the amount before you confirm the credit card payment. Please note that the convenience fee, terms, and conditions may vary between the credit card service providers. These are the same credit card service providers that have agreements with the IRS to process income tax payments.
You can make your payment by credit card regardless of how you file your income tax return. For returns filed before the due date, you can make credit card payments any time up to the due date. For returns filed on or after the due date, you should make your credit card payment at the same time you file your return. Credit cards cannot be used to pay any tax due on an amended return.
You can pay your income taxes due with your return using either of the two credit card service providers listed below.


You can also connect to either of these Web sites by going to the Tax Department's Web site at www.nystax.gov and clicking on Electronic Services.
Whether paying by telephone or through the Internet, follow the simple instructions to enter personal identifying information, the credit card number and expiration date, and the amount of the payment (line 80 of Form IT-201). Have a copy of your completed New York State income tax return available. You will be told the amount of the convenience fee that the credit card service provider will charge you to cover the cost of this service. At this point you may elect to accept or cancel the credit card transaction.
If you accept the credit card transaction you will be given a confirmation number. Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.
For additional information go to www.nystax.gov and click on Electronic Services.

## - By automatic bank withdrawal

You may authorize the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account.

File now/Pay later! You must specify a future payment date up to and including April 17, 2007. If you file before April 17, money will not be withdrawn from your account before the date you specify. To avoid interest and penalties, you must authorize a withdrawal on or before the filing deadline. If you designate a weekend or a bank holiday, the payment will be withdrawn the next business day. See line 82 instructions on page 105.

## Unable to pay?

To avoid interest and penalty charges, you must file and pay the amount due by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA). If you cannot pay in full, you should file your return on time, and pay as much of the tax due as possible by check, money order, or automatic bank withdrawal. Also consider alternative payment methods such as a commercial or private loan or a credit card transaction to pay any remaining balance.
You will be billed for any unpaid tax plus interest (see Amount you owe on page 104). Pay the bill immediately if you can; if you cannot, call the number provided on the bill to make other arrangements. If you fail to pay the amount due, New York State may file a tax warrant, seize your assets, and/or garnishee your wages to ensure payment.

## Line 82 Account information

Are you requesting direct deposit of your refund to, or automatic withdrawal of your taxes from, your bank account? If $N o$, go to Step 10.

If Yes, you must mark the appropriate box at line 82 and supply the information requested for lines $82 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, and c .

## The following requirements apply to both direct deposit and electronic funds withdrawal:

Enter your bank's 9 -digit routing number on line 82a. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32 , the transaction will be rejected. On the sample check below, the routing number is 090090099 .

If your check states that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on line 82a.

Enter your account number on line 82b. The number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens (-) but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank.

On line 82c, mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box for the type of account, checking or savings.

- If you mark Checking, enter the account number shown on your checks. (On the sample check below, the account number is 1357902468 . Do not include the check number.)
- If you mark Savings, you can get your savings account number from a preprinted savings account deposit slip, your passbook or other bank records, or from your bank.

If you encounter any problem with direct deposit to, or electronic withdrawal from, your account, call toll free $1800225-5829$. Please allow six to eight weeks for processing your return.


Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

Refund - Direct deposit
Mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box for Refund on line 82.
The Tax Department will not notify you that your refund has been deposited. However, if the amount we deposit is different from the amount of refund you claimed, we will send you a written explanation of the adjustment within two weeks from the date your refund is deposited.
We will make every effort to comply with your request for direct deposit. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses a direct deposit. Some banks, for example, do not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. You can contact your bank to confirm routing and account numbers and to make sure that it will accept your deposit. If we cannot make the direct deposit for any reason, we will send a check to the mailing address on your return.

## Owe - Electronic funds withdrawal

Mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box for Owe on line 82 and enter the date you want the Tax Department to make an electronic funds withdrawal from your bank account.
The Tax Department will only use electronic funds withdrawal for the one tax payment you have authorized. Your confirmation will be your bank statement that includes a NYS Tax Payment line item. If we determine that the
amount you owe is different from the amount claimed on your return, we will only withdraw less than or equal to the amount you have claimed. We will send you a bill for any additional amount owed, which may include penalty and interest.

If your bank returns your electronic funds withdrawal (due to insufficient funds, incorrect bank account information, closed accounts, etc.), the Tax Department will send a notification letter to the mailing address on your return. You will need to submit a check or money order to the address on the notification, or you may elect to pay by credit card (see page 104).

We will make every effort to comply with your request for electronic funds withdrawal. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses an electronic funds withdrawal. You can contact your bank to confirm routing and account numbers and to make sure that it will accept the withdrawal.

If for any reason we cannot comply with your request for electronic funds withdrawal, we will send a notice to the mailing address on your return.

$\triangle$If you complete the entries for electronic funds withdrawal, do not send a check or money order for the same amount due unless you receive a notice.

# For up-to-the-minute information on New York State tax matters, including matters that may affect your New York State personal income tax return, visit our Web site at 

## Step 10 Sign and date your return



## Part A Third-party designee

Do you want to authorize a friend, family member, or any other person (third-party designee) to discuss your 2006 tax return with the New York State Tax Department?
If No, mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the No box and go to Part B.
If Yes, mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the Yes box. Enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five numbers the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). If you want to authorize the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the Tax Department, just enter Preparer and the preparer's phone number in the spaces for the designee's name and phone number (you do not have to provide a PIN).
If you mark the Yes box, you (and your spouse, if filing a joint return) are authorizing the Tax Department to discuss with the designee any questions that arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- give the Tax Department any information that is missing from your return;
- call the Tax Department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s); and
- respond to certain Tax Department notices that you share with the designee about math errors, offsets, and return preparation. We will not send notices to the designee.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive your refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the Tax Department. If you want the designee to perform those services for you, you must file Form POA-1, Power of Attorney. Copies of statutory tax notices or documents (such as a Notice of Deficiency) will only be sent to your designee if you file Form POA-1.

A third-party designee authorization cannot be revoked. However, the authorization will end automatically on the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2007 tax return. For most taxpayers, the due date will be April 15, 2008.

## Part B Paid preparer's signature

Did you pay someone to prepare your return?
If No, go to Part C.
If Yes, the paid preparer must also sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.
Note to paid preparers - When signing a taxpayer's New York State income tax return, you must enter the same identification number that you used on the taxpayer's federal income tax return. If you did not prepare a federal income tax return for the taxpayer, you must use your PTIN if you have one; otherwise, use your social security number. For additional information, see Publication 58, Information for Income Tax Return Preparers.

## Part C Your signature(s)

In the spaces provided at the bottom of page 4, sign and date your original return and enter your occupation. If you are married and filing a joint return, also enter your spouse's occupation. Both spouses must sign a joint return; we cannot process unsigned returns. Keep your signature(s) within the space(s) provided.
If the return is for someone who died and there is no surviving spouse to sign it, print or type the name and address of the person signing it below the signature. For additional information about deceased taxpayers, see page 39.

## Daytime phone number

This entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your return.

## Step 11 Finish your return



Take a moment to go over the checklist on page 113 to avoid common errors that may delay your refund. Then finish your return as shown below in Parts 1 through 7.

Part 1 Once you have completed and reviewed the return, attach your peel-off name-and-address label, if you have one, making any necessary corrections to the information. See Step 1 if you have a question.

Part 2 Staple payments, if any, to page 1 of your Form IT-201 where indicated.

Part 3 Staple Form(s) IT-2 (and IT-1099-R and federal W-2G if applicable) to page 4 of your Form IT-201.
Part 4 Staple any other forms, including Form IT-201-ATT, and any correspondence and computation sheets of paper behind your Form(s) IT-2, IT-1099-R, or W-2G face up.

Part 5 Two-dimensional (2D) barcode cover sheet. If your software package or preparer prints a 2D barcode cover sheet as page one of your Form IT-201, place the cover sheet face up, on the top of the front page of Form IT-201, and staple the entire return at the top of the cover sheet. Staple payments, if any, to the front of the 2D barcode cover sheet where indicated. If you need to change and reprint your return, also be sure to reprint the 2D barcode cover sheet.
Please note: Do not write, print, or photocopy anything on the back of the 2D barcode cover sheet.

Part 6 Make a copy of your return and any other attached forms or papers for your records. You may be asked by the Tax Department to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax return.

Part 7 Use the envelope provided or address an envelope to send your original return to the following address:

## STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

Mail your return by April 16, 2007 (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA).

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return (see page 41).

## Important reminder to file a complete return

You must complete all required schedules and forms that make up your return, and include all pages of those forms and schedules when you file. Attach only those forms and schedules that apply to your return, and be sure that you have made all required entries. Returns that are missing required pages or that have pages with missing entries are considered incomplete and cannot be processed, and may subject taxpayers to penalty and interest.

## Line instructions for Form IT-201-ATT, Other Tax Credits and Taxes

## Purpose of Form IT-201-ATT

You must complete Form IT-201-ATT and attach it to your Form IT-201 if:

- you are claiming other New York State, New York City, or Yonkers credits listed in the chart on pages 111 and 112 (credits that are not computed directly on Form IT-201); or
- you are subject to other New York State or New York City taxes.


## Instructions

Enter your name and social security number as it is listed on your Form IT-201. If you are filing a joint return, enter both names and use the social security number of the taxpayer listed first on your Form IT-201.

The Other credits and taxes chart on pages 111 and 112 lists other credits you may claim and other taxes you may have to pay, along with credit code numbers, where applicable, and the line reference for Form IT-201-ATT.

Find the credits and taxes that apply to you. Complete the additional credit forms as indicated. Enter the money amounts on the appropriate lines and the code numbers, where applicable (see example below). You must attach all applicable credit forms and tax computations to Form IT-201.
See specific line instructions for lines 1,9 , and 22 , and the special instructions for Section B, below and on page 110.

$\triangle$Where applicable, you must enter a 3-digit code number for each credit claimed and attach the credit form(s) to your Form IT-201-ATT.


## Line 1

If you receive an accumulation distribution as a beneficiary of a trust, you may be allowed a credit for New York State income taxes paid by the trust. Attach a copy of the computation of your New York State accumulation distribution credit provided to you by the trust and enter the amount of the credit on line 1.

## Section B

This section lists credits that reduce your tax but are not refundable. If the amount of the credit exceeds your tax, you may carry the excess over to a future year (or years). If you are claiming an original credit or a carryover of a credit, be sure to complete the appropriate credit form and attach it to your Form IT-201.
If the amount of the credits reported in Section B exceeds the sum of the taxes shown on line 39 of Form IT-201 and line 21 of Form IT-201-ATT, reduced by the credits reported on lines 40 and 41 of Form IT-201, and line 2 of Form IT-201-ATT, you may have a credit carryover to 2007. If you have an excess credit and you are claiming more than one credit in Section B, you may apply the credits against the amount determined above in any manner you wish in order to determine the excess. However, it will be to your advantage to apply carryover credits with limited carryover periods first.

If you are claiming more than one nonrefundable carryover credit, you must complete the Application of credit and computation of carryover section on each individual credit form to indicate the amount of each credit you choose to apply to your 2006 tax and the amount of each credit available for carryover to 2007. Failure to complete the Application of credit and computation of carryover section on the credit form(s) may cause a delay in processing your return.
For information on credits and carryovers, see Publication 99-IND, General Information on New York State and New York City Income Tax Credits for Individuals, and Publication 99-B, General Information on New York State and New York City Income Tax Credits for Businesses.

## Line 9

Compute your NYC accumulation distribution credit using the worksheet below. If you received an accumulation distribution as a beneficiary of a trust, you may be allowed a credit for NYC income taxes paid by the trust. Attach a copy of the computation of your NYC accumulation distribution credit provided to you by the trust.

## Line 22

If the amount on Form IT-201, line 40, is equal to or less than the amount on Form IT-201, line 39, enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 43, on line 22.
If the amount on Form IT-201, line 40, is more than the amount on Form IT-201, line 39, complete the Line 22 worksheet below:

## Line 22 worksheet

1. Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 39
2. 
3. Enter the amount from

Form IT-201, line 41 $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$
3. Enter the amount from Form IT-201, line 42
3.
4. Add lines 1, 2 and 3, and enter the total here and on line 22
4. $\square$

See these forms and their instructions:

Report these amounts
on Form IT-201-ATT line number:

Enter code:

| Accumulation distribution credit <br> New York State <br> New York City | See instructions, pg 109 <br> See instructions, pg 110 | Line 1 <br> Line 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Addback of resident credit for taxes paid to a province of Canada | IT-112-C | Lines 20a-20I | 141 |
| Alternative fuels credit Carryover portion Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-253 } \\ & \text { IT-253 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 253 \\ & 253 \end{aligned}$ |
| Biofuel production | IT-243 | Lines 12a-12l | 303 |
| Brownfield credits Refundable portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-611 } \\ & \text { IT-612 } \\ & \text { IT-613 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 12a-12l <br> Lines 12a-12 <br> Lines 12a-12\| | $\begin{aligned} & 171 \\ & 172 \\ & 173 \end{aligned}$ |
| Addback | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-611 } \\ & \text { IT-612 } \\ & \text { IT-613 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 20a-201 Lines 20a-20I Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 171 \\ & 172 \\ & 173 \end{aligned}$ |
| Claim of right credit (New York State) | IT-257 | Line 15 |  |
| Claim of right credit (New York City) | IT-257 | Line 16 |  |
| Claim of right credit (Yonkers) | IT-257 | Line 17 |  |
| Clean heating fuel | IT-241 | Lines 12a-12l | 301 |
| Conservation easement | IT-242 | Lines 12a-12l | 302 |
| Defibrillator credit | IT-250 | Lines 2a-2b | 250 |
| Empire State film production credit Carryover portion Refundable portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-248 } \\ & \text { IT-248 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 12a-12\| | $\begin{aligned} & 248 \\ & 248 \end{aligned}$ |
| EZ capital tax credit Carryover portion Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-602 } \\ & \text { IT-602 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 162 \\ & 162 \end{aligned}$ |
| EZ investment tax credit <br> (including EZ employment incentive credit) <br> Carryover portion <br> Refundable portion <br> Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-603 } \\ & \text { IT-603 } \\ & \text { IT-603 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 12a-12l Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 163 \\ & 163 \\ & 163 \end{aligned}$ |
| EZ wage tax credit Carryover portion Refundable portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-601 } \\ & \text { IT-601 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 12a-12l | $\begin{aligned} & 161 \\ & 161 \end{aligned}$ |
| Employment of persons with disabilities credit | IT-251 | Lines 6a-6n | 251 |
| Farmers' school tax credit Refundable portion Addback on converted property | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-217 } \\ & \text { IT-217 } \end{aligned}$ | Line 11 <br> Lines 20a-20I | 217 |
| FSI EZ investment tax credit <br> (including FSI EZ employment incentive credit) <br> Carryover portion <br> Refundable portion <br> Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-605 } \\ & \text { IT-605 } \\ & \text { IT-605 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n <br> Lines 12a-12l <br> Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 165 \\ & 165 \\ & 165 \end{aligned}$ |
| FSI investment tax credit (including FSI employment incentive credit) <br> Carryover portion Refundable portion Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-252 } \\ & \text { IT-252 } \\ & \text { IT-252 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n <br> Lines 12a-12l <br> Lines 20a-201 | $\begin{aligned} & 252 \\ & 252 \\ & 252 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fuel cell electric generating equipment credit | IT-259 | Lines 6a-6n | 259 |
| Green building credit | DTF-630 | Lines 6a-6n | 630 |


| Other credits and taxes (continued) | See these forms and <br> their instructions: | Report these amounts <br> on Form IT-201-ATT <br> line number: | Enter <br> To claim these credits or report these taxes: |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Handicapped-accessible taxicabs and livery service vehicles credit | IT-239 | Lines 6a-6n | 299 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Historic barn rehabilitation credit | See Investment Credit below |  |  |
| Home heating system NEW | IT-240 | Lines 12a-121 | 300 |
| IMB credit for energy taxes | DTF-623 | Lines 12a-12l | 623 |
| Investment credit <br> (including employment incentive credit and historic barn rehabilitation credit) <br> Carryover portion <br> Refundable portion <br> Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-212 } \\ & \text { IT-212 } \\ & \text { IT-212 } \end{aligned}$ | Line 4 <br> Lines 12a-12l <br> Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 212 \\ & 212 \end{aligned}$ |
| Long-term care insurance credit | IT-249 | Line 3 |  |
| Low-income housing credit Carryover portion Addback | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DTF-624 } \\ & \text { DTF-626 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines $6 \mathrm{a}-6 \mathrm{n}$ Lines 20a-201 | $\begin{aligned} & 624 \\ & 626 \end{aligned}$ |
| Lump-sum distributions (credit) Resident credit | IT-112.1 | Line 27 |  |
| Lump-sum distributions (taxes) <br> New York State separate tax New York State capital gain portion New York City separate tax New York City capital gain portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-230 } \\ & \text { IT-230 } \\ & \text { IT-230 } \\ & \text { IT-230 } \end{aligned}$ | Line 26 <br> Line 19 <br> Line 32 <br> Line 33 |  |
| Minimum income tax New York State minimum income tax New York City minimum income tax | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-220 } \\ & \text { IT-220 } \end{aligned}$ | Line 29 Line 31 |  |
| Nursing home assessment credit | IT-258 | Lines 12a-12\| | 258 |
| QETC capital tax credit Carryover portion Addback on early dispositions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DTF-622 } \\ & \text { DTF-622 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines $6 \mathrm{a}-6 \mathrm{n}$ Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 622 \\ & 622 \end{aligned}$ |
| QETC employment credit | DTF-621 | Lines 12a-121 | 621 |
| QETC facilities, operations, and training credit | DTF-619 | Lines 12a-121 | 619 |
| QEZE credit for real property taxes Refundable portion Addback | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-606 } \\ & \text { IT-606 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 12a-12\| <br> Lines 20a-20I | $\begin{aligned} & 166 \\ & 166 \end{aligned}$ |
| QEZE tax reduction credit | IT-604 | Lines 2a-2b | 164 |
| Residential fuel oil storage tank credit carryover | See below* | Lines 6a-6n | 054 |
| Security officer training credit | IT-631 | Lines 12a-121 | 631 |
| Solar energy system equipment credit | IT-255 | Line 5 |  |
| Solar and wind energy credit carryover | See below* | Lines 6a-6n | 052 |
| Special additional mortgage recording tax credit Carryover portion Refundable portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IT-256 } \\ & \text { IT-256 } \end{aligned}$ | Lines 6a-6n Lines 12a-12l | $\begin{aligned} & 256 \\ & 256 \end{aligned}$ |
| Unincorporated business tax credit (New York City) | IT-219 | Line 8 |  |
| ZEA wage tax credit | IT-601.1 | Lines 6a-6n | 160 |

[^3]
## Checklist for Form IT-201

## Did you . . .

 use a 2006 form? attach your peel-off label or write in your name(s) and address? (Enter your permanent home address if different from your mailing address.)
 enter your social security number(s)? enter your county, school district name, and school district code if you did not have a label or your label was incorrect?
(5) mark your filing status?
(6) $\square$ complete items (B) through (G) (including (D) if you do not need a NYS tax packet mailed to you next year)?
(7) double-check your math?
(8) enter any public employee 414(h) retirement contributions?
(9) $\square$ include any New York City IRC 125 flexible benefits program amounts?
(10) $\square$ mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the Standard or Itemized deduction box on line 34 ?
(11) $\square$ enter your dependent exemption(s)?


## Forms and Publications Ordering Information (Selected forms and publications)

The New York State Department of Taxation and Finance offers a variety of quick and easy ways to get selected forms and publications.

## WWW

## Personal computer

To download forms and publications, access the department's Internet Web site at www.nystax.gov.

Automated phone ordering
You may order two forms per telephone call. See the back of this form for a list of available forms.

## Automated forms telephone ordering system

To use our automated forms telephone system (24 hours a day, 7 days a week), call 1877 218-7181. Your address must not have changed since you filed your last income tax return, and you must be calling from a touch-tone telephone. Please have the following information available:

1. You will be asked to enter and verify your social security number.

2. You will be asked to enter and verify your five-digit ZIP code.

3. The address on file will be read to you. If correct, you will be asked to enter only the code number(s) that correspond(s) to the form(s) you need (see the back).


You can also get forms and publications by calling toll free 1800 462-8100 (8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., eastern time Monday through Friday). From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800.


Fax-on-demand If you have a fax machine and a touch-tone phone, you can get most forms and publications from our Fax-on-demand system 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by calling 1800 748-3676.

Walk-in
You can pick up some of the most requested forms at many post offices, libraries, and Tax Department offices. At some offices and libraries, forms are available for you to photocopy.


Mail You can order forms and publications by mail. See the back of this form for a list of available forms.

- Remove this ordering information form from your income tax packet (or print it from the Web site)
- Mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box next to the form or publications you need (we will send you two copies of each form, one copy of each instruction, and one copy of each publication you request)
- Enter your name and address in the space provided on the back
- Enclose this form (IT-86) in your own envelope and send it to:

```
NYS TAX DEPARTMENT
OSB - FORMS CONTROL SECTION
W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS
ALBANY NY }1222
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You can purchase Publication 352-CD, a CD-ROM for personal computers that contains over 600 income, corporation, and withholding tax forms, instructions, and some publications. To order Publication 352-CD write to: NYS Tax Department, OSB - Forms Control Section, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227. Include a check or money order payable to New York State Tax Forms. The cost is $\$ 5$ for each CD-ROM you are ordering. Publication 352-CD is expected to be available by early February.

IT-86 (2006) (back) Forms and publications: automated telephone orders or mail orders
Use the listing below if you are using our automated forms ordering system or ordering forms by mail (see instructions on the front page).

| (Code) Form/publication number and title |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (264) | $\square 1 \mathrm{IT}-2 \ldots . .$. | Summary of Federal Form W-2 Statements |
| (265) | $\square 1 T-1099-R$ | Summary of Federal Form 1099-R Statements |
| (263) | $\square I T-150 \ldots$ | Resident Income Tax Return (short form) |
| (102) | $\square I T-201 \ldots$ | Resident Income Tax Return (long form) |
| (103) | IT-201-AT | Other Tax Credits and Taxes (Attachment to Form IT-201) |
| (140) | $\square \mathrm{IT}-201-\mathrm{X}$ | Amended Resident Income Tax Return |
| (104) | $\square I T-203 \ldots$ | Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return |
| (105) | IT-203-AT | Other Tax Credits and Taxes (Attachment to Form IT-203) |
| (259) | IT-203-B. | Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Allocation and College Tuition Itemized Deduction Worksheet |
| (134) | IT-203-C | Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Spouse's Certification |
| (141) | $\square$ IT-203-X | Amended Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return |
| (107) | $\square \mathrm{Y}-203 \ldots$ | Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return |
| (110) | $\square \mathrm{IT}-205 \ldots$ | Fiduciary Income Tax Return |
| (111) | $\square$ IT-205-A.. | Fiduciary Allocation |
| (135) | IT-205-T..... | Allocation of Estimated Tax Payments to Beneficiaries |
| (113) | Y-206 ... | Yonkers Nonresident Fiduciary Earnings Tax Return |
| (108) | $\square$ IT-113-X | Claim for Credit or Refund of Personal Income Tax |
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| (271) | $\square$ IT-240 ........ | Claim for Home Heating System Credit |


| (Code) | Form/pu | ublication number and title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (150) | $\square 1 T-249 \ldots$ | Claim for Long-Term Care Insurance Credit |
| (144) | $\square$ IT-251 | Credit for Employment of Persons with Disabilities |
| (146) | $\square$ IT-255 | Claim for Solar Energy System Equipment Credit |
| (268) | $\square \mathrm{IT}-258$ | Claim for Nursing Home Assessment Credit |
| (269) | $\square$ IT-259 | Claim for Fuel Cell Electric Generating Equipment Credit |
| (261) | $\square \mathrm{IT}-272$ | Claim for College Tuition Credit or Itemized Deduction |
| (119) | $\square I T-280$ | Nonobligated Spouse Allocation |
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| (120) | $\square$ IT-360.1 | Change of City Resident Status (New York City or Yonkers) |
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| (123) | $\square$ IT-398 | New York State Depreciation Schedule for IRC Section 168(k) Property |
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| (266) | $\square$ IT-112-C ...... | New York State Resident Credit for Taxes Paid to a Province of Canada |
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| (128) | $\square$ Pub. 88 | General Tax Information for New York State Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents |
| (129) | $\square$ Pub. 22 | FAQs: New York State's Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters |
| (130) | $\square$ Pub. $361 \ldots .$. | New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans |
| (131) | $\square$ Pub. $99 \ldots . . . .$. | General Information on New York State and New York City Income Tax Credits |
| (133) | $\square$ Pub. $131 . . .$. | Your Rights and Obligations Under the Tax Law |
| (148) | $\square$ Pub. $55 . . . . . .$. | Designated Private Delivery Services |

If you are ordering forms and/or publications by mail, enter your name and address in the space below.

|  | First name and initial | Last name |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Home address (number and street or rural route) |  | Apartment number |
|  | City, village, or post office | State | ZIP code |



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# When to file/Important dates 

 amounts you owe without interest or penalty (April 17, 2007, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, MA). If you cannot file by this date, you can get an automatic 6-month (October 15, 2007) extension of time to file by completing and returning Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals (see Need help? below).Date by which you must file your 2006 New York State income tax return if you qualify to file your federal income tax return on June 15, 2007, because:
(1) you are a U.S. citizen or resident and live outside the U.S. and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico, or
(2) you are in the military service outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico when your 2006 return is due. The time to pay your New York State, New York City and Yonkers income tax, and any New York State or local sales or use tax is similarly automatically extended. You must attach to your New York State return a statement showing that you qualify for the federal automatic two-month extension.
Military Personnel - For more information on extensions of time to file, see
Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

## October 15, 2007

Date by which you must file your 2006 income tax return to avoid penalties and interest computed from the original due date if you filed Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Six-Month Extension of Time to File for Individuals, and paid any tax you owed with the form.

Due dates for 2007 estimated tax payments. Generally, you must pay estimated income tax if you expect to owe at least $\$ 300$ of New York State or New York City or Yonkers income tax after deducting tax withheld and credits you are entitled to claim.

## Need help?

Internet access: www.nystax.gov
Access our Answer Center for answers to frequently asked questions; check your refund status; check your estimated tax account; download forms and publications; get tax updates and other information.

Fax-on-demand forms: Forms are
available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

1800 748-3676
Telephone assistance is available from 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (eastern time), Monday through Friday.
Refund status:
1800 443-3200
(Automated service for refund status is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.)
To order forms and publications: 1800 462-8100
Personal Income Tax Information Center: 1800 225-5829
From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada:
(518) 485-6800

April 16, 2007
June 15, 2007
September 17, 2007
January 15, 2008


Hotline for the hearing and speech impaired: If you have access to a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), contact us at 1800 634-2110. If you do not own a TDD, check with independent living centers or community action programs to find out where machines are available for public use.


Persons with disabilities: In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, we will ensure that our lobbies, offices, meeting rooms, and other facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. If you have questions about special accommodations for persons with disabilities, please call 1800 225-5829.


Think e-file... It's easy, fast, and safe. Log on to www.nystax.gov/elf for more information.


[^0]:    Key: $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ You may not apply for this credit using short Form IT-150; you must use Form IT-201.This credit may be refunded to you, even if you owe no tax.

[^1]:    You must complete Form(s) IT-1099-R if you received any federal Form(s) 1099-R that show any New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax withheld. Attach Form(s) IT-1099-R to your New York return. Do not attach any federal Form(s) 1099-R to your return; keep them for your records. (To avoid confusion, please note that the New York form has an IT prefix in the form number.)
    Married taxpayers filing jointly can report 1099-R records for both spouses on one Form IT-1099-R, but must mark an $\boldsymbol{X}$ in the box to indicate which spouse the information is for.

[^2]:    * The total amount of the taxpayer's pension and annuity income exclusion that can be applied against the taxpayer's pension and annuity income received as a beneficiary is limited to the taxpayer's share of the decedent's pension and annuity income exclusion.

[^3]:    * Taxpayers carrying over any unused credit(s) from 2005 to 2006 must attach a schedule(s) showing how the carryover(s) was computed. Be sure to enter the applicable code shown above for the credit(s) carryover(s) you are claiming.

